

Tree Analysis Modules

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ROOT Users Workshop

September 29, 2005

What Is TAM?

- Framework for modular analysis of trees
- Works with PROOF
 - Run with or without PROOF – no change to modules
- Handles interaction with tree
 - Efficient
 - Ensure data integrity
- Developed at MIT by Corey Reed, Maarten Ballintjin

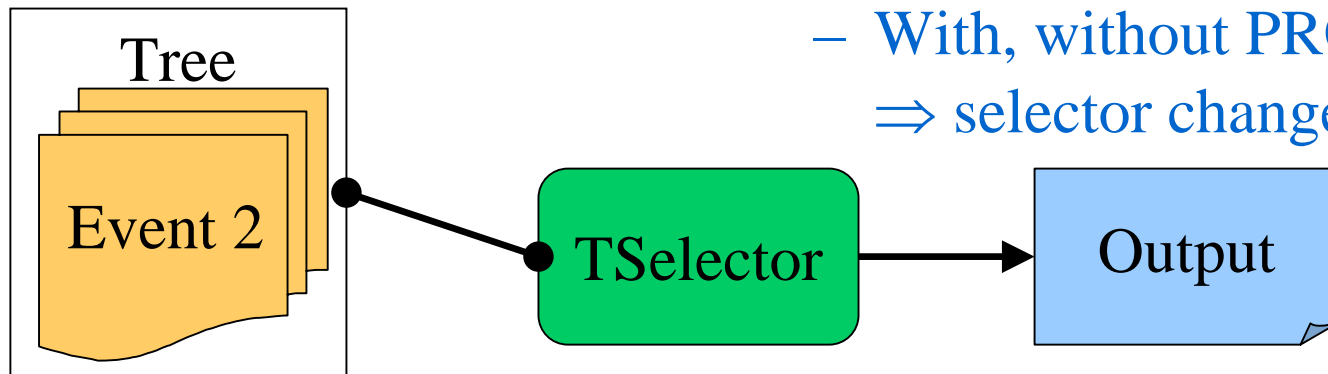
Why TAM?

- TSelector: Strength

- Automatic tree interaction
- Structured analysis
- Interface for PROOF

- TSelector: Weakness

- Big macros
- New analysis \Rightarrow new selector
- Tree change \Rightarrow selector change
- With, without PROOF \Rightarrow selector change

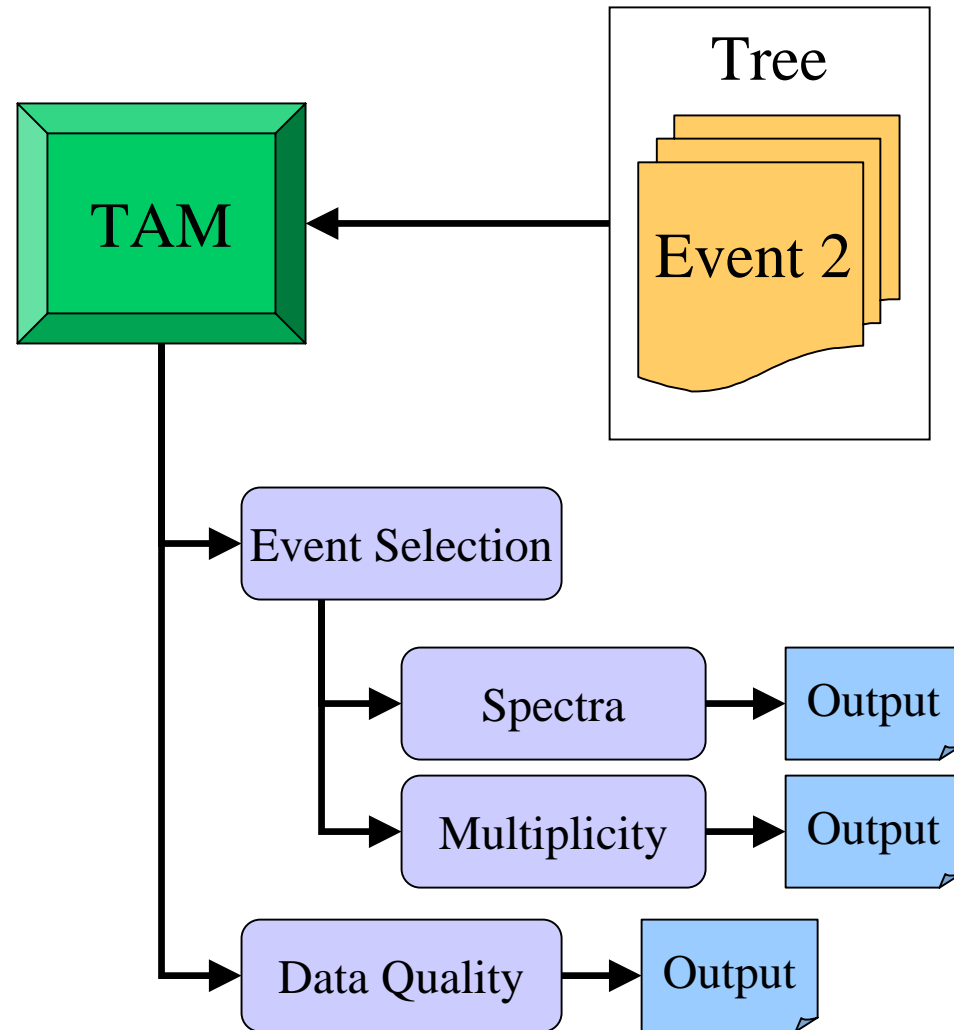


Why TAM?

- TAM
 - Generic TSelector
 - Preserves strengths
 - Modules, not macros
 - Structured like TSelectors (Begin, Process, etc.)
 - Analysis separated from tree structure
 - Tree structure change: module unchanged
 - Code portable
 - With, without PROOF: transparent for user

Analysis With TAM

1. Module asks TAM for data
2. TAM reads tree, shows data to module
3. Module processes data
 - Applies cuts
 - Produces output
4. Run sub-modules



TAM Organization

- TAMSelector
 - Derives from TSelector
 - Runs, manages TAMModules
 - Handles all interaction with tree
- TAMModule
 - Base class of all modules
 - Derives from TTask
- TAMOutput
 - Stores output objects of a module
 - Merges output under PROOF

TAModule

- May contain submodules (TTask)
- Structure like TSelector
 - `Begin`, `Process`, `SlaveTerminate`, etc.
- Use `ReqBranch(name, pointer)` to request each branch the module might use
- Use `LoadBranch(name)` to load the data

A User's Module

```
class TMyMod : public TModule {  
private:  
    TPhAnTEventInfo*   fEvtInfo; // event info  
    TH1F*              fEvtNumH; // event num histogram  
protected:  
    void SlaveBegin();  
    void Process();  
}
```

```
void TMyMod::SlaveBegin() {  
    ReqBranch("eventInfo", fEvtInfo);  
    fEvtNumH = new TH1F("EvtNumH", "Event Num", 10, 0, 10);  
}
```

```
void TMyMod::Process() {  
    LoadBranch("eventInfo");  
    fEvtNumH->Fill(fEvtInfo->fEventNum);  
}
```


Example Analysis

- Build module hierarchy:

```
TMyMod* myMod = new TMyMod;  
TMyOtherMod* subMod = new TMyOtherMod;  
myMod->Add(subMod);
```

- No PROOF:

```
TAMSelector* mySel = new TAMSelector;  
mySel->AddInput(myMod);  
tree->Process(mySel);  
TList* output = mySel->GetModOutput();
```

- With PROOF:

```
dset->AddInput(myMod);  
dset->Process("TAMSelector");  
TList* output = gProof->GetOutputList();
```

Example Analysis

- Build module hierarchy:

```
TMyMod* myMod = new TMyMod;  
TMyOtherMod* subMod = new TMyOtherMod;  
myMod->Add(subMod);
```

- No PROOF:

```
TAMSelector* mySel = new TAMSelector;  
mySel->AddInput(myMod);  
tree->Process(mySel);  
TList* output = mySel->GetModo
```

Note Similarity

- With PROOF:

```
dset->AddInput(myMod);  
dset->Process("TAMSelector");  
TList* output = gProof->GetOutputList();
```

Reading Data: TAM

- At ReqBranch, TAMSelector builds table:
 - The branch
 - Array of module's pointers to the branch
 - Address branch will be read into
 - Flags
 - already loaded?
 - stores a class?
 - stores fundamental types of equal size?

Reading Data: TAM

- Before Process
 - Module pointers reset to 0
- At LoadBranch, TAMSelector reads data:
 - If not already loaded
 - Call GetEntry on branch
 - Set all module pointers to point to the data

Data Integrity

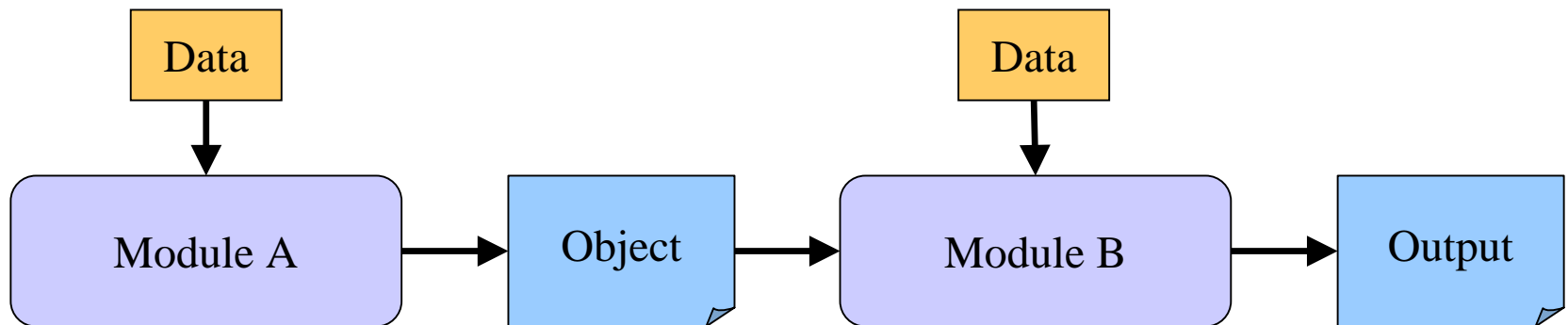
- Type checking
 - Minimal use of templates
 - Store type of pointer
 - Class
 - `type_info(pointer type)`
 - `TClass::GetTypeInfo()`

Data Integrity

- Type checking
 - Fundamentals
 - Use struct that is in the ROOT dictionary
 - `TDataMember::GetTypeName()`
 - `TLeaf::GetTypeName()`
 - Check if each leaf is the same size in memory
 - Variable sized leafs?
 - Use `TDataMember::GetOffset()`
 - Set each leaf address to address of member in struct

Inter-module Communication

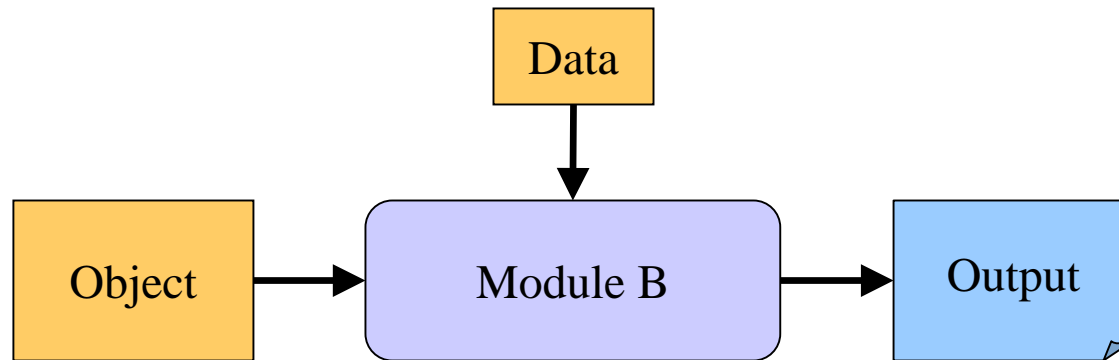
- Intermediate processing



- Object available only during current event
 - Deleted after Process automatically
- Available to all modules
- Ex: tracks produced from hits in the tree

Inter-module Communication

- Independent of event



- Object always available
- Available to all modules
- Ex: calibrations

Error Handling

- Message + processing break

1. No break

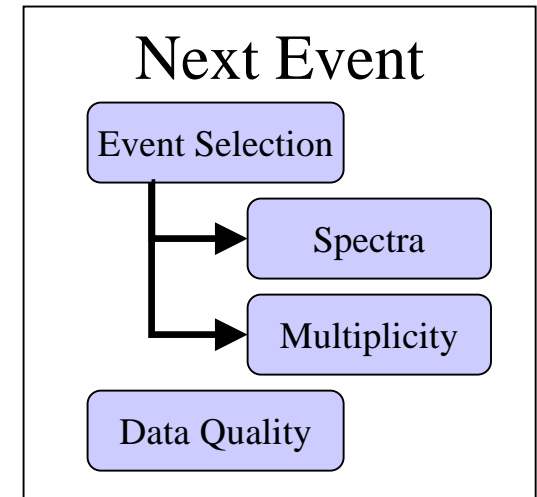
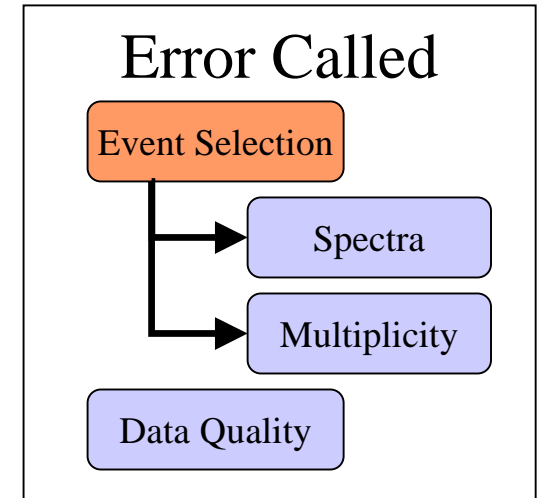
2. Stop module

- Stop sub-modules
- Resets at next event

3. Stop event

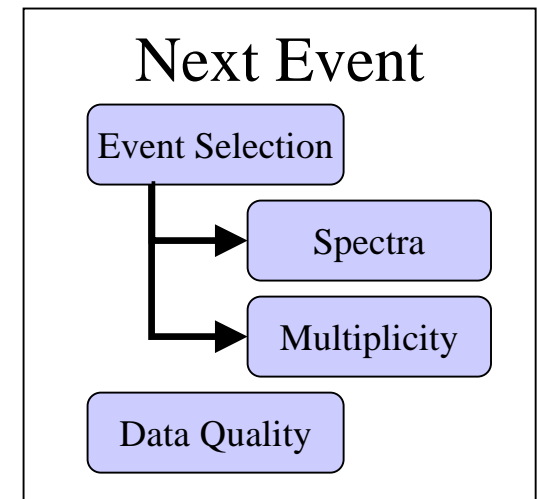
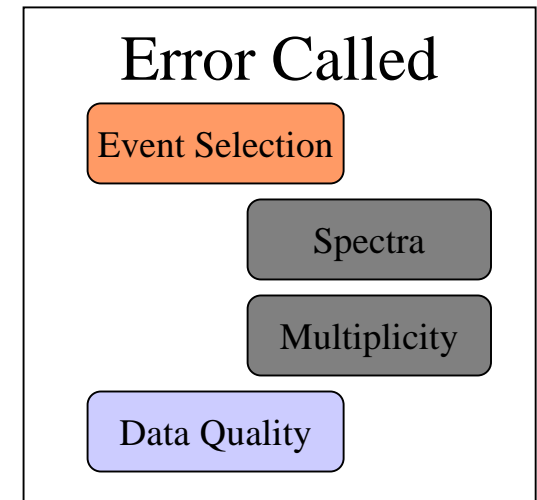
- Stop all modules
- Resets at next event

4. Stop entire analysis



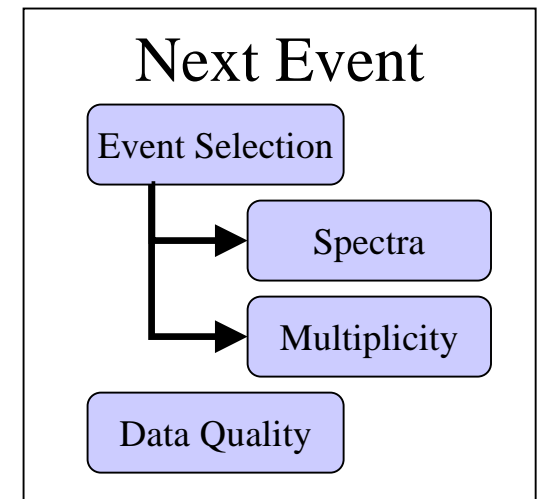
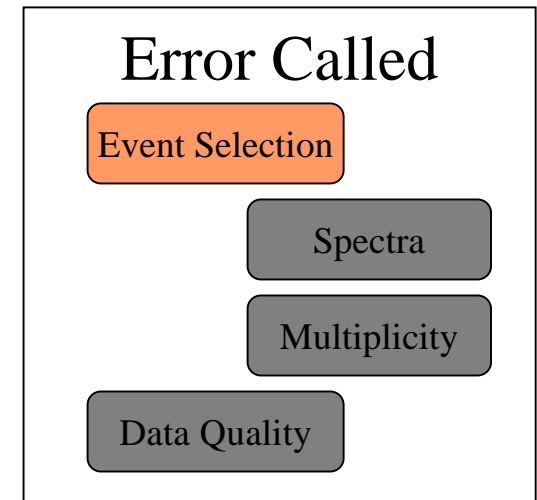
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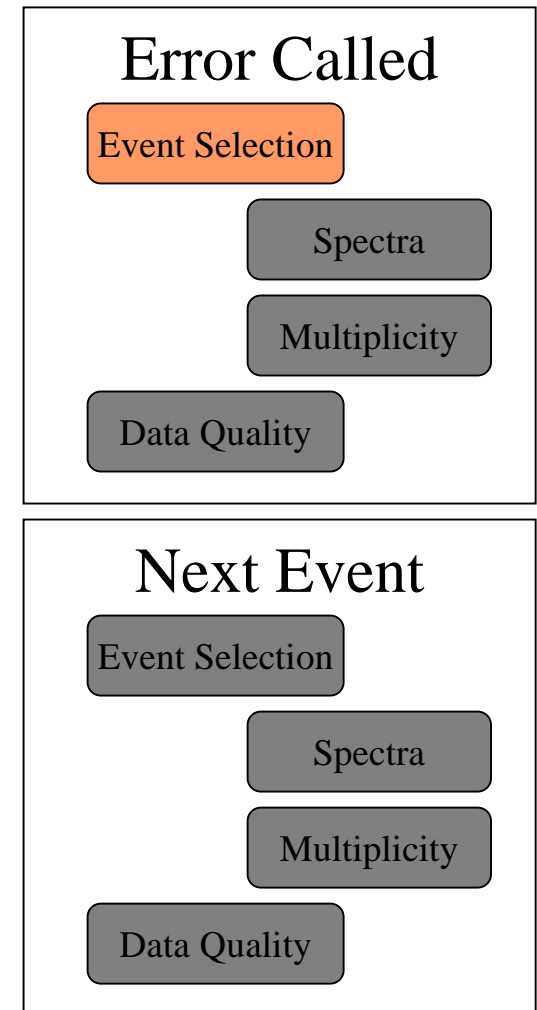
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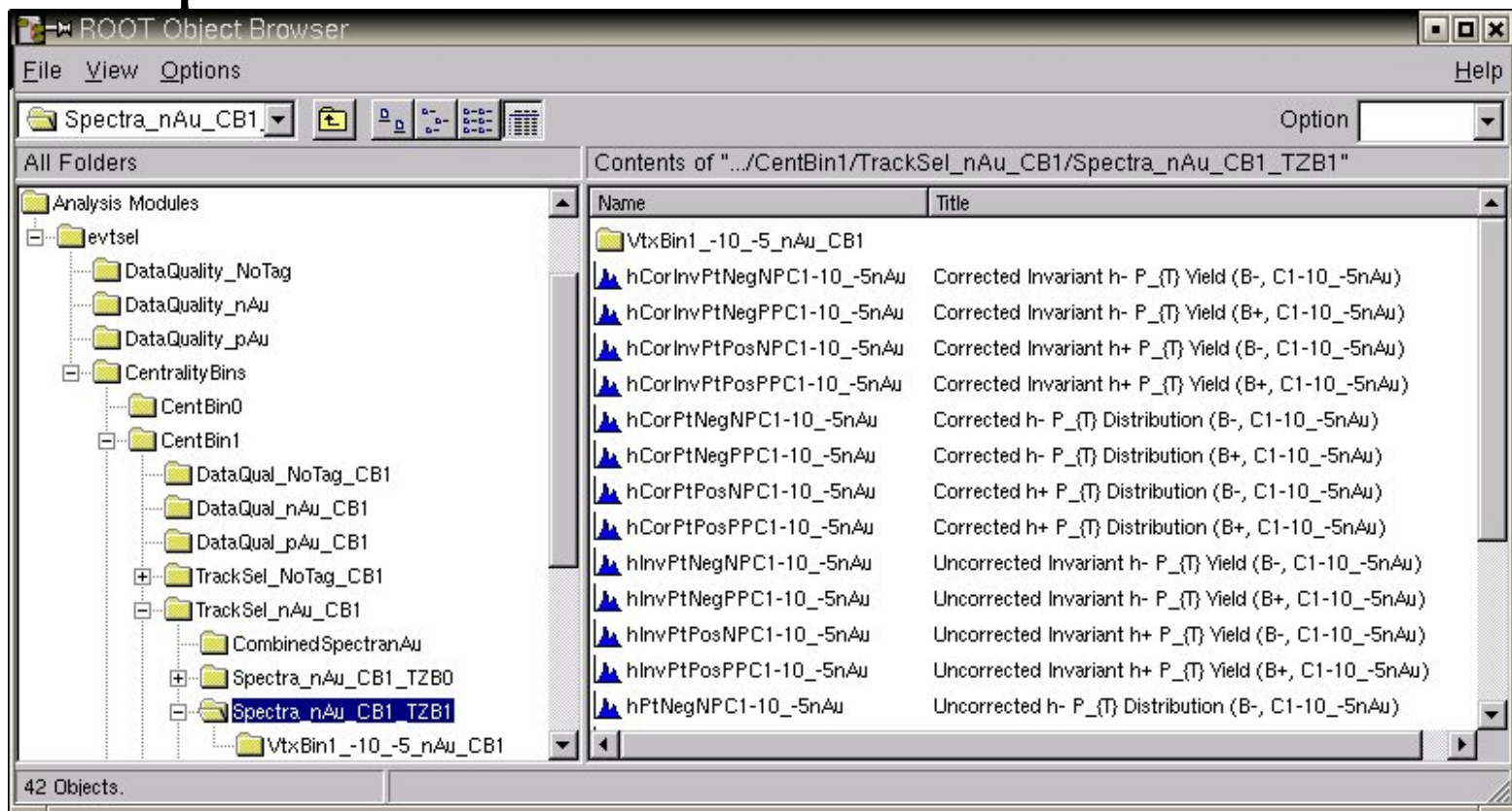


Module Output

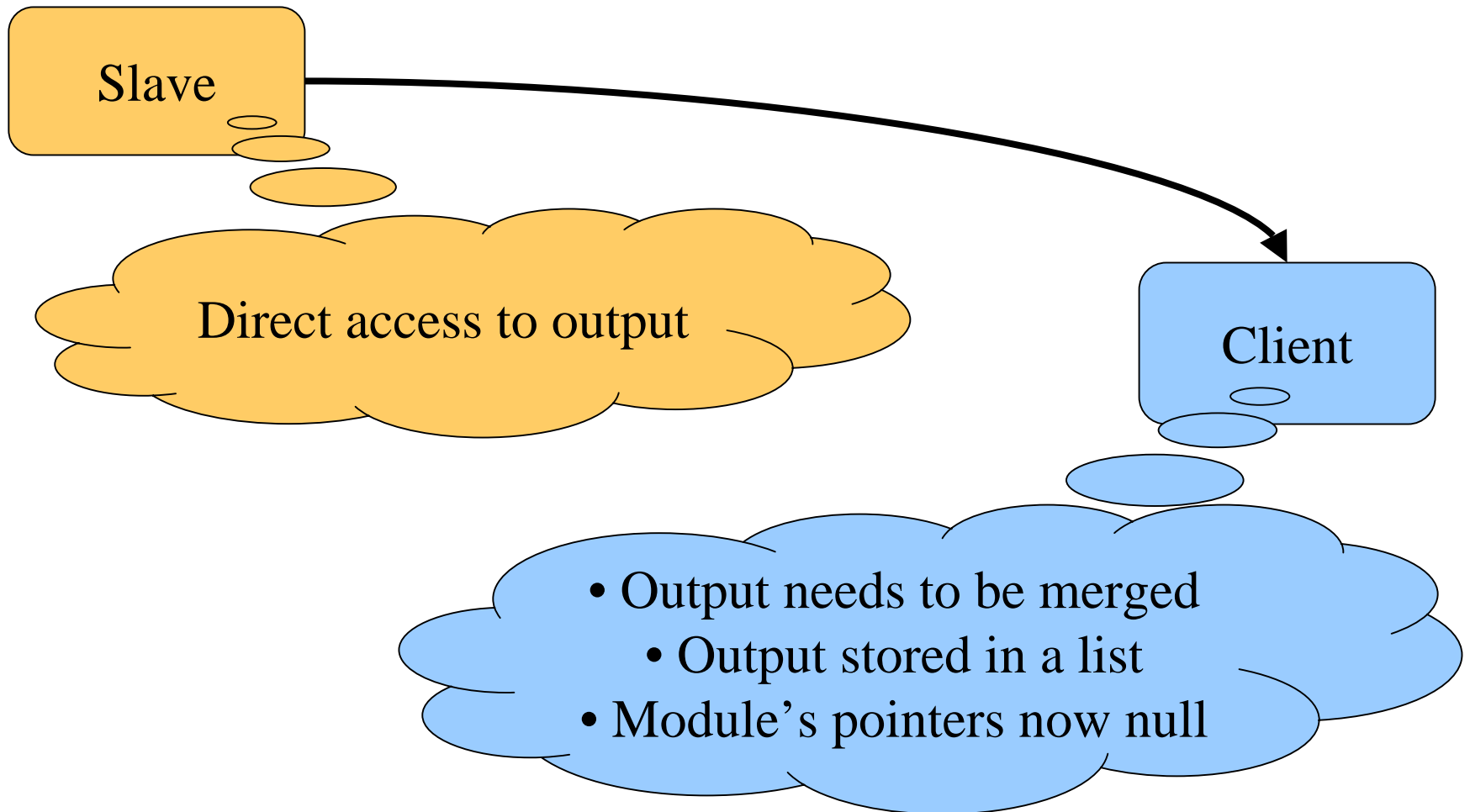
- Output stored using `AddOutput (TObject *&)`
- Output list written to file
 - Preserving module hierarchy
 - Flattened
- Output list interface:
 - `FindOutput (obj name)`
 - `FindOutput (submodule name , obj name)`
 - `RemoveOutput (TObject *)`

Module Output

- Output can be browsed



Module Output - PROOF



Module Output - PROOF

- Merging
 - TAMOutput in PROOF output list
 - Hierarchy preserved
 - Output objects merged by TAMOutput
- Output pulled from PROOF output list
 - User access via TAMOutput

Module Output - PROOF

- Restoring module pointers
 - On AddOutput (TObject * &)
 - Store address of pointer
 - Store name of object
 - Before Terminate
 - Set module pointers to point to output objects
- To be automatic...
 - AddOutput called with module member
 - Module member is pointer to a class
 - Not address of instance
 - No arrays

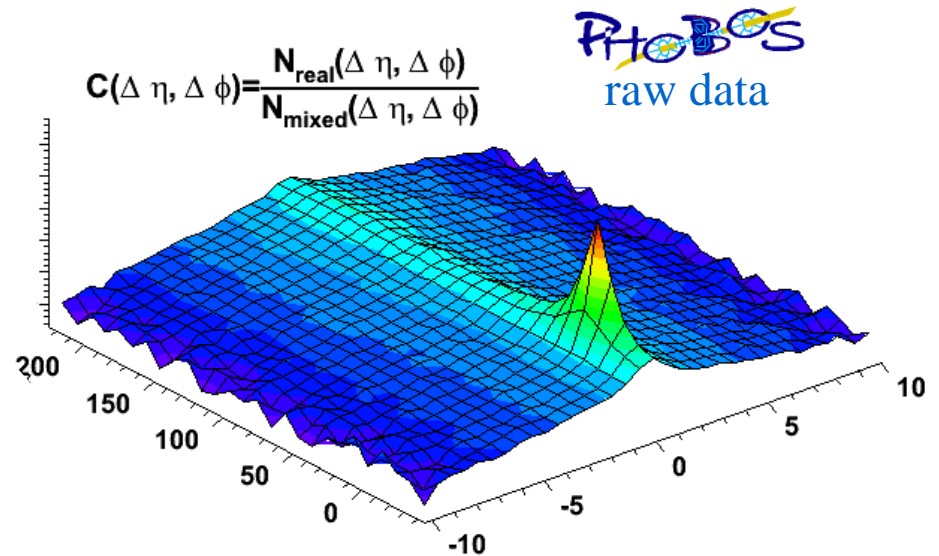
Module Output - PROOF

- Multiple PROOF sessions
 - Must not merge more than once!
 - Two lists in TAMOutput
 - Current output objects
 - Merged
 - Stored output objects
 - Not merged
 - Before Terminate, after merge
 - Move objects from current → stored

TAM in Phobos

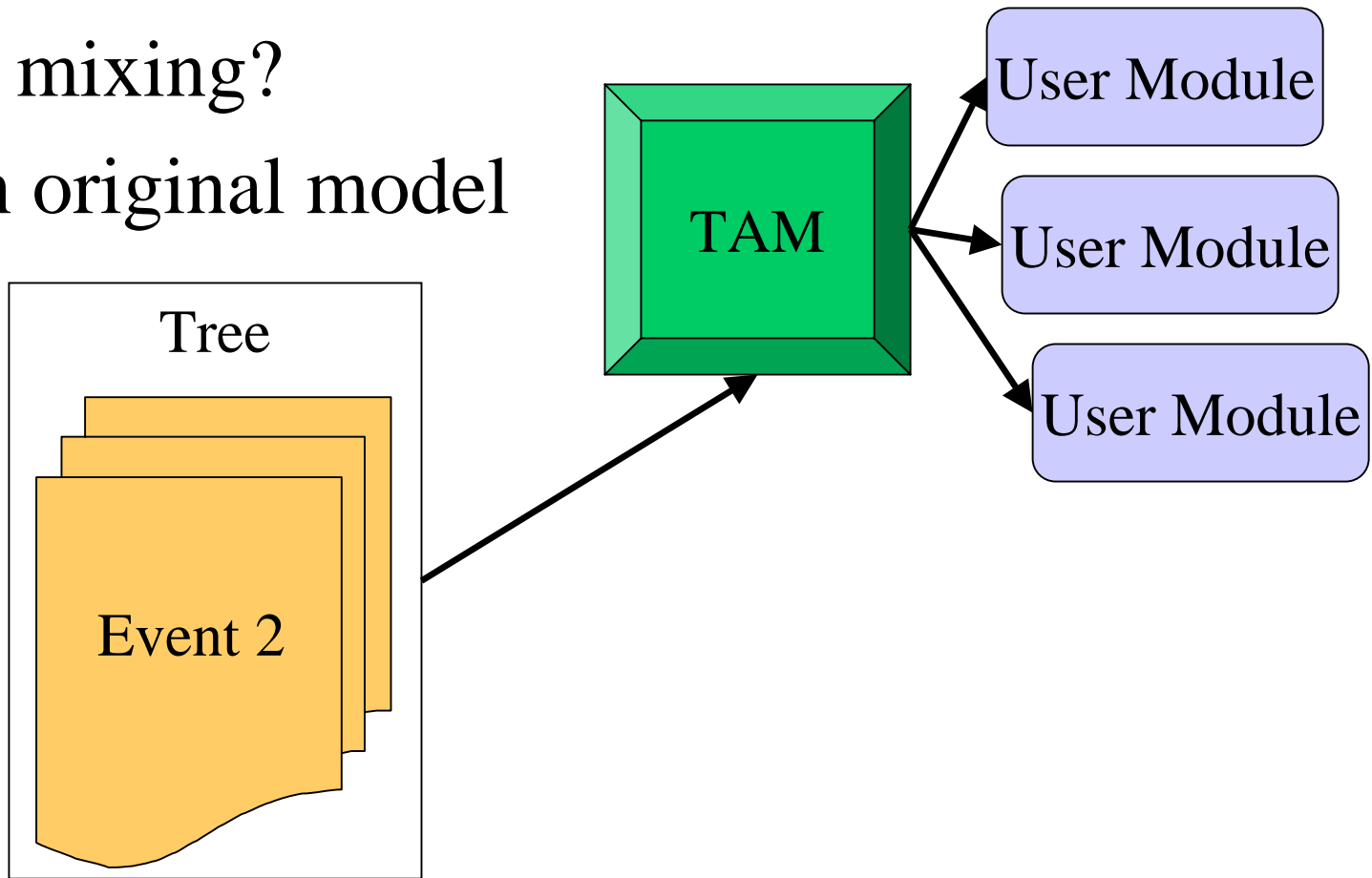
- Phobos results shown at Quark Matter 05
 - Rare event search
 - 2-particle correlations
 - Hadron p_T spectra

Two particle correlation function of minbias dAu 200Gev



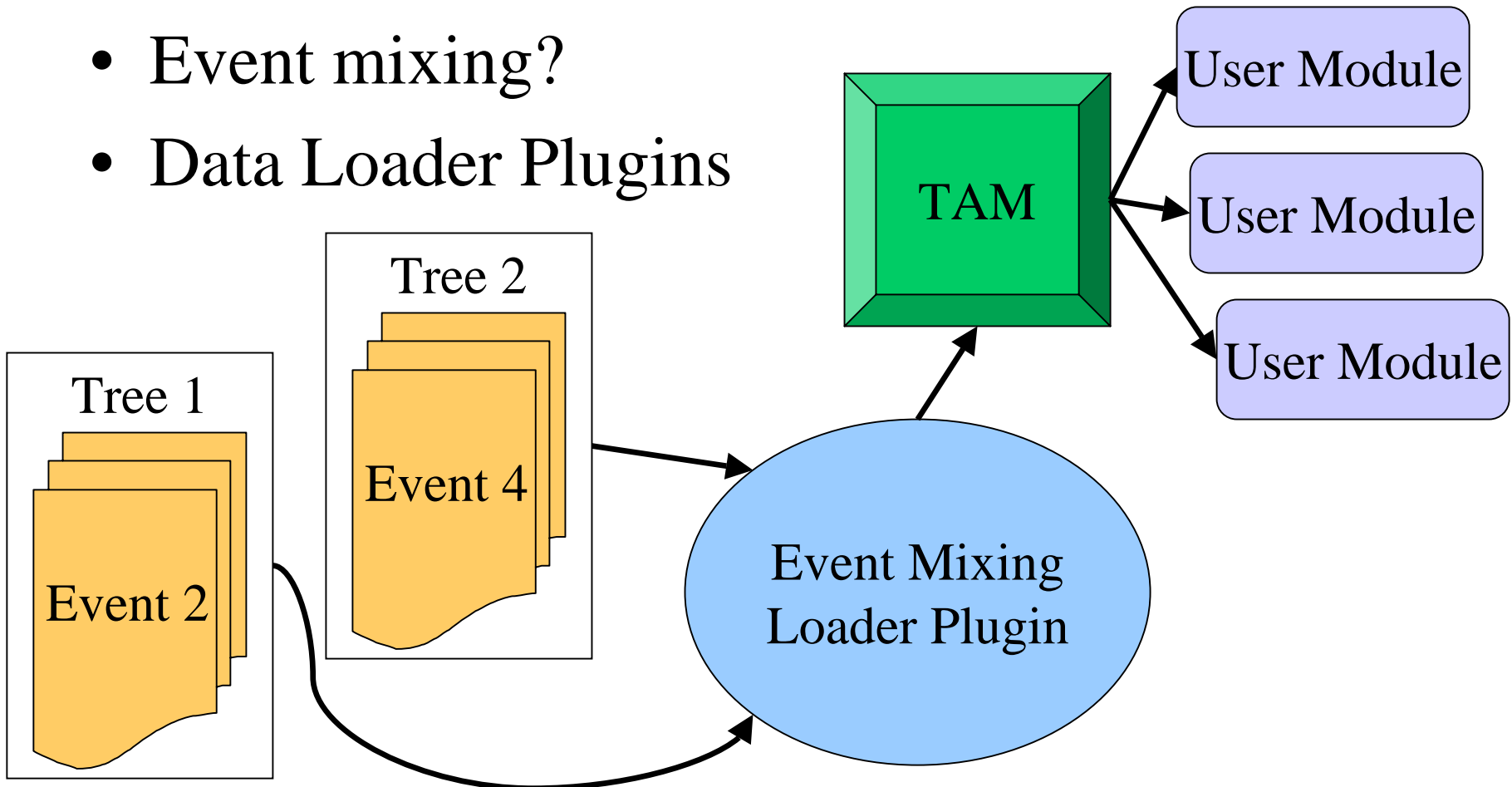
Into The Future

- Event mixing?
- Not in original model



Into The Future

- Event mixing?
- Data Loader Plugins



Summary

- TAM
 - Framework for module-based analysis
 - Works with PROOF
 - Ensures efficiency, data integrity
- Available at <http://higweb.lns.mit.edu/tam/>
 - Source code
 - Documentation