





Top-Quark Loops for Precision Higgs Physics

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Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

Outline

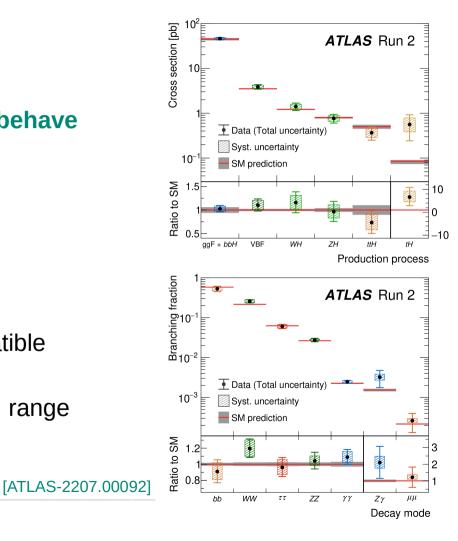
- 1.Precision Higgs physics at the LHC
- 2.Challenge: $2 \rightarrow 2$ with massive loops
- 3.Example: top-mediated $gg \rightarrow ZZ$ @NLO QCD
- 4. Towards NNLO QCD...
- **5.**Conclusions

Higgs Physics at the LHC

Does the discovered Higgs boson behave as the SM predicts?

What we know after Run2 (139 fb^{-1})

- CP-even scalar
- Mass measured with permille precision
- Production and decay channels all compatible with SM predictions
- Experimental uncertainties in the 10-20% range

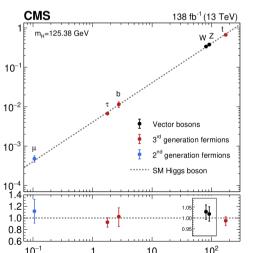


Does the discovered Higgs boson behave as the SM predicts?

What we still don't know

- Shape of the Higgs potential
- Yukawa couplings of first and second generation
- Higgs total decay width

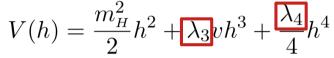
Higgs Physics at the LHC



10

Particle mass (GeV)





 $k_f \frac{m_f}{\upsilon}$ or $\sqrt{k_v} \frac{m_v}{\upsilon}$

10

 10^{-1}

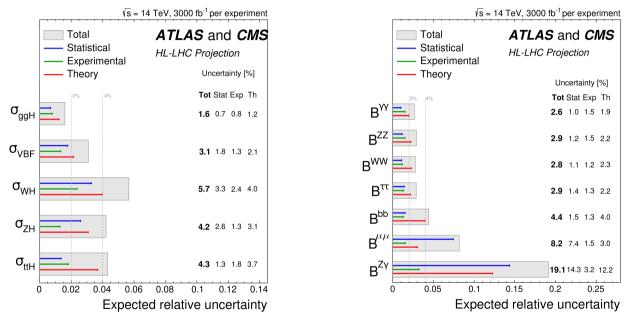
Ratio to SM



Projections for High-Luminosity LHC

Systematic uncertainties will play a very important role





[Cepeda et al. - 1902.00134]

Theory uncertainties need to be reduced \Rightarrow Improve predictions within the SM

Theory goal : percent precision

(Some) Theory Uncertainties



- Parametric uncertainties
- PDF determination
- Matching with parton showers

[THIS TALK]

Missing higher orders in perturbative calculations Conventionally estimated by varying renormalization and factorization scales

$$\sigma = \sum_{ij} \int dx_1 dx_2 \ f_i(x_1, \mu_F) f_j(x_2, \mu_F) \ \hat{\sigma}_{ij}(x_1, x_2, Q, \mu_F, \mu_R) + \mathcal{O}\left(\Lambda_{QCD}/Q\right)$$
$$\hat{\sigma}_{ij}(\mu_F, \mu_R) = \alpha_S^k(\mu_R) \sum_{m=0}^n \hat{\sigma}_{ij}^{(m)}(\mu_F, \mu_R) \alpha_S^m(\mu_R)$$

Where to Look for Improvements?

Les Houches precision wishlist [Huss et al. - 2207.02122]

Table 1. Precision wish list: Higgs boson final states. N^xLO_{QCD}^(VBF*) means a calculation using the structure function approximation. V = W, Z.

Process	Known	Desired
$pp \rightarrow H$	$\begin{array}{l} N^{3}LO_{HTL} \\ NNLO \ _{QCD}^{(\prime)} \\ N^{(1,1)}LO_{QCD}^{(HTL)} \\ NLO_{QCD} \end{array}$	N ⁴ LO _{HTL} (incl.) NNLO ^(b,c) _{QCD}
$pp \rightarrow H + j$	$\begin{array}{l} NNLO_{HTL} \\ NLO_{QCD} \\ N^{(1,1)}LO_{QCD\otimes EW} \end{array}$	$NNLO_{HTL} \ \otimes NLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$
$pp \rightarrow H + 2j$	$\begin{array}{c} NLO_{HTL} \otimes LO_{QCD} \\ N^{3}LO \begin{array}{c} ^{(VBF^{*})}_{QCD} \end{array} (incl.) \\ NNLO \begin{array}{c} ^{(VBF^{*})}_{QCD} \\ NLO \begin{array}{c} ^{(VBF)}_{WBF)} \\ NLO \begin{array}{c} ^{(VBF)}_{WB} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} NNLO_{HTL} \otimes NLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW} \\ N^{3}LO \begin{array}{c} (^{VBF^{*})} \\ QCD \end{array} \\ NNLO \begin{array}{c} (^{VBF^{*})} \\ QCD \end{array} \end{array}$
$pp \rightarrow H + 3j$	NLO _{HTL} NLO ^(VBF) _{QCD}	$\rm NLO_{QCD} + \rm NLO_{EW}$
$pp \rightarrow VH$	$\frac{\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}}{\text{NLO}_{gg \rightarrow HZ}^{(t, b)}}$	
$pp \rightarrow VH + j$	$\frac{\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}}}{\text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}}$	$NNLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$
$pp \rightarrow HH$	N ³ LO _{HTL} ⊗ NLO _{QCD}	NLO _{EW}
$pp \rightarrow HH + 2j$	N ³ LO (VBF*) (incl.) NNLO (VBF*) NLO (VBF) NLO (WBF)	
$pp \rightarrow HHH$	NNLO _{HTL}	
$pp \to H + t\bar{t}$	$NLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$ $NNLO_{QCD}$ (off-diag.)	NNLO _{QCD}
$pp \to H + t/\bar{t}$	$NLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$	NNLO _{QCD}

Table 3. Precision wish list: vector boson final states. V = W, Z and $V', V'' = W, Z, \gamma$. Full leptonic decays are understood if not stated otherwise.

	•	
Process	Known	Desired
$pp \rightarrow V$	$N^{3}LO_{QCD}$ $N^{(1,1)}LO_{QCD\otimes EW}$ NLO_{EW}	$\begin{array}{l} N^{3}LO_{QCD}+N^{(1,1)}LO_{QCD\otimes EW}\\ N^{2}LO_{EW} \end{array}$
$pp \rightarrow VV'$	$NNLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$	NLO _{QCD} (gg channel, w/ mas- sive loops)
	$+ \text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} (gg \text{ channel})$	$N^{(1,1)}LO_{QCD\otimes EW}$
$pp \rightarrow V + j$	$NNLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$	hadronic decays
$pp \rightarrow V + 2j$	$\label{eq:loss} \begin{split} & \text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}} \left(\text{QCD} \right. \\ & \text{component} \right) \\ & \text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}} \left(\text{EW} \right. \\ & \text{component} \right) \end{split}$	NNLO _{QCD}
	•	
$pp \rightarrow V + b\bar{b}$	NLO _{QCD}	$NNLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$
$pp \rightarrow VV' + 1j$	$\rm NLO_{QCD} + \rm NLO_{EW}$	NNLO _{QCD}
$pp \rightarrow VV' + 2j$	$\frac{\text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} \text{ (QCD component)}}{\text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}} \text{ (EW component)}}$	Full $NLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$



Where to Look for Improvements?

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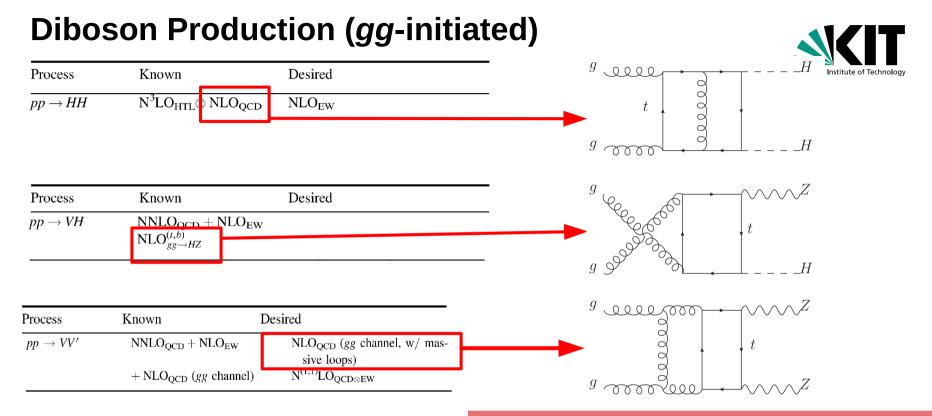
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Process	Known	Desired
$pp \rightarrow H$	$\begin{array}{l} N^{3}LO_{HTL} \\ NNLO \ _{QCD}^{(\prime)} \\ N^{(1,1)}LO_{QCD}^{(HTL)} \\ NLO_{QCD} \end{array}$	N ⁴ LO _{HTL} (incl.) NNLO ^(b,c) _{QCD}
$pp \rightarrow H + j$	$\begin{array}{l} NNLO_{HTL} \\ NLO_{QCD} \\ N^{(1,1)}LO_{QCD \otimes EW} \end{array}$	$NNLO_{HTL} \ \otimes NLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$
$pp \rightarrow H + 2j$	$\begin{array}{c} NLO_{HTL} \otimes LO_{QCD} \\ N^{3}LO \begin{array}{c} ^{(VBF^{*})}_{QCD} \end{array} (incl.) \\ NNLO \begin{array}{c} ^{(VBF^{*})}_{QCD} \\ NLO \begin{array}{c} ^{(VBF)}_{WBF} \end{array} \\ NLO \begin{array}{c} ^{(VBF)}_{WBF} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} NNLO_{HTL} \otimes NLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW} \\ N^{3}LO \begin{array}{c} (VBF^{*}) \\ QCD \end{array} \\ NNLO \begin{array}{c} (VBF) \\ QCD \end{array}$
$pp \rightarrow H + 3j$	NLO _{HTL} NLO ^(VBF) _{QCD}	$\rm NLO_{QCD} + \rm NLO_{EW}$
$pp \rightarrow VH$	$\frac{\text{NNLO}_{\text{QCD}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}}}{\text{NLO}_{gg \rightarrow HZ}^{(t, b)}}$	
$pp \rightarrow VH + j$	NNLO _{QCD} NLO _{QCD} + NLO _{EW}	$NNLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$
$pp \rightarrow HH$	N'LO _{HTL} ⊗ NLO _{QCD}	NLO _{EW}
$pp \rightarrow HH + 2j$	N ³ LO (VBF*) (incl.) NNLO (VBF*) NLO (VBF) NLO (VBF)	
$pp \rightarrow HHH$	NNLO _{HTL}	
$pp \rightarrow H + t\bar{t}$	$NLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$ $NNLO_{QCD}$ (off-diag.)	NNLO _{QCD}
$pp \rightarrow H + t/\bar{t}$	$NLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$	NNLO _{QCD}

Table 3. Precision wish list: vector boson final states. V = W, Z and $V', V'' = W, Z, \gamma$. Full leptonic decays are understood if not stated otherwise.

Process	Known	Desired
$pp \rightarrow V$	N ³ LO _{QCD} N ^(1,1) LO _{QCD⊗EW} NLO _{EW}	$\begin{array}{l} N^{3}LO_{QCD}+N^{(1,1)}LO_{QCD\otimes EW}\\ N^{2}LO_{EW} \end{array}$
$pp \rightarrow VV'$	$NNLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$	NLO _{QCD} (gg channel, w/ mas- sive loops)
	$+ \text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} (gg \text{ channel})$	$N^{(1,1)}LO_{QCD\otimes EW}$
$pp \rightarrow V + j$	$NNLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$	hadronic decays
$pp \rightarrow V + 2j$	NLO _{QCD} + NLO _{EW} (QCD component)	NNLO _{QCD}
	$\frac{NLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}}{component}$	
$pp \rightarrow V + b\bar{b}$	NLO _{QCD}	$NNLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$
$pp \rightarrow VV' + 1j$	$\rm NLO_{QCD} + \rm NLO_{EW}$	NNLO _{QCD}
$pp \rightarrow VV' + 2j$	$\label{eq:loss} \begin{split} & \text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} \; (\text{QCD component}) \\ & \text{NLO}_{\text{QCD}} + \text{NLO}_{\text{EW}} \; (\text{EW} \\ & \text{component}) \end{split}$	$Full \ NLO_{QCD} + NLO_{EW}$





Typically receive large QCD corrections!

Multi-scale (m_t, s, t, m_{ext}) two-loop integrals No full analytic results available

Two-loop Boxes with Massive Lines

Numerical Evaluation (Sector Decomposition)

Demanding in terms of computing resources and time

[Borowka et al. - 1604.06447] [Chen et al. - 2011.12325] [Agarwal et al. - 2011.15113]

Analytic Approximations: exploit hierarchies of masses/kinematic invariants

- Reduce the number of scales in Feynman integrals
 - Is

 Proliferation of integrals

 Restricted to specific phase-space regions
- Limit m_t → ∞ [Dawson et al. - 9805244] [Altenkamp et al. - 1211.50] [Dowling, Melnikov – 1503.01274; Caola, et al. – 1605.04610]
 Large mass expansion (LME) [Grigo, Hoff, Steinhauser - 1508.00909] [Hasselhuhn, Luthe, Steinhauser - 1611.05881]
 High-energy expansion: m²_{ext} ≪ m²_t ≪ ŝ, t̂ [Davies, Mishima, Steinhauser, Wellmann - 2002.05558] [Davies, Mishima, Steinhauser, Wellmann - 2002.05558]

Exact results

Issues with flexibility of input

■ Small-mass expansion: $m_{ext} \rightarrow 0$ [Wang et al. - 2010.15649] [Wang, Xu, Xu, Yang - 2107.08206] ■ pT expansion: $m_{ext}^2, p_T^2 \ll m_t^2, \hat{s}$ [Bonciani, Degrassi, Giardino, Gröber - 1806.11564] [Alasfar, Degrassi, Giardino Groeber, MV – 2103.06225] [Degrassi, Gröber, MV - 2404.15113]



$pp \rightarrow ZZ$ at the LHC

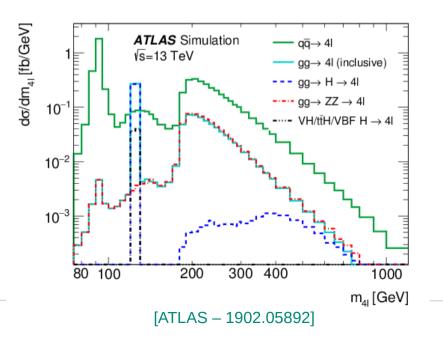


Probe of EW theory: polarisation measurements, "golden channel" for Higgs production

Indirect access to Higgs width

[Kauer, Passarino – 1206.4803] [Caola, Melnikov – 1307.4935] [Campbell, Ellis, Williams - 1311.3589]

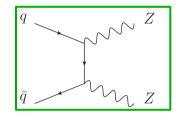
Г



Compare on-shell and off-shell signal strengths

$$\mu_{\text{on}} = \frac{\kappa_{ggh}^{2}(m_{h})\kappa_{hZZ}^{2}(m_{h})}{\Gamma_{h}/\Gamma_{h}^{\text{SM}}}$$
$$\mu_{\text{off}} = \kappa_{ggh}^{2}(m_{ZZ})\kappa_{hZZ}^{2}(m_{ZZ})$$
$$H = 3.2^{+2.4}_{-1.7}\text{MeV} \qquad \Gamma_{H} = 4.5^{+3.3}_{-2.5}\text{MeV}$$
$$\Gamma_{H} = 4.5^{+3.3}_{-2.5}\text{MeV}$$
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$$\Gamma_{H} = 4.5^{+3.3}_{-2.5}\text{MeV}$$

Accurate theoretical predictions needed in both regions!



Dominant contribution

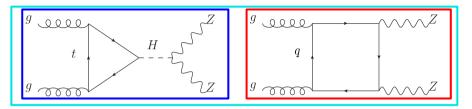
NNLO QCD

[Brown, Mikaelian – ('79); Ohnemus, Owens - ('91); Mele, Nason, Ridolfi - ('91); Cascioli et al. - 1405.2219; Heinrich et al. - 1710.06294; Gehrmann et al. - 1404.4853; Caola et al. - 1408.6409; Gehrmann et al. - 1503.04812; Grazzini et al. - 1507.06257; Kallweit, Wiesemann - 1806.05941]

NLO EW

[Bierweiler et al. – 1305.5402; Baglio, Ninh, Weber – 1307.4331; Chiesa et al. - 2005.12146]

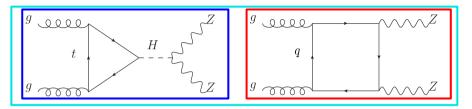
\sqrt{s}	$8{ m TeV}$	$13\mathrm{TeV}$	$8\mathrm{TeV}$	$13{\rm TeV}$
	σ[[fb]	$\sigma/\sigma_{ m NI}$	$L_{0} - 1$
LO	$8.1881(8)^{+2.4\%}_{-3.2\%}$	$13.933(1)^{+5.5\%}_{-6.4\%}$	-27.5%	-29.8%
NLO	$11.2958(4)^{+2.5\%}_{-2.0\%}$	$19.8454(7)^{+2.5\%}_{-2.1\%}$	0%	0%
$q\bar{q}$ NNLO	$12.09(2)^{+1.1\%}_{-1.1\%}$	$21.54(2)^{+1.1\%}_{-1.2\%}$	+7.0%	+8.6%
	σ [fb]		$\sigma/\sigma_{ m gg}$	$_{\rm LO} - 1$
ggLO	$0.79355(6)^{+28.2\%}_{-20.9\%}$	$2.0052(1)^{+23.5\%}_{-17.9\%}$	0%	0%
$ggNLO_{gg}$	$1.4787(4)^{+15.9\%}_{-13.1\%}$	$3.626(1)^{+15.2\%}_{-12.7\%}$	+86.3%	+80.8%
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nNNLO	$13.48(2)^{+2.6\%}_{-2.3\%}$	$24.97(2)^{+2.9\%}_{-2.7\%}$	+19.3%	+25.8%



LO loop-induced (α_s^2 correction) [Dicus, Kao, Repko – ('87); Glover, Van der Bij – ('89)]

Contributes to ~10% of hadronic xsec

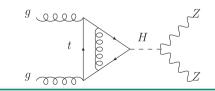
\sqrt{s}	$8{ m TeV}$	$13{ m TeV}$	$8{ m TeV}$	$13{\rm TeV}$	
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	σ [fb]		σ [fb] $\sigma/\sigma_{\rm ggLO}$		_{LO} — 1
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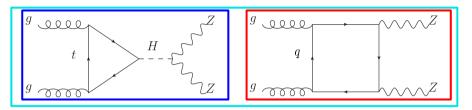
LO loop-induced (α_s^2 correction) [Dicus, Kao, Repko – ('87); Glover, Van der Bij – ('89)]

Contributes to ~10% of hadronic xsec

Virtual NLO QCD Higgs-mediated [Spira et al. - 9504378 ; Aglietti et al. - 0611266 ; Harlander, Kant - 0509189; Anastasiou et al. - 0611236]



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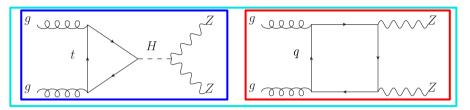


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 $\wedge \wedge Z$

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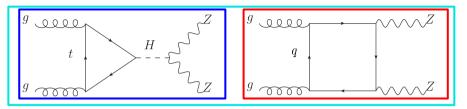
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Virtual NLO QCD Non-resonant (top quark) No exact results in full analytic form

$$\begin{array}{c} \stackrel{g}{\longrightarrow} \\ \stackrel{t}{\longrightarrow} \\ \stackrel{g}{\longrightarrow} \\ \stackrel{g}{\longrightarrow} \\ \end{array} \right) \Rightarrow I(\hat{s}, \hat{t}, m_Z^2, m_t^2)$$

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	σ [fb]		$\sigma/\sigma_{ m NI}$	$L_{0} - 1$
NNLO	$12.88(2)^{+2.8\%}_{-2.2\%}$	$23.55(2)^{+3.0\%}_{-2.6\%}$	+14.0%	+18.7%
nNNLO	$13.48(2)^{+2.6\%}_{-2.3\%}$	$24.97(2)^{+2.9\%}_{-2.7\%}$	+19.3%	+25.8%



LO loop-induced (α_s^2 correction) [Dicus, Kao, Repko – ('87); Glover, Van der Bij – ('89)]

Contributes to ~10% of hadronic xsec

Virtual NLO QCD Double-Triangle diagrams (Standard one-loop techniques) $g \longrightarrow t, b$ $g \longrightarrow t, b$ $g \longrightarrow t, b$

t.b

\sqrt{s}	$8{ m TeV}$	$13\mathrm{TeV}$	$8\mathrm{TeV}$	$13{\rm TeV}$
	σ[[fb]	$\sigma/\sigma_{ m NI}$	_{LO} — 1
LO	$8.1881(8)^{+2.4\%}_{-3.2\%}$	$13.933(1)^{+5.5\%}_{-6.4\%}$	-27.5%	-29.8%
NLO	$11.2958(4)^{+2.5\%}_{-2.0\%}$	$19.8454(7)^{+2.5\%}_{-2.1\%}$	0%	0%
$q\bar{q}$ NNLO	$12.09(2)^{+1.1\%}_{-1.1\%}$	$21.54(2)^{+1.1\%}_{-1.2\%}$	+7.0%	+8.6%
	σ [fb]		$\sigma/\sigma_{ m gg}$	_{LO} – 1
ggLO	$0.79355(6)^{+28.2\%}_{-20.9\%}$	$2.0052(1)^{+23.5\%}_{-17.9\%}$	0%	0%
$ggNLO_{gg}$	$1.4787(4)^{+15.9\%}_{-13.1\%}$	$3.626(1)^{+15.2\%}_{-12.7\%}$	+86.3%	+80.8%
ggNLO	$1.3892(4)^{+15.4\%}_{-13.6\%}$	$3.425(1)^{+13.9\%}_{-12.0\%}$	+75.1%	+70.8%
	σ [fb]		$\sigma/\sigma_{ m NI}$	_{LO} — 1
NNLO	$12.88(2)^{+2.8\%}_{-2.2\%}$	$23.55(2)^{+3.0\%}_{-2.6\%}$	+14.0%	+18.7%
nNNLO	$13.48(2)^{+2.6\%}_{-2.3\%}$	$24.97(2)^{+2.9\%}_{-2.7\%}$	+19.3%	+25.8%

Importance of Top-Quark Effects



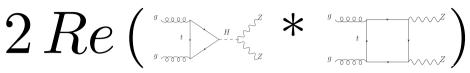
Dominant contribution to Higgs-mediated/nonresonant interference for large invariant masses

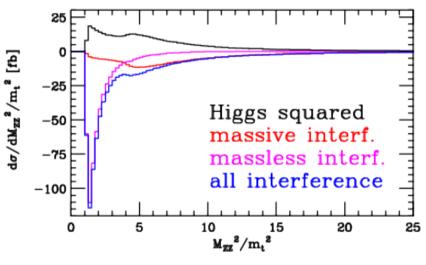
Exact numerical results available

[Agarwal, Jones, von Manteuffel - 2011.15113 ; Brønnum-Hansen, Wang – 2101.12095]

Large effects found also at NLO QCD

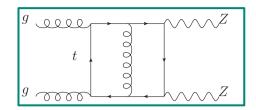
[Agarwal, Jones, Kerner, von Manteuffel - 2404.05684]





[Campbell et al. - 1605.01380]

Analytic Approximations



Limit $m_t \rightarrow \infty$ [Dowling, Melnikov – 1503.01274; Caola, et al. – 1605.04610]

Large mass expansion (LME) [Campbell et al. - 1605.01380; Gröber, Maier, Rauh – 1908.04061]

High-energy expansion: $m_Z^2 \ll m_t^2 \ll \hat{s}, \hat{t}$ [Davies, Mishima, Steinhauser, Wellmann - 2002.05558]

This talk: pT expansion $m_Z^2, p_T^2 \ll m_t^2, \hat{s}$ [Degrassi, Gröber, MV - 2404.15113]

Previously applied to

 $gg \rightarrow HH$ [Bonciani, Degrassi, Giardino, Gröber - 1806.11564]

 $gg \rightarrow ZH$ [Alasfar, Degrassi, Giardino, Gröber, MV - 2103.06225]

pT Expansion - Calculation Overview



- 1. Generation of Feynman diagrams (FeynArts [Hahn 0012260])
- 2. Lorentz decomposition of the amplitude: contractions, Dirac traces... (FeynCalc [Shtabovenko et al. - 2001.04407])

$$\mathcal{A}_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} = \sum_{i=1}^{16} \mathcal{P}_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma}^{(i)} A^{(i)} \qquad A^{(i)} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} C^{(i)} I^{(i)}(\hat{s}, \hat{t}, m_Z^2, m_t^2)$$

3. Expansion of form factors in the limit of small p_T, m_Z

- (Mathematica)
- 4. Decomposition of scalar integrals using IBP identities (LiteRed [Lee 1310.1145])
- 5. Evaluation of master integrals

pT Expansion - Details

We assume the limit of a **forward kinematics**

$$(p_1 + p_3)^2 \to 0 \Leftrightarrow \hat{t} \to 0 \Rightarrow p_T \to 0$$

Then Taylor-expand the form factors in the ratios

$$\frac{m_Z^2}{\hat{s}}, \frac{p_T^2}{\hat{s}} \ll 1$$

$$\frac{p_T^2}{4m_t^2} \ll 1$$

 $g(p_1)$ 00000

 $g(p_2)$, oooqqq

Expansion at integrand level

After tensor + IBP reduction

$$\mathcal{A}_i = \mathcal{N}(p_T^2, m_Z^2) \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} \sum_{i+j=N} c_{ij} (\hat{s}/m_t^2) (p_T^2)^i (m_Z^2)^j$$

The MIs depend on the ratio $\hat{s}/m_t^2 \Rightarrow$ single-scale integrals!

$$I(\hat{s}, p_T^2, m_Z^2, m_t^2) \rightarrow \mathrm{MI}(\hat{s}/mt^2)$$

pT Expansion - Example 1) Consider a one-loop box integral $\int d^{D}q \, \frac{(q^{2})^{n_{1}}(q \cdot p_{1})^{n_{2}}(q \cdot p_{2})^{n_{3}}(q \cdot p_{3})^{n_{4}}}{(q^{2} - m_{t}^{2})[(q + p_{2})^{2} - m_{t}^{2}][(q - p_{1} - p_{3})^{2} - m_{t}^{2}][(q - p_{1})^{2} - m_{t}^{2}]}$

2) Focus on the p3-dependent part; explicit transverse momentum (Sudakov)

$$\frac{(q \cdot p_3)^{n_4}}{[(q - p_1 - p_3)^2 - m_t^2]} \qquad p_3^{\mu} = -p_1^{\mu} - \frac{t'}{s'} (p_1 - p_2)^{\mu} + r_{\perp}^{\mu}$$

$$r_{\perp}^2 = -p_T^2 \qquad \frac{t'}{s'} = -\frac{1}{2} \left\{ 1 - \sqrt{1 - 2\frac{p_T^2 + m_Z^2}{s'}} \right\}$$

$$\int d^D q \ \frac{(q^2)^{n_1} (q \cdot p_1)^{n'_2} (q \cdot p_2)^{n'_3} (q \cdot r_{\perp})^{n'_4}}{(q^2 - m_t^2)^{l_1} [(q + p_2)^2 - m_t^2] [(q - p_1)^2 - m_t^2]}$$

. 1

4) Tensor + IBP reduction \rightarrow Dependence on r_{\perp} removed

pT Expansion - Two-Loop Master Integrals



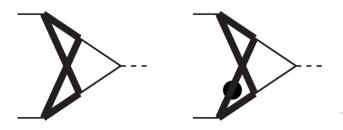
52 MIs: same basis for $gg \rightarrow HH$, $gg \rightarrow ZH$

50 MIs expressed in terms of Generalized Harmonic Polylogarithms

[Bonciani, Mastrolia, Remiddi ('03) - Aglietti et al. ('06) - Anastasiou et al. ('06) - Caron-Huot, Henn ('14) - Becchetti, Bonciani ('17) - Bonciani, Degrassi, Vicini ('10)]

Evaluated using handyG [Naterop, Signer, Ulrich - 1909.01656]

Two elliptic integrals [von Manteuffel, Tancredi ('17)] Re-evaluated using expansion of differential equations (semi-analytical) Implemented in FORTRAN routine [Bonciani, Degrassi, Giardino, Gröber - 1812.02698]

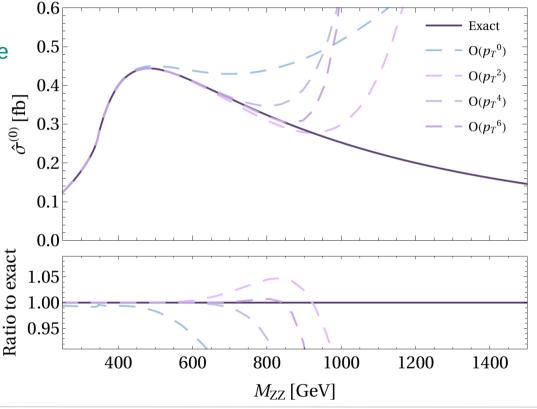


Validation at LO

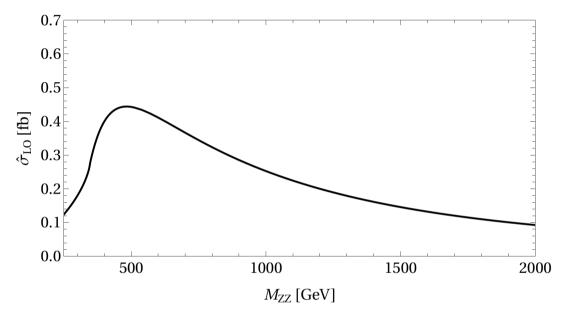


Three orders sufficient for permille accuracy

For $M_{ZZ} \gtrsim 700 \text{ GeV}$ the assumption $p_T^2 \ll 4m_t^2$ can be violated in a significant part of the phase space



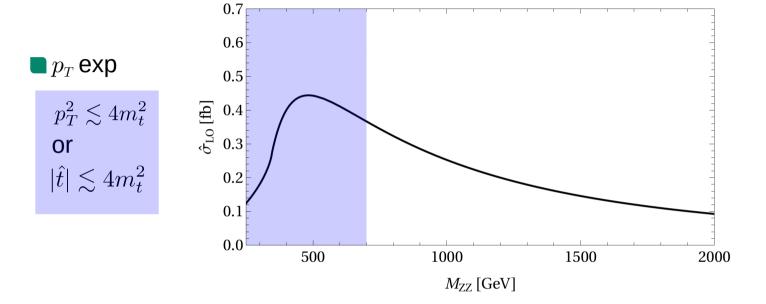
Complementing Phase-Space Coverage





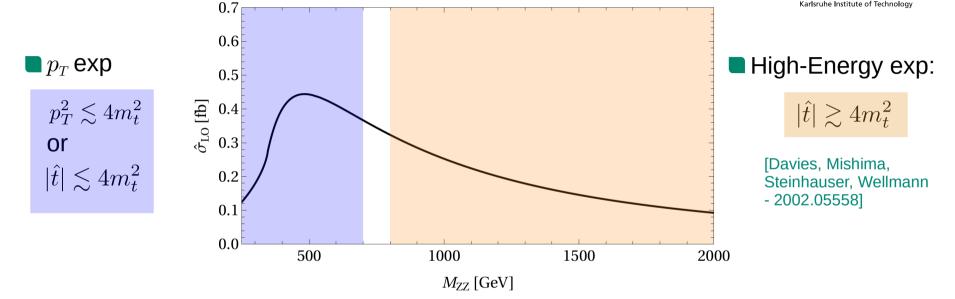
Complementing Phase-Space Coverage





Complementing Phase-Space Coverage





The two expansions can be combined Needed refinement using Padé approximants [Bellafronte, Degrassi, Giardino, Gröber, MV -2103.06225]

See also [Davies, Mishima, Schönwald, Steinhauser - 2302.01356]

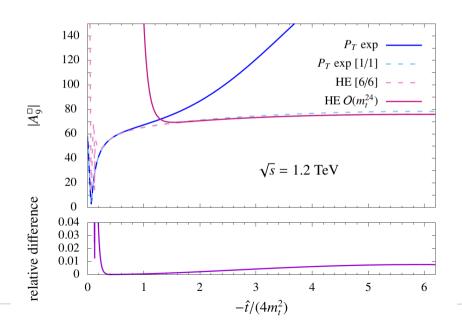
Merging pT and HE Expansions at NLO

Improve the convergence of a series expansion by matching the coefficients of the **Padé approximant [m/n]** [e.g. Fleisher, Tarasov ('94) - Campbell et al. - 1605.01380]

$$f(x) \stackrel{x \to 0}{\simeq} c_0 + c_1 x + \dots + c_q x^q \qquad f(x) \simeq [m/n](x) = \frac{a_0 + a_1 x + \dots + a_m x^m}{1 + b_1 x + \dots + b_n x^n} \quad (q = m + n)$$

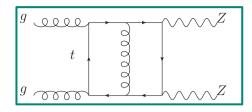
For each FF we merged the following results

- pT exp improved by [1/1] Padé
- HE exp improved by [6/6] Padé [Davies, Mishima, Steinhauser, Wellmann - 2002.05558]
- Padé results are stable and comparable in the region $|\hat{t}| \sim 4m_t^2 \rightarrow \text{can switch without loss of}$ accuracy
- Evaluation time for a phase-space point below 0.1 $s \Rightarrow$ suitable for Monte Carlo





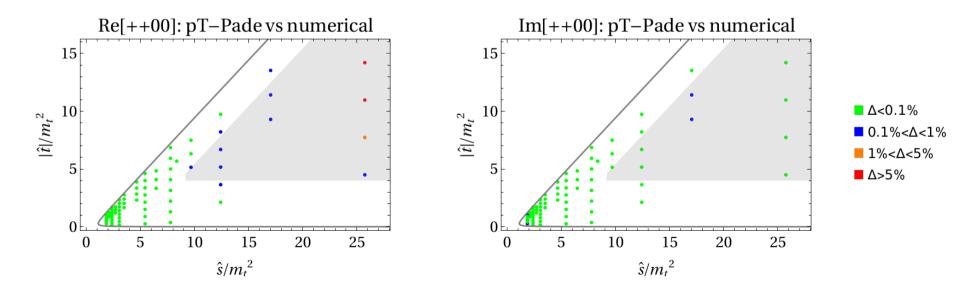
Comparing with Numerical Results



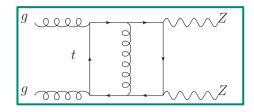
Comparison with helicity amplitudes of

[Agarwal, Jones, von Manteuffel - 2011.15113]

$$\mathcal{M}_{\lambda_1,\lambda_2,\lambda_3,\lambda_4}^{\text{fin}} = \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi}\right) \mathcal{M}_{\lambda_1,\lambda_2,\lambda_3,\lambda_4}^{(1)} + \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{2\pi}\right)^2 \mathcal{M}_{\lambda_1,\lambda_2,\lambda_3,\lambda_4}^{(2)} + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$$



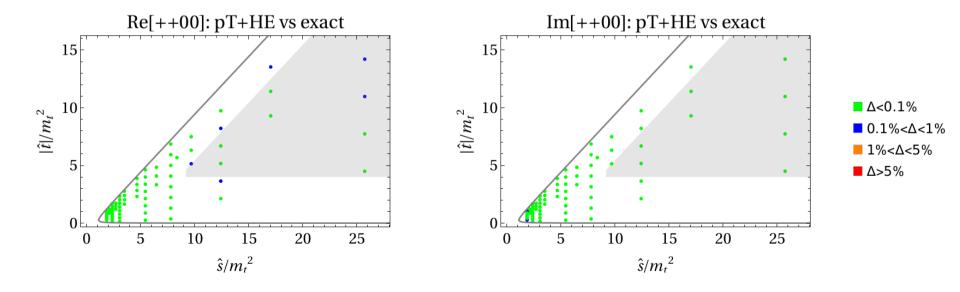
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Results



$$\mathcal{V}_{\text{fin}} = \frac{G_F^2 m_Z^4}{16} \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{\pi}\right)^2 \left\{ \sum_i \left| \mathcal{A}_i^{(0)} \right|^2 \frac{C_A}{2} \left(\pi^2 - \log^2 \left(\frac{\mu_R^2}{\hat{s}}\right)\right) + 2 \sum_i \text{Re} \left[\mathcal{A}_i^{(0)} \left(\mathcal{A}_i^{(1)}\right)^* \right] \right\}$$

$$\Delta \sigma_{\text{virt}} = \int_{\hat{t}^-}^{\hat{t}^+} d\hat{t} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{16\pi\hat{s}^2} \left(\frac{\alpha_s}{\pi}\right) \mathcal{V}_{\text{fin}}(\hat{t})$$

$$\mathcal{A}_i^{(0)} = \mathcal{A}_i^{(0,\triangle)} + \mathcal{A}_i^{(0,\square)}$$

$$\mathcal{A}_i^{(1)} = \mathcal{A}_i^{(1,\triangle)} + \mathcal{A}_i^{(1,\square)} + \mathcal{A}_i^{(1,\square)}$$

$$\text{LME from}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{Davies, Mishima, Steinhauser, Wellmann - 2002.05558} \end{bmatrix}$$

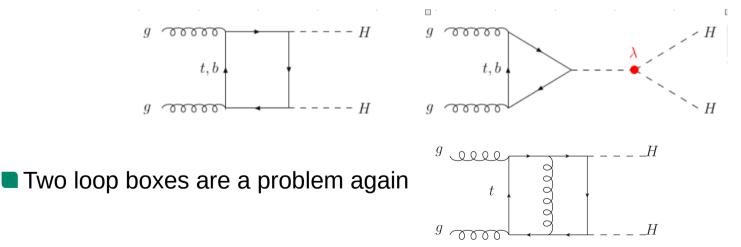
$$\frac{\text{LME from}}{200 - 400 - 600 - 800 - 100 - 1200}$$



Consider a "simpler" case: $gg \rightarrow HH$

(2 FFs, scalar identical final particles)

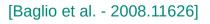
Best chance to measure λ_3 at LHC

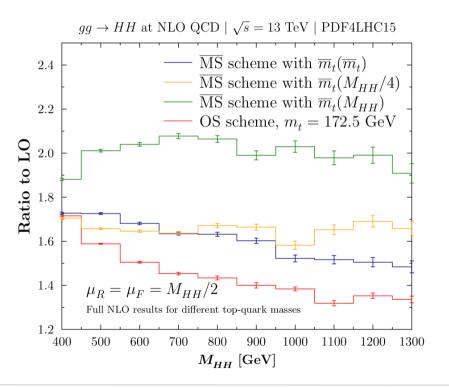




Consider a "simpler" case: gg → HH
 (2 FFs, scalar identical final particles)
 Best chance to measure λ₃ at LHC

- Large uncertainty at NLO, due to choice of renormalization scheme and scale for the top mass
- NNLO would still be desirable

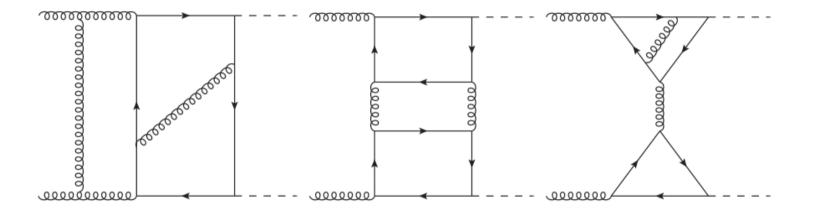






Can we use the forward expansion for higher orders?

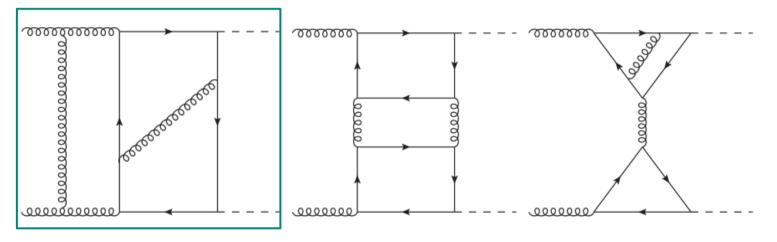
Classes of three loop diagrams





Can we use the forward expansion for higher orders?

Classes of three loop diagrams

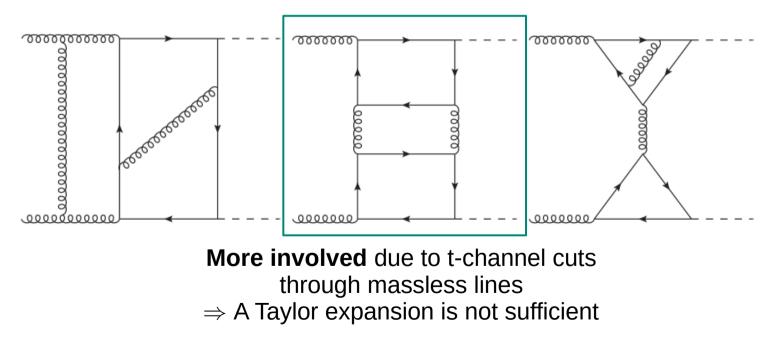


Conceptually yes Practical implementation promising for the $t \rightarrow 0$ expansion $\{t^0, m_H^0\}$ [Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser 2307.04796]



Can we use the forward expansion for higher orders?

Classes of three loop diagrams

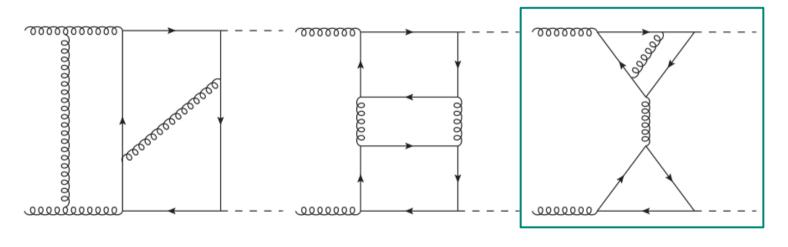


Going to NNLO QCD...



Can we use the forward expansion for higher orders?

Classes of three loop diagrams



Start by studying the 1PR piece

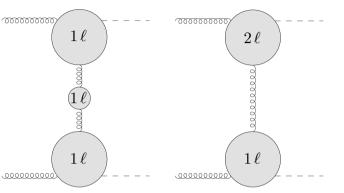
1PR Contribution to $gg \rightarrow HH @$ **3 Loops**

[Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, MV - 2405.20372]



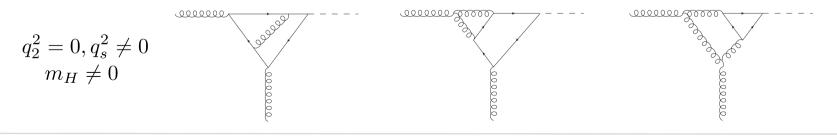
$$\mathcal{M}^{ab} = \varepsilon_{1,\mu}\varepsilon_{2,\nu}\mathcal{M}^{\mu\nu,ab} = \varepsilon_{1,\mu}\varepsilon_{2,\nu}\delta^{ab}X_0s\left(F_1A_1^{\mu\nu} + F_2A_2^{\mu\nu}\right)$$

Goal: compute
$$F_1^{(3\ell, 1PR)} = F_2^{(3\ell, 1PR)}$$



Approach: construct the $gg \rightarrow HH$ form factors from the 1PI gg*H subamplitudes

 $\mathcal{V}^{\alpha\beta}(q_s, q_2) = F_a \ g^{\alpha\beta}(q_s \cdot q_2) + F_b \ q_s^{\alpha} q_2^{\beta} + F_c \ q_2^{\alpha} q_s^{\beta} + F_d \ q_s^{\alpha} q_s^{\beta} + F_e \ q_2^{\alpha} q_2^{\beta}$

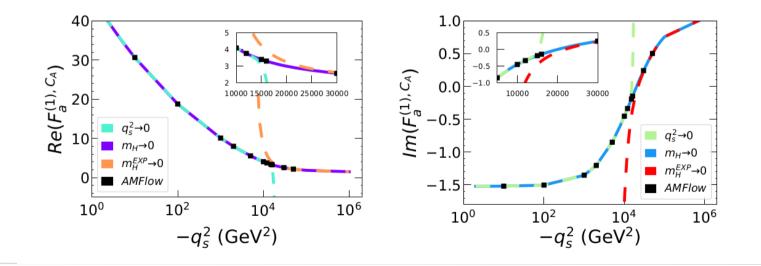


1PR Contribution to $gg \rightarrow HH$ @ 3 Loops





- \blacksquare $m_H^2 \ll q_s^2, m_t^2$ \blacksquare Use expanded MIs but keep coefficients exact ($m_H
 ightarrow 0$)
- $\mathbf{q}_s^2 \ll m_H^2, m_t^2$ Results checked with AMFlow [Liu, Ma 2201.11669]



Conclusions



Top loops are crucial for precision Higgs physics

- At two-loops, an important class of gg-initiated diboson processes can be approximated (semi-)analytically using a combination of a forward expansion and a high-energy expansion
- Results are fast and precise over the complete phase space

Outlook

• Going to 3 loops is not straightforward \Rightarrow use asymptotic expansions?

Looking for new combinations of expansions to cover a significant part of the phase space

"You can't always for now get what you want"





But if you try sometime / you might find / you get what you need (for phenomenology)



Thank you for your attention

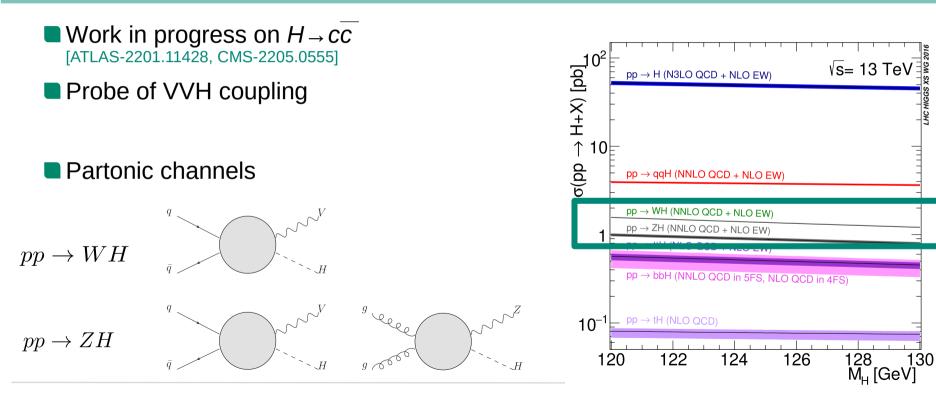


Backup

VH Production at the LHC



$pp \rightarrow VH$ is the most sensitive process to $H \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ [Atlas-2007.02873, CMS-1808.08242]



VH Production at the LHC



$pp \rightarrow VH$ is the most sensitive process to $H \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ [Atlas-2007.02873, CMS-1808.08242]

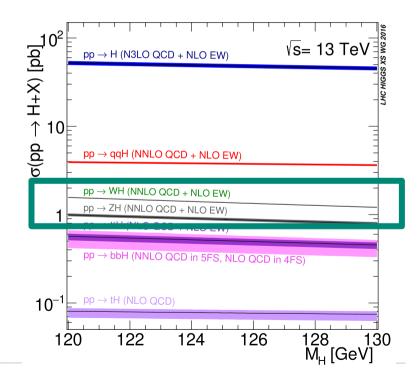
• Work in progress on $H \rightarrow c\overline{c}$ [ATLAS-2201.11428, CMS-2205.0555]

Probe of VVH coupling

Larger scale uncertainties in ZH

	\sqrt{s} [TeV]	$\sigma_{ m NNLO~QCD\otimes NLO~EW}$ [pb]	Δ_{scale} [%]	$\Delta_{\mathrm{PDF}\oplus\alpha_{\mathrm{s}}}$ [%]
$pp \rightarrow WH$	$\frac{13}{14}$	$1.358 \\ 1.498$	$^{+0.51}_{-0.51}$ $^{+0.51}_{-0.51}$	$1.35 \\ 1.35$
$pp \rightarrow w m$	27	3.397	$+0.29 \\ -0.72$	1.37
	\sqrt{s} [TeV]	$\sigma_{ m NNLO~QCD\otimes NLO~EW}$ [pb]	$\Delta_{\text{scale}} \left[\%\right]$	$\Delta_{\text{PDF}\oplus\alpha_{s}}$ [%]
	13	0.880	$^{+3.50}_{-2.68}$	1.65
$pp \to ZH$	14	0.981	$^{+3.61}_{-2.94}$	1.90
	27	2.463	$+5.42 \\ -4.00$	2.24

[Cepeda et al. - 1902.00134]



$gg \rightarrow ZH @ NLO QCD$

Inclusive cross section $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{TeV}$ $\mu_r = \mu_f = M_{ZH}/2$

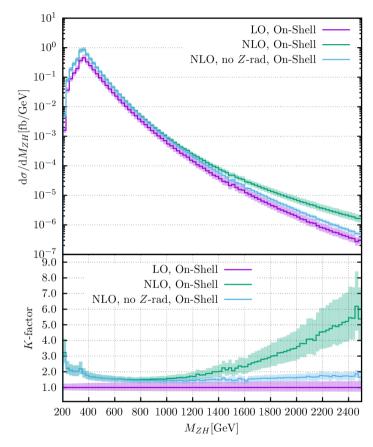
Top-mass scheme	LO [fb]	$\sigma_{LO}/\sigma_{LO}^{OS}$	NLO [fb]	$\sigma_{NLO}/\sigma_{NLO}^{OS}$	$K = \sigma_{NLO} / \sigma_{LO}$
On-Shell	$64.01^{+27.2\%}_{-20.3\%}$		$118.6^{+16.7\%}_{-14.1\%}$		1.85
$\overline{\mathrm{MS}}, \mu_t = M_{ZH}/4$	$59.40^{+27.1\%}_{-20.2\%}$	0.928	$113.3^{+17.4\%}_{-14.5\%}$	0.955	1.91
$\overline{\mathrm{MS}}, \mu_t = m_t^{\overline{\mathrm{MS}}}(m_t^{\overline{\mathrm{MS}}})$	$57.95^{+26.9\%}_{-20.1\%}$	0.905	$111.7^{+17.7\%}_{-14.6\%}$	0.942	1.93
$\overline{\mathrm{MS}}, \mu_t = M_{ZH}/2$	$54.22^{+26.8\%}_{-20.0\%}$	0.847	$107.9^{+18.4\%}_{-15.0\%}$	0.910	1.99
$\overline{\mathrm{MS}}, \mu_t = M_{ZH}$	$49.23^{+26.6\%}_{-19.9\%}$	0.769	$103.3^{+19.6\%}_{-15.6\%}$	0.871	2.10

NLO corrections are the same size as LO $(K\sim 2)$

Scale uncertainties reduced by 30% wrt LO

Invariant-mass distribution

K-factor is not flat over M_{ZH} range
 Large NLO enhancement in the high-energy tail (M_{ZH} > 1 TeV)



[Degrassi, Gröber, MV, Zhao - 2205.02769]

$gg \rightarrow ZH @ NLO QCD$

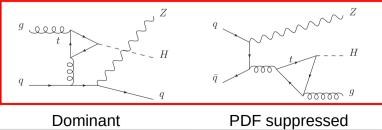
$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{TeV}$ Inclusive cross section $\mu_r = \mu_f = M_{ZH}/2$

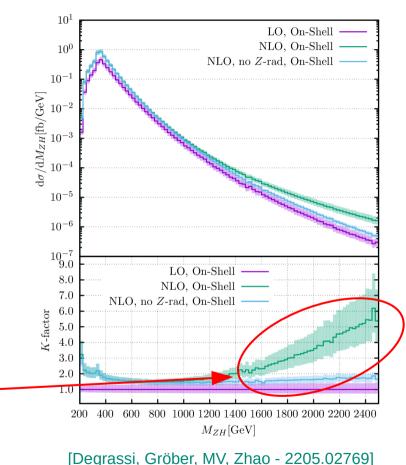
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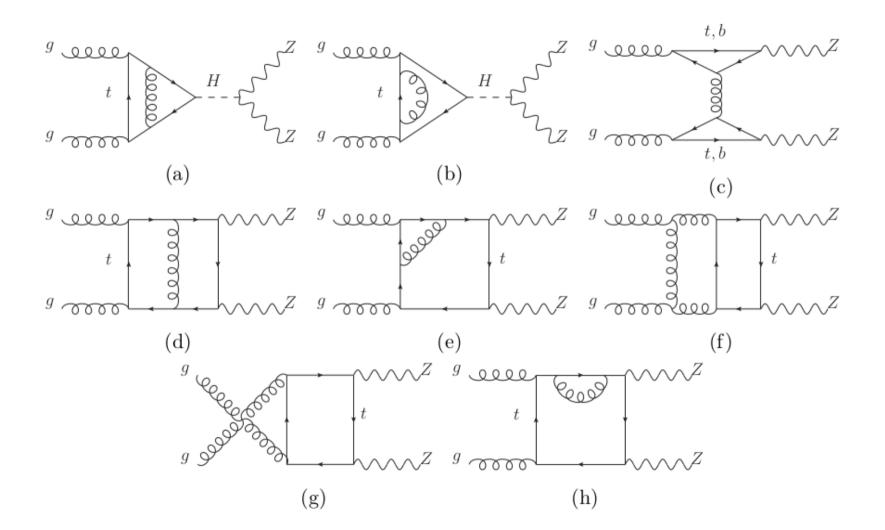
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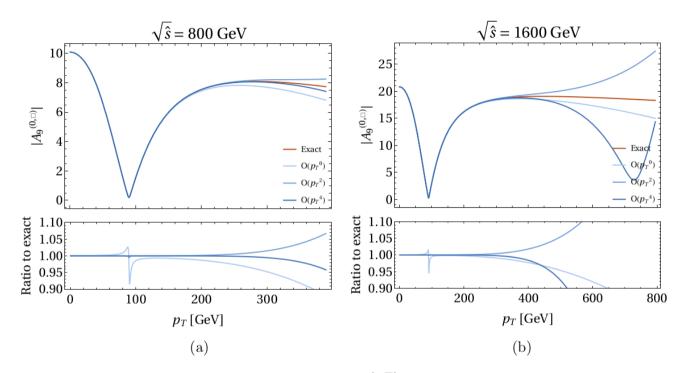




Figure 3: Absolute value of the form factor $\mathcal{A}_9^{(0,\Box)}$ for moderate (a) and high (b) partonic centre-of-mass energies as a function of the transverse momentum. The exact result and the results obtained at various orders in the p_T expansion are shown.

1PR Contribution to $gg \rightarrow HH @$ **3 Loops: Strategy**

1. Generation of diagrams with qgraf [Nogueira, '93]

- 2. Manipulation with Tapir [Gerlach, Herren, Lang 2201.05618], q2e/exp [Harlander, Seidensticker Steinhauser – '97], FORM [Ruijl, Ueda, Vermaseren - 1707.06453]
- 3. IBP reduction (KIRA [Klappert, Lange, Maierhöfer, Usovitsch 2008.06494])
- 4. The MIs can be expanded for $m_H
 ightarrow 0$ (LiteRed [Lee 1310.1145])
- 5. Results mapped onto single-scale "forward" topologies [Davies, Mishima, Schönwald, Steinhauser 2302.01356]
- 6. Evaluated semi-analytically using "expand-and-match" approach [Fael, Lange, Schönwald, Steinhauser – 2106.05296; 2202.05276]
 - Two-loop: results in agreement with [Degrassi, Giardino, Gröber 1603.00385]
 - Three-loop: agreement with LME result of [Davies, Steinhauser 1909.01361]

