

# ***Light Quark Mediated Higgs + Jet Production at NNLO and beyond***

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# Topics discussed

- Introduction/warmup
  - *perturbative vs power corrections*
  - *light quark mediated  $gg \rightarrow H$  through NLL*
- Light quark mediated Higgs+Jet production
  - *factorization structure of  $gg \rightarrow Hg$*
  - *all-order amplitudes at LL*
  - *$pp \rightarrow H + j + X$  cross section*

# Based on

*K. Melnikov, A.A. Penin, JHEP **05**, 172 (2016)*

*T. Liu, A.A. Penin, Phys.Rev.Lett. **119**, 262001 (2017)*

*C. Anastasiou, A.A. Penin, JHEP **07**, 195 (2020)*

*T. Liu, A.A. Penin, A. Rechman, JHEP **04**, 031 (2024)*

# The advent of power corrections

## ● Power vs perturbative corrections

- $\Lambda_X^2/Q^2$  vs  $\alpha_X^n$

- e.g.  $\Lambda_X = m_b$ ,  $Q = m_H$ ,  $\alpha_X = \alpha_s$   $\Leftrightarrow n = 3$

## ● Logarithmically enhanced power corrections

- *phenomenologically relevant*

- *intriguing from QFT point of view*

- ➡ *weird RG structure, magic relations, etc.*

## ● Recent stream of the NLP results for

- *mass, angle, soft momentum, threshold, jetiness, ...*

# Higgs production at the LHC

- Total cross section at 13 GeV

$$\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H+X} = 48.68 \text{ pb}$$

- Dominant theory uncertainties

- *scale choice*  $+0.10$   
 $-1.15 \text{ pb}$

- *PDF N<sup>3</sup>LO*  $\pm 0.56 \text{ pb}$

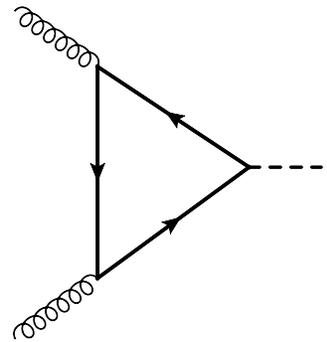
- $m_t < \infty$  *NNLO*  $\pm 0.49 \text{ pb}$

- $m_b > 0$  *NNLO+*  $\pm 0.40 \text{ pb}$

Anastasiou et al. JHEP 1605, 058 (2016)

# Bottom quark mass effect

## ● Leading contribution



$\propto \alpha_s \ln^2(m_H^2/m_b^2) \frac{m_b^2}{m_H^2}$

➡ *large logs at subleading power*

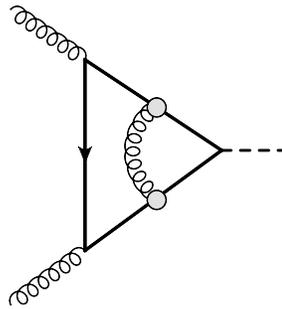
● *effective expansion parameter*  $\alpha_s \ln^2(m_H^2/m_b^2) \sim 40\alpha_s$

➡ *resummation is mandatory*

# $gg \rightarrow H$ amplitude at LL

## Non-Sudakov logs

T. Liu, A.A. Penin, Phys.Rev.Lett. 119, 262001 (2017)



## Factorization formula

$$\mathcal{M}_{gg \rightarrow H}^b = Z_g^{2LL} g(z) \mathcal{M}_{gg \rightarrow H}^{b(0)}$$

- gluon Sudakov factor  $Z_g^{2LL} = \exp \left[ -\frac{C_A}{\epsilon^2} \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \frac{\mu^{2\epsilon}}{Q^{2\epsilon}} \right]$

- non-Sudakov double logarithms

$$g(z) = 2 \int_0^1 d\xi \int_0^{1-\xi} d\eta e^{2z\eta\xi} = {}_2F_2(1, 1; 3/2, 2; z/2)$$

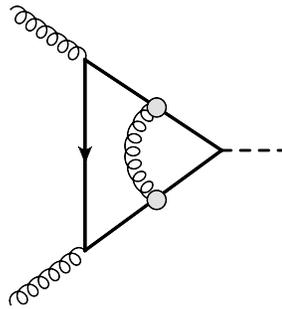
- double-log variable  $z = (C_A - C_F) x$ ,  $x = \frac{\alpha_s}{4\pi} L^2$ ,  $L = \ln(m_H^2/m_q^2)$

eikonal color nonconservation

# $gg \rightarrow H$ amplitude at LL

## ● Non-Sudakov logs

T. Liu, A.A. Penin, Phys.Rev.Lett. 119, 262001 (2017)



## ● Factorization formula

$$\mathcal{M}_{gg \rightarrow H}^b = Z_g^{2LL} g(z) \mathcal{M}_{gg \rightarrow H}^{b(0)}$$

- *gluon Sudakov factor*  $Z_g^{2LL} = \exp \left[ -\frac{C_A}{\epsilon^2} \frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} \frac{\mu^{2\epsilon}}{Q^{2\epsilon}} \right]$

- *non-Sudakov double logarithms*

$$g(z) = 2 \int_0^1 d\xi \int_0^{1-\xi} d\eta e^{2z\eta\xi} = {}_2F_2(1, 1; 3/2, 2; z/2)$$

➡ *Magic #1: same function for NLP QED scattering in Regge limit*

# $gg \rightarrow H$ amplitude at NLL

C. Anastasiou, A.A. Penin, JHEP **07**, 195 (2020)

$$\mathcal{M}_{gg \rightarrow H}^{bNLL} = C_b \left( \frac{\alpha_s(m_H)}{\alpha_s(m_q)} \right)^{\gamma_m^{(1)}/\beta_0} Z_g^{2NLL} \left[ -\frac{3}{2} \frac{m_q^2}{m_H^2} L^2 \mathcal{M}_{gg \rightarrow H}^{t(0)} \right]$$

*Yukawa RG factor*
*gluon Sudakov form factor*
*LO amplitude*

$$C_q = \left[ g(z) + \frac{\alpha_s L}{4\pi} (2\gamma_q^{(1)} g_\gamma(z) - \beta_0 g_\beta(z)) \right] = 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n$$

$$c_1 = \frac{z}{6} + C_F \frac{\alpha_s L}{4\pi}, \quad c_2 = \frac{z^2}{45} + \frac{z}{5} \frac{\alpha_s L}{4\pi} \left[ \frac{3}{2} C_F - \beta_0 \left( \frac{5}{6} \frac{L_\mu}{L} - \frac{1}{3} \right) \right],$$

$$c_3 = \frac{z^3}{420} + \frac{z^2}{5} \frac{\alpha_s L}{4\pi} \left[ \frac{5}{21} C_F - \beta_0 \left( \frac{2}{9} \frac{L_\mu}{L} - \frac{2}{21} \right) \right], \quad \dots$$

$$L = \ln(m_H^2/m_q^2), \quad L_\mu = \ln(m_H^2/\mu^2)$$

● *main NLL effects:*

$$\alpha_s(\mu) \Leftrightarrow \alpha_s(m_H \left( \frac{m_q}{m_H} \right)^{2/5})$$

$$m_q^2(\mu) \Leftrightarrow m_q(m_q) m_q(m_H)$$

# Higgs production

## ● Top-bottom interference through NNLO

### ● *NLL threshold*

$$\delta\sigma_{pp\rightarrow H+X}^{\text{NNLO}} = -2.18 \pm 0.20 \text{ pb}$$

*C. Anastasiou, A.A. Penin, JHEP 07, 195 (2020)*

### ● *full result*

$$\delta\sigma_{pp\rightarrow H+X}^{\text{NNLO}} = -1.99^{+0.30}_{-0.15} \text{ pb}$$

*M. Czakon, F. Eschment, M. Niggetiedt, R. Poncelet, T. Schellenberger, JHEP 07, 195 (2020)*

## ● Convergence of the logarithmic expansion

	LO	NLO	NNLO	N <sup>3</sup> LO
$\delta\sigma_{pp\rightarrow H+X}^{\text{LL}}$	-1.420	-1.640	-1.667	-1.670
$\delta\sigma_{pp\rightarrow H+X}^{\text{NLL}}$	-1.420	-2.048	-2.183	-2.204
$\delta\sigma_{pp\rightarrow H+X}$	-1.023	-2.000	-1.990	

# Higgs production

## ● Top-bottom interference through NNLO

### ● *NLL threshold*

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## ● *Why does threshold approximation work so good?*

- *in principle it should not since the soft emission with  $p_{\perp} \sim m_b$  is not suppressed by PDFs and resolves the bottom loop*

➡ *the reason is revealed in the rest of the talk*

# Higgs + Jet production

## ● Top-bottom interference to NLO

*J. M. Lindert, K. Melnikov, L. Tancredi and C. Wever, Phys. Rev. Lett. 118, 252002 (2017)*

*R. Bonciani, V. Del Duca, H. Frellesvig, M. Hidding, V. Hirschi, F. Moriello, G. Salvatori, G. Somogyi and F. Tramontano, Phys. Lett. B 843, 137995 (2023)*

*X. Chen, A. Huss, S. P. Jones, M. Kerner, J. N. Lang, J. M. Lindert and H. Zhang, JHEP 03, 096 (2022)*

*Higher orders?*

*Factorization, log structure?*

## ● Brute force calculation of Abelian double logs

*K. Melnikov, A.A. Penin, JHEP 05, 172 (2016)*

➡ *full QCD?*

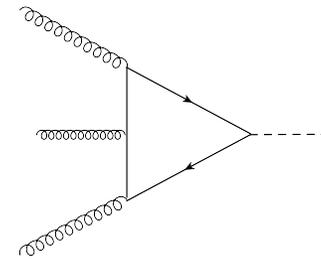
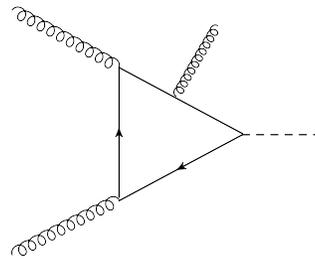
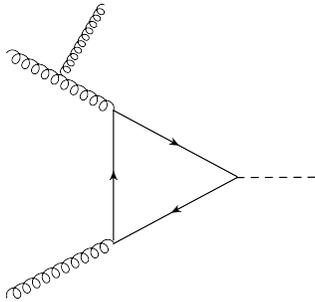
# Higgs + Jet production

## ● Kinematics of $g(p_1) + g(p_2) \rightarrow g(p_3) + H(p_H)$

●  $m_q^2 \ll p_{\perp}^2 \ll s, m_H^2$

●  $s \approx m_H^2$

## ● One-loop amplitudes



● *single color structure*

● *two helicity structures*

# Higgs + Jet production

● Amplitudes  $M_{+++ \pm} \propto e^{\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi} I} \sum_q A_{+++ \pm}^{(q)}$

● Form factors

● *large mass expansion*  $A_{+++ \pm}^{(t)} = C_t \sum_{n=0} \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi}\right)^n \tilde{A}_{+++ \pm}^{(n)} + \mathcal{O}(m_t^{-2})$

● *small mass expansion*  $A_{+++ \pm}^{(q)} = \frac{m_q^2}{s} \sum_{n=0} \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi}\right)^n A_{+++ \pm}^{(n+1)} + \mathcal{O}(m_q^4)$

● One-loop Sudakov exponent

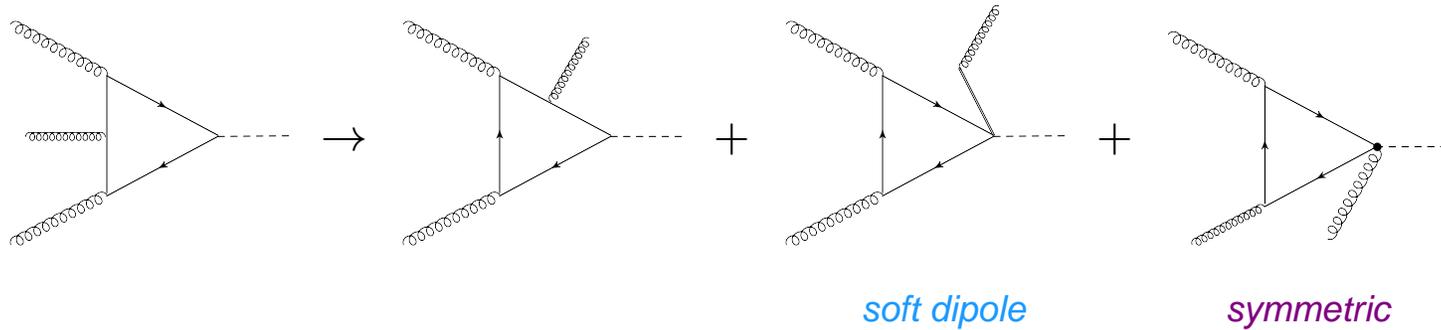
● *physical*  $I_{\text{ph}}^{(1)} = -\frac{C_A}{2\epsilon^2} \left[ 2 \left(\frac{-s}{\mu^2}\right)^{-\epsilon} + \left(\frac{-tu}{s\mu^2}\right)^{-\epsilon} \right]$

➡ *accommodate all the double logs of  $p_{\perp}$  and rapidity in  $m_q \rightarrow \infty$  limit*

● *symmetric*  $I_{\text{sym}}^{(1)} = -\frac{C_A}{2\epsilon^2} \left[ \left(\frac{-s}{\mu^2}\right)^{-\epsilon} + \left(\frac{-t}{\mu^2}\right)^{-\epsilon} + \left(\frac{-u}{\mu^2}\right)^{-\epsilon} \right]$

# Factorization

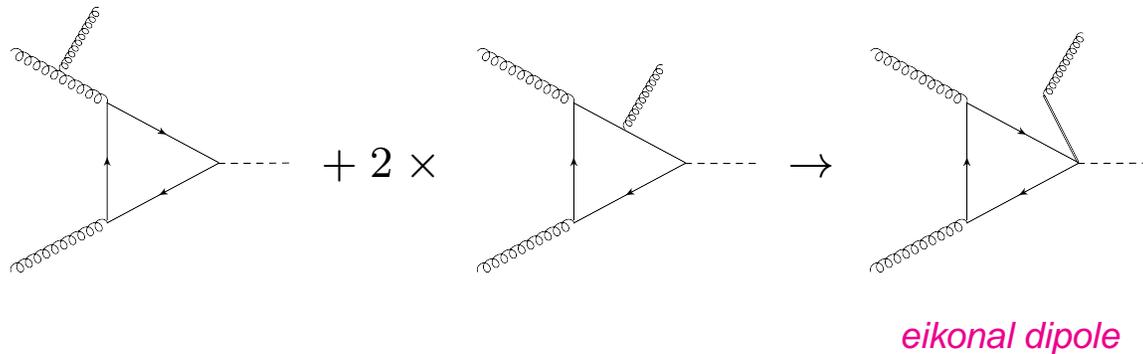
## ● Jet emission off the soft quark line



● *soft dipole with  $l_{\perp}^2 < p_{\perp}^2$*

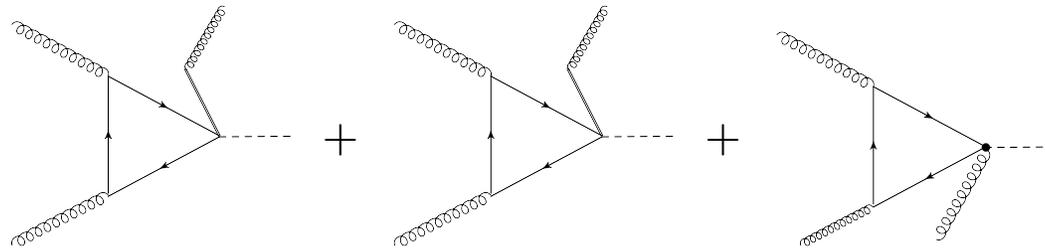
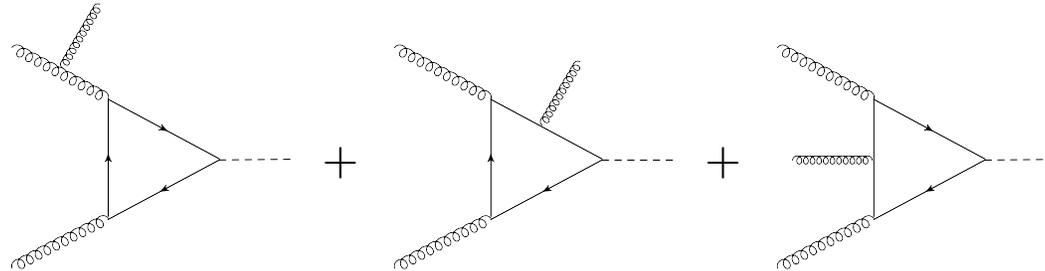
● *new symmetric structure  $G_{\mu\nu}^a G_{\nu\lambda}^b G_{\lambda\mu}^c f^{abc}$  with  $l_{\perp}^2 < p_{\perp}^2$*

## ● Jet emission off the eikonal line



# Factorization

## Effective theory decomposition



*eikonal dipole*

*soft dipole*

*symmetric*

# Effective theory decomposition

## ● Eikonal dipole

- *standard dipole structure with  $A_{+++} = -A_{++-}$*
- *jet completely factors out from the quark loop*

## ● Soft dipole

- *standard dipole structure with  $A_{+++} = -A_{++-}$*
- *quark loop momentum cutoff  $l_{\perp}^2 < p_{\perp}^2$*

## ● Symmetric

- *symmetric tensor structure with  $A_{+++} = 0$*
- *quark loop momentum cutoff  $l_{\perp}^2 < p_{\perp}^2$*

# Double logs

- Soft emission from the factorized gluon line

- *color is conserved along gluon line*

- ➔ *only Sudakov double logs*

- Problem reduces to

- *eikonal dipole:  $g(p_1)g(p_2)H$  form factor*

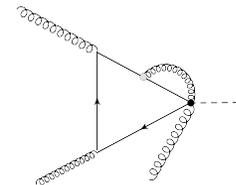
- *soft dipole:  $g(p_1)g(p_2)H$  form factor with  $p_\perp$ -dependent UV cutoff*

- *symmetric:*

- *unresolved vertex:  $g(p_3)g(p_{1,2})H$  form factor with  $p_\perp$ -dependent UV cutoff*

- *resolved vertex: additional Sudakov-Wilson contribution*

- ➔ *soft jet factors out*



# Double logs

## ● Eikonal dipole

$$\left[A_{+++ \pm}^{\text{LL}}\right]_{\text{e.d.}} = \pm 2L^2 \int_0^1 d\eta \int_0^{1-\eta} d\xi e^{2z\eta\xi} = \pm L^2 g(z)$$

## ● Soft dipole

$$\left[A_{+++ \pm}^{\text{LL}}\right]_{\text{s.d.}} = \mp L^2 \int_{\tau_t - \tau}^{\tau_t} d\eta \int_{1-\tau_t}^{1-\eta} d\xi e^{2z\eta\xi}$$

● *transverse momentum variable*  $\tau = \ln(p_{\perp}^2 / m_q^2) / L$

## ● Symmetric

$$\left[A_{+++ -}^{\text{LL}}\right]_{\text{sym.}} = -L^2 \left[ \int_{\tau_t - \tau}^{\tau_t} d\eta \int_{1-\tau_t}^{1-\eta} d\xi e^{2z(\eta - \tau_t + \tau)(\xi - 1 + \tau_t)} e^{2z(\tau_t - \tau)\xi} + (\tau_t \rightarrow \tau_u) \right]$$

Sudakov-Wilson factor



# All-order amplitudes

## ● Leading logarithmic result

$$A_{+++}^{LL} = L^2 \left[ g(z) - \int_{(1-\tau+\zeta)/2}^{(1+\tau+\zeta)/2} \frac{d\eta}{2z\eta} \left( e^{2z\eta(1-\eta)} - e^{z\eta(1-\tau-\zeta)} \right) \right]$$

$$A_{++-}^{LL} = -A_{+++}^{LL} - L^2 \left[ \int_{(1-\tau+\zeta)/2}^{(1+\tau+\zeta)/2} \frac{d\eta}{2z\eta} e^{z((1-\tau)^2 - \zeta^2)/2} \left( e^{z\eta(1+\tau+\zeta-2\eta)} - 1 \right) + (\zeta \rightarrow -\zeta) \right]$$

● *rapidity variable*  $\zeta = \ln(t/u)/L$

## ● Two loops

● *after infrared matching agrees with the explicit calculation*

K. Melnikov, L. Tancredi, C. Wever, JHEP 1611, 104 (2016)

# All-order amplitudes

## ● Leading logarithmic result

$$A_{+++}^{LL} = L^2 \left[ g(z) - \int_{(1-\tau+\zeta)/2}^{(1+\tau+\zeta)/2} \frac{d\eta}{2z\eta} \left( e^{2z\eta(1-\eta)} - e^{z\eta(1-\tau-\zeta)} \right) \right]$$

$$A_{++-}^{LL} = -A_{+++}^{LL} - L^2 \left[ \int_{(1-\tau+\zeta)/2}^{(1+\tau+\zeta)/2} \frac{d\eta}{2z\eta} e^{z((1-\tau)^2 - \zeta^2)/2} \left( e^{z\eta(1+\tau+\zeta-2\eta)} - 1 \right) + (\zeta \rightarrow -\zeta) \right]$$

● *rapidity variable*  $\zeta = \ln(t/u)/L$

## ● Boundary values

● *low transverse momentum*  $p_{\perp} \sim m_q$ :  $A_{++\pm}^{LL} = \pm L^2 g(z)$

● *high transverse momentum, central rapidity*  $p_{\perp} \sim m_H$ ,  $t \sim u$ :

$$A_{+++}^{LL} = \frac{1}{2} L^2 g(z), \quad A_{++-}^{LL} = -\frac{3}{2} L^2 g(z)$$

# Higgs + Jet production

- Partonic cross section near threshold

$$d\sigma_{gg \rightarrow Hg+X}^{tb} = -\frac{3m_q^2}{m_H^2} L^2 C_t C_q(\tau, \zeta) d\tilde{\sigma}_{gg \rightarrow Hg+X}^{\text{eff}}$$

*heavy top effective theory cross section*

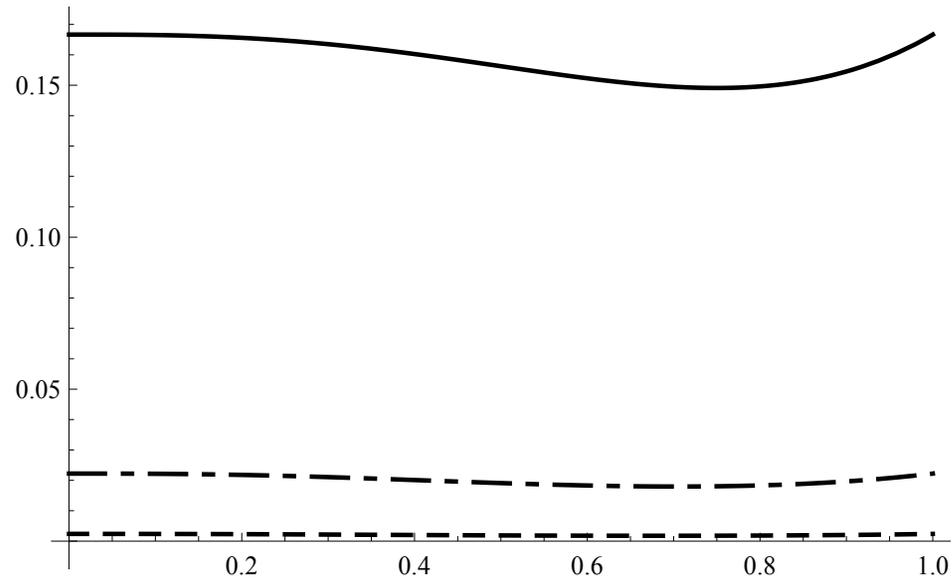
- light quark coefficient*

$$C_q(\tau, \zeta) = \frac{A_{+++} - A_{++-}}{2L^2} = 1 + \frac{z}{6} (1 - \tau^3 + \tau^4) \\ + z^2 \left[ \frac{1}{45} - \frac{\tau^3}{12} + \frac{\tau^4}{6} - \frac{7\tau^5}{60} + \frac{\tau^6}{30} + \frac{\zeta^2}{12} (\tau^3 - \tau^4) \right] + \dots$$

- Magic # 2:*  $C_q(\tau, \zeta) \approx C_q(0, 0) = C_q$

# Jet factorization

dependence of the  $z^{1,2,3}$  coefficients on  $m_q < p_\perp < m_H$



➡ a jet with  $m_q < p_\perp < m_H$  factors out as a soft jet with  $p_\perp \ll m_q$

# Higgs + Jet production

- Bottom quark contribution to hadronic cross section

$$d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tb} = \left[ \frac{C_b}{C_t} \left( \frac{\alpha_s(m_H)}{\alpha_s(m_b)} \right)^{\gamma_m^{(1)}/\beta_0} \right] \left( \frac{d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tb}}{d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tt}} \right)^{\text{LO}} d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tt} \cdot$$

- *numerically observed in NLO*

*J. M. Lindert, K. Melnikov, L. Tancredi and C. Wever, Phys. Rev. Lett. 118, 252002 (2017)*

- *explains the precision of the NLO total threshold cross section*

*C. Anastasiou, A.A. Penin, JHEP 07, 195 (2020)*

- *$C_b$  is known to NLL*

# Higgs + Jet production

## ● Bottom quark contribution to hadronic cross section

$$d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tb} = \left[ \frac{C_b}{C_t} \left( \frac{\alpha_s(m_H)}{\alpha_s(m_b)} \right)^{\gamma_m^{(1)}/\beta_0} \right] \left( \frac{d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tb}}{d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tt}} \right)^{\text{LO}} d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tt} \cdot$$

## ● $d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tt}$ is known to NNLO

X. Chen, T. Gehrmann, E. W. N. Glover and M. Jaquier, *Phys. Lett. B* 740, 147 (2015)

R. Boughezal, F. Caola, K. Melnikov, F. Petriello, M. Schulze, *Phys.Rev.Lett.* 115, 082003 (2015)

R. Boughezal, C. Focke, W. Giele, X. Liu and F. Petriello, *Phys. Lett. B* 748, 5 (2015)

F. Caola, K. Melnikov and M. Schulze, *Phys. Rev. D* 92, 074032 (2015)

X. Chen, J. Cruz-Martinez, T. Gehrmann, E. W. N. Glover and M. Jaquier, *JHEP* 10, 066 (2016)

➡ get top-bottom interference through NNLO

# Higgs + Jet production

## ● Bottom quark contribution to hadronic cross section

$$d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tb} = \left[ \frac{C_b}{C_t} \left( \frac{\alpha_s(m_H)}{\alpha_s(m_b)} \right)^{\gamma_m^{(1)}/\beta_0} \right] \left( \frac{d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tb}}{d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tt}} \right)^{\text{LO}} d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow H j + X}^{tt} \cdot$$

● *higher multiplicities* ⇔ *softer emissions* ⇔ *better factorization*

➡ *complete the existing  $p_{\perp}$ -resummations*

*A. Banfi, P. F. Monni and G. Zanderighi, JHEP 01, 097 (2014)*

*F. Caola, J. M. Lindert, K. Melnikov, P. F. Monni, L. Tancredi and C. Wever, JHEP 09, 035 (2018)*

# Summary

*Jets with  $p_{\perp} \ll m_H$  decouple from the light quark loop*

- *explains some mystique phenomena*
- *provides access to higher orders*