

From Flavour to SUSY Flavour Models

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Based on work in progress with Stefan Antusch, Lorenzo Calibbi and Martin Spinrath

- ① Motivation
- ② Defining a SUSY Flavour Model
- ③ Testing a SUSY Flavour Model
- ④ Summary

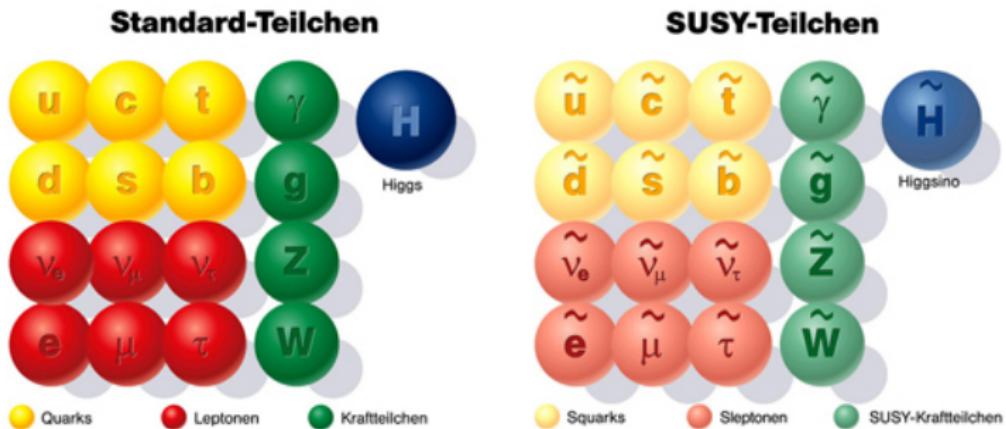
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What we want to describe



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Class of Models: Matter Fields

- Symmetries:

$$SU(5) \times G_{\text{family}}$$

- $SU(5) \rightarrow \text{SM}:$

$$F = (d^c, L) \quad T = (Q, u^c, e^c)$$

$$Y_d \sim Y_e$$

- Matter fields:

$$F \sim (\bar{5}, 3) \quad T_{1,2,3} \sim (10, 1) \quad N_{1,2} \sim (1, 1)$$

Class of Models: Family Symmetry Breaking

- Flavon fields:

$$\phi_i \sim (1, 3)$$

- G_{family} broken by vevs in the directions [Antusch, King, Spinrath '10]

$$\phi_1 \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \phi_2 \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \tilde{\phi}_2 \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ i \\ w \end{pmatrix}, \phi_3 \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Yukawa matrices of the form

$$Y \sim \frac{1}{M} \begin{pmatrix} \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ \langle \phi_1 \rangle & \langle \phi_2 \rangle + \langle \tilde{\phi}_2 \rangle & \langle \phi_3 \rangle \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix Textures

- Y_u, M_N diagonal

- $Y_\nu^T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & y_1 & -y_1 \\ y_2 & y_2 & y_2 \end{pmatrix},$

$$Y_d = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \epsilon_1 & -\epsilon_1 \\ \epsilon_2 & \epsilon_2 + i\tilde{\epsilon}_2 & \epsilon_2 + w\tilde{\epsilon}_2 \\ 0 & 0 & \epsilon_3 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$Y_e^T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & c_1 \epsilon_1 & -c_1 \epsilon_1 \\ c_2 \epsilon_2 & c_2 \epsilon_2 + i\tilde{c}_2 \tilde{\epsilon}_2 & c_2 \epsilon_2 + w\tilde{c}_2 \tilde{\epsilon}_2 \\ 0 & 0 & c_3 \epsilon_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

with $c_1 = c_2 = c_3 = -\frac{3}{2}$, $\tilde{c}_2 = 6$ [Antusch, Spinrath '09]

- Kähler potential

$$K = F^\dagger F + T_i^\dagger T_i + \frac{\phi_i^\dagger \phi_i}{M^2} F^\dagger F + \frac{\phi_i^\dagger \phi_i}{M^2} T_i^\dagger T_i$$

- Using hierarchy $\epsilon_3 \sim y_b \gg y_{d,s} \sim \epsilon_{1,2,\tilde{2}}$:

$$\tilde{K}_{FF^\dagger} \approx \text{diag}(1, 1, 1 + \zeta^2)$$

with $\zeta^2 \sim \frac{\phi_3^\dagger \phi_3}{M^2} \Rightarrow$ non-canonical kinetic terms

[Antusch, King, Malinsky '07] [Antusch, Calibbi, V.M., Spinrath in preparation]

Canonical Normalisation

Rescale fields $F \rightarrow \text{diag}(1, 1, 1 - \frac{1}{2}\zeta^2)F$

Modified Alignment:

$$Y_\nu^T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & y_1 & -y_1(1 - \frac{1}{2}\zeta^2) \\ y_2 & y_2 & y_2(1 - \frac{1}{2}\zeta^2) \end{pmatrix}$$

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[Antusch, Calibbi, V.M., Spinrath in preparation]

Predictions for Neutrino Physics

- Almost Tribimaximal Mixing [cf. Antusch, King, Malinsky 2008]

$$\sin \theta_{12}^{MNS} \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{6} \zeta^2 \right) \Rightarrow \theta_{12}^{MNS} \approx 35^\circ$$

$$\sin \theta_{23}^{MNS} \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} \zeta^2 \right) \Rightarrow \theta_{23}^{MNS} \approx 45^\circ$$

$$\theta_{13}^{MNS} \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{4} \zeta^2 \right) \frac{1}{3} \theta_{12}^{CKM} \Rightarrow \theta_{13}^{MNS} \approx 3^\circ$$

- Normal Hierarchy with

$$0 = m_1 < m_2 < m_3$$

- Maximal CP Violation

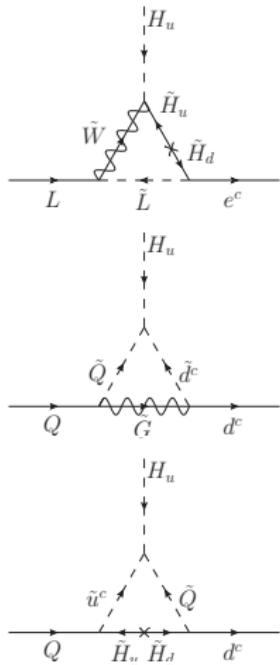
$$\delta_{MNS} = -90^\circ$$

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SUSY Threshold Corrections and Parameterisation

Simple formulae for $\tan \beta$ enhanced corrections to Y_d and Y_e



$$y_{e,\mu,\tau}^{SM} \approx (1 + \epsilon_l \tan \beta) y_{e,\mu,\tau}^{MSSM} \cos \beta$$
$$y_{d,s}^{SM} \approx (1 + \epsilon_q \tan \beta) y_{d,s}^{MSSM} \cos \beta$$
$$y_b^{SM} \approx (1 + (\epsilon_q + \epsilon_A) \tan \beta) y_b^{MSSM} \cos \beta$$

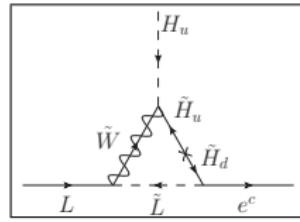
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[Antusch, Calibbi, V.M., Spinrath in preparation]

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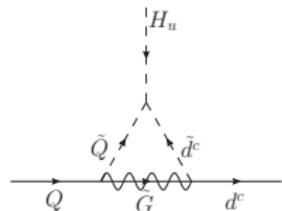
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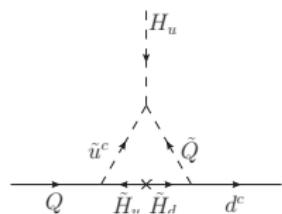
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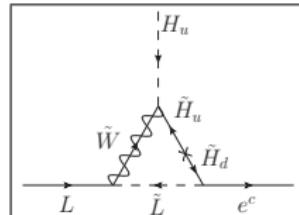
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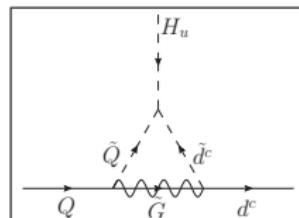
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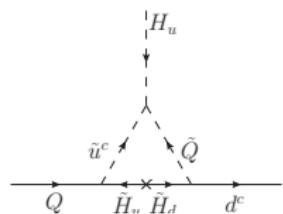
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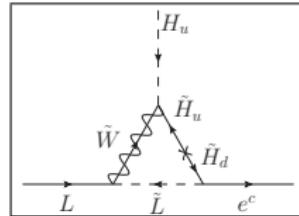
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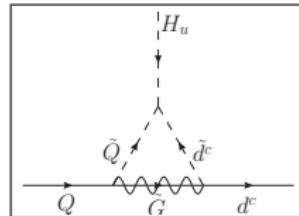
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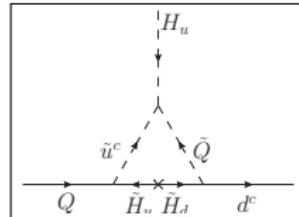
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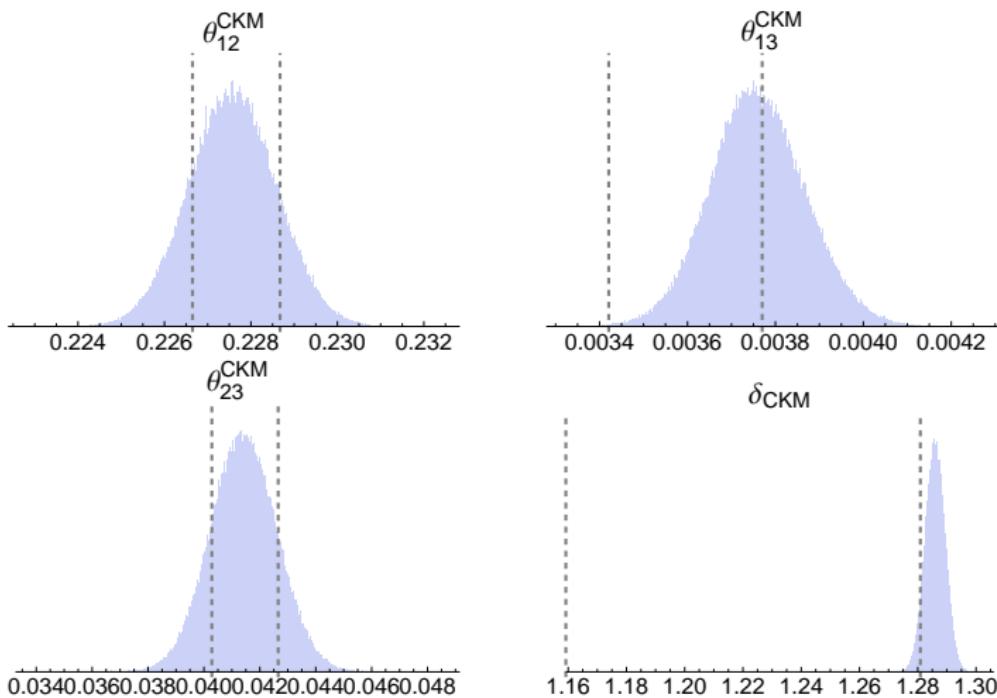


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[Antusch, Calibbi, V.M., Spinrath in preparation]

Monte Carlo Markov Chain Results



All masses also in good agreement, minimal total $\chi^2 \approx 1.5$

[Antusch, Calibbi, V.M., Spinrath in preparation]

Constraints on Spectrum

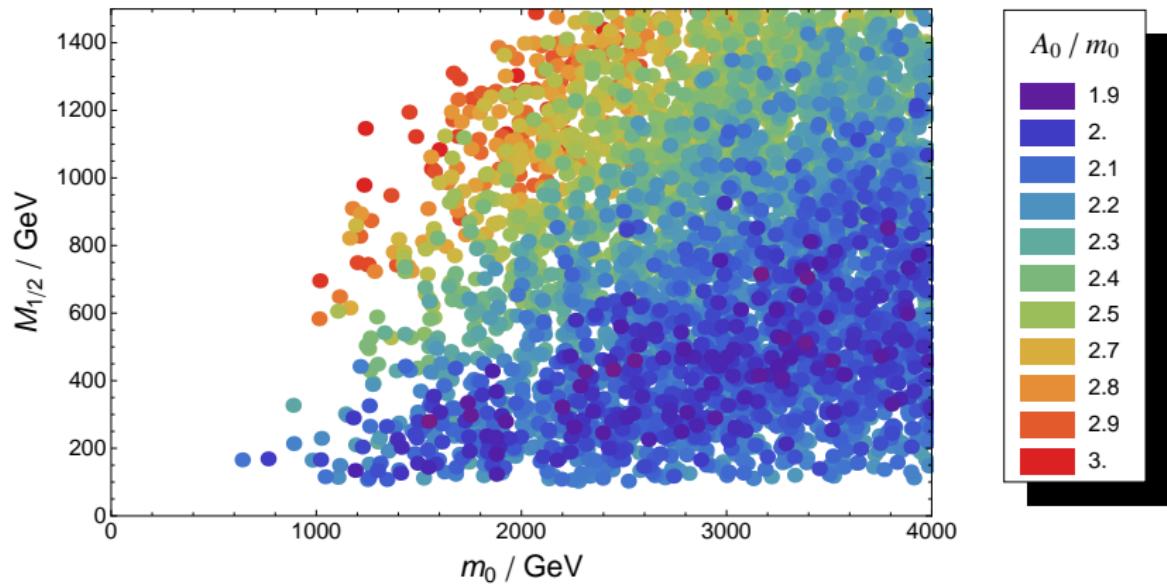


Figure: Points found by Markov chain with $\chi^2 < 3$

[Antusch, Calibbi, V.M., Spinrath in preparation]

Predictions for SUSY Flavour Structure

Incorporate SUSY breaking mediated by supergravity

- Typically SUSY breaking by all fields with vevs

$$F_\phi = \mathcal{O}(1) m_{3/2} \langle \phi \rangle$$

- SUGRA (+ sequestering) results in

$$\tilde{m}^2 = m_{3/2}^2 \tilde{K} - F_{\bar{n}} F_m \partial_{\bar{n}} \partial_m \tilde{K}$$

$$A = A_0 Y + F_m \partial_m Y$$

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Application to our Class of Models

Small Deviations from CMSSM

- Soft masses

$$m_{\tilde{F}}^2 = m_0^2 \text{diag}(1, 1, 1 - x^2 \zeta^2)$$

- Trilinear couplings

$$A_d = A_0 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & x_1 \epsilon_1 & -x_1 \epsilon_1 (1 - \frac{1}{2} \zeta^2) \\ x_2 \epsilon_2 & x_2 \epsilon_2 + i \tilde{x}_2 \tilde{\epsilon}_2 & (x_2 \epsilon_2 + \tilde{x}_2 w \tilde{\epsilon}_2) (1 - \frac{1}{2} \zeta^2) \\ 0 & 0 & x_3 \epsilon_3 (1 - \frac{1}{2} \zeta^2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$\not\propto Y_d \Rightarrow$ not diagonal in SCKM basis

- $A_0 \gtrsim 2m_0 \Rightarrow$ LR sector dominates flavour and CP violation effects

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- Extend flavour models to SUSY/SUGRA flavour models
- Keep track of all effects!
 - canonical normalisation
 - SUSY threshold corrections
 - deviations from CMSSM
- Tests for SUSY/SUGRA flavour model
 - SUSY spectrum
 - flavour violation
 - CP violation

Thanks for your attention!