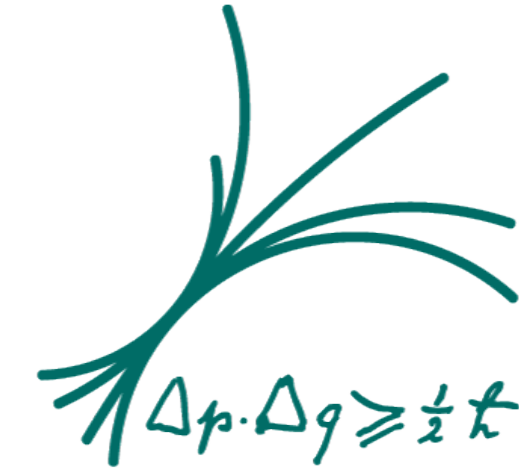


MAX-PLANCK-INSTITUT
FÜR PHYSIK



Arts and craft of precision physics

Chiara Signorile-Signorile

On behalf of Director G. Zanderighi's group

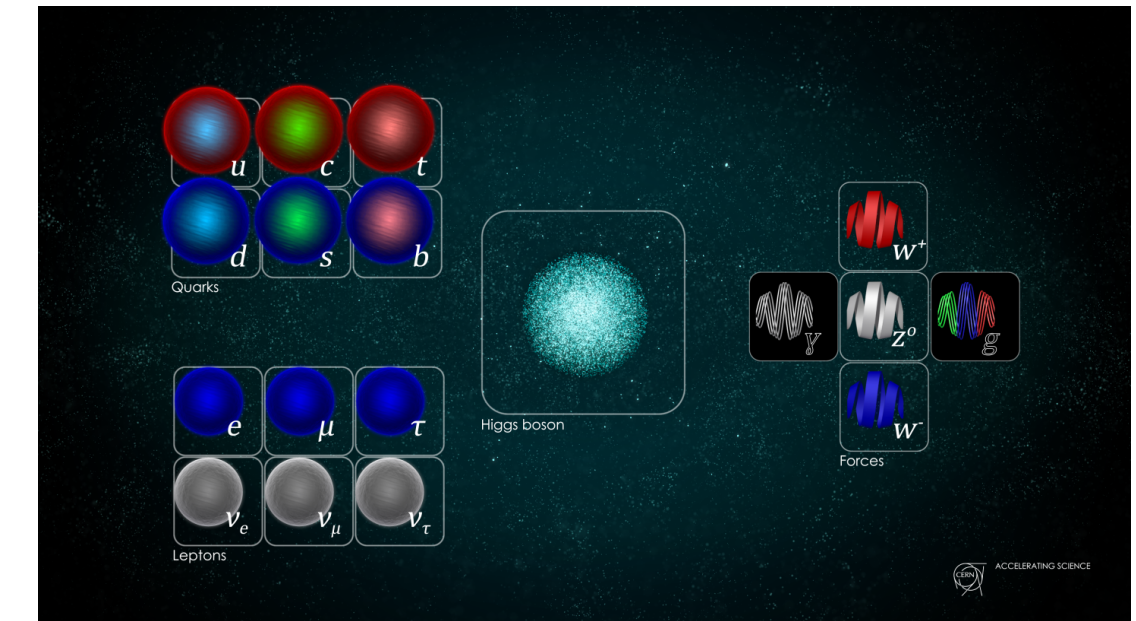
A universe in two lines

The Standard Model

❖ Standard Model (SM) of particle physics gives us the “**code of the Universe**” through a compact formula

$$\mathcal{L}_{SM} = \underbrace{\frac{1}{4}W_{\mu\nu} \cdot W^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4}B_{\mu\nu}B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4}G_{\mu\nu}^{\alpha}G_{\mu\nu}^{\alpha}}_{\text{kinetic energies and self-interactions of the gauge bosons}} + \underbrace{\bar{L}\gamma^{\mu}\left(i\partial_{\mu} - \frac{1}{2}g\tau \cdot W_{\mu} - \frac{1}{2}g'YB_{\mu}\right)L + \bar{R}\gamma^{\mu}\left(i\partial_{\mu} - \frac{1}{2}g'YB_{\mu}\right)R}_{\text{kinetic energies and electroweak interactions of fermions}}$$

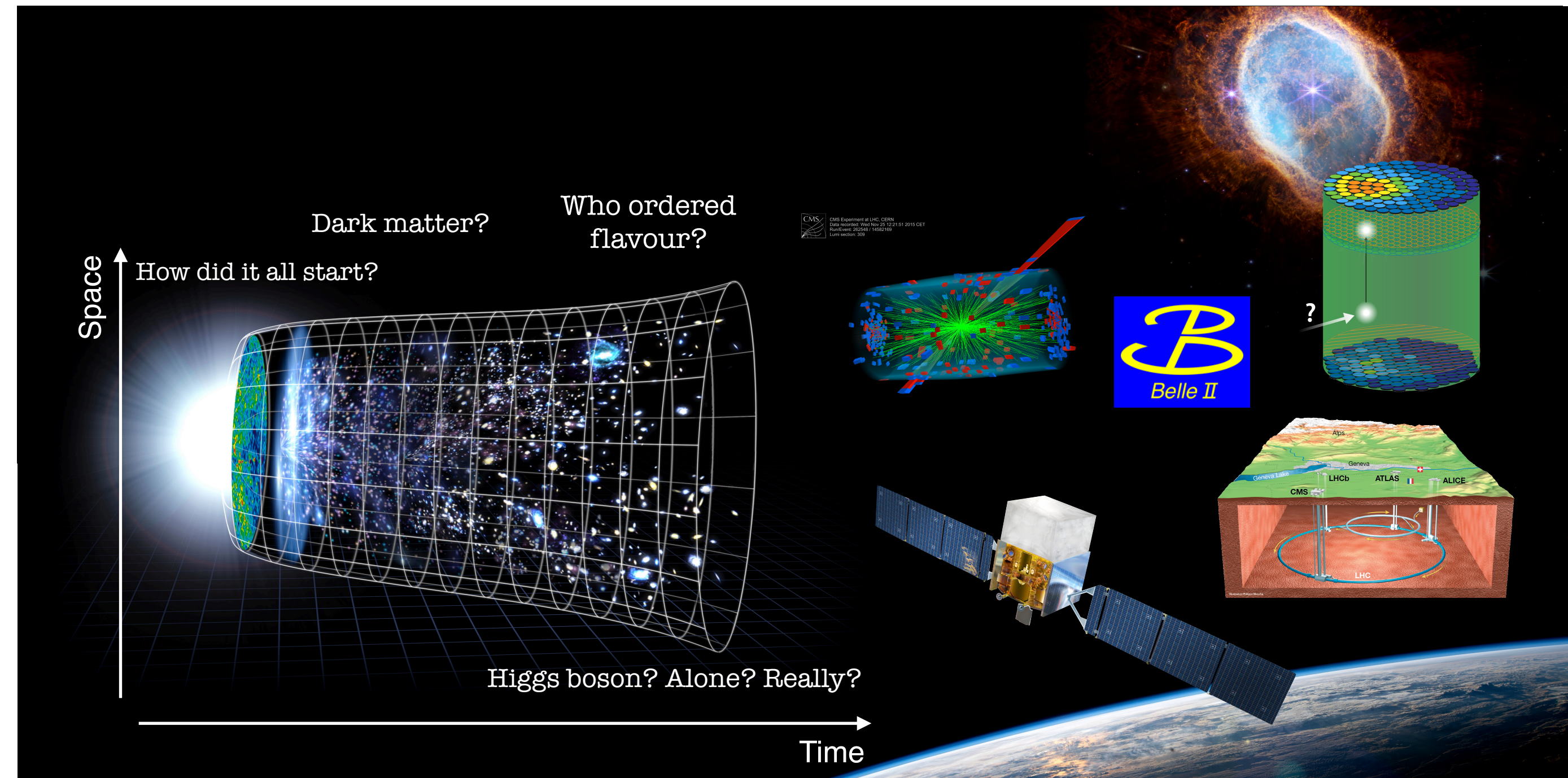
$$+ \underbrace{\frac{1}{2}\left(i\partial_{\mu} - \frac{1}{2}g\tau \cdot W_{\mu} - \frac{1}{2}g'YB_{\mu}\right)\phi\left(i\partial_{\mu} - \frac{1}{2}g\tau \cdot W_{\mu} - \frac{1}{2}g'YB_{\mu}\right)\phi - V(\phi)}_{W^{\pm}, Z, \gamma \text{ and Higgs masses and couplings}} + \underbrace{g''(\bar{q}\gamma^{\mu}T_a q)G_{\mu}^{\alpha}}_{\text{interactions between quarks and gluons}} + \underbrace{(G_1\bar{L}\phi R + G_2\bar{L}\phi_c R + h.c.)}_{\text{fermion masses and couplings to Higgs}}$$



❖ The SM explains outcomes of most current terrestrial experiments and many aspects of the evolution of the Universe (add a grain of gravity!).

❖ However, many questions remain unresolved.

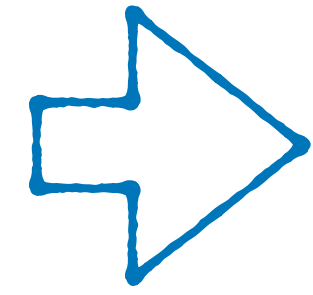
❖ The main goal of the particle physics community is to test the SM as thoroughly as possible and, eventually, find physics beyond it.



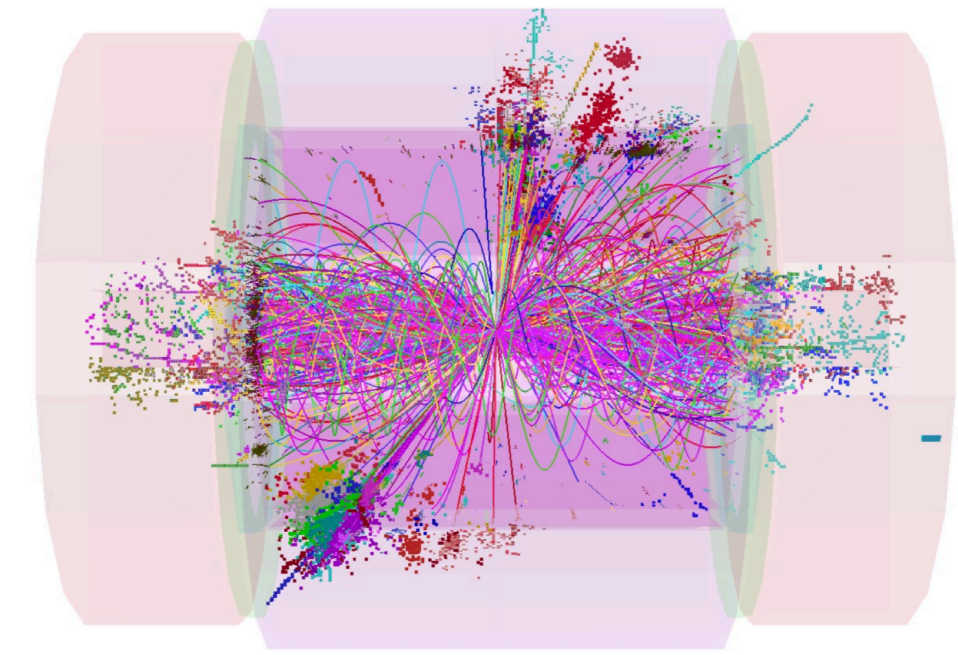
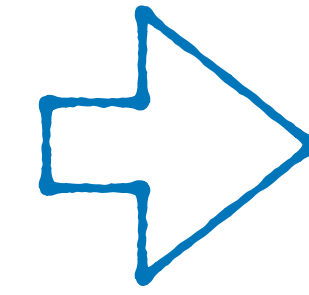
Being more realistic...

- ❖ One key aspect of this search is related to collider physics, where **increasing precision requires experimental improvements, but also advances in our understanding of the fundamental underlying theory.**

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} &= -\frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} \\ &+ i\bar{\psi}\not{D}\psi + h.c \\ &+ \psi_i y_{ij} \psi_j \phi + h.c \\ &+ |D_\mu\phi|^2 - V(\phi) \end{aligned}$$



Quantitative connections through a chain of experimental and theoretical links, based on a profound understanding of quantum fluctuations



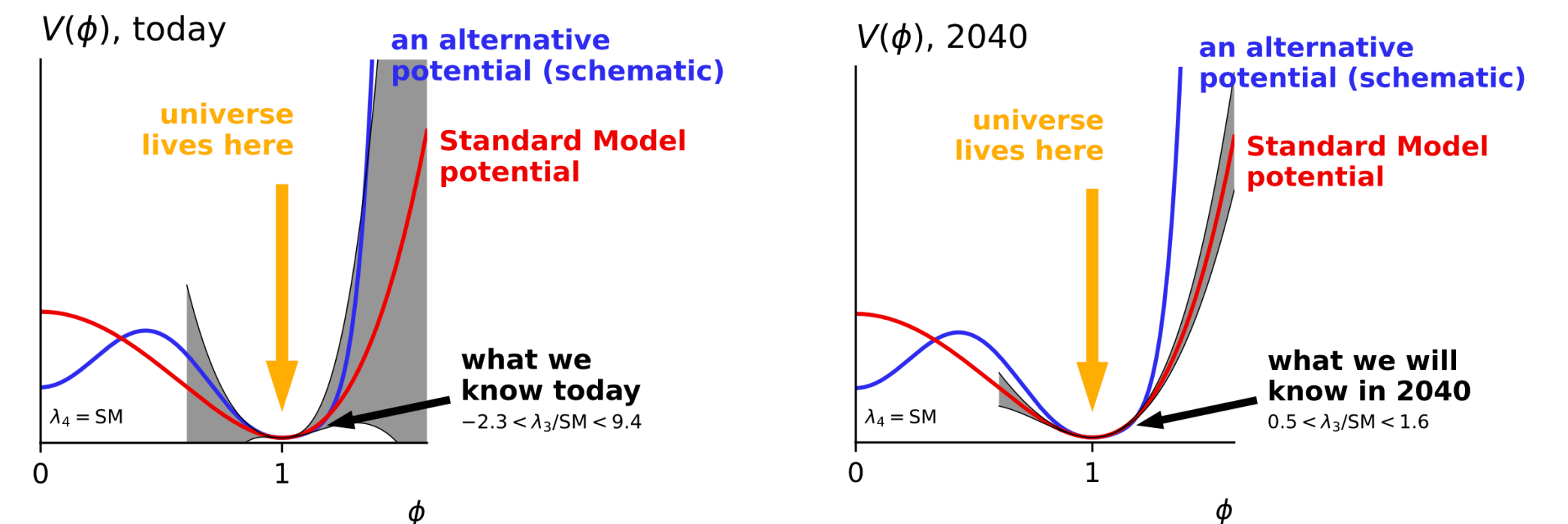
❖ The core idea behind our research:

- Develop methods to obtain high **precision*** theoretical predictions.
- Exploit these methods for a wide range of **phenomenological studies** to improve our **knowledge of the SM (and its possible extensions)**.

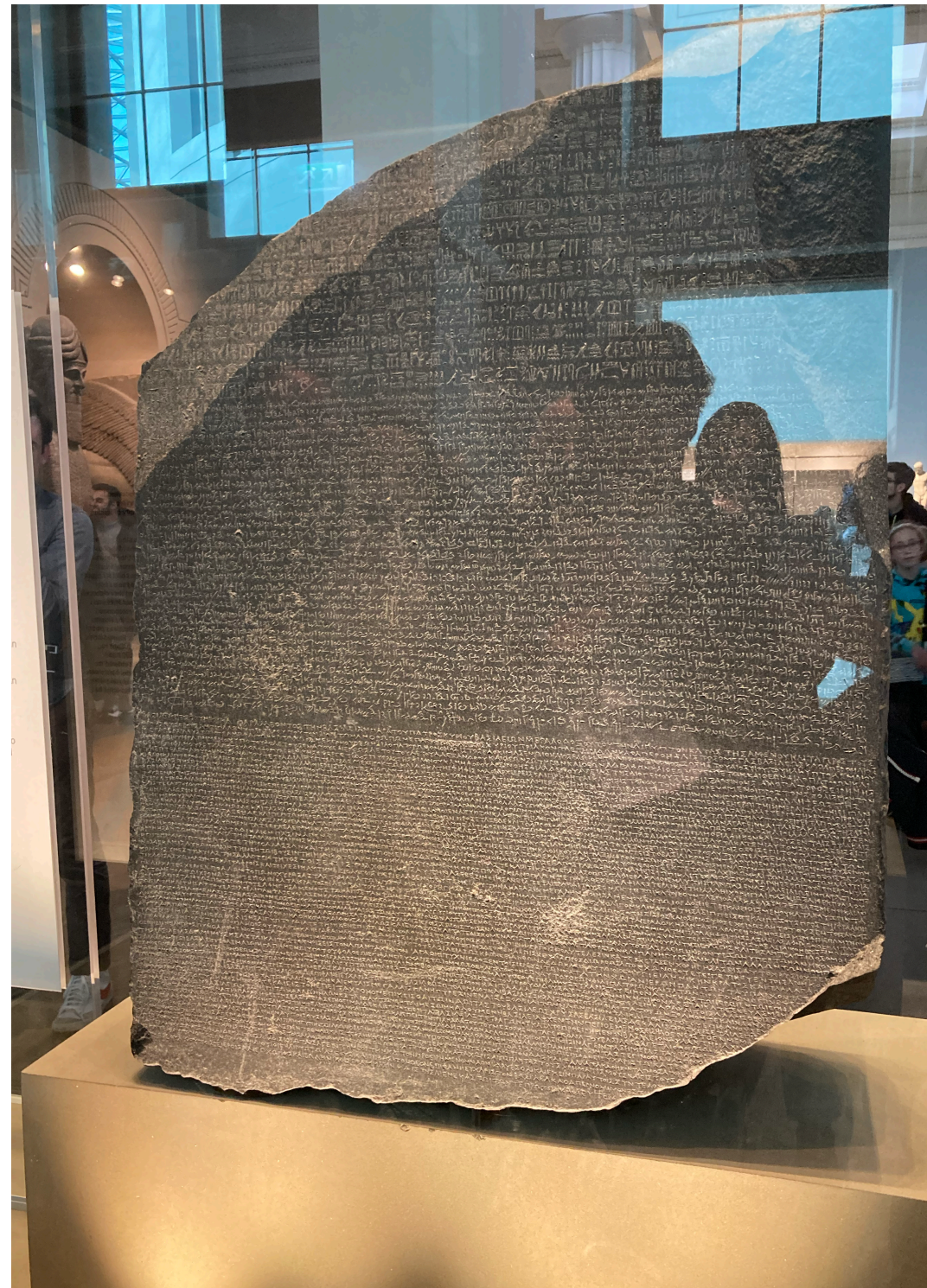
*precision is not simply an academic exercise, it can really change the game

The Higgs potential may determine the fate of the universe!

Salam, Wang, Zanderighi [2207.00478]



With technical projects come technical notation



A. Expansion in the strong coupling constant (high energy scale effects)

$$d\sigma = d\sigma_{\text{LO}} + \alpha_s d\sigma_{\text{NLO}} + \alpha_s^2 d\sigma_{\text{N}^2\text{LO}} + \alpha_s^3 d\sigma_{\text{N}^3\text{LO}} + \dots$$

We refer to this kind of expansion as “fixed order calculation” at $N^x\text{LO}$

B. Joint expansion in strong coupling and logarithmic contributions (low energy scale effects)

$$\mathcal{P} \simeq -\#\alpha_s \ln^2 \frac{Q}{p_T} + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2) \rightarrow \exp \left[-\sum_{n,m} \alpha_s^n \ln^m \frac{Q}{p_T} \right]$$

$m = n + 1$	→ Leading Logs (LL)
$m = n$	→ Next-To-LL (NLL)
$m = n - 1$	→ Next-To-NLL (NNLL)...

We refer to this kind of expansion as $N^y\text{LL}$



NLO+PS_{LL}

NNLO+PS_{LL}

Problem: Match fixed-order predictions with parton shower avoiding an unphysical **matching scale**.

- **POWHEG** [0409146, 0709.2092, 1002.2581]



- **MiNLO'** [1212.4504]

- **MiNNLO_{PS}** [1908.06987]
 - in the POWHEG framework

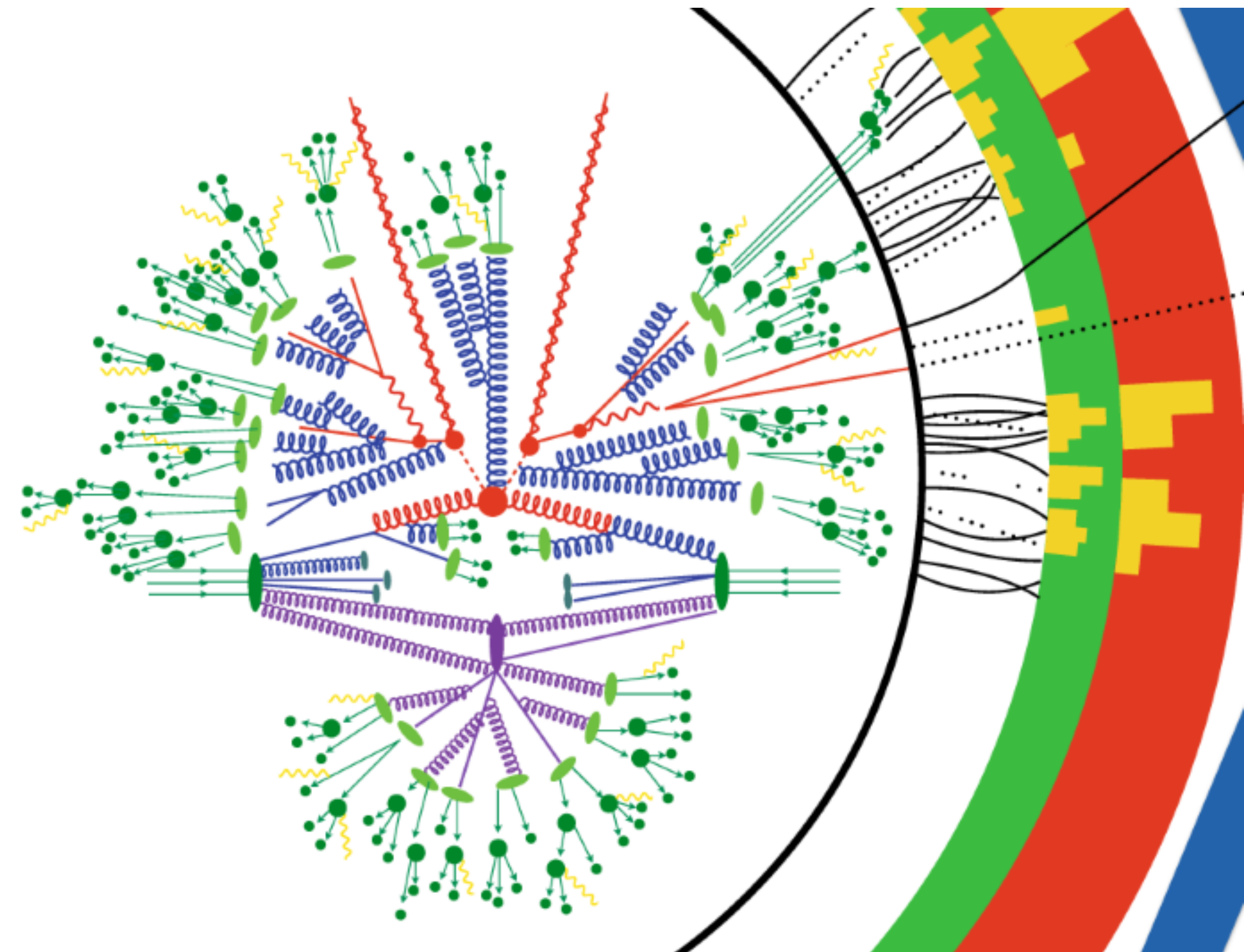


Image credit: Nature

$$\alpha_s^n \log^{n-1}$$

$$\alpha_s^n \log^n$$

$$\alpha_s^n \log^{n+1}$$



NNLL

NLL

LL

$$\alpha_s^3$$

$$\alpha_s^2$$

$$\alpha_s^1$$

$$\alpha_s^0$$



N^3LO

NNLO

NLO

LO

**Parton shower PS_{N^yLL}
and hadronisation**

- Realistic description
- N^yLL resummation

Hard Process N^xLO

- High precision

Matching
 $N^xLO + PS_{N^yLL}$

- High precision
- Realistic simulation of LHC events
- Resummation

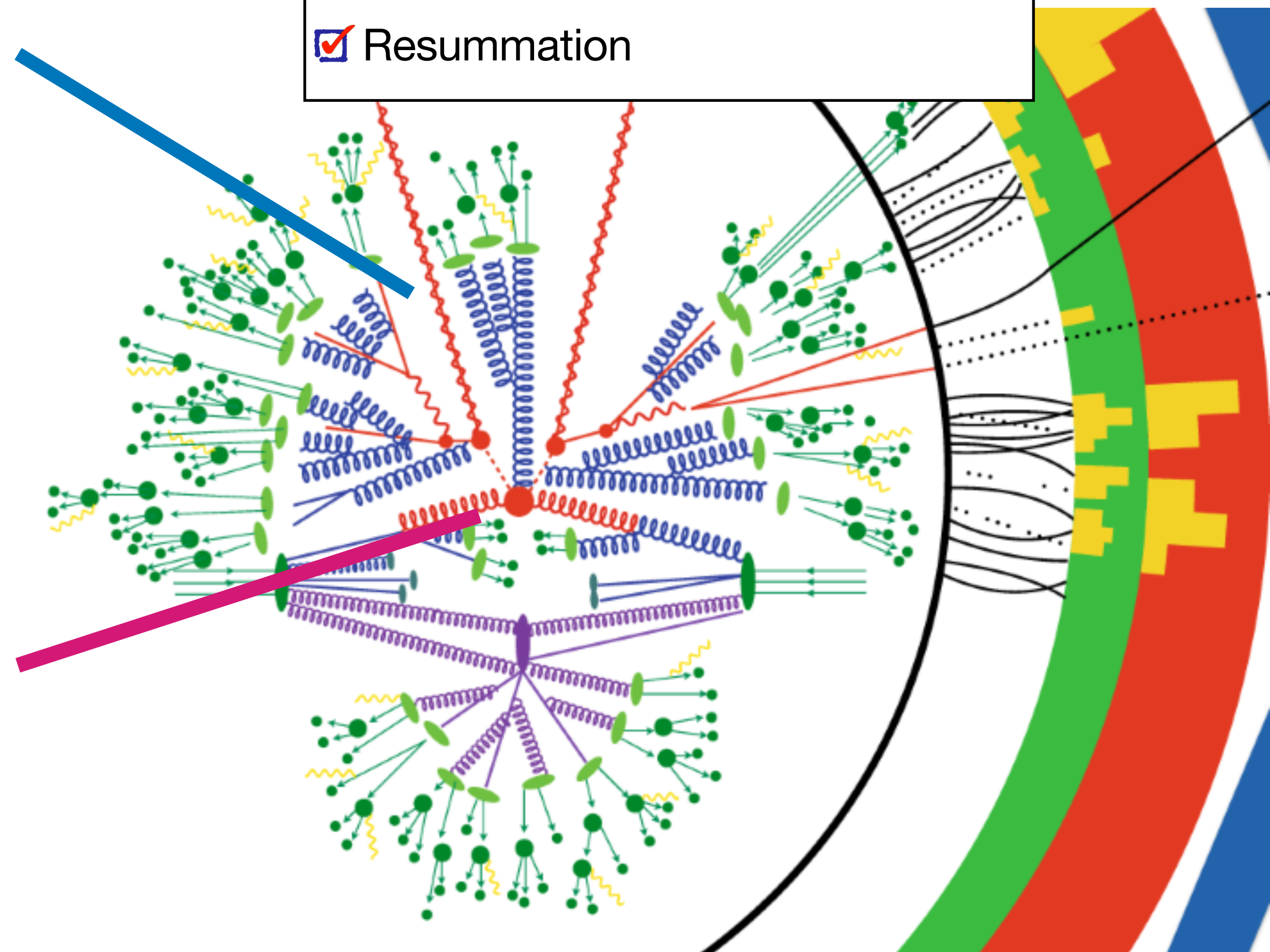
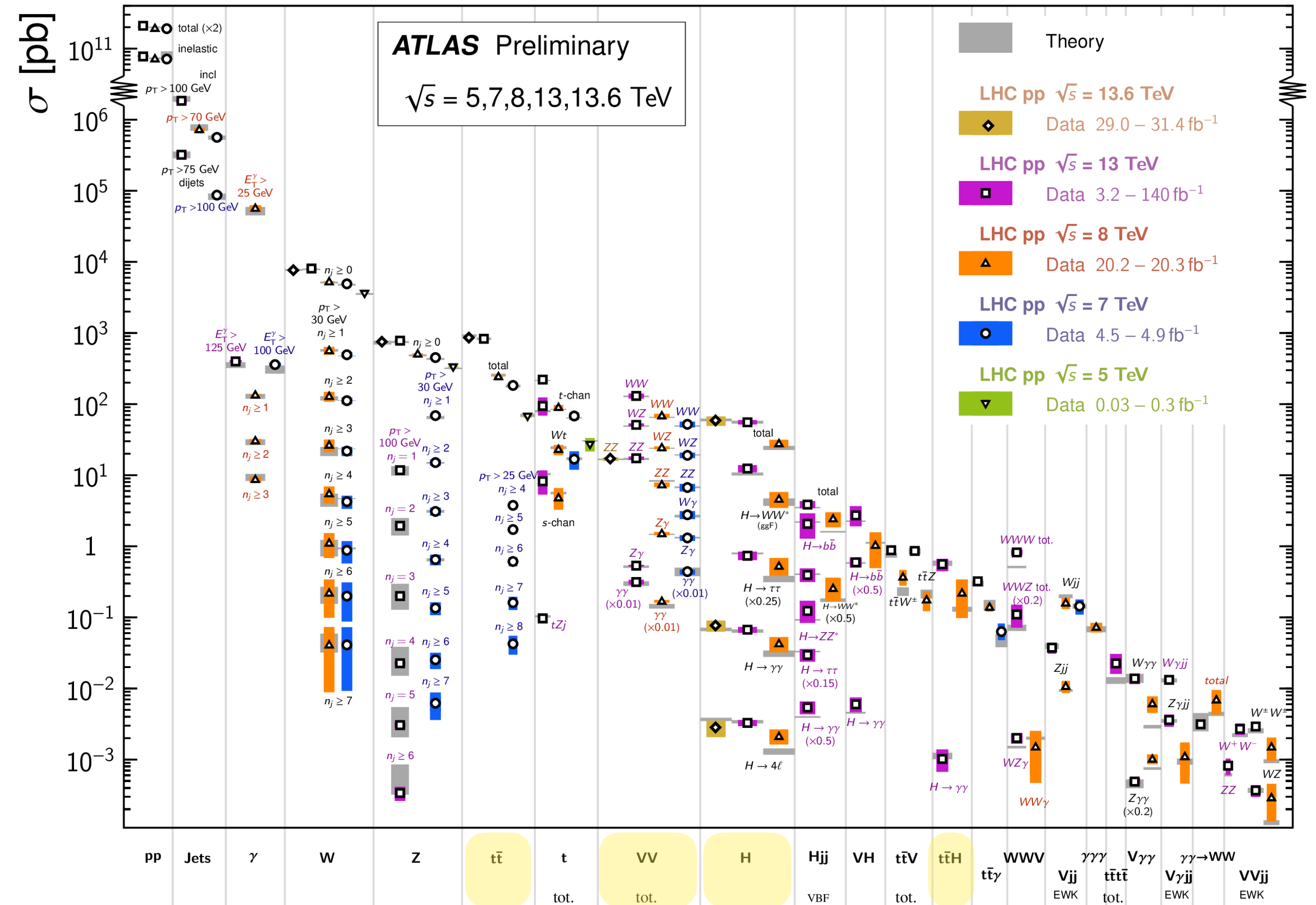
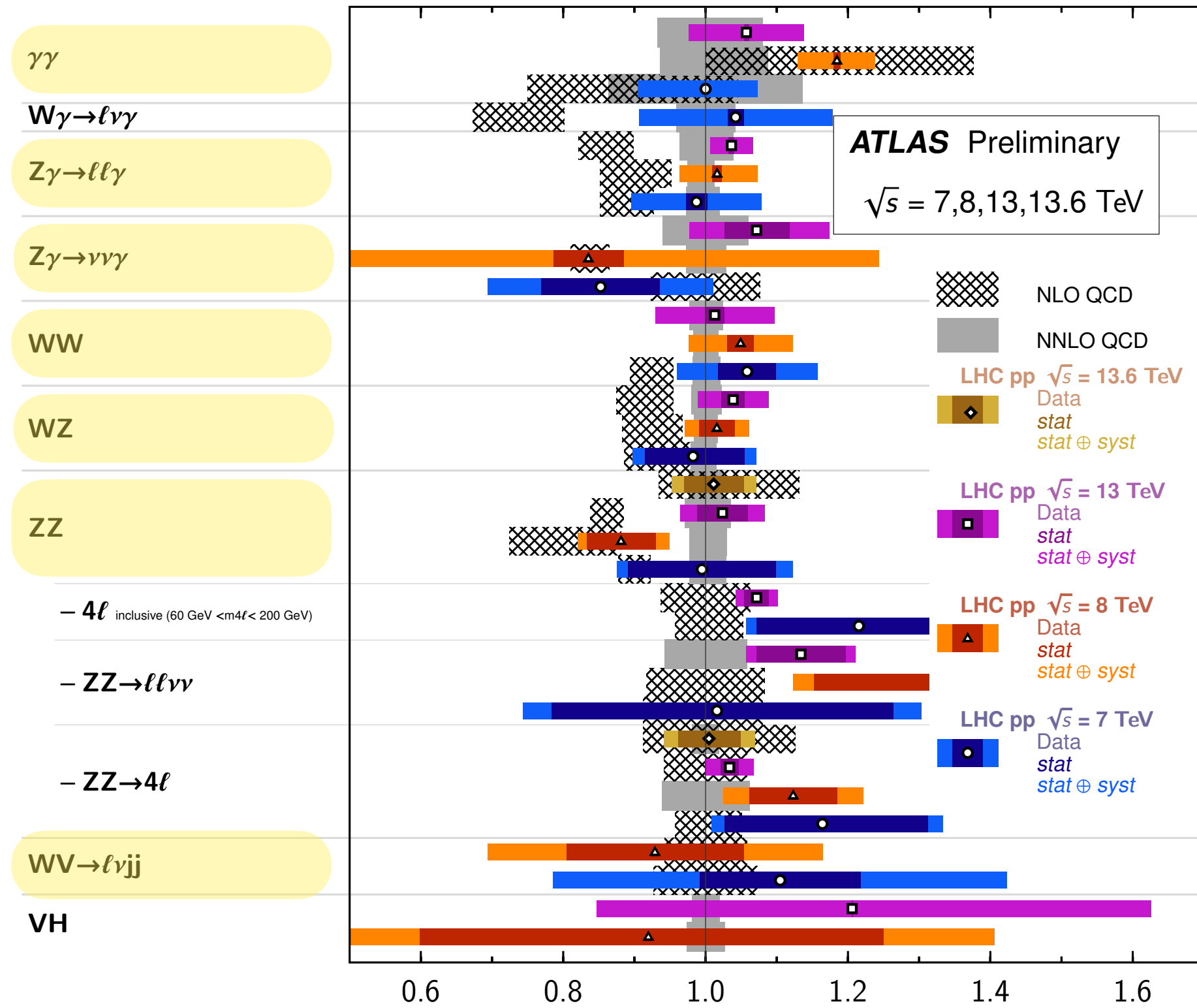


Image credit: Nature

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

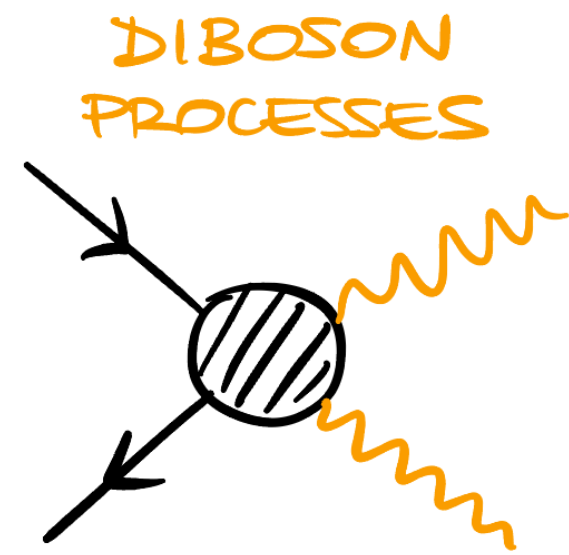
Diboson Cross Section Measurements

Status: June 2024

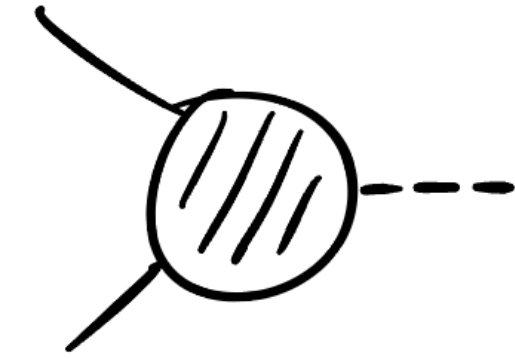


Recent progresses in MiNNLO_{PS}

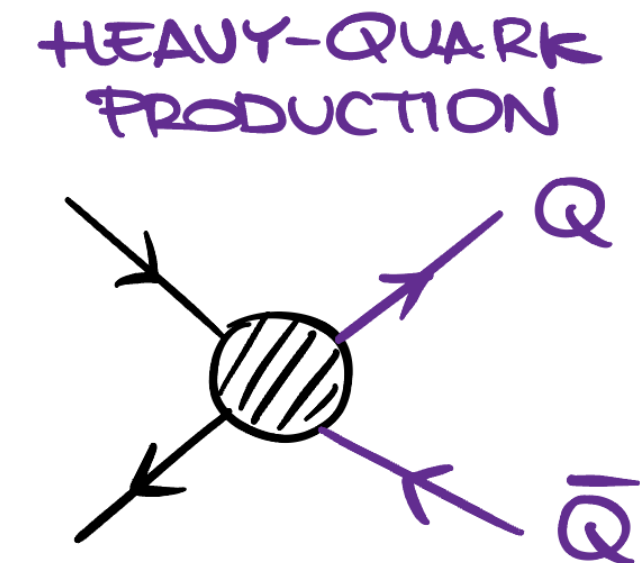
- (1) $Z\gamma$ [2010.10478, 2108.11315]
- WW [2103.12077, in progress]
- ZZ [2108.05337, in progress]
- $WH/ZH(H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$ [2112.04168]
- $\gamma\gamma$ [2204.12602]
- WZ [2208.12660]
- (5) **SMEFT** [2204.00663, 2311.06107, in progress]



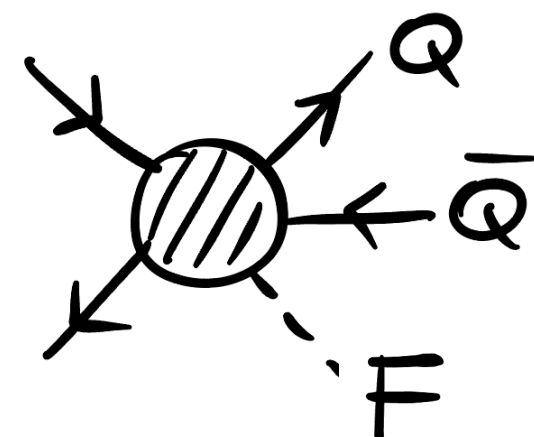
- (1) $gg \rightarrow H, W/Z$ [1908.06987, 2006.04133, 2402.00596, 2407.01354]
- (3) $b\bar{b} \rightarrow H$ [2402.04025]



first (and currently only) NNLO+PS method for heavy-quark final states



- (3) $b\bar{b}H$ [in progress]
- $b\bar{b}Z$ [2404.08598]
- (4) $t\bar{t}H$ [in progress]
- $b\bar{b}\ell\nu\ell\nu$ [in progress]



- (2) $t\bar{t}$ [2012.14267, 2112.12135]
- $b\bar{b}$ [2302.01645, in progress]

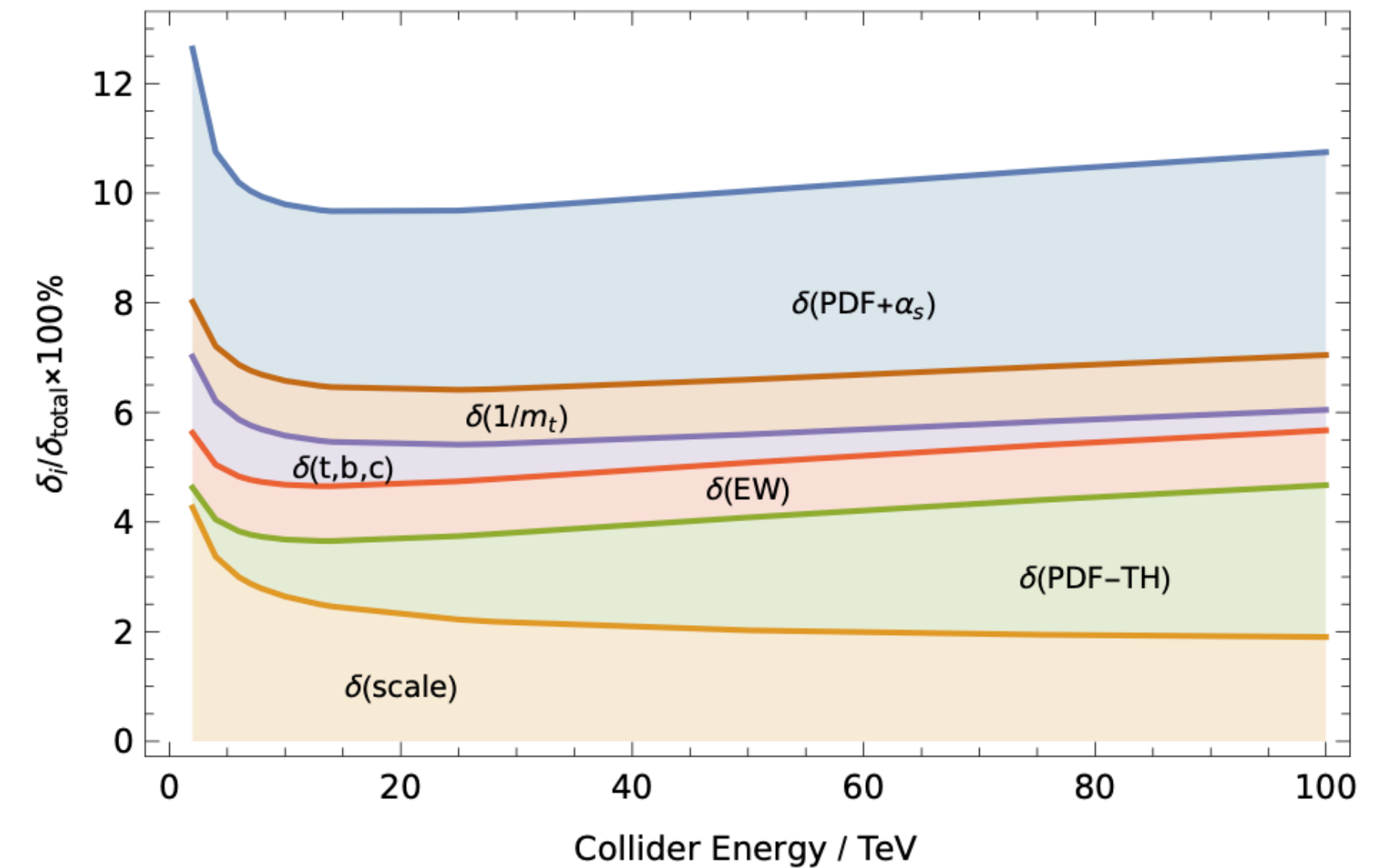
Top-mass effects in color-singlet production

❖ **Goal: account for exact top-quark mass dependence**

❖ **Motivation: increasing precision calls for including previously neglected subleading effects.** This might require, in turn to develop new computational techniques

Higgs production via gluon fusion: $gg \rightarrow H$

Missing mass-effects are one of the main sources of uncertainties



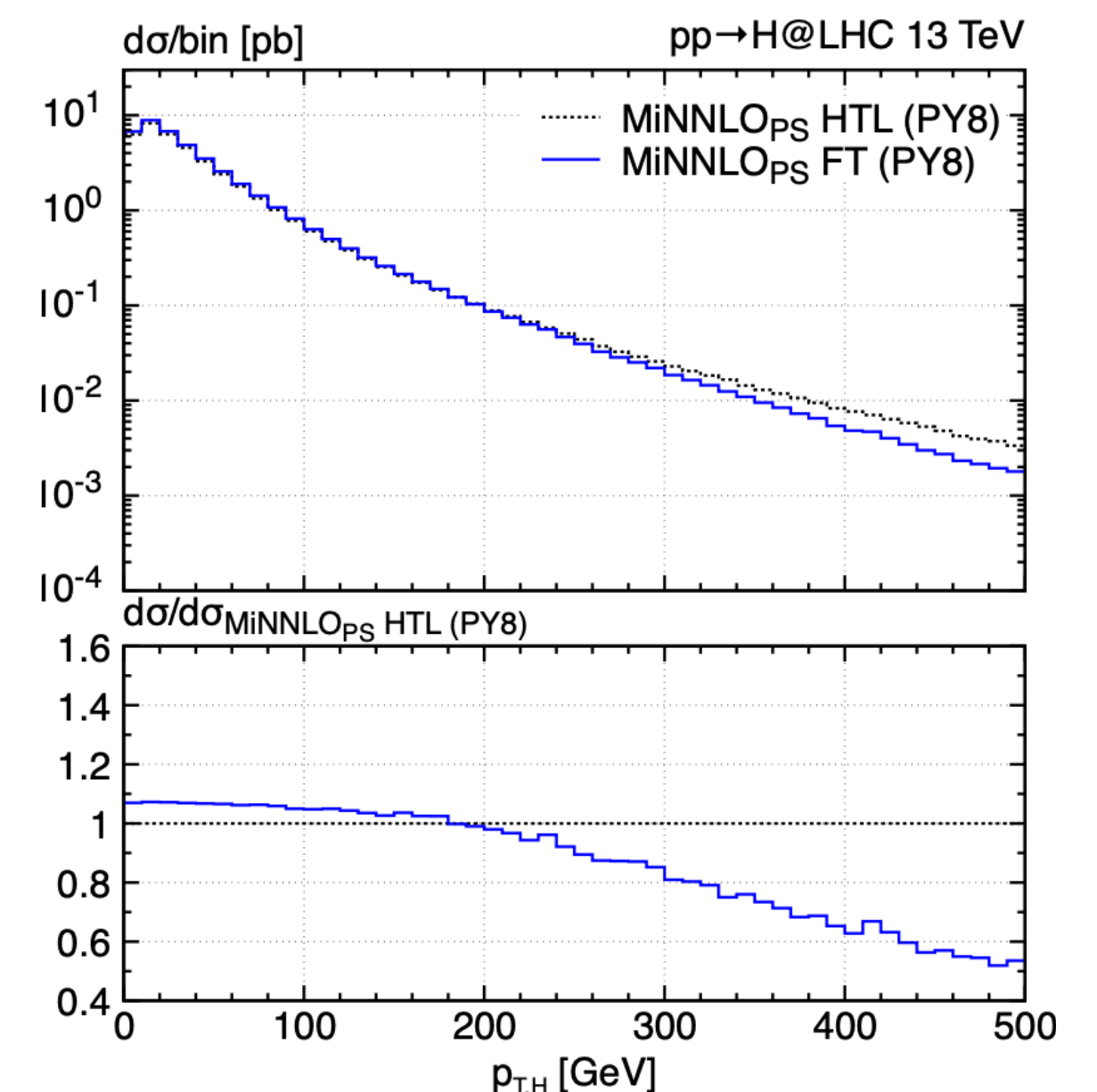
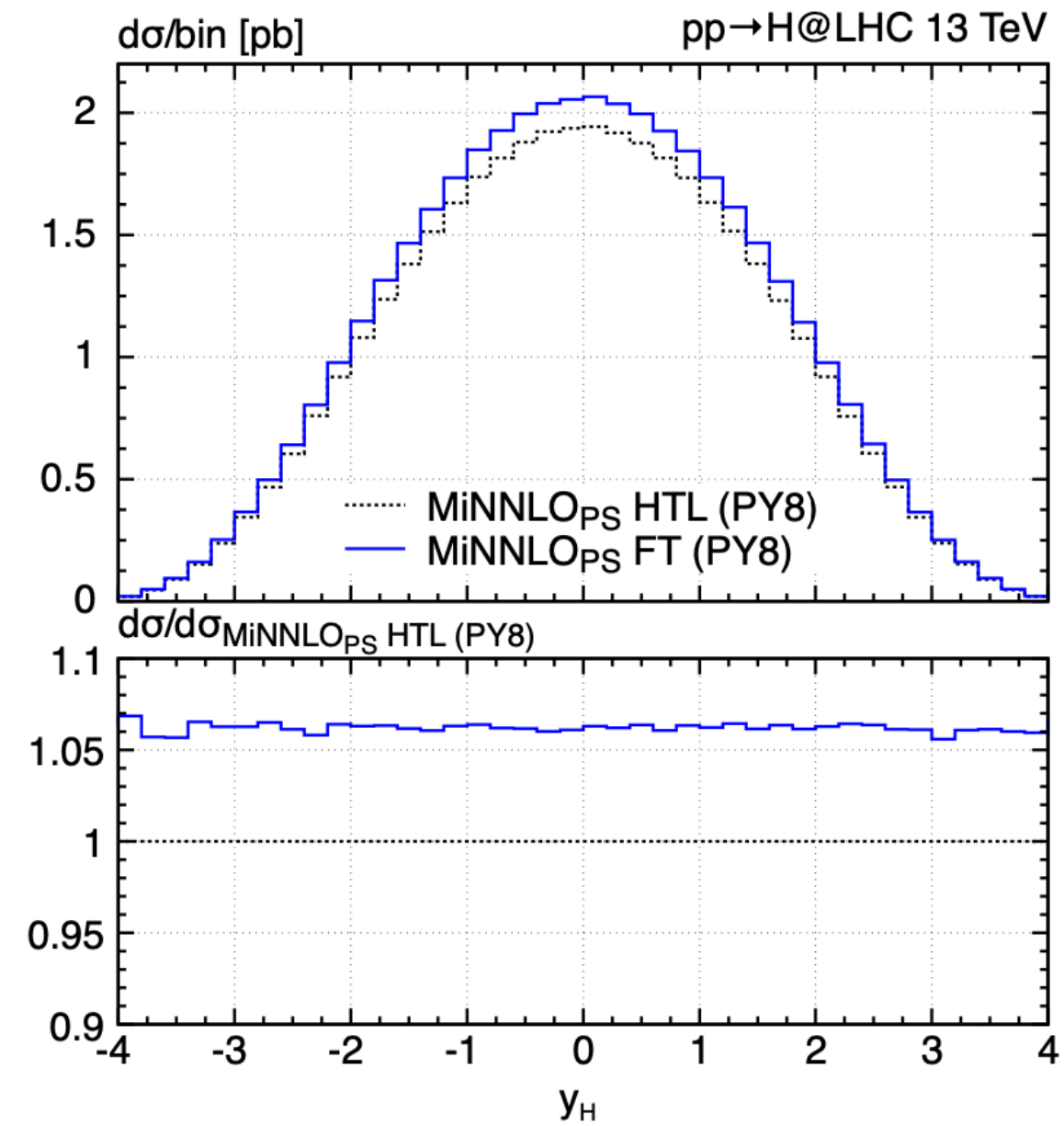
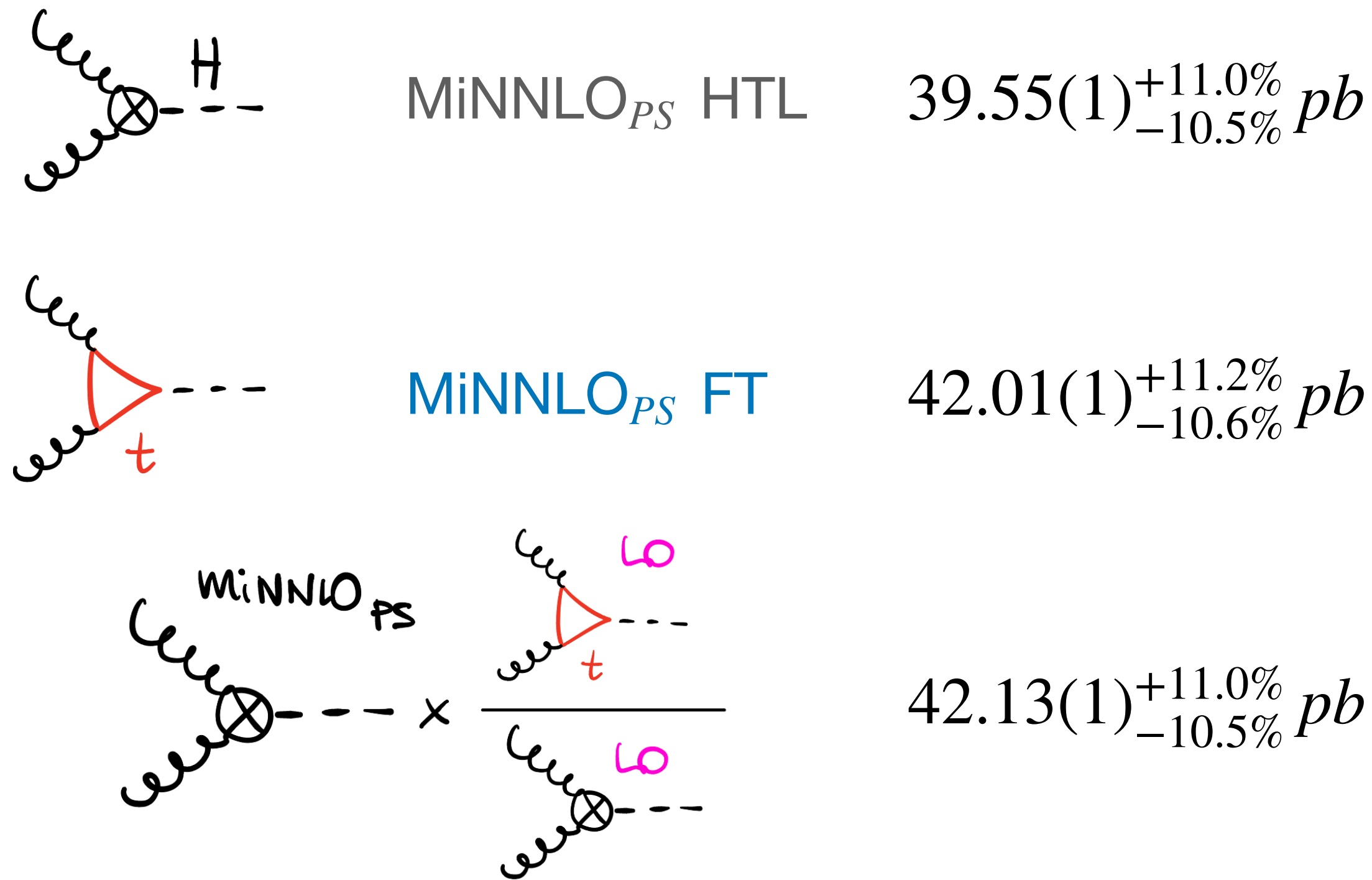
Dulat, Lazopoulos, Mistlberger [1802.00827]

Top-mass effects in color-singlet production

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Higgs production via gluon fusion: $gg \rightarrow H$



Niggetiedt, Wiesemann [2407.01354]

Ongoing efforts to include b/c-quarks effects! *Niggetiedt, Wiesemann [in progress]*

Top-mass effects in color-singlet production

❖ **Goal: account for exact top-quark mass dependence**

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Double boson production: WW, ZZ

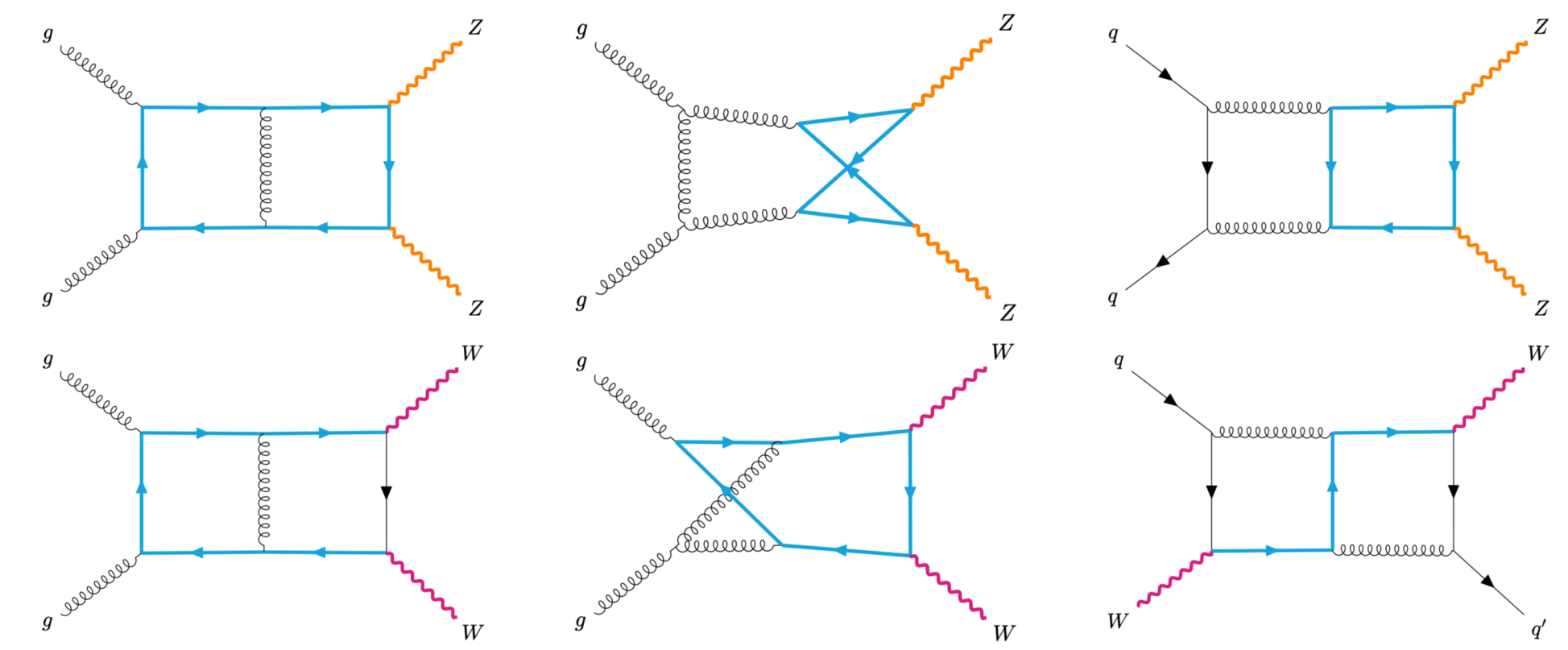
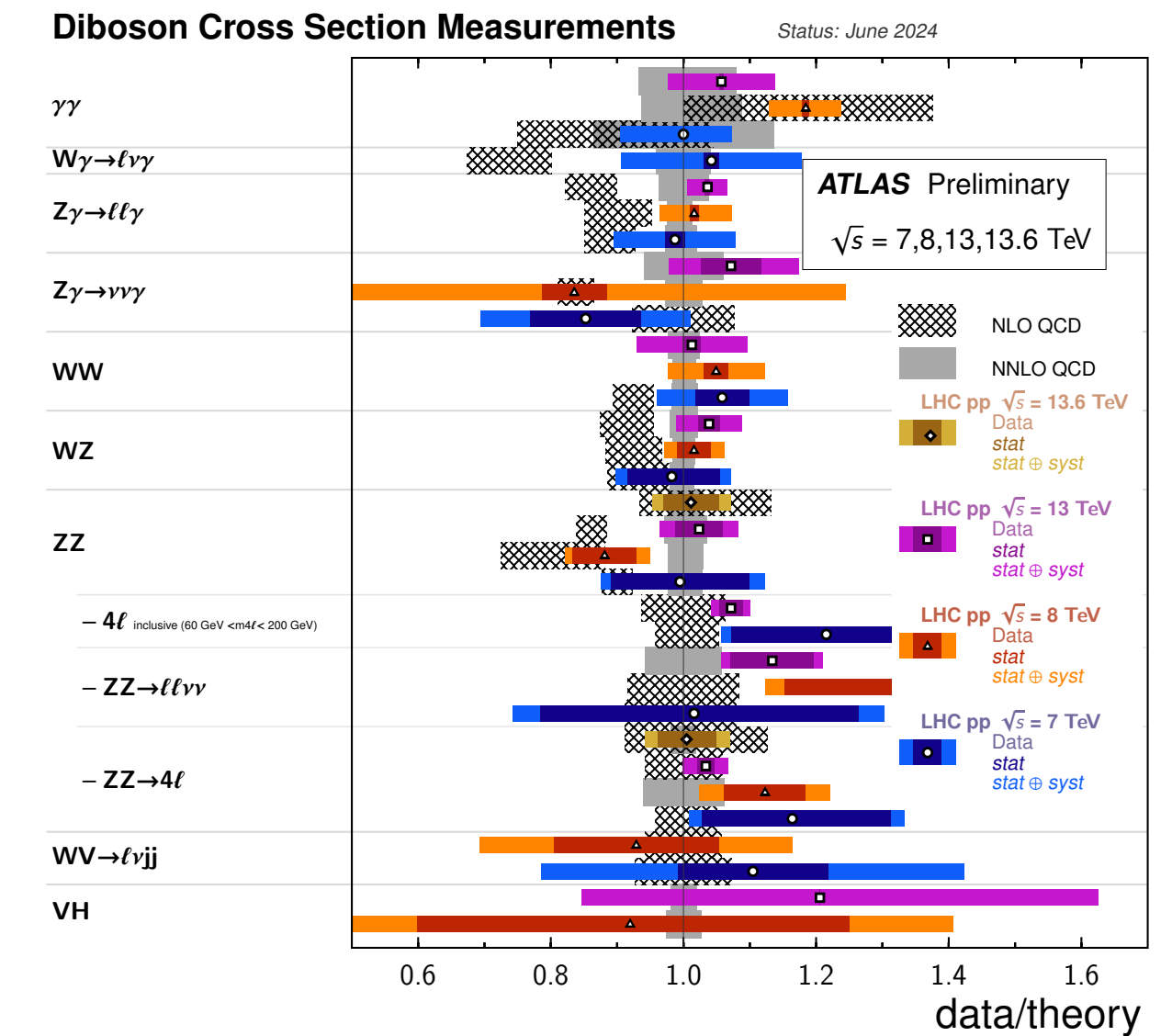
❖ **Interesting applications:**

1. Irreducible background to $H^* \rightarrow WW/ZZ \implies$ constrain Higgs width
2. Probing anomalous W/Z coupling to quarks
3. Mass effects tend to increase at high energy (Goldstone equivalence)

❖ **Work in progress: 4-scale integrals@2loop \rightarrow beyond current analytic technology**

- ✓ numerical IBP + numerical DE
- ✓ loop integrals evaluated numerically

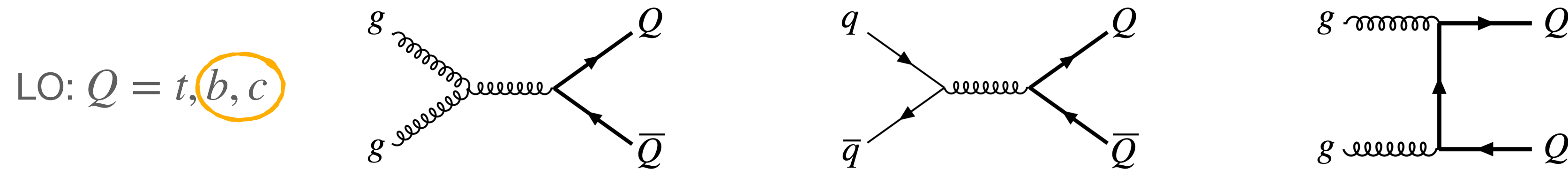
Ongoing efforts!
Wang, Wiesemann, Zanderighi, ... [in progress]



Heavy-quark pair production in MiNNLO_{PS}

❖ **Goal: access processes with massive final states** → first NNLO+PS implementation of $Q\bar{Q}$ hadroproduction within MiNNLO_{PS}

❖ **Motivation: multi-purpose studies**, from top-quark mass determination, to estimate of backgrounds for cosmic neutrino searches, including B-hadron production and flavoured-jet definition impact.



Small natural scale of the process
($m_b, m_c < 5\text{GeV}$)

Slow convergence of perturbative series:
sizeable NNLO corrections.

$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} + X$$

- High precision needed for determination of top-quark mass m_t .
- Interplay with EW sector (**EW decay**).

[Mazzitelli, Monni, Nason, Re, Wiesemann, Zanderighi '20]

$$pp \rightarrow b\bar{b} + X$$

- Main channel for inclusive **B-hadron** production at LHC.
- Predictions for **b-jet** with finite m_b .

[Mazzitelli, Ratti, Wiesemann, Zanderighi '23]

$$pp \rightarrow c\bar{c} + X$$

- Constrain gluon PDF at low x .
- Study **prompt atmospheric neutrino** background in cosmic neutrino searches.

Ongoing efforts!
Gauld, Giani, Ratti, Wiesemann, Zanderighi, ...
[in progress]

Heavy-quark pair production in MiNNLO_{PS}

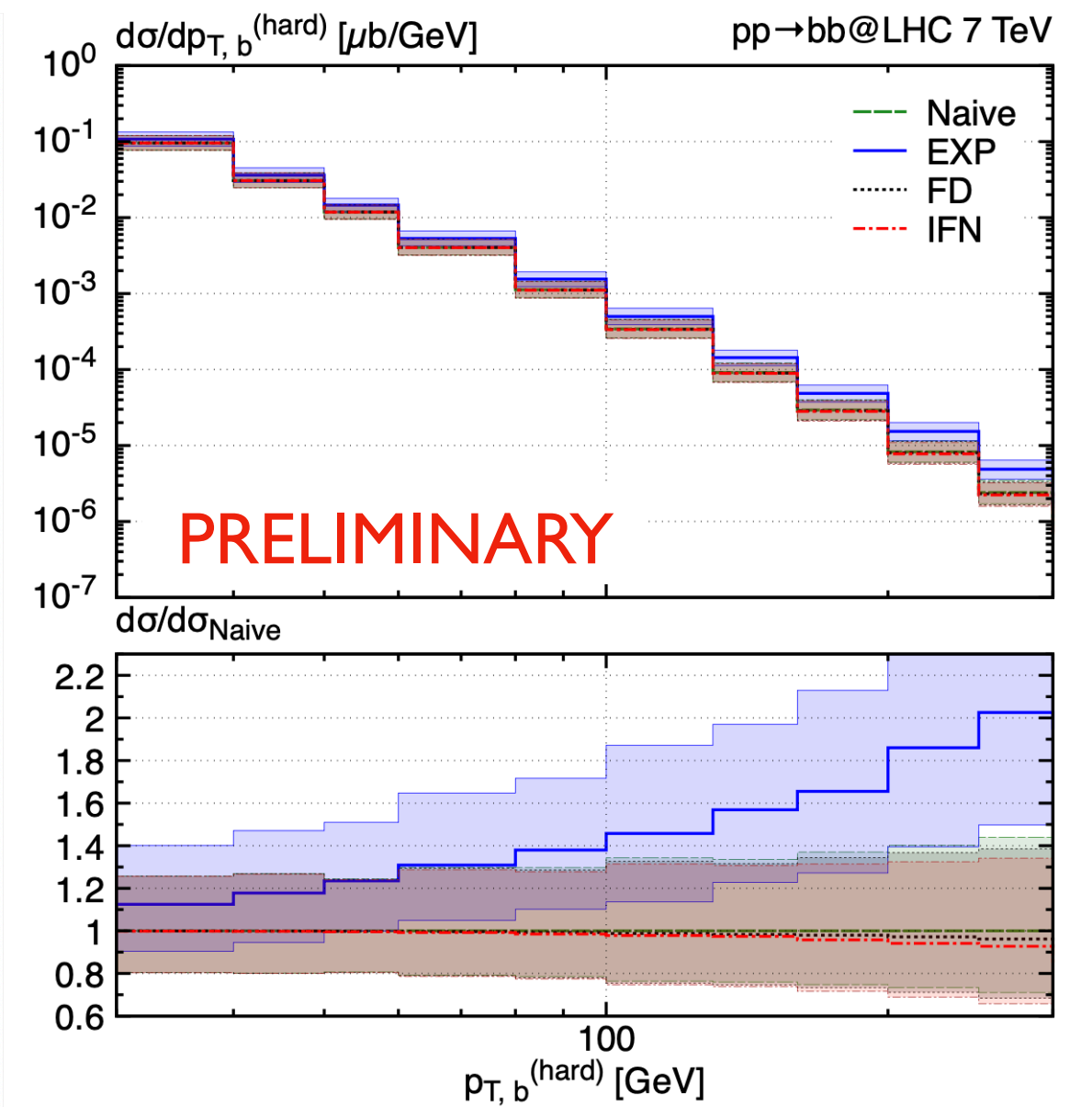
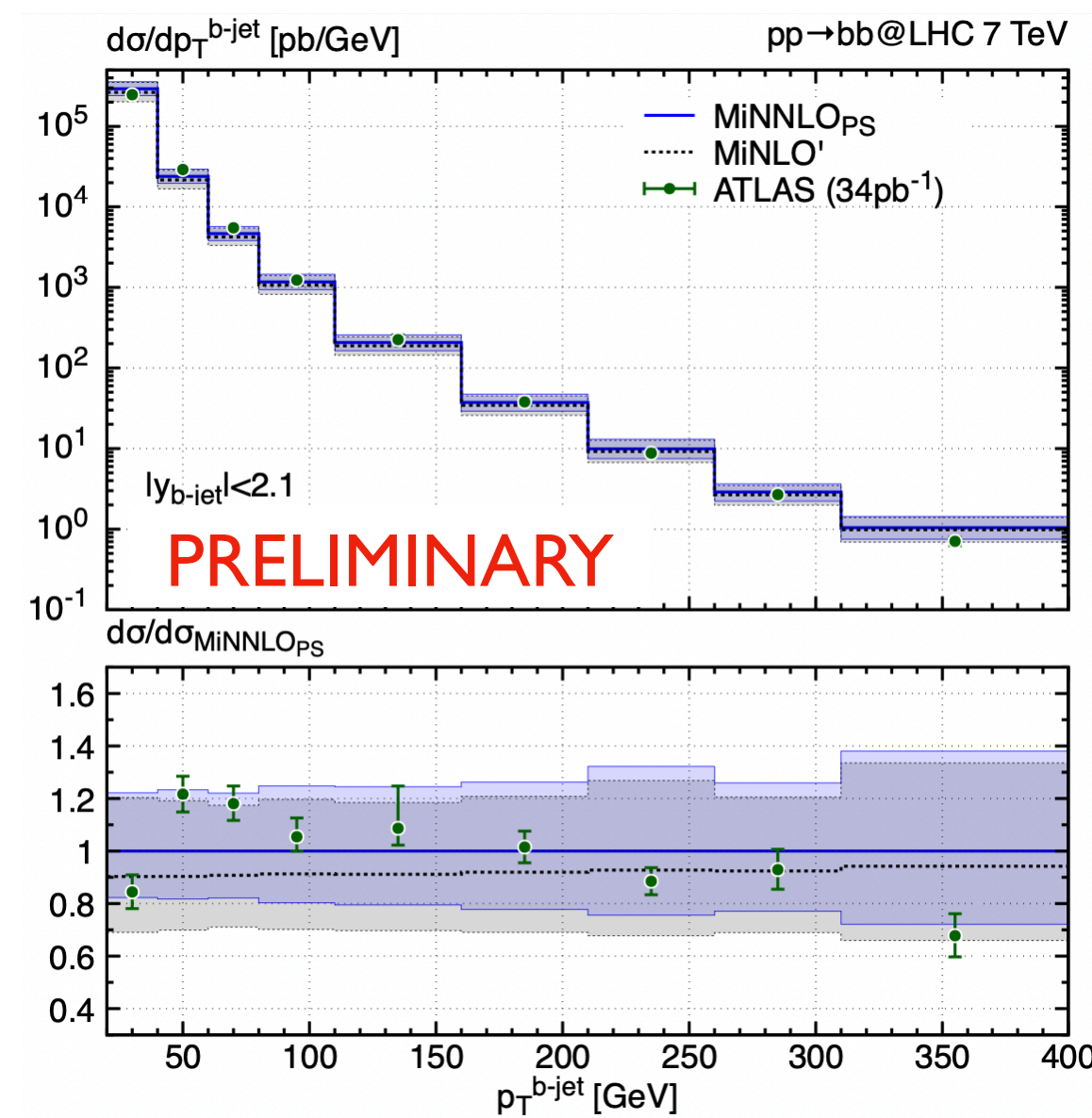
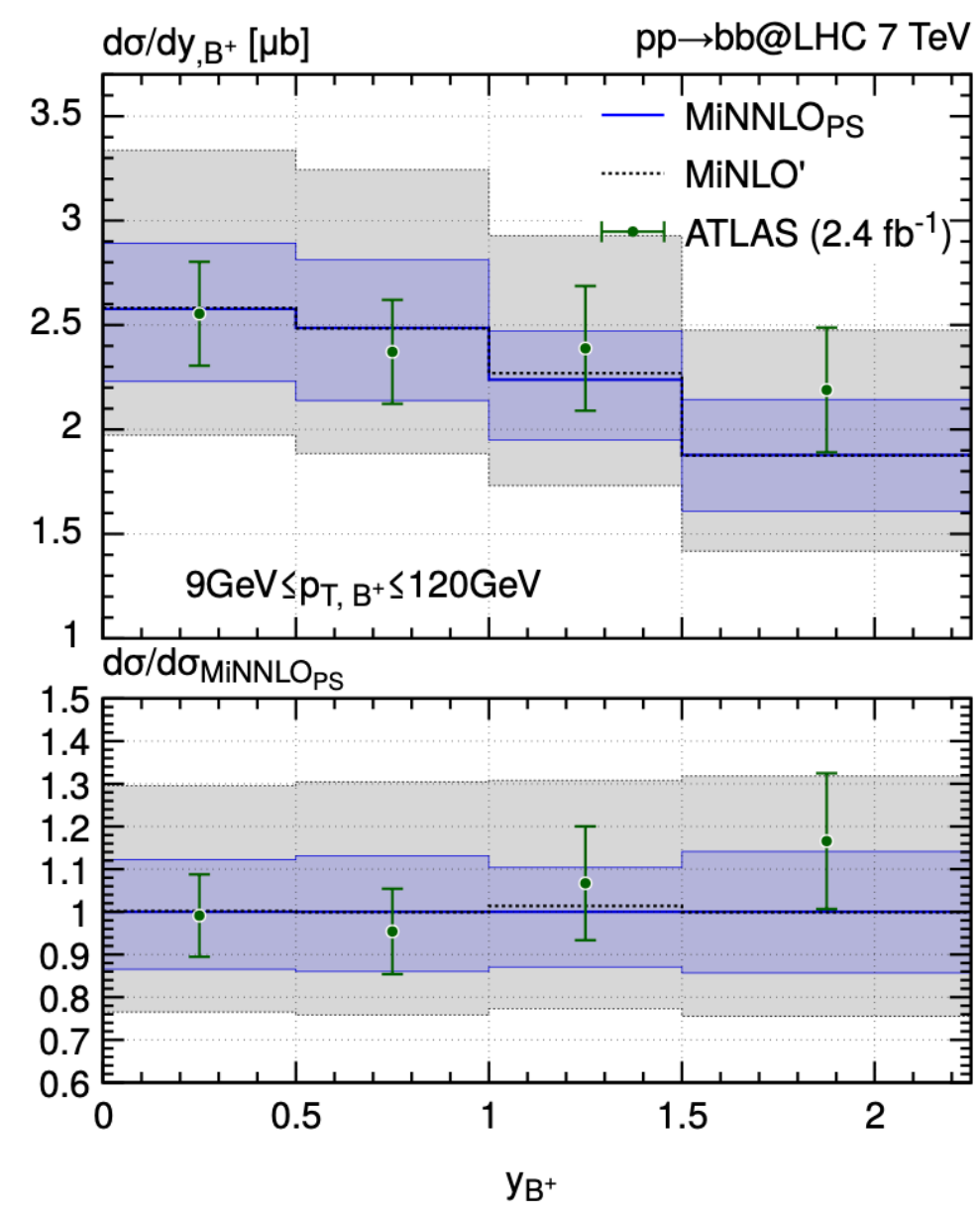
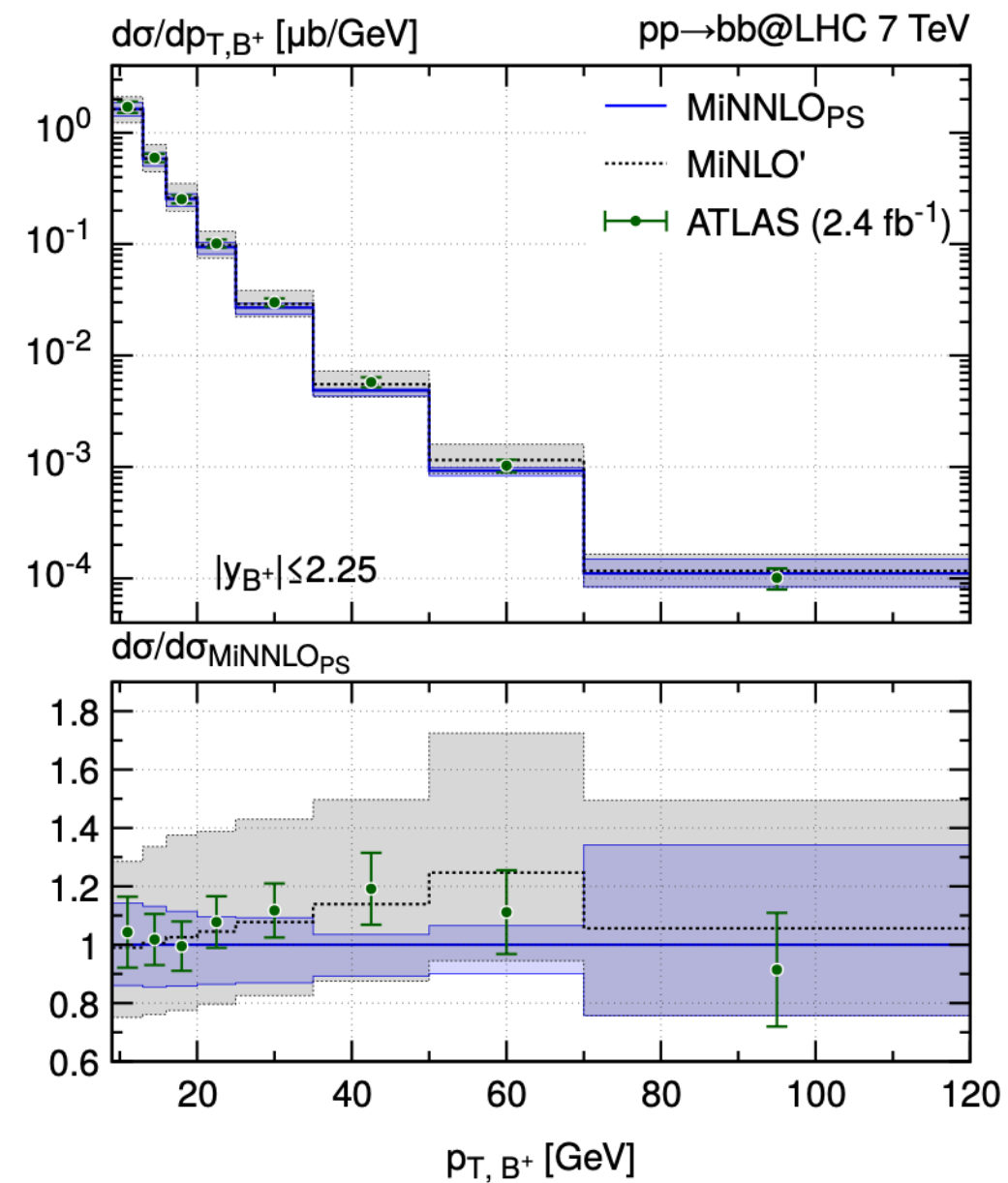
❖ **Goal: access processes with massive final states** → first NNLO+PS implementation of $Q\bar{Q}$ hadroproduction within MiNNLO_{PS}

❖ **Motivation: multi-purpose studies**, from top-quark mass determination, to estimate of backgrounds for cosmic neutrino searches, including B-hadron production and flavoured-jet definition impact.

$$pp \rightarrow b\bar{b} + X \rightarrow B + X'$$

$$B = \{B^+, B^-, B^0, \bar{B}^0, B_s^0, \bar{B}_s^0, \dots\}$$

Study of flavoured-jet definition impact



First NNLO+PS predictions for inclusive B-hadron production at the LHC.
[Mazzitelli, Ratti, Wiesemann, Zanderighi '23]

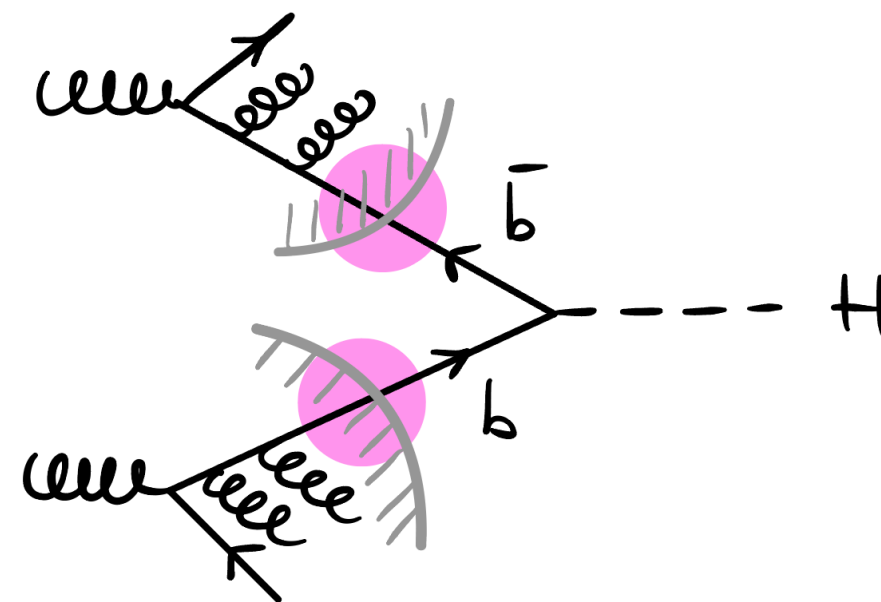
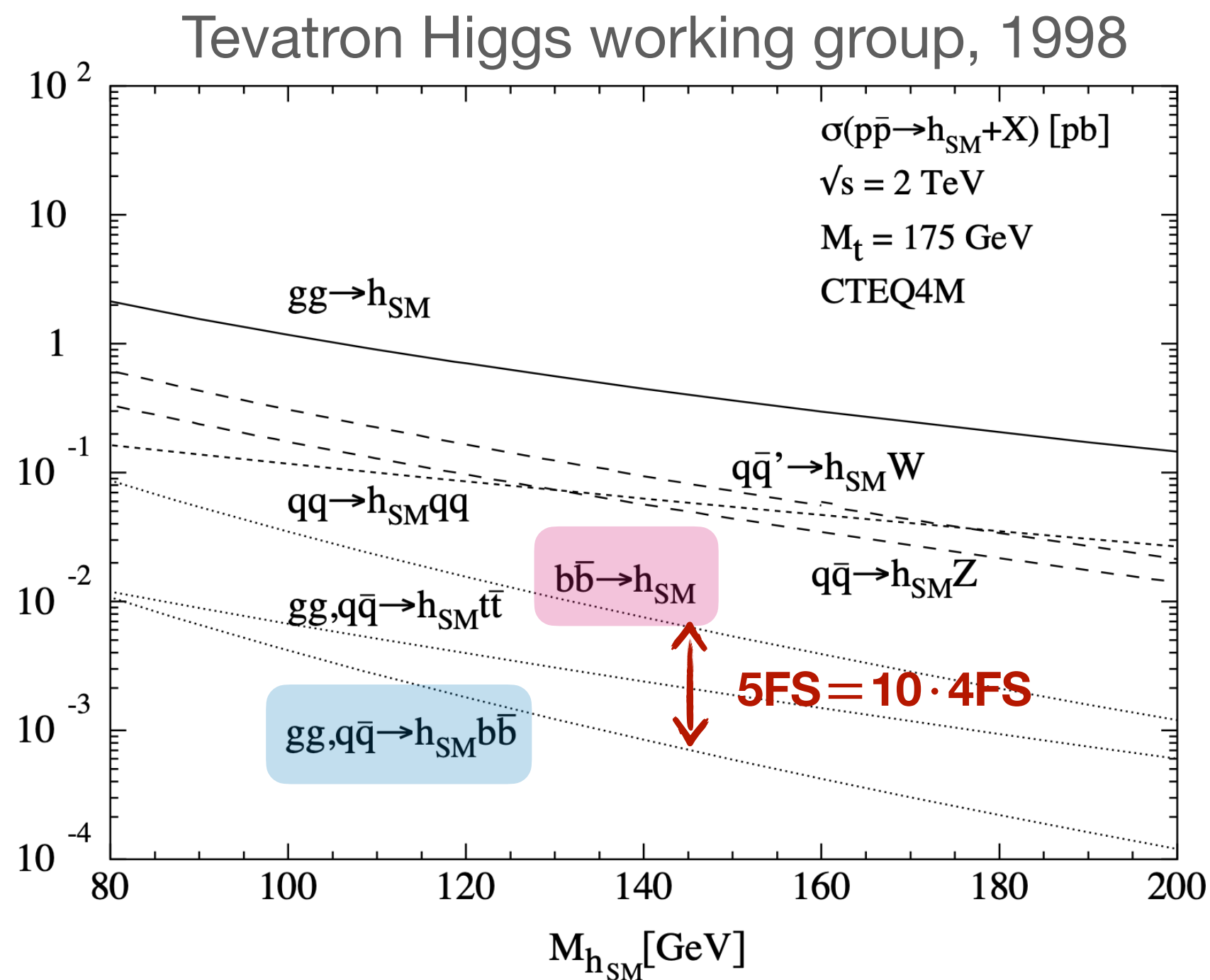
Comparison of different b -jet definitions ongoing!
Gauld, Mazzitelli, Ratti, Wiesemann, Zanderighi [in progress]

Flavour scheme effects in Higgs production: $b\bar{b} \rightarrow H$ vs $b\bar{b}H$

❖ **Goal: account for massless-bottom Higgs production and associated H production with massive bottom at NNLO+PS**

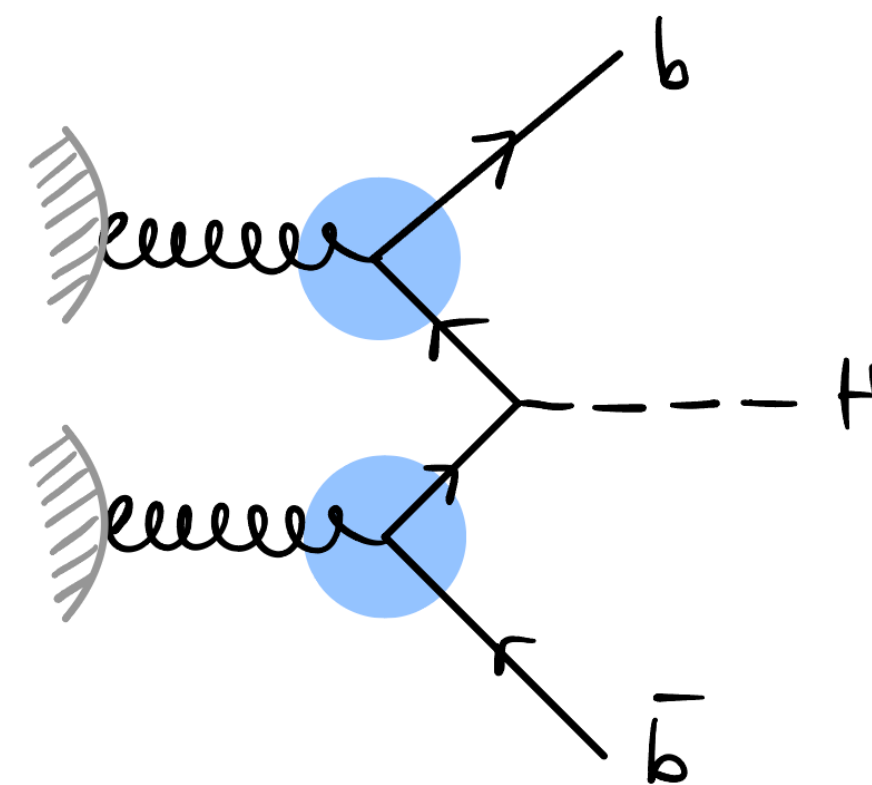
❖ **Motivation:**

1. Strong control on major background for HH searches
2. Solving **long-standing theoretical issues**: significant differences have been observed in predictions in different schemes



Massless bottoms (**5FS**)

Biello, Sankar, Wiesemann, Zanderighi [2402.04025]



Massive bottoms (**4FS**)

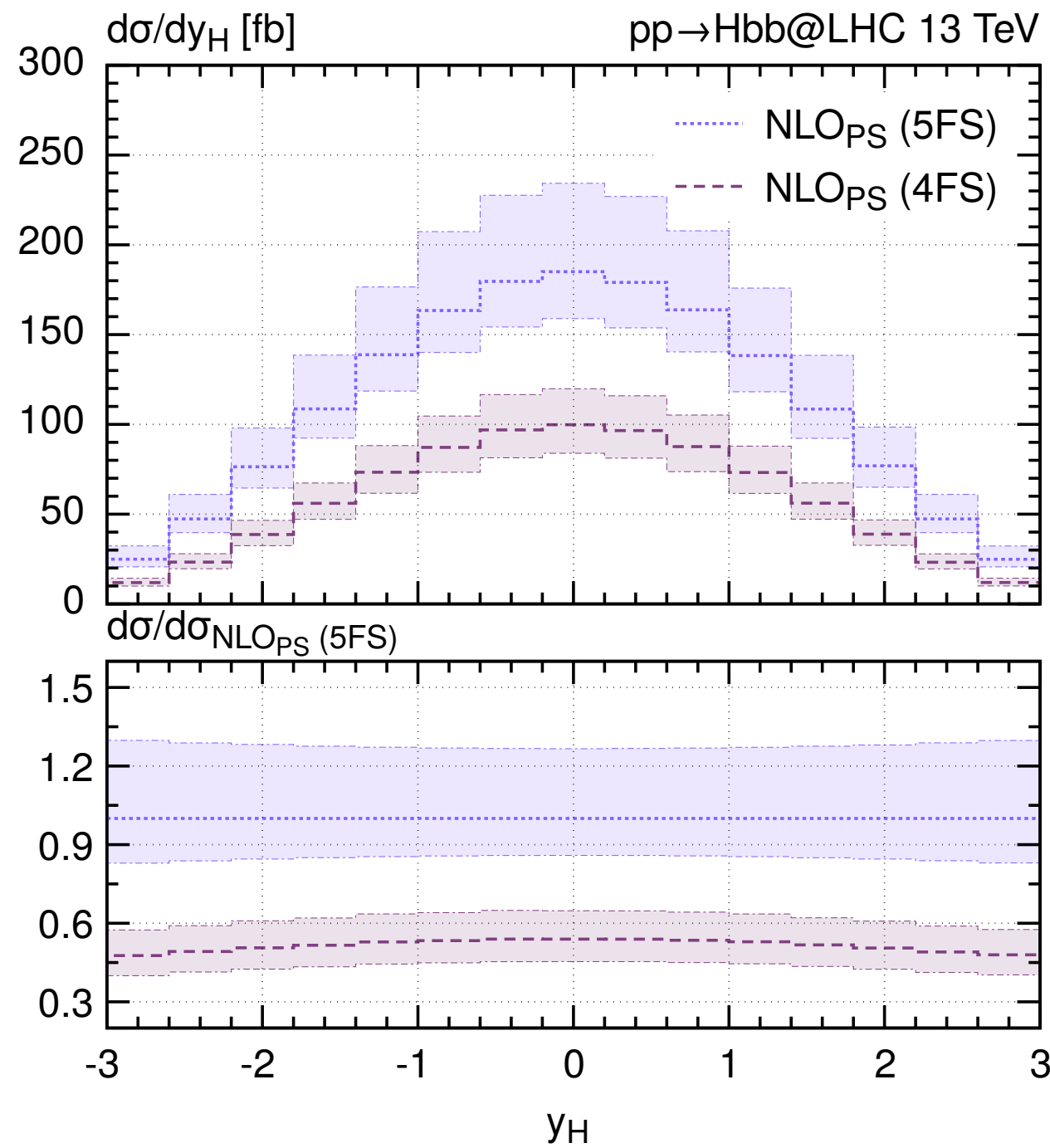
Biello, Mazzitelli, Sankar, Wiesemann, Zanderighi [to appear]

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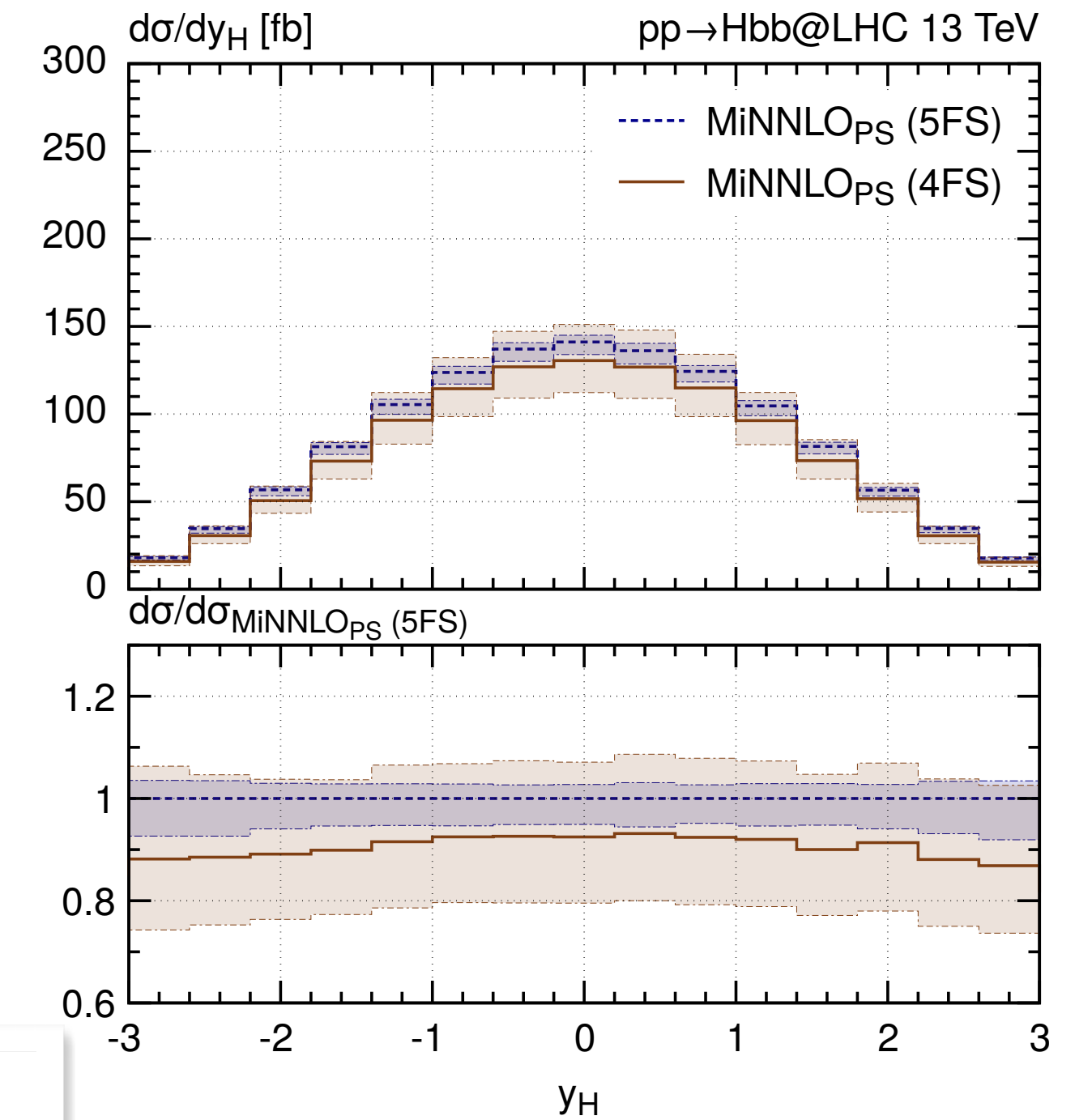


5FS $NLO_{PS}(m_H)$	$0.676(6)^{+27\%}_{-15\%}$ pb
4FS $NLO_{PS}(m_H)$	$0.354(6)^{+20\%}_{-16\%}$ pb
4FS $NLO_{PS}(\frac{H_T}{4})$	$0.385(3)^{+16\%}_{-14\%}$ pb

Problem solved with natural scale choices at NNLO!

5FS $MiNNLO_{PS}(m_H)$	$0.509(1)^{+2.9\%}_{-5.3\%}$ pb
4FS $MiNNLO_{PS}(m_H)$	$0.465(9)^{+16\%}_{-14\%}$ pb
4FS $MiNNLO_{PS}(\frac{H_T}{4})$	$0.496(6)^{+16\%}_{-14\%}$ pb

Ongoing efforts to combine 4FS and 5FS
Biello, Gauld, Sankar, Wiesemann, Zanderighi
[in progress]




Biello, Sankar, Mazzitelli, Wiesemann, Zanderighi [to appear]

Flavour scheme effects in Higgs production: $b\bar{b} \rightarrow H$ vs $b\bar{b}H$


❖ **Goal: account for massless-bottom Higgs production and associated H production with massive bottom at NNLO+PS**

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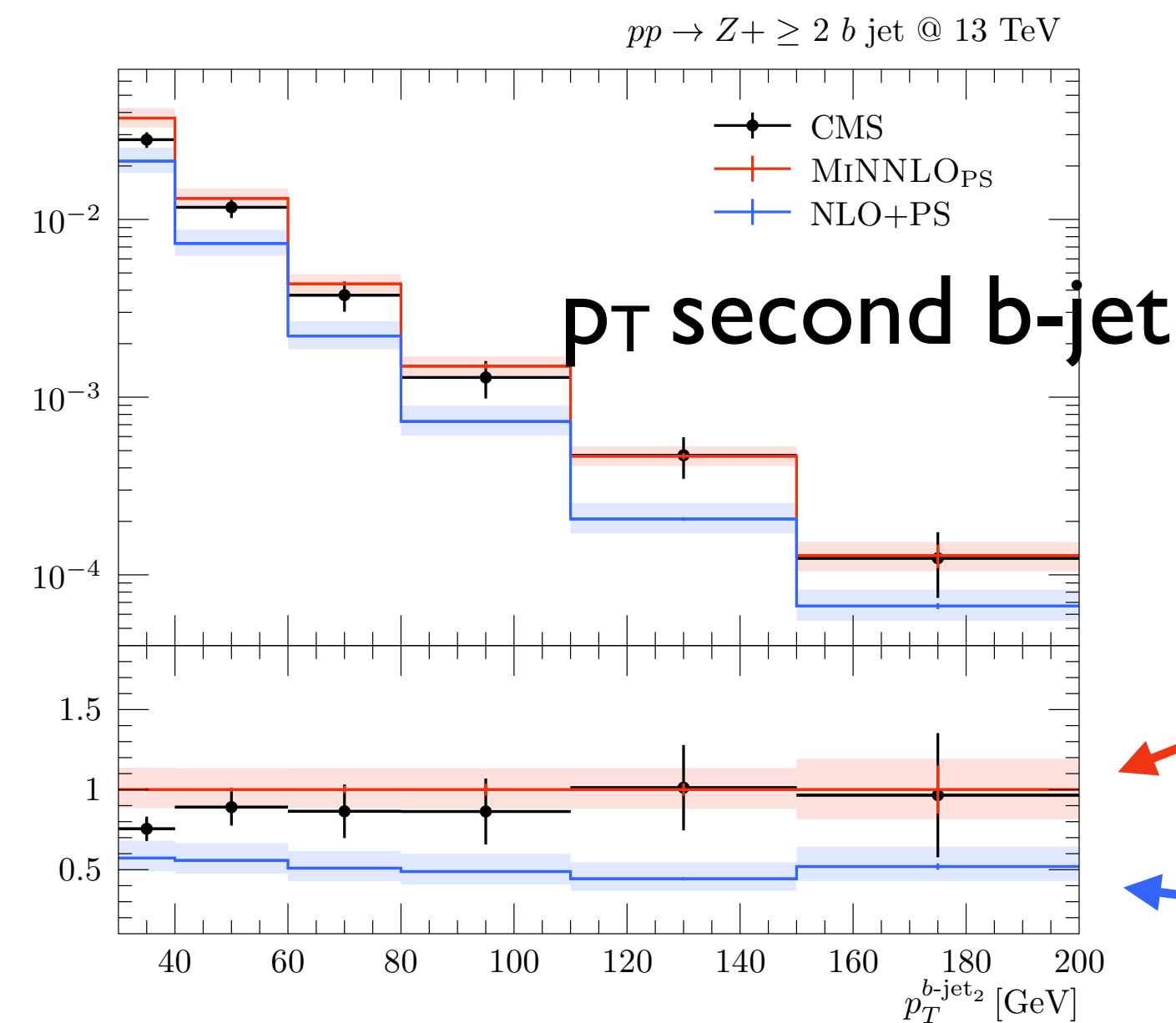
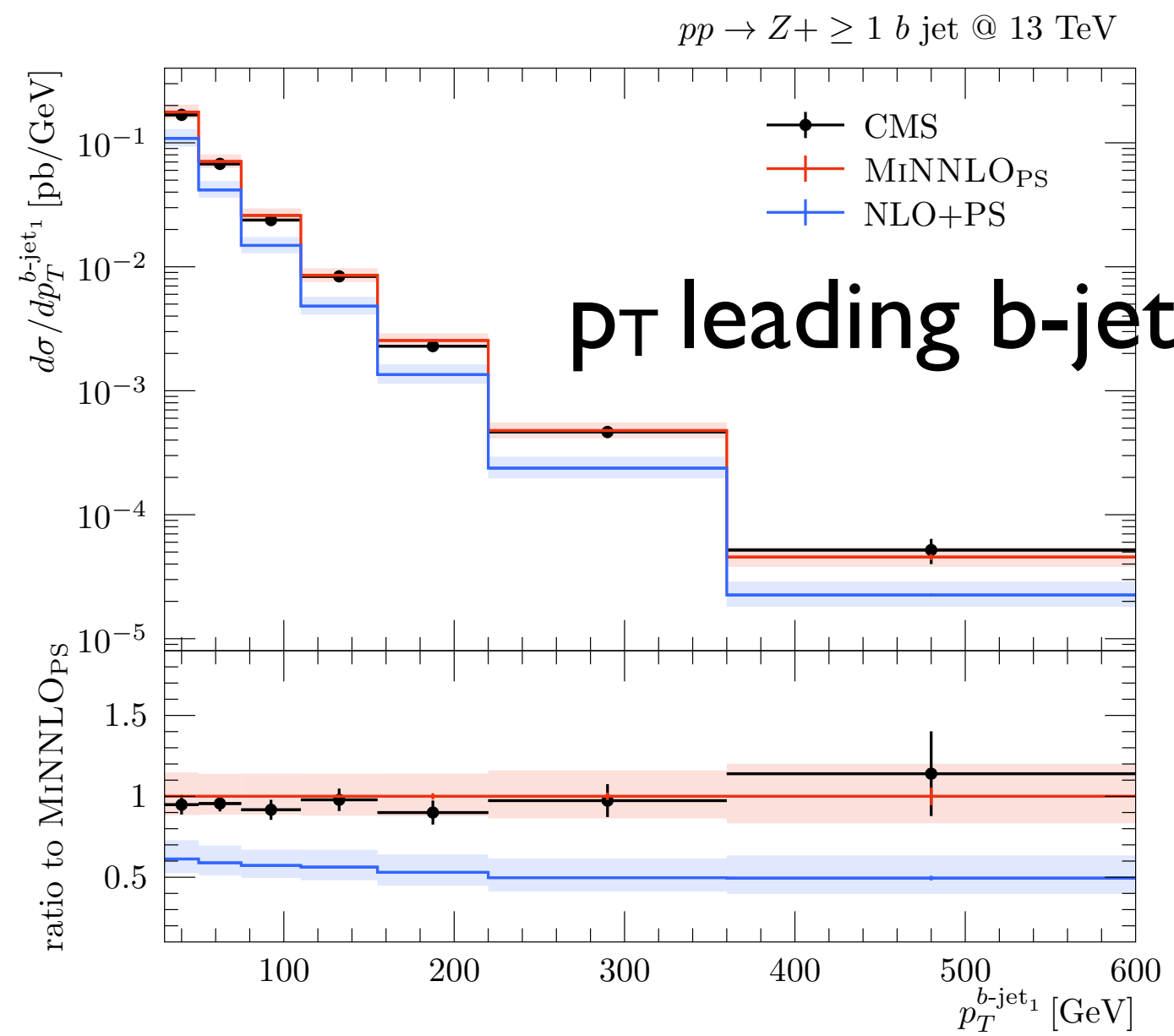
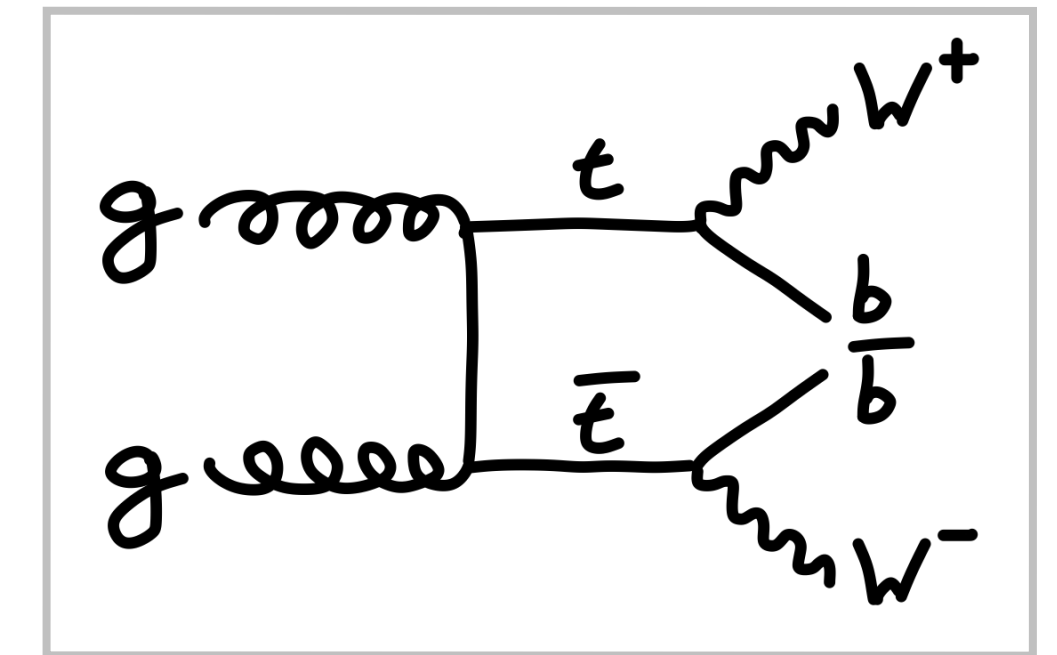
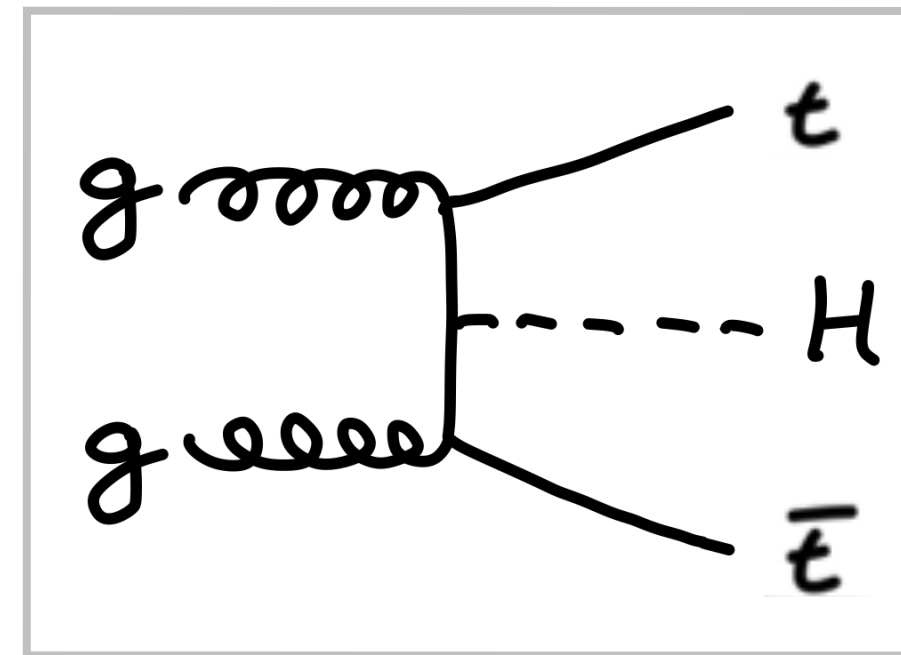
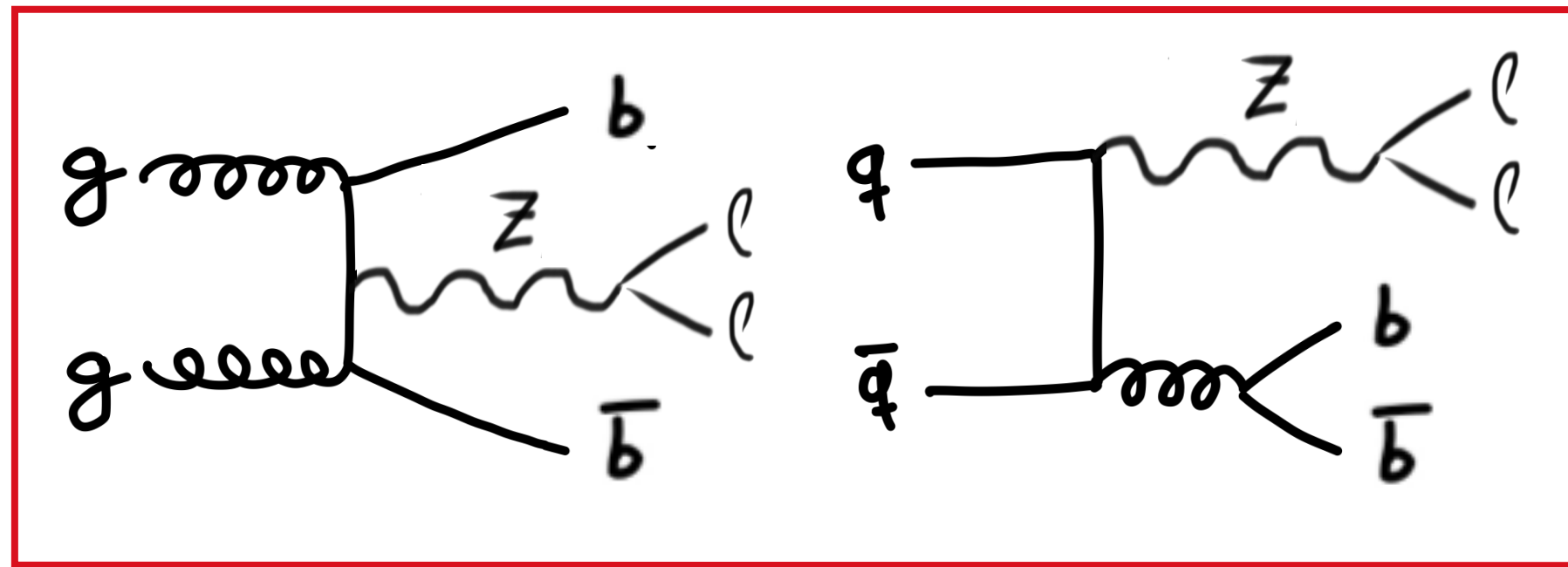
Ongoing efforts to obtain predictions for HH production in MiNNLO_{PS}
Garosi, Wiesemann, Zanderighi [to begin]



Ongoing efforts to obtain predictions for VBF Higgs production with $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ decays in MiNNLO_{PS}
Behring, Zanderighi, ... [to begin]

High multiplicity final state and heavy partons at NNLO+PS

Mazzitelli, Sotnikov, Wiesemann [2404.08598]

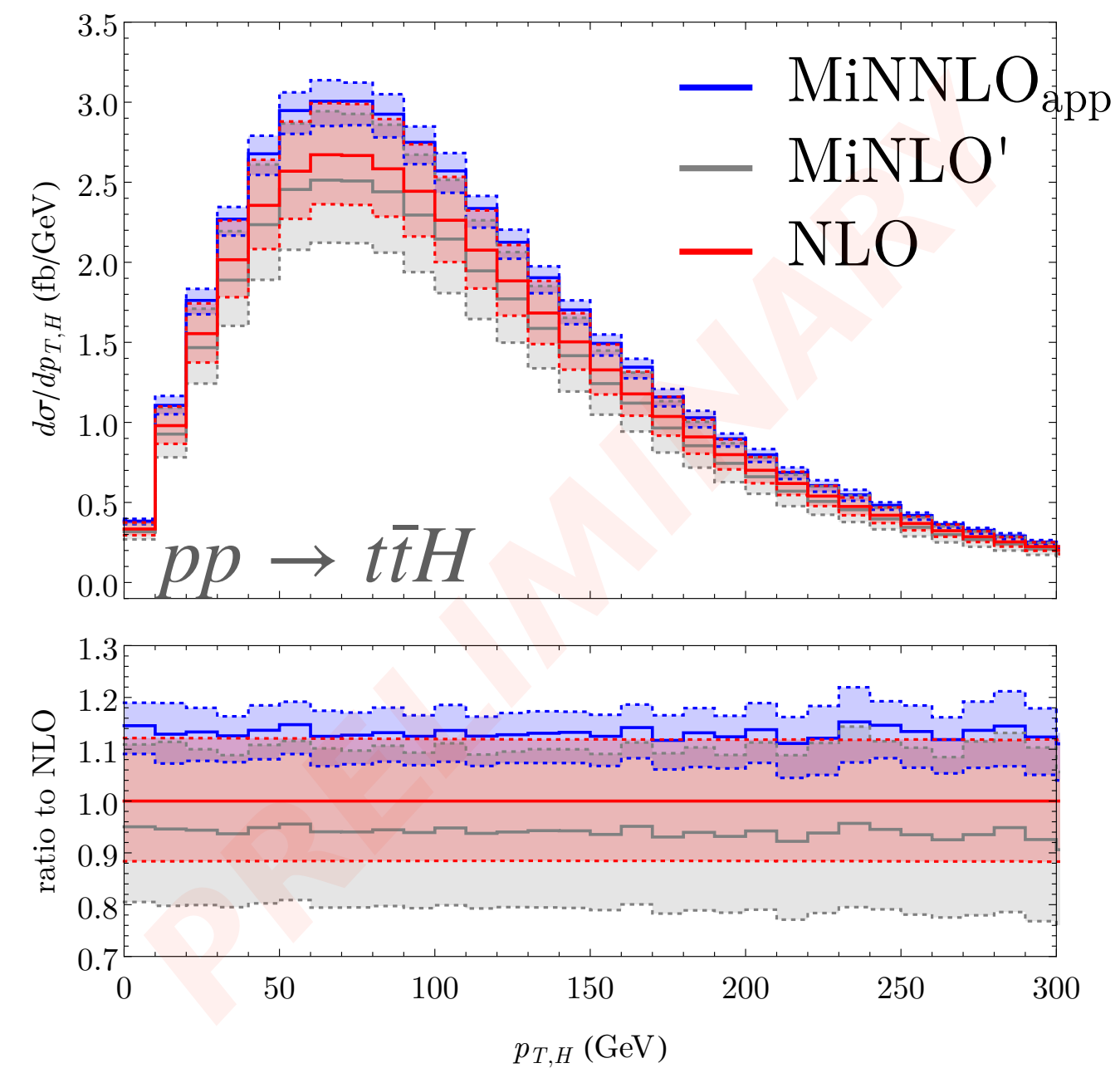
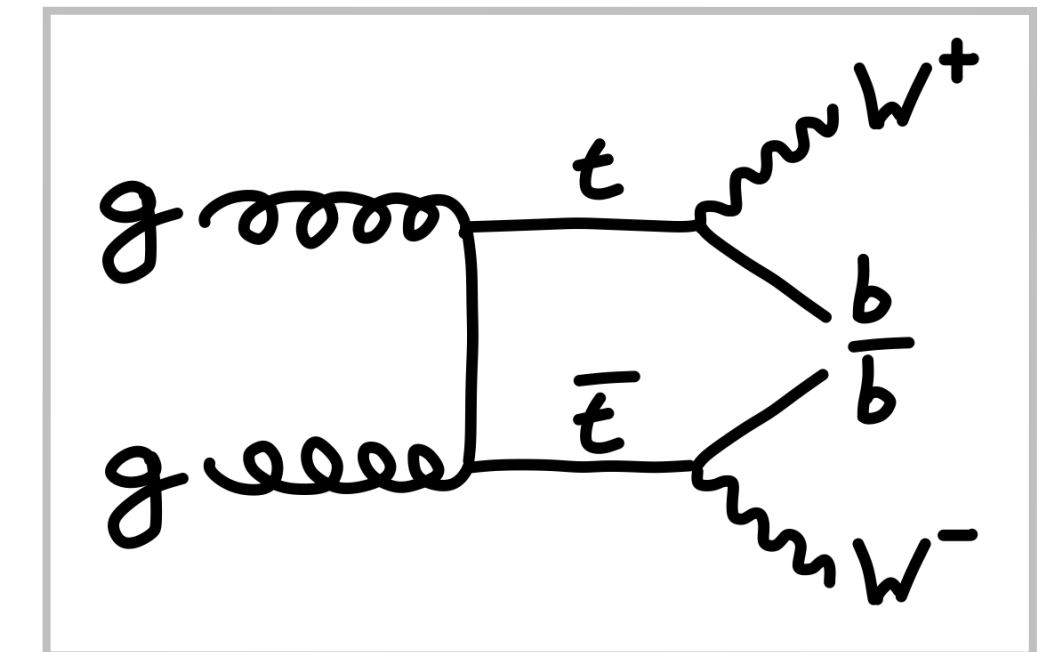
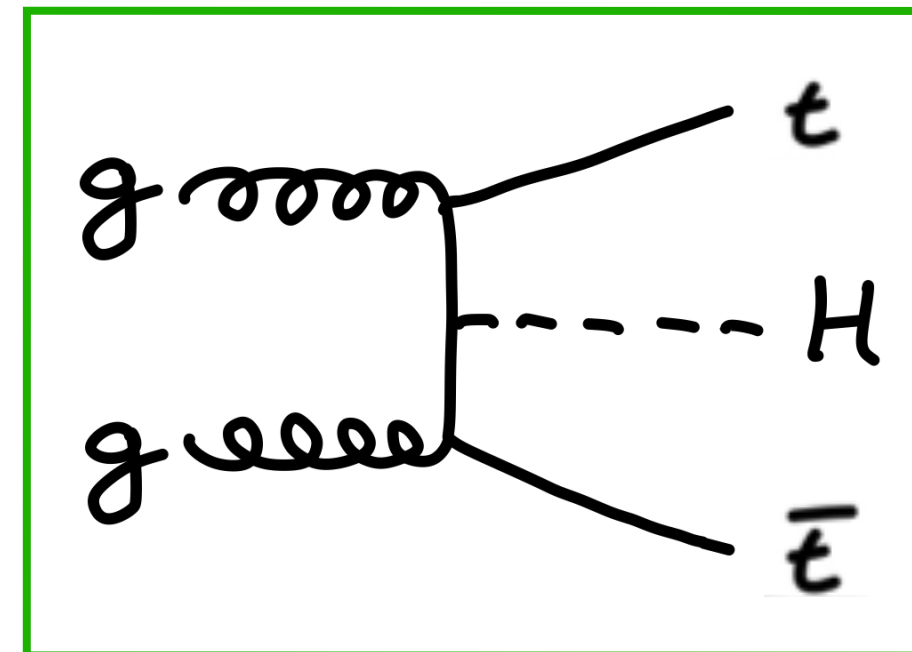
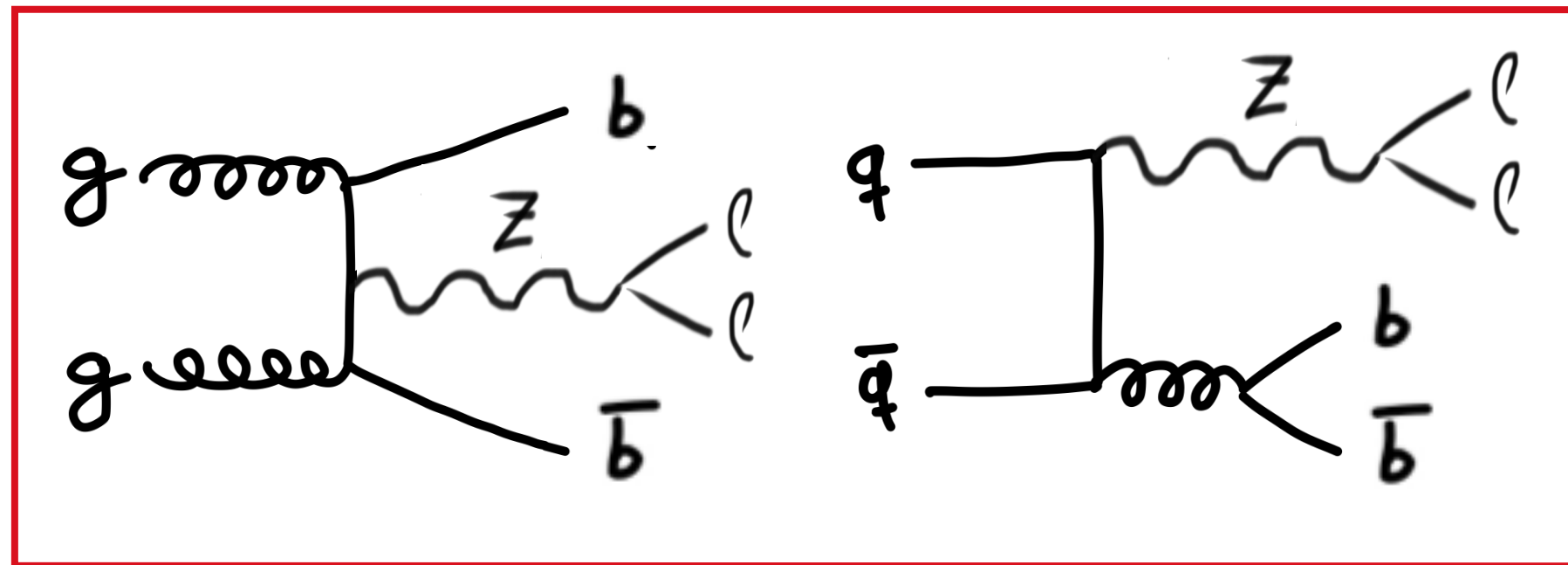


MiNNLO_{PS}

NLO+PS

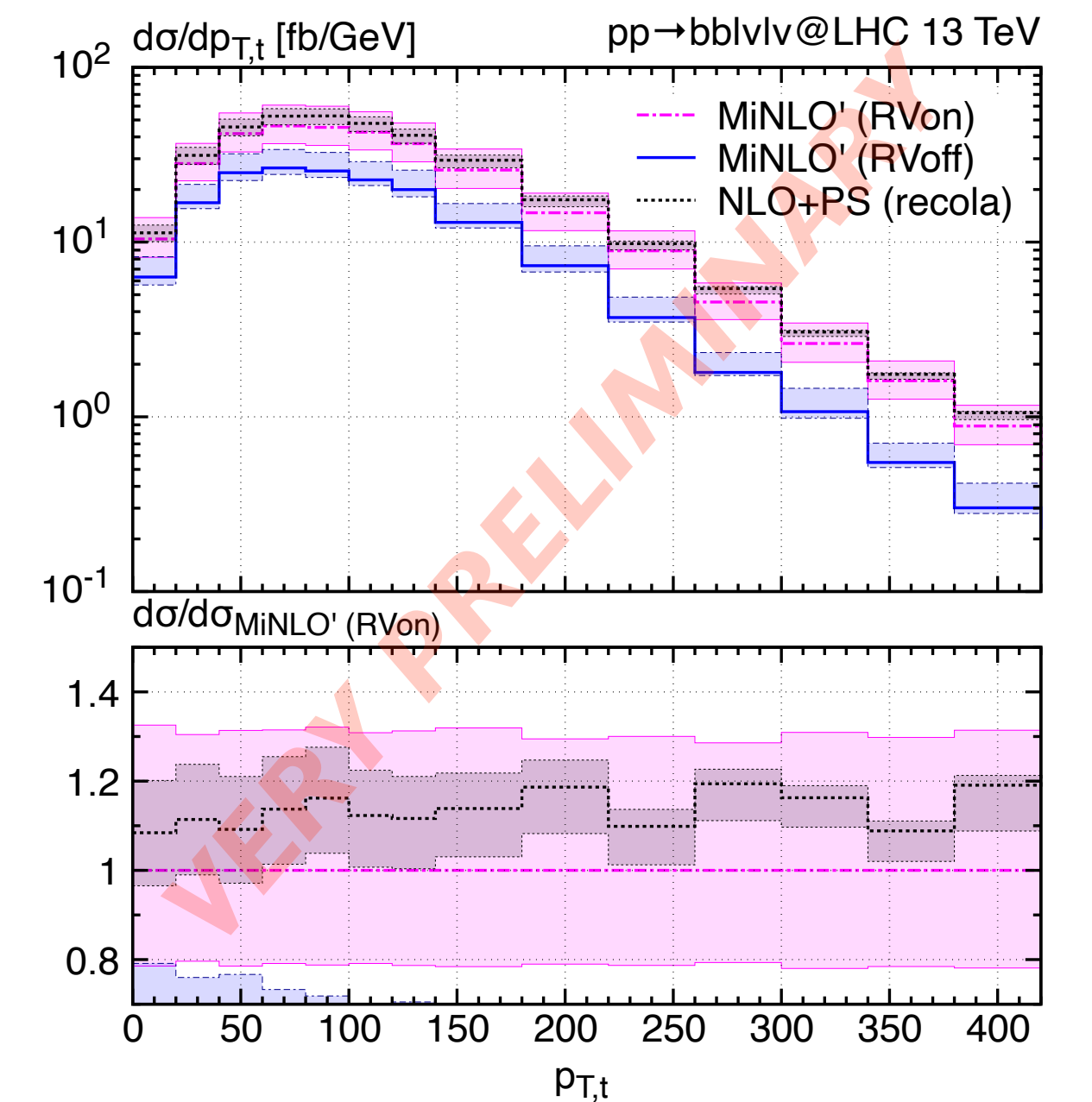
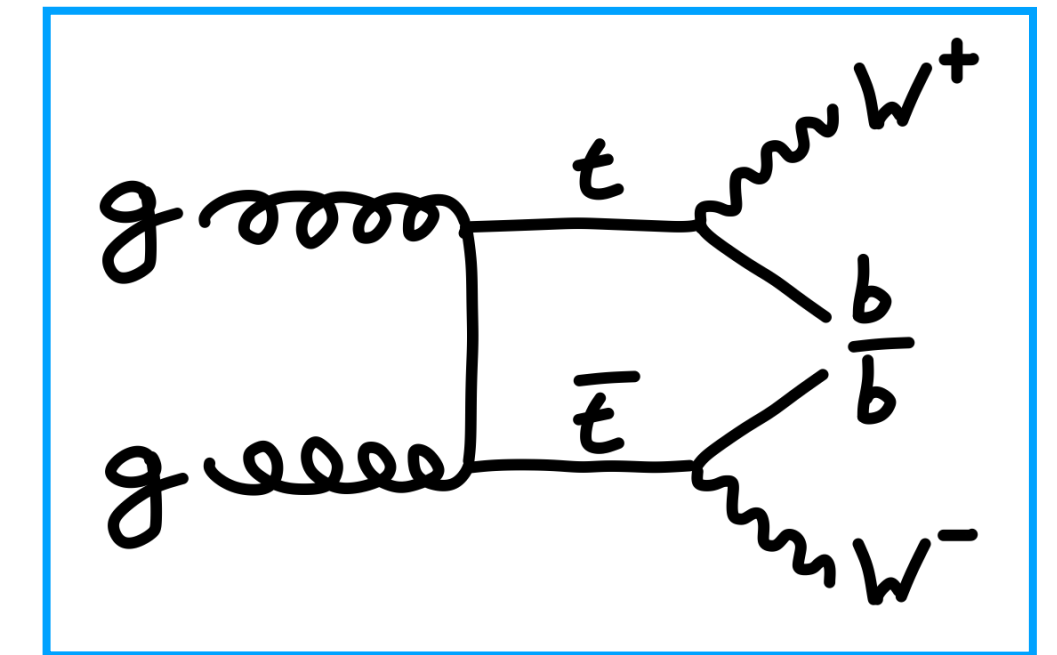
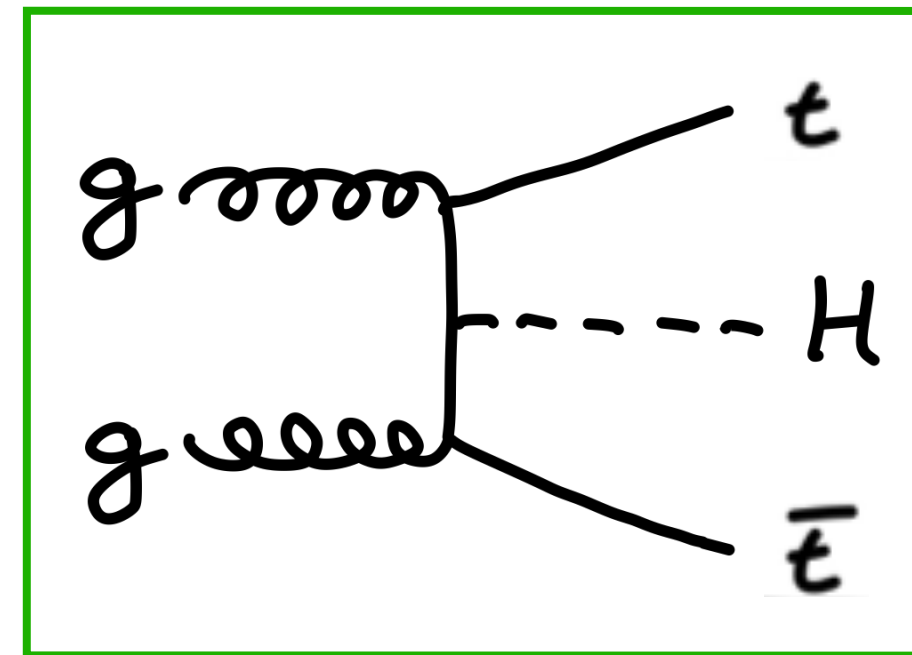
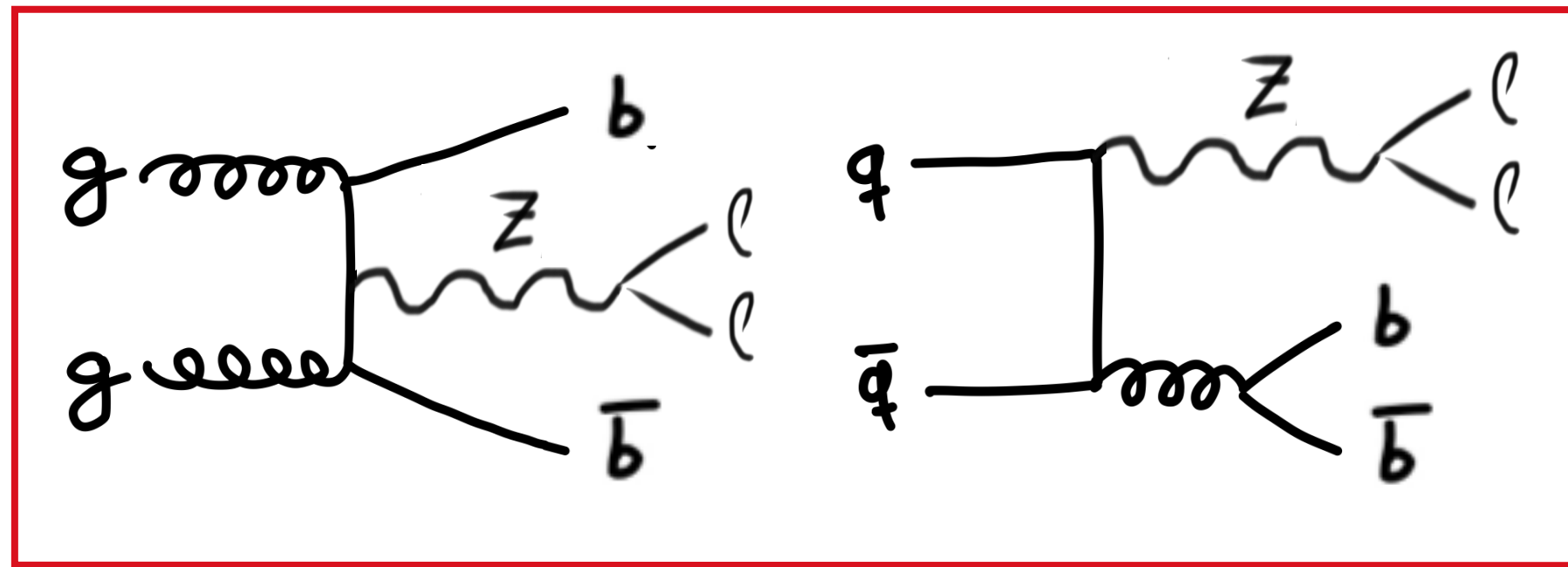
High multiplicity final state and heavy partons at NNLO+PS

Ongoing efforts!
Mazzitelli, Wiesemann [in progress]

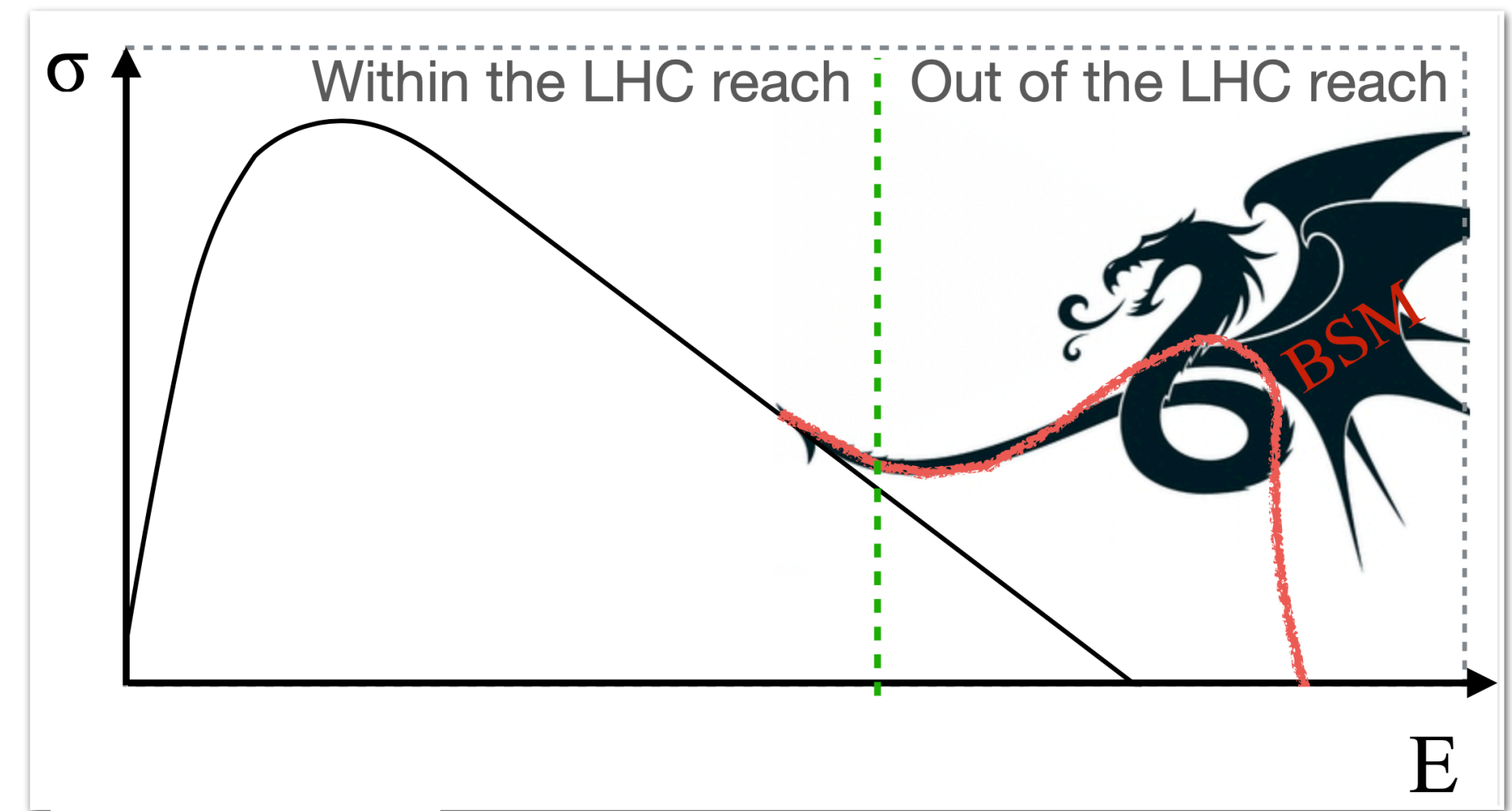
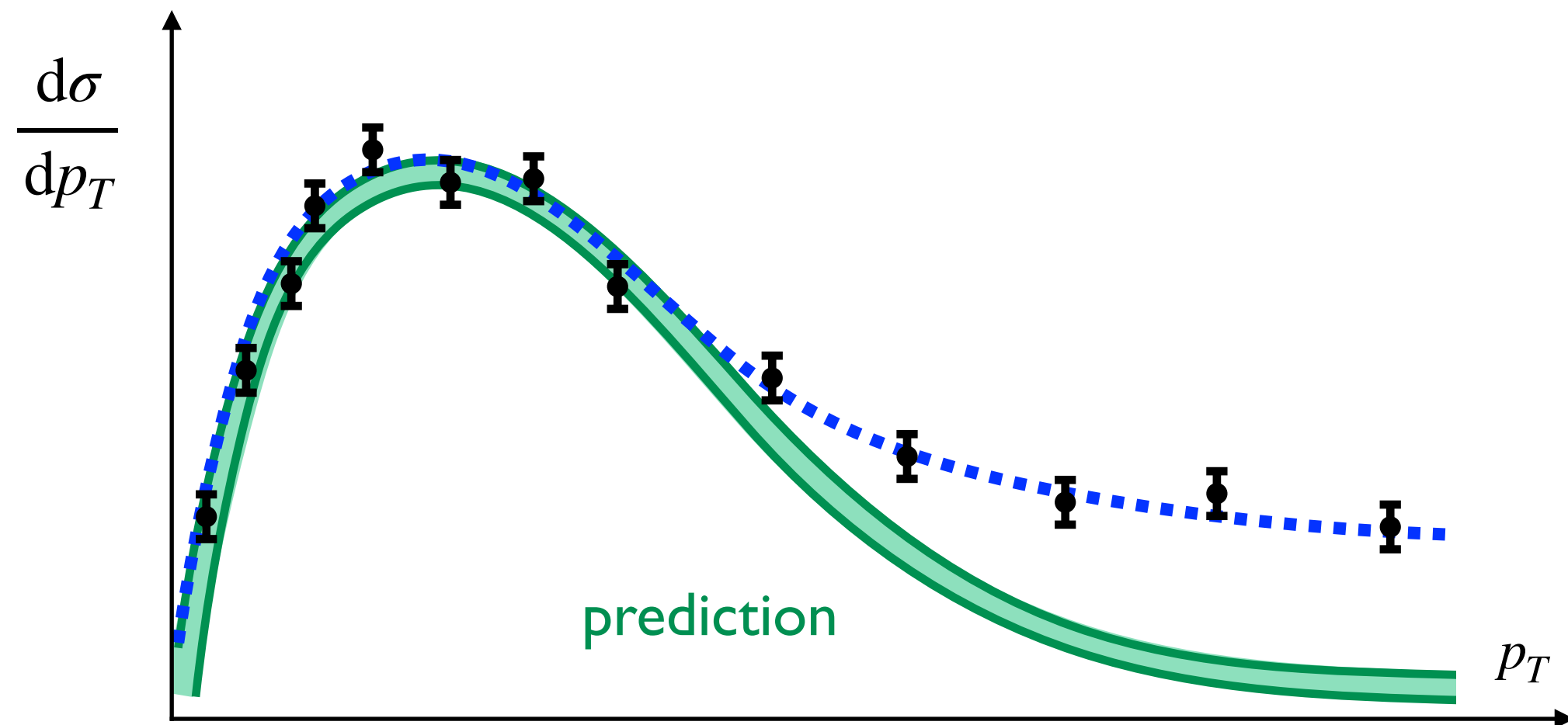
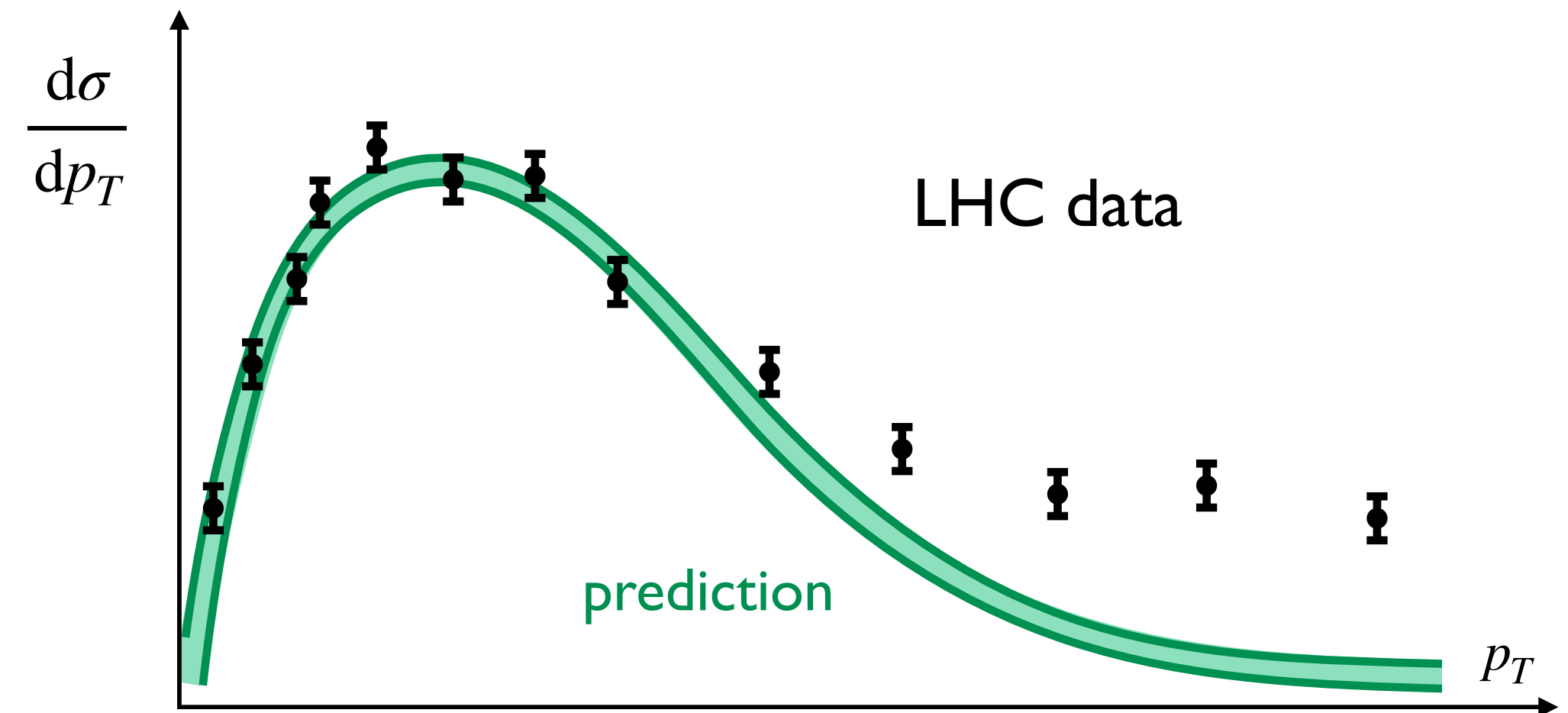
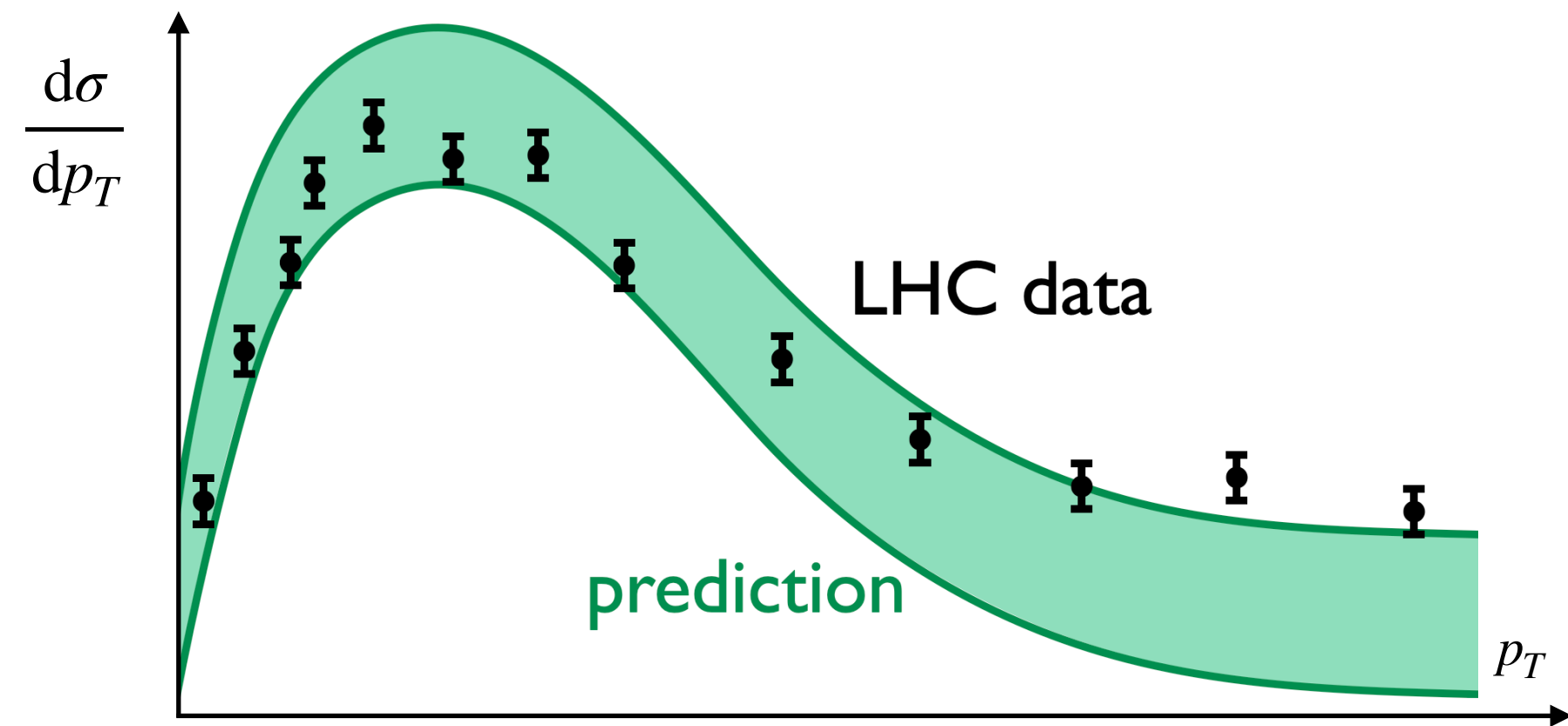


High multiplicity final state and heavy partons at NNLO+PS

Ongoing efforts!
 Biello, Mazzitelli, Signorile-Signorile,
 Wiesemann, Zanderighi [in progress]



Not only standard model...



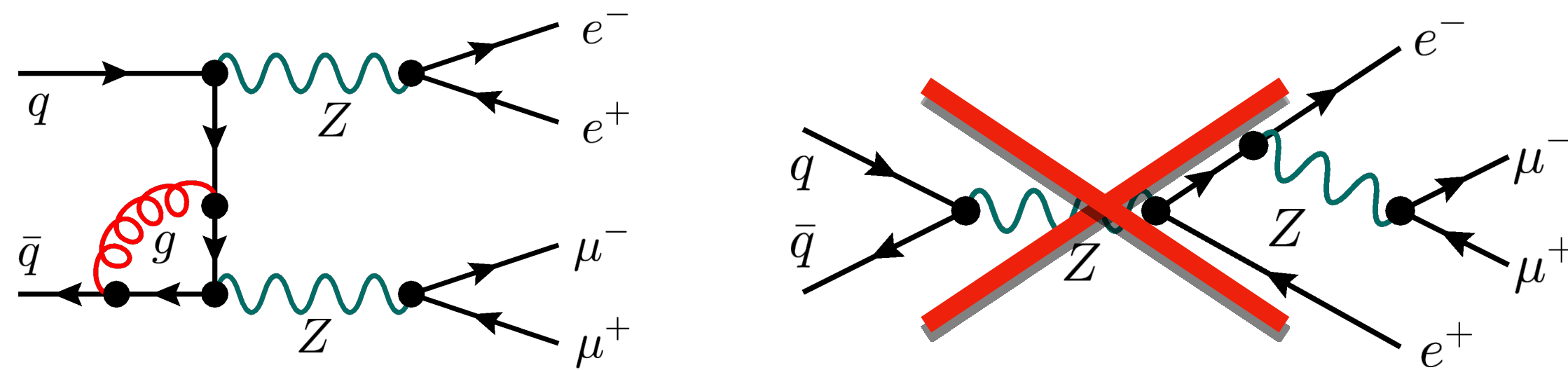
[D. Pagani]

SMEFT effects in polarised diboson production

❖ **Goal: model the production and decay of polarised bosons including SMEFT effects**

❖ **Motivation:**

1. Probe Standard Model gauge and Higgs sectors → SMEFT effects can be enhanced in some polarisation configurations
2. Develop/test new techniques to isolate polarisation effects (**double-pole approximation**)



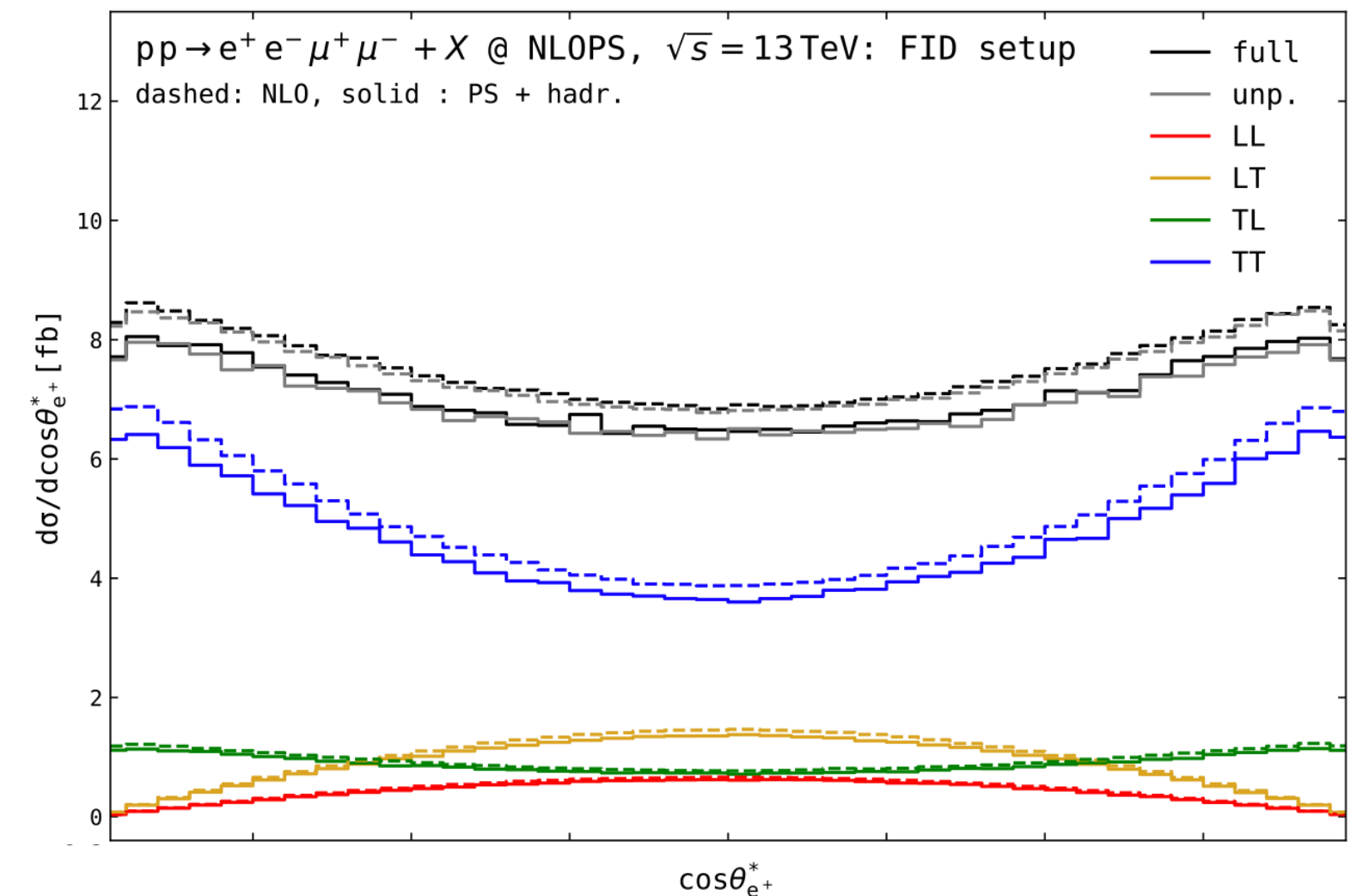
❖ **Work in progress/done:**

- ✓ Modelling of polarised dibosons in SM
- ✓ Modelling of polarised dibosons in SMEFT
- ✓ Implementation in the **POWHEG-BOX-RES** framework

Pelliccioli, Zanderighi [2311.05220]

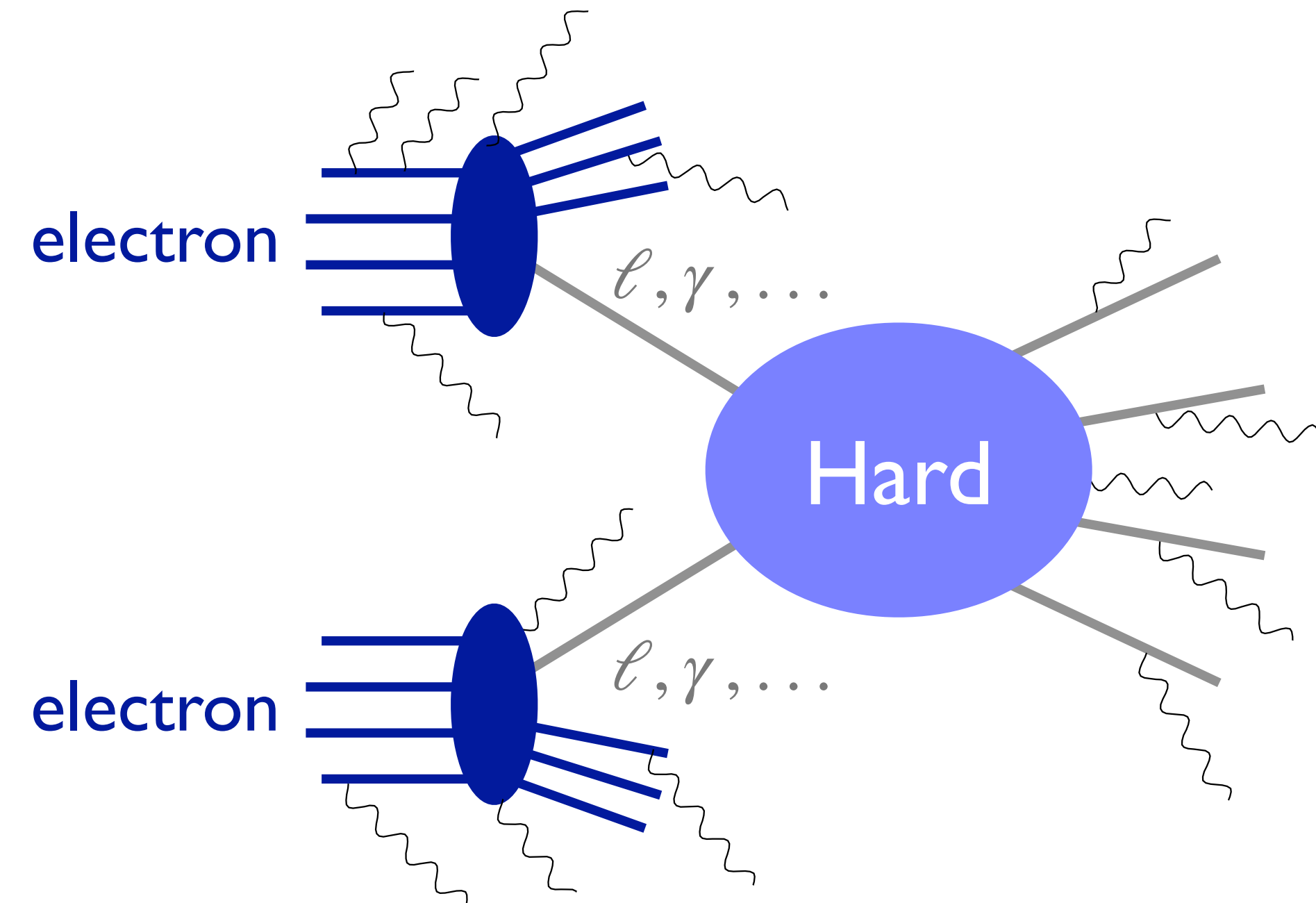
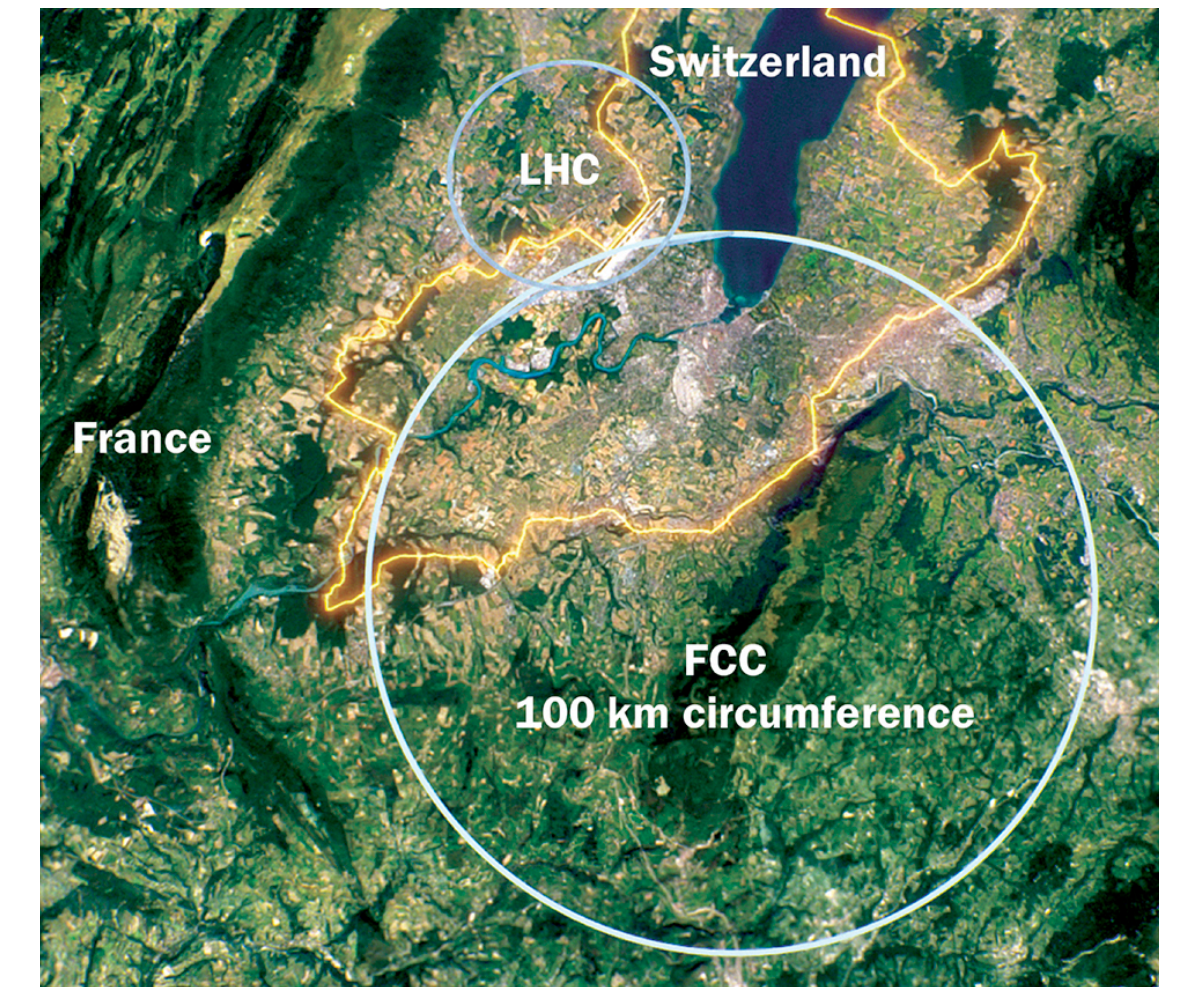
Ongoing efforts!

Haisch, Linder, Pelliccioli, Zanderighi [in progress]



Decay angle of e^+ in the Z boson rest frame, w.r.t. the direction of the Z in the VV-CM

... not only hadron collisions...

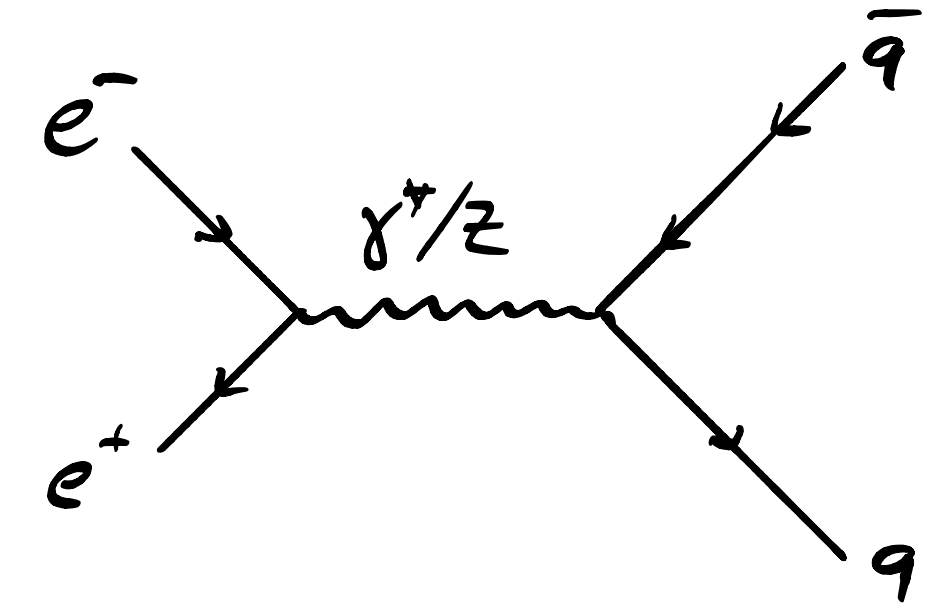


Predictions for lepton colliders

❖ **Goal: accurate event generator lepton collisions [crucial in view of future colliders]**

❖ **Motivation:**

1. Lepton collider phenomenology, quark mass effects, electroweak corrections
2. Improving our understanding of heavy-flavour hadron production



Light jet production in e^+e^- collisions with MiNNLO_{PS}

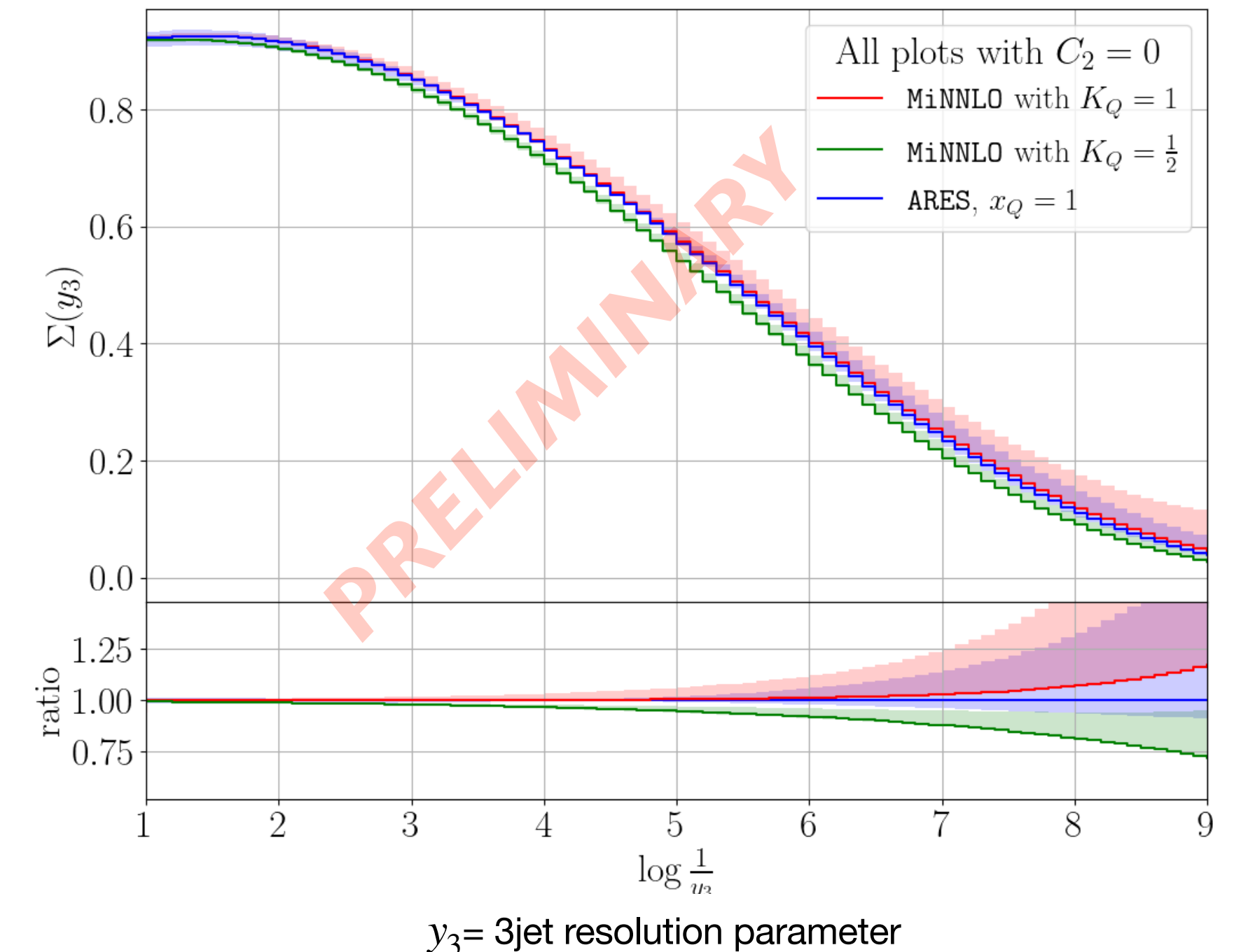
❖ **Work in progress: many non-trivial steps required, both from the technical and the conceptual point of view:**

- ✓ Requires a resummation formula for a reference observable
- ✓ Combine fixed order + resummation

Ongoing efforts!
König, Schorer, Wiesemann, Zanderighi [in progress]

Comparison of resummation contributions

$$\text{Cumulative distribution: } \Sigma(y_3) = \frac{1}{\sigma_{\text{tot}}} \int_0^{y_3} \frac{d\sigma}{dy_3} dy_3$$

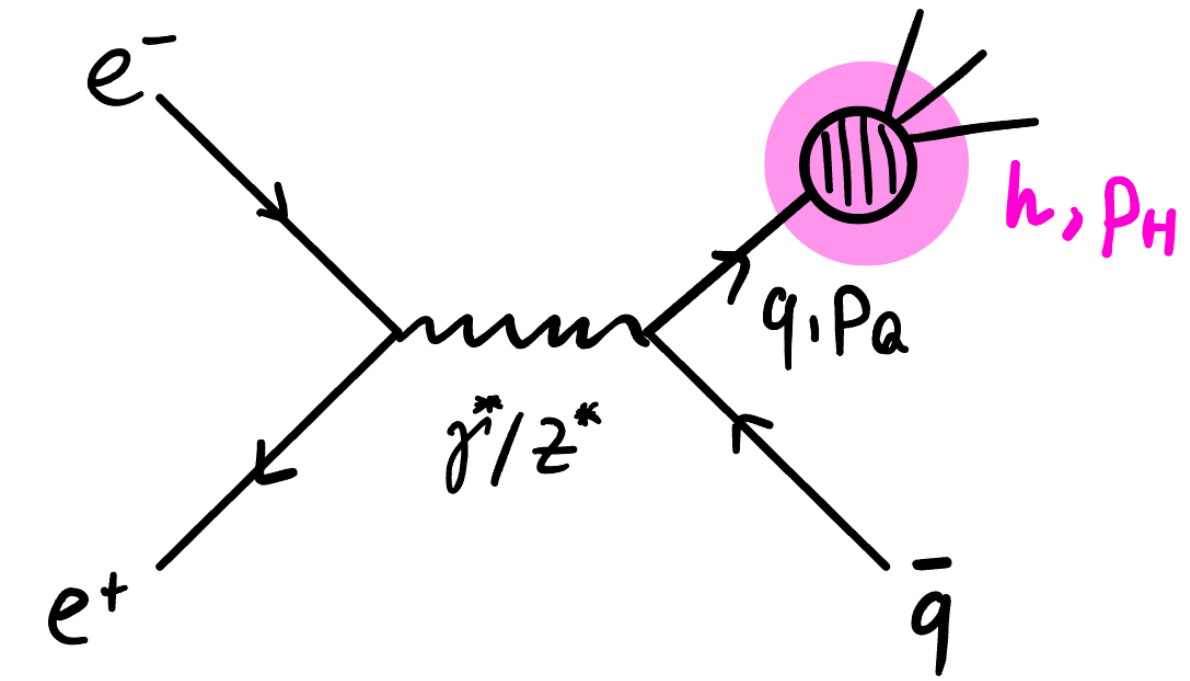


Predictions for lepton colliders

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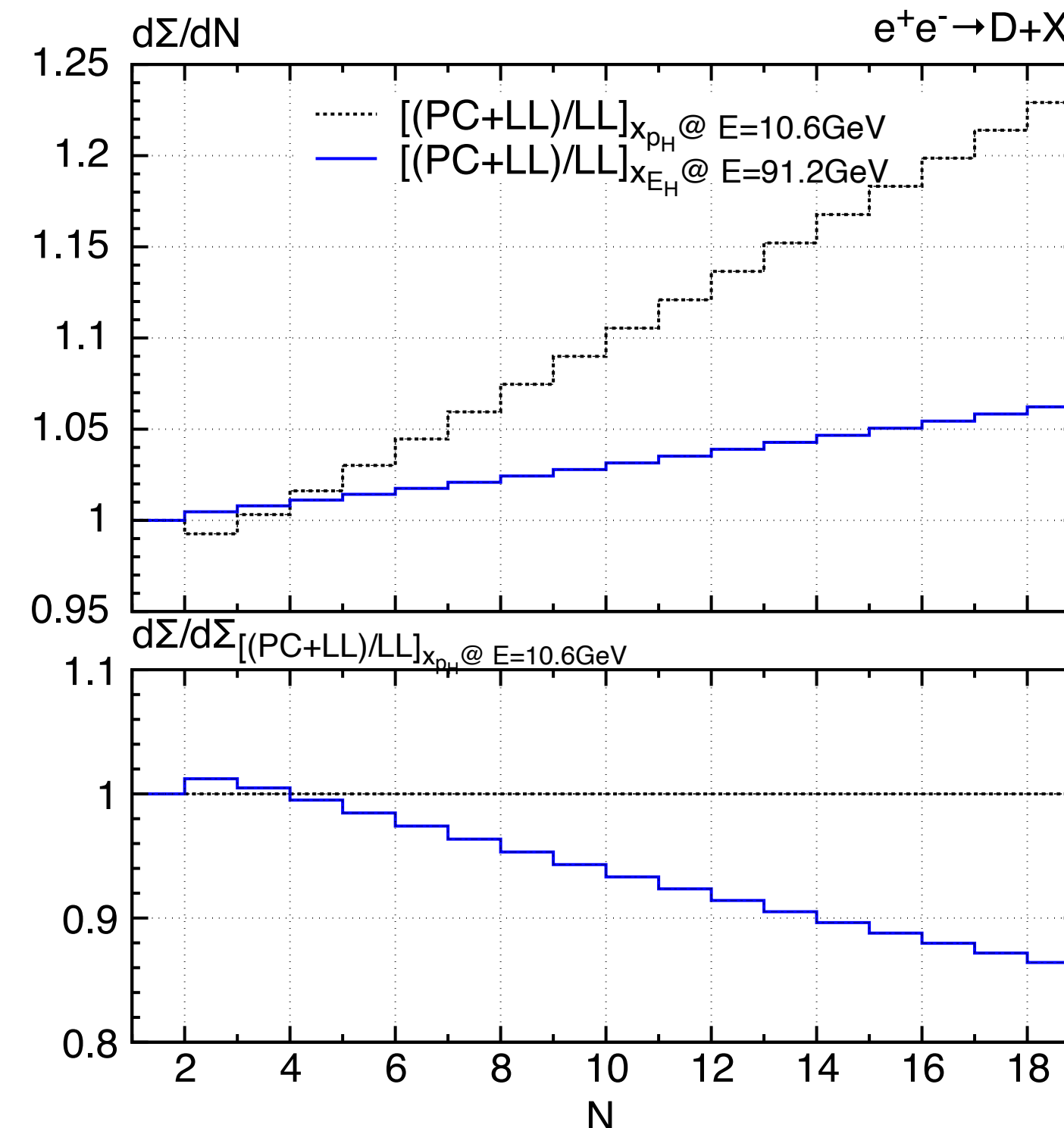


Heavy-flavour hadron production

❖ **Work in progress:**

- ✓ A technique to combine massive and massless fragmentation approaches
- ✓ As a test case, applied to differential quantities in $e^+ + e^- \rightarrow H_Q + X$
- ✓ Results for D-hadron production at different CoM energies (large $N = \text{large } |p_H|$)

Ongoing efforts!
Ahmadova, Gauld [in progress]



Belle vs LEP

Large effects
 $|p_H| \sim \frac{1}{2} E_{\text{cms}}$

↑ ↓ combined approach
 Mass corrections ~15%

Applications beyond the LHC

❖ **Goal: prompt neutrino flux @ LO/NLO+PS**

❖ **Motivation:** Astrophysical neutrinos are important cosmic messengers. Atmospheric neutrinos form a significant background to the signal of astrophysical neutrinos



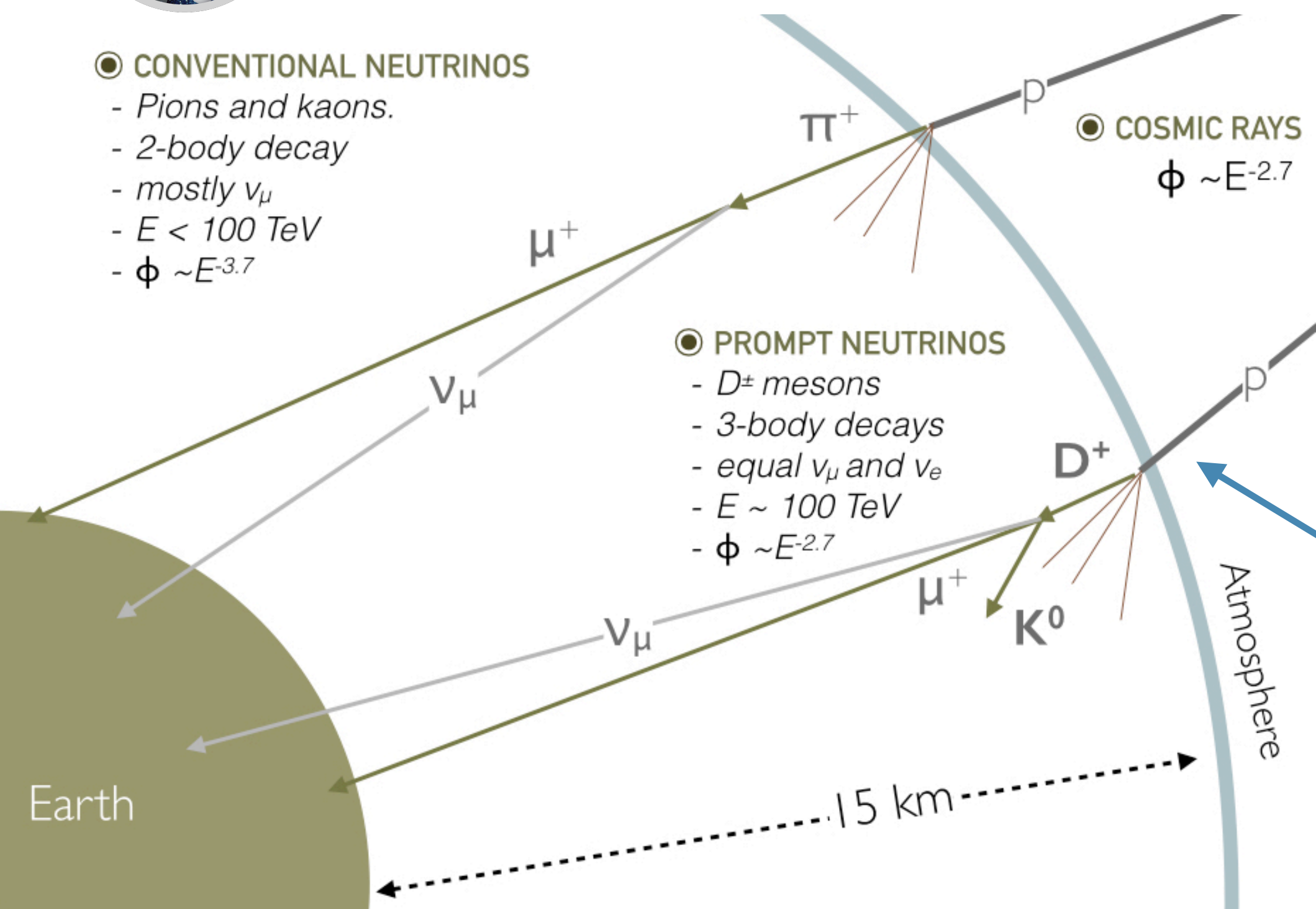
● **CONVENTIONAL NEUTRINOS**

- Pions and kaons.
- 2-body decay
- mostly ν_μ
- $E < 100 \text{ TeV}$
- $\phi \sim E^{-3.7}$

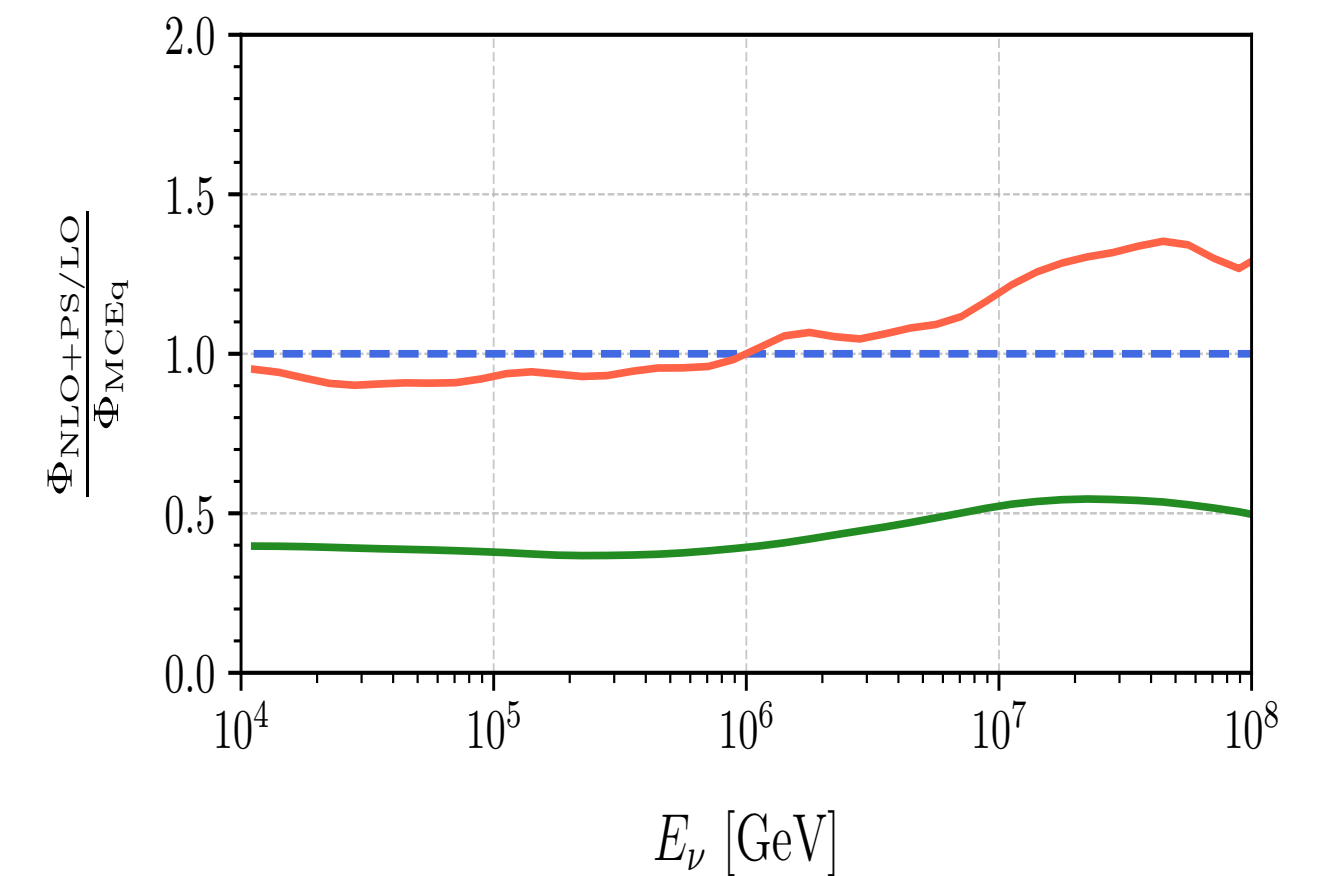
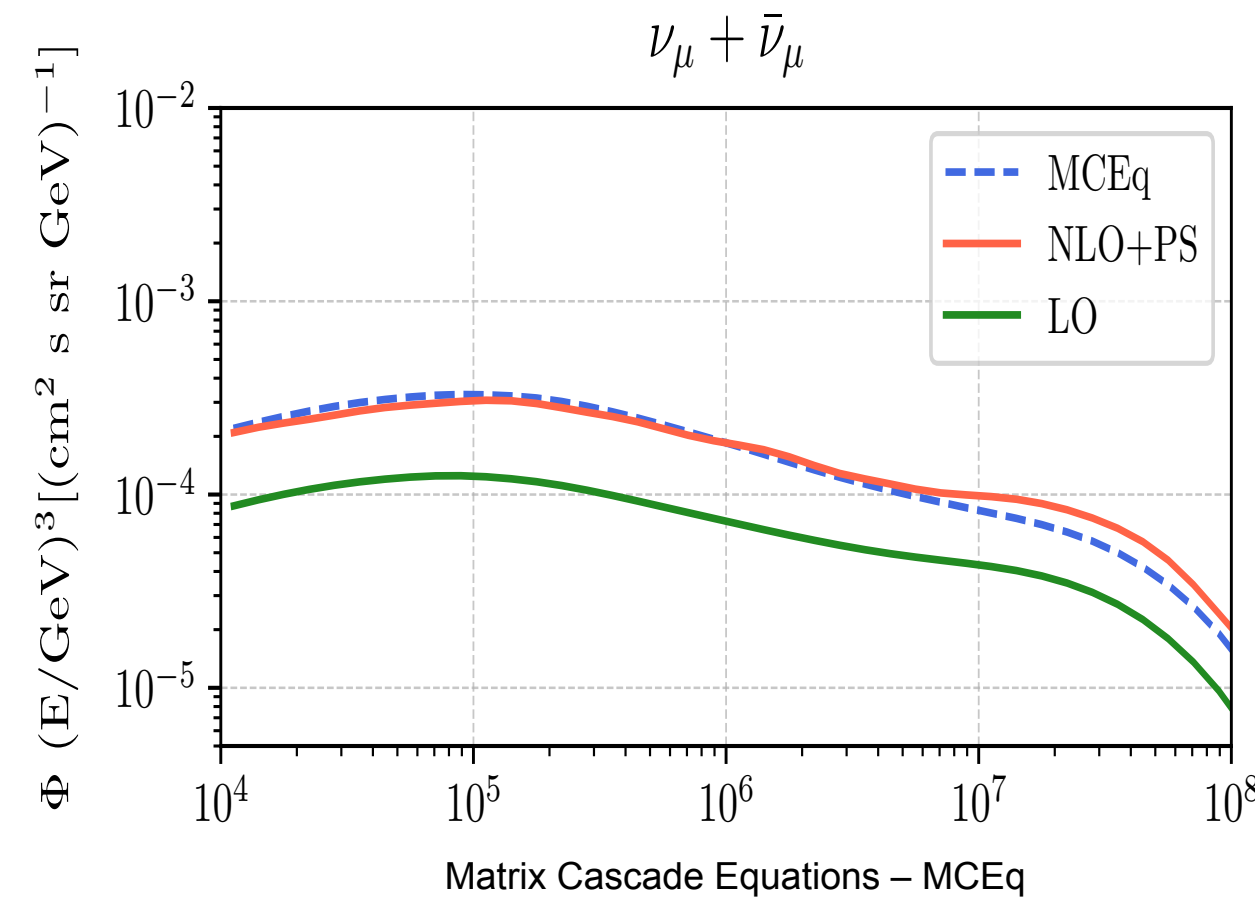
● **PROMPT NEUTRINOS**

- D^\pm mesons
- 3-body decays
- equal ν_μ and ν_e
- $E \sim 100 \text{ TeV}$
- $\phi \sim E^{-2.7}$

● **COSMIC RAYS**
 $\phi \sim E^{-2.7}$



Particle propagation in the atmosphere



Ongoing efforts!
Mahr, Gauld, Wiesemann [in progress]

simulate prompt atmospheric neutrino flux (dominant background) with NNLO+PS for $pH \rightarrow c\bar{c} (\rightarrow D^+ + X)$

Conclusions:

- ✓ I have presented a very limited number of studies that are carried out by the group. The general picture is way more extended
- ✓ Incredibly rich research program
- ✓ Cutting edge results in a large variety of processes, accounting for different aspects of physics at colliders and beyond

An event generator for neutrino-induced Deep Inelastic Scattering and applications to neutrino astronomy

Silvia Ferrario Ravasio^{1,a}, Rhorry Gauld^{2,b}, Barbara Jäger^{3,c},
Alexander Karlberg^{1,d}, Giulia Zanderighi^{2,4,e}

[\[arXiv: 2407.03894\]](#)

Zero-jettiness soft function to third order in perturbative QCD

Daniel Baranowski^{1,*} Maximilian Delto^{2,†} Kirill Melnikov^{3,‡} Andrey Pikelner^{3,§} and Chen-Yu Wang^{4,¶}

[\[arXiv: 2409.11042\]](#)

Time-Like Heavy-Flavour Thresholds for Fragmentation Functions: the Light-Quark Matching Condition at NNLO

Christian Biello^{a,1}, Leonardo Bonino^{b,2}

[\[arXiv: 2407.07623\]](#)

Status of QCD precision predictions for Drell-Yan processes

[\[arXiv: 2405.19714\]](#)

S. Alekhin^a, S. Amoroso^b, L. Buonocore^c, A. Huss^c, S. Kallweit^d,
A. Kardos^{e,f}, J. Michel^{g,h}, S. Moch^a, F. Petriello^{i,j}, L. Rottoli^d, Z. Trócsányi^{f,e},
and M. Wiesemann^k

The photon parton distribution function: updates and applications

Aneesh Manohar, Paolo Nason, Gavin Salam, and Giulia Zanderighi¹

[\[arXiv: 2408.12719\]](#)

Testing the Neutrino Content of the Muon at Muon Colliders

[\[arXiv: 2410.21383\]](#)

Rodolfo Capdevilla¹ Francesco Garosi^{2,3,4} David Marzocca⁴ Bernd Stechauner^{5,6}

Renormalization of the pseudoscalar operator at four loops in QCD

[\[arXiv: 2410.18674\]](#)

Long Chen^a, Michał Czakon^b, Marco Niggetiedt^c

Mapping the SMEFT at High-Energy Colliders: from LEP and the (HL-)LHC to the FCC-ee

[\[arXiv: 2404.12809\]](#)

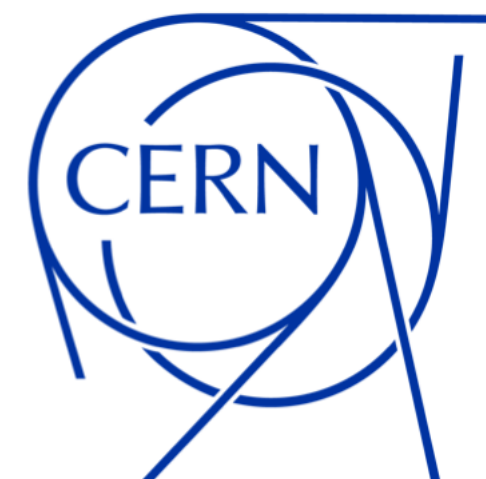
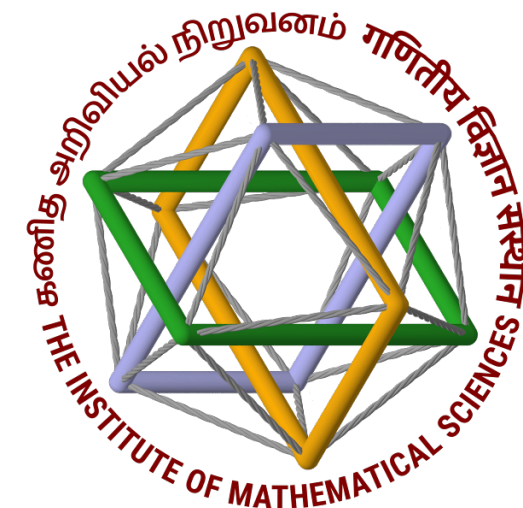
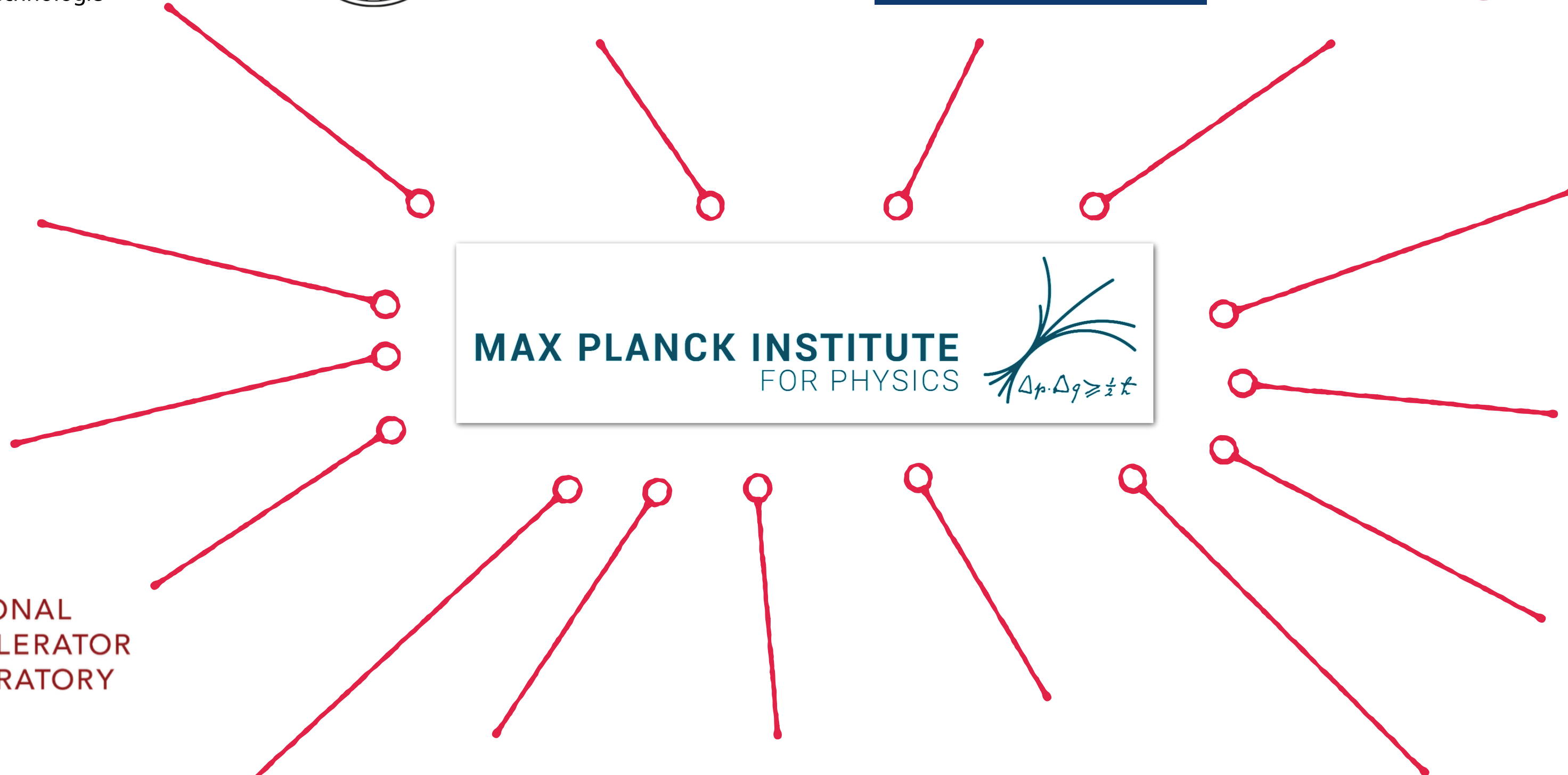
Eugenia Celada^a Tommaso Giani^{b,c} Jaco ter Hoeve^{b,c} Luca Mantani^d Juan Rojo^{b,c}
Alejo N. Rossia^a Marion O. A. Thomas^a and Eleni Vryonidou^a

Next-to-soft threshold effects on Higgs boson production via bottom quark annihilation

[\[arXiv: 2409.01553\]](#)

Goutam Das^a and Aparna Sankar^{b,c}

The list of collaborators can't fit a page...



Backup

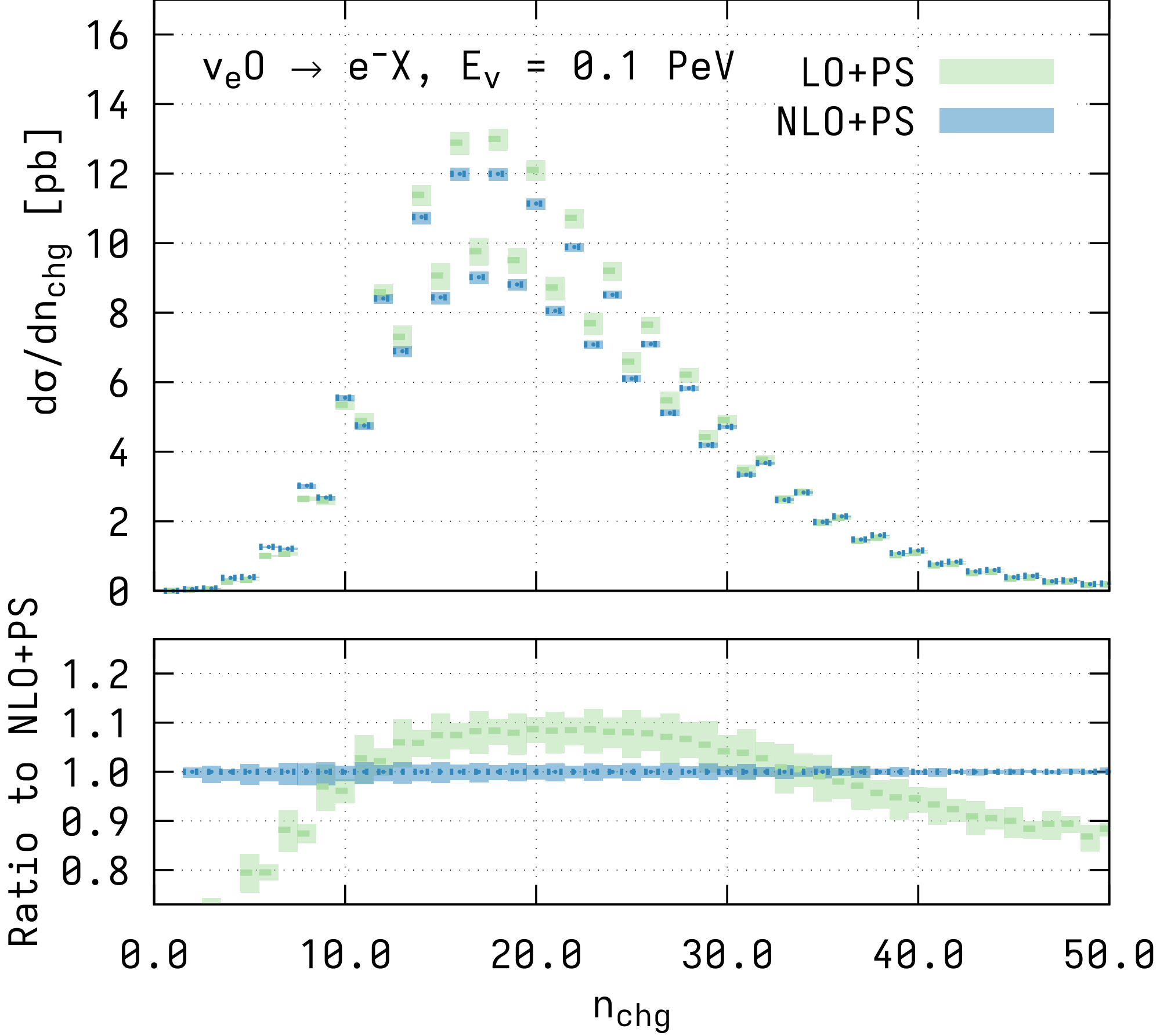
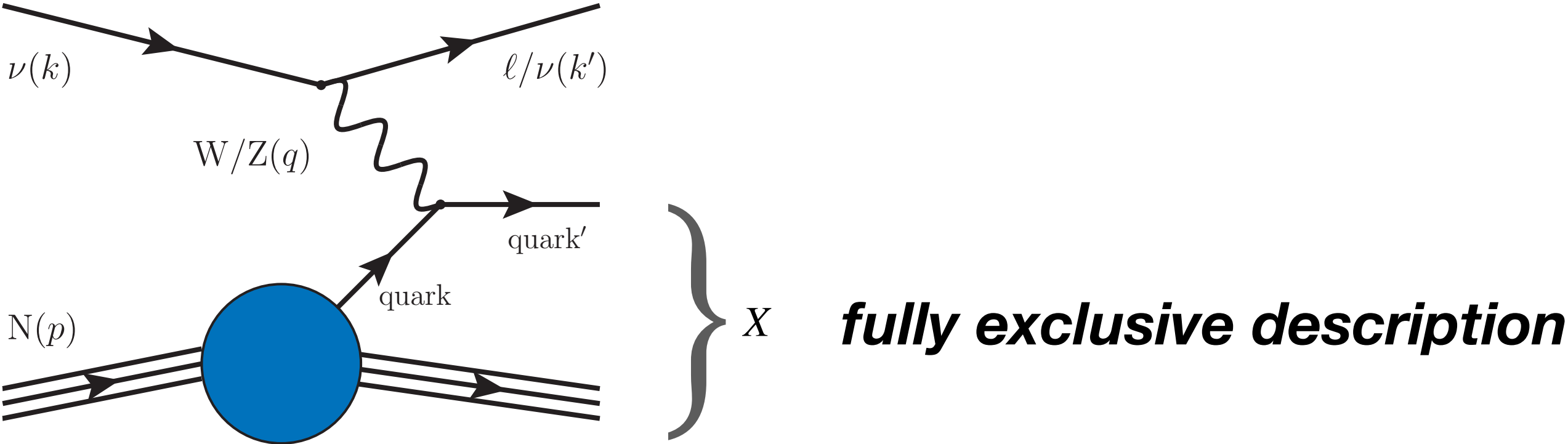
Interdisciplinary applications of NLO+PS matching: neutrino astronomy

An event generator for neutrino-induced Deep Inelastic Scattering and applications to neutrino astronomy

Silvia Ferrario Ravasio^{1,a}, Rhorry Gauld^{2,b}, Barbara Jäger^{3,c},
Alexander Karlberg^{1,d}, Giulia Zanderighi^{2,4,e}

¹Theoretical Physics Department, CERN, 1211 Geneva 23, Switzerland
²Max-Planck-Institut für Physik, Boltzmannstraße 8, 85748 Garching, Germany
³Institute for Theoretical Physics, University of Tübingen, Auf der Morgenstelle 14, 72076 Tübingen, Germany
⁴Physik-Department, Technische Universität München, James-Franck-Strasse 1, 85748 Garching, Germany

arXiv: 2407.03894



charged particle distribution

Applied to the case of PeV neutrino interactions with ice/water nuclei

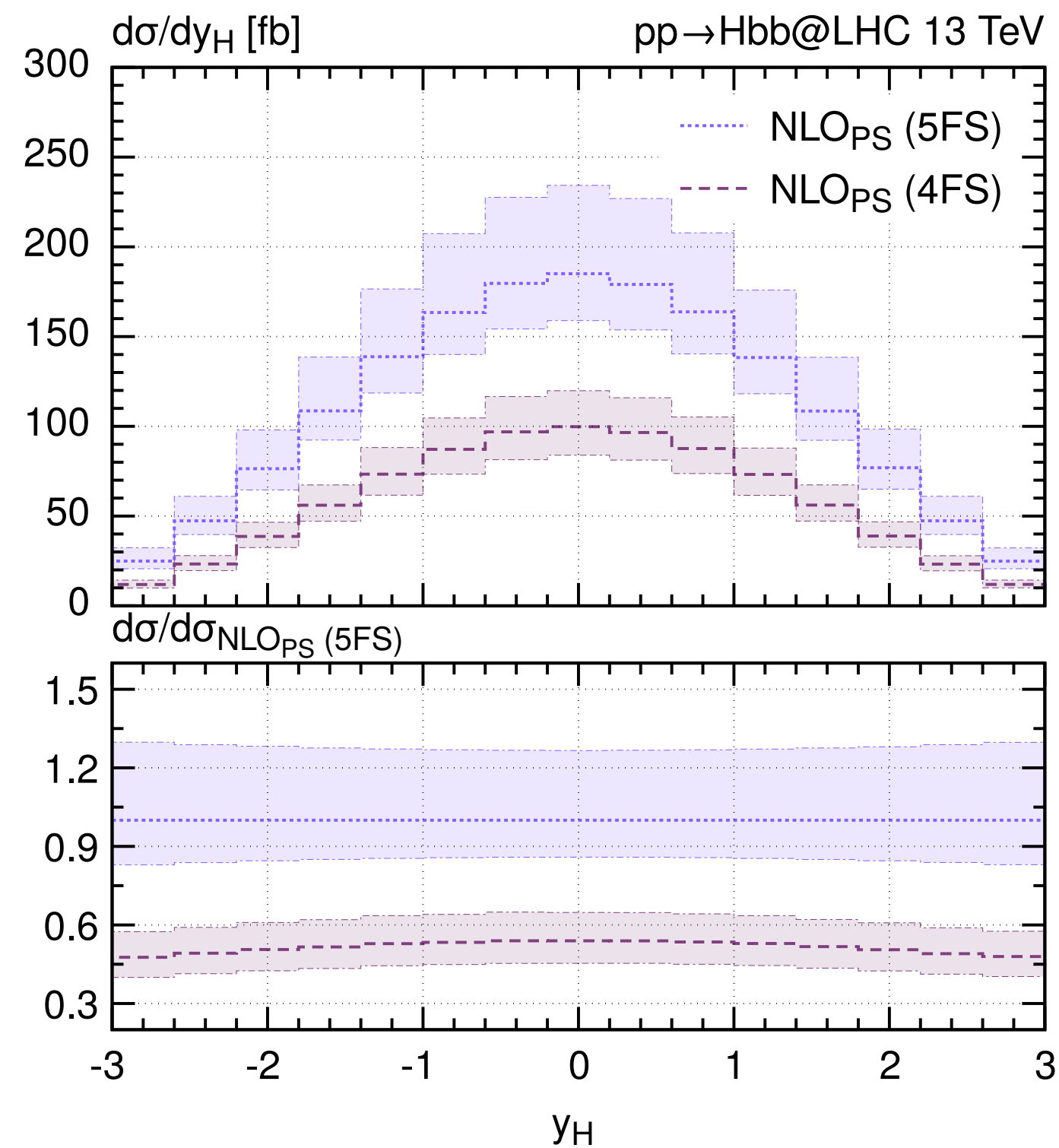
Here the ‘oscillating’ behaviour due to scattering on either neutron / proton (charge conservation)

Bottom-mass effects in Higgs production: $b\bar{b} \rightarrow H$ vs $b\bar{b}H$

❖ **Goal: account for massless-bottom Higgs production and associated H production with massive bottom at NNLO+PS**

❖ **Motivation:**

1. Strong control on major background for HH searches
2. Solving **long-standing theoretical issues**: significant differences have been observed in predictions in different schemes



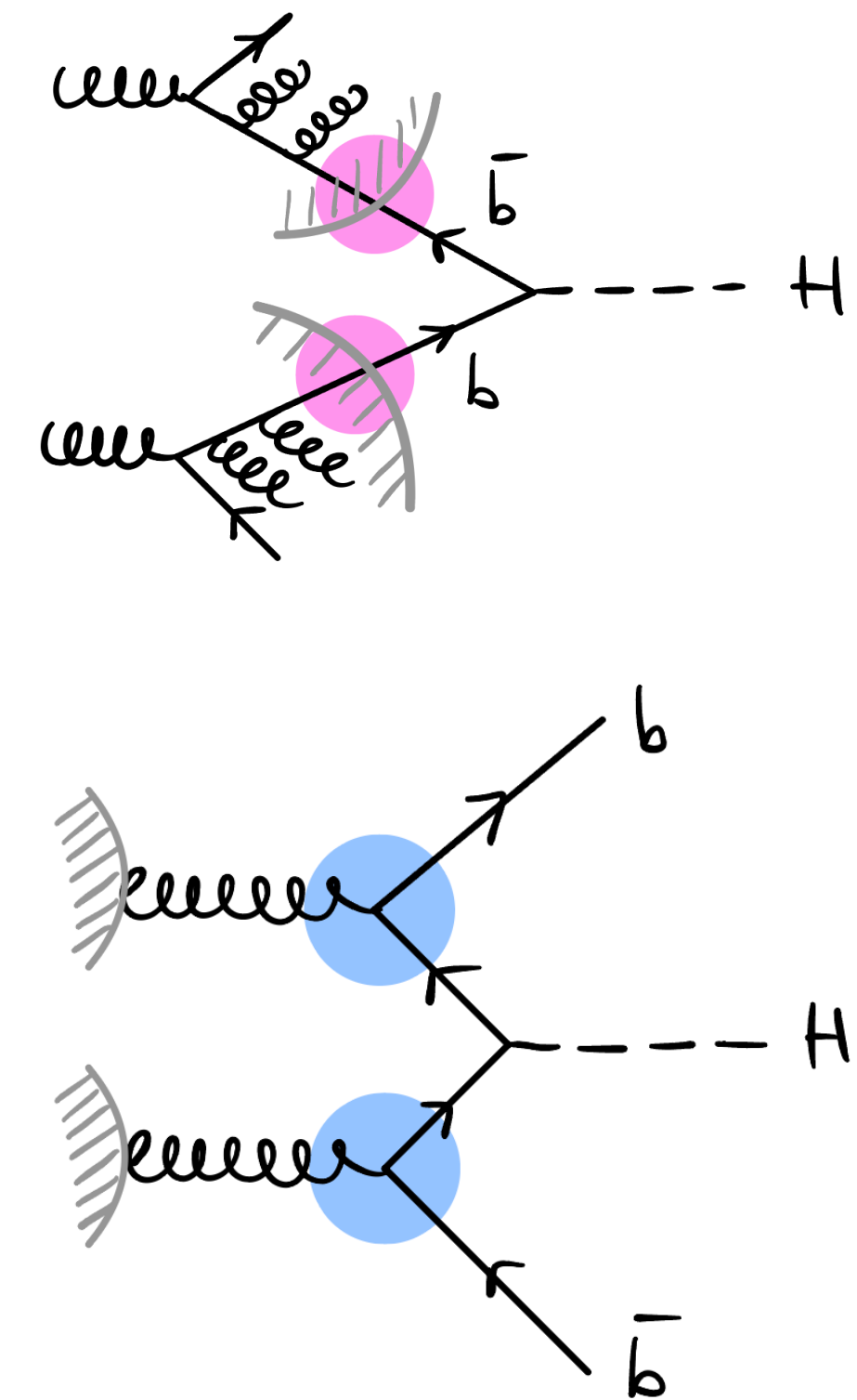
5FS NLO _{PS} (m_H)	$0.676(6)^{+27\%}_{-15\%}$ pb
4FS NLO _{PS} (m_H)	$0.354(6)^{+20\%}_{-16\%}$ pb
4FS NLO _{PS} ($\frac{H_T}{4}$)	$0.385(3)^{+16\%}_{-14\%}$ pb

Wiesemann et al. ['14]
Jäger, Reina, Wackerath ['15]

NLO improvement, but still not sufficient

NLO predictions have improved the agreement by 40%. The discrepancy has been **artificially** mitigated by **tuning** the renormalisation and, notably, the factorisation scale factors.

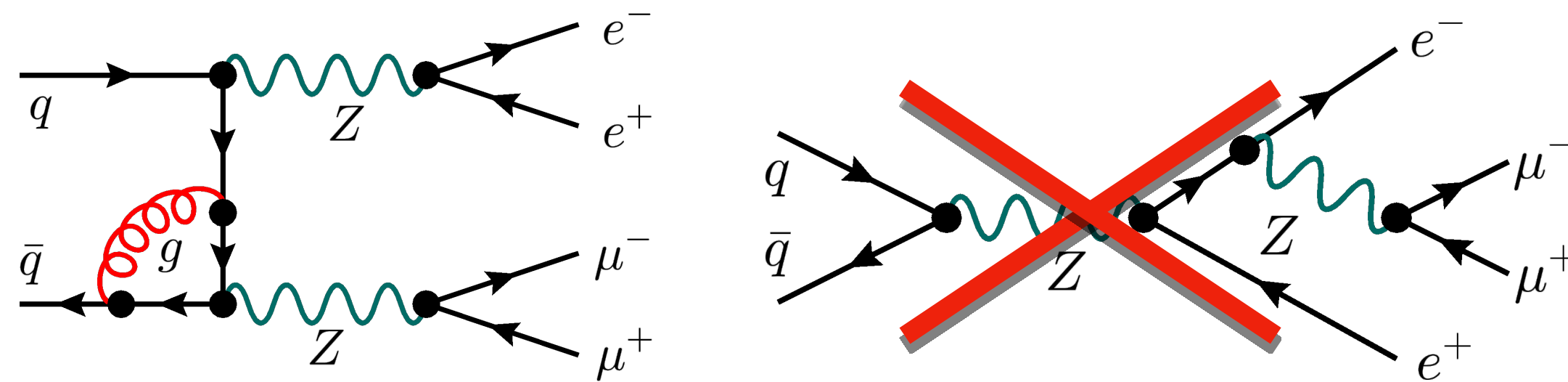
Our group performed the first NNLO comparison (matched with PS)



SMEFT effects in polarised diboson production

Uli Haisch, Jakob Linder, Giovanni Pelliccioli & Giulia Zanderighi

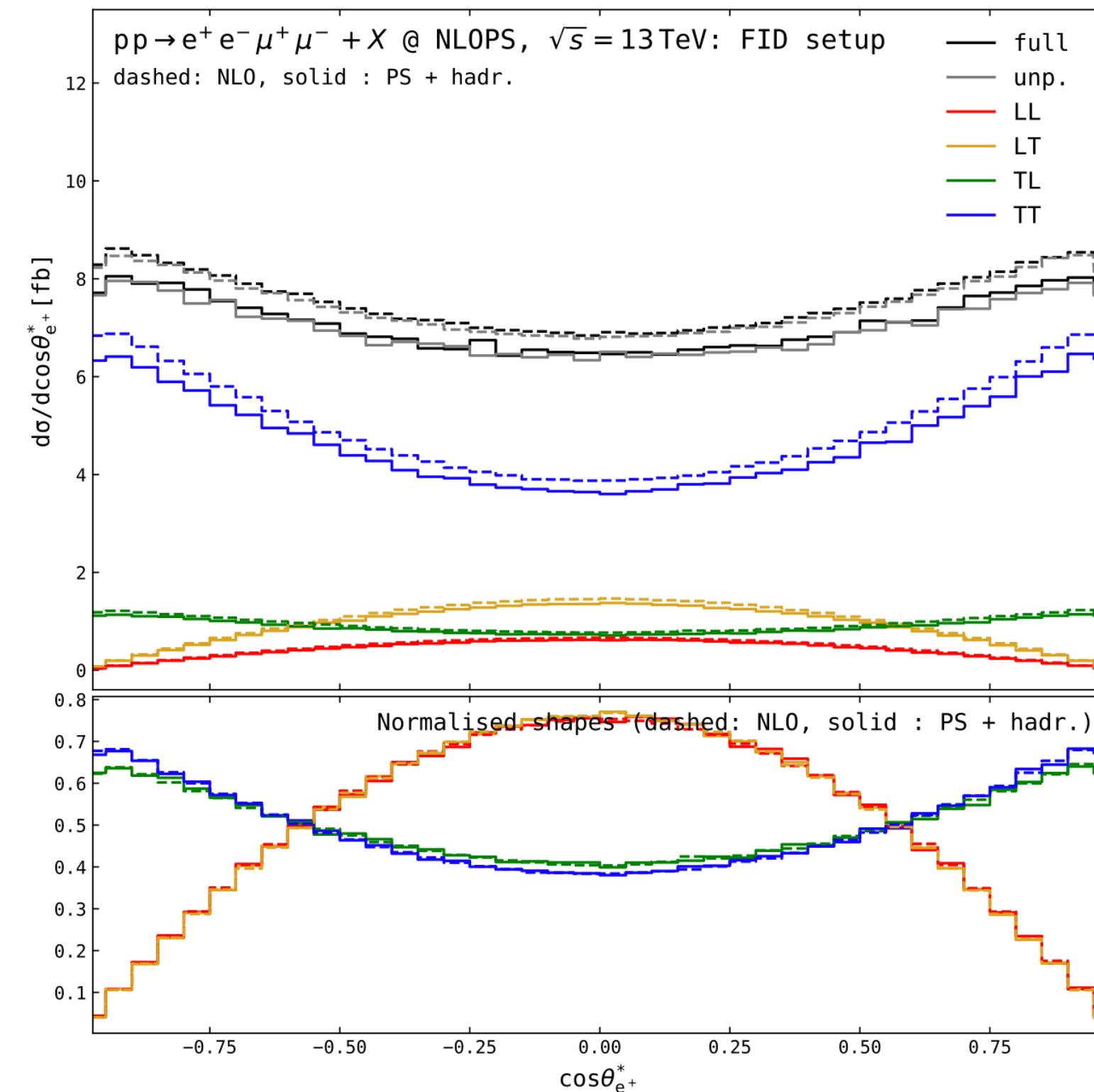
- **Goal:**
 - Production and decay of 2 polarised bosons including SMEFT effects in the POWHEG-BOX-RES framework
 - Probe the SM gauge and Higgs sectors
- Use the **Double pole approximation** to extract the polarised parts of the propagator



- Replace the Z propagators:

$$\frac{-g^{\mu\nu}}{k^2 - m_Z^2 + i\Gamma_Z m_Z} = \frac{\sum_{\lambda} \epsilon_{\lambda}^{\mu}(k) \epsilon_{\lambda}^{*\nu}(k)}{k^2 - m_Z^2 + i\Gamma_Z m_Z} \rightarrow \frac{\epsilon_{\lambda}^{\mu}(k) \epsilon_{\lambda}^{*\nu}(k)}{k^2 - m_Z^2 + i\Gamma_Z m_Z}$$

- **Status:**
 - Polarised dibosons in SM
 - Polarised dibosons including SMEFT
 - Implemented and currently being tested.



Decay angle of e^+ in the Z boson rest frame, w.r.t. the direction of the Z in the VV-CM