

MAX-PLANCK-INSTITUT
FÜR PHYSIK



Probing the Emergence Proposal in Heterotic/Type IIA Dual String Theories

Based on [2504.05392] with R. Blumenhagen and A. Paraskevopoulou

Manuel Artime | 17th July 2025

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A Familiar QFT Example

- Consider the action:

$$S = M_{\text{Pl}}^2 \int d^4x \left[g_{\phi\phi} \partial^\mu \phi \partial_\mu \phi + \sum_n \left(\frac{1}{2} \partial^\mu h_n \partial_\mu h_n + \frac{1}{2} m_n^2(\phi) h_n^2 \right) \right], \quad \text{with} \quad m_n(\phi) = n \cdot m(\phi)$$

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- Expand $m_n(\phi) \rightarrow$ triple vertex: $(m_n(\phi) \partial_\phi m_n(\phi)) h_n^2 \phi$

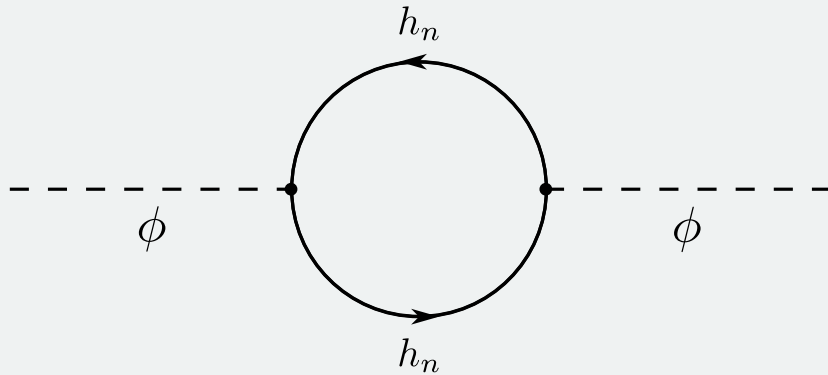
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- Expand $m_n(\phi) \rightarrow$ triple vertex: $(m_n(\phi) \partial_\phi m_n(\phi)) h_n^2 \phi$
- Integrate out h_n below the cut-off scale of the theory Λ_{UV}

[Grimm, Palti, Valenzuela '18; Castellano, Herráez, Ibáñez '22]



$$\delta g_{\phi\phi}^{1\text{-loop}} \xrightarrow{\Lambda_{\text{UV}} \gg m_n} \sum_{n=1}^{\Lambda_{\text{UV}}/m(\phi)} n^2 (\partial_\phi m(\phi))^2 \sim \left(\frac{\Lambda_{\text{UV}}}{m(\phi)} \right)^3 (\partial_\phi m(\phi))^2$$

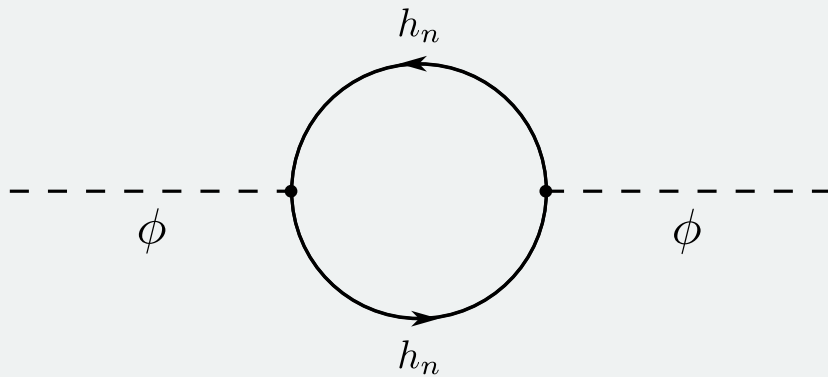
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- **Lesson:** if h_n really light, $\delta g_{\phi\phi}^{1\text{-loop}}$ dominates and the kinetic term arises from quantum effects

Goal:

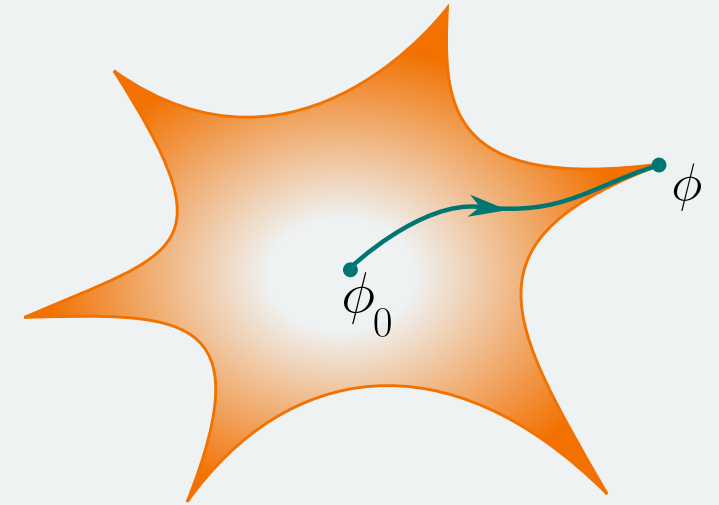
Find a string theory setting in which the entire effective action emerges in this way.

Swampland Program

Swampland Distance Conjecture [Ooguri, Vafa '06]

At an infinite distance point in the moduli space an infinite tower of light states appears with masses scaling as

$$M(\phi) \sim M(\phi_0) e^{-\alpha d(\phi_0, \phi)} .$$

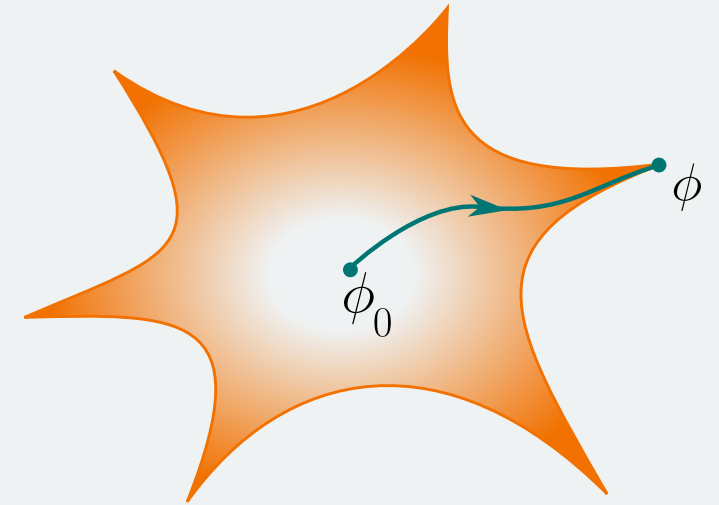


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Species Scale [Dvali '08]

The UV cutoff in the presence of many light species:

$$\Lambda_{\text{sp}} = M_{\text{Pl}}^{(d)} / N_{\text{sp}}^{\frac{1}{d-2}}$$

[Long, Montero, Vafa, Valenzuela '21; van de Heisteeg, Vafa, Wiesner, Wu '22 & '23; Castellano, Herráez, Ibáñez '23; (Basile), Cribiori, Lüst, Montella ('23) '24; Bedroya, Vafa, Wu '24; ...]

Emergence Proposal

Emergence Proposal [Palti '19]

The dynamics (kinetic terms) for all fields are emergent in the infrared by integrating out the states down from a UV scale, which is below the Planck scale.

→ Many works: [Grimm, Palti, Valenzuela '18; Heidenreich, Reece, Rudelius '18; Castellano, Herráez, Ibáñez '23; Casas, Ibáñez, Marchesano '24; Blumenhagen, Gligovic, Paraskevopoulou '23; Lee, Lerche, Weigand '21; Calderón-Infante, Delgado, Uranga '23; Calderón-Infante, Delgado, Yi, Lüst, Uranga '25; Marchesano, Melotti '22; Anastasi, Angius, Huertas, Uranga, Wang '25 ...]

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M-theoretic Emergence Proposal [Blumenhagen, Cribiori, Gligovic, Paraskevopoulou '24]

In the isotropic decompactification limit to M-theory, the entire effective action emerges via quantum effects by integrating out the full infinite towers of states with a mass scale not heavier than the species scale.

→ Evidence: [Blumenhagen, Cribiori, Gligovic, Paraskevopoulou '23, '24; Blumenhagen, Gligovic '25]

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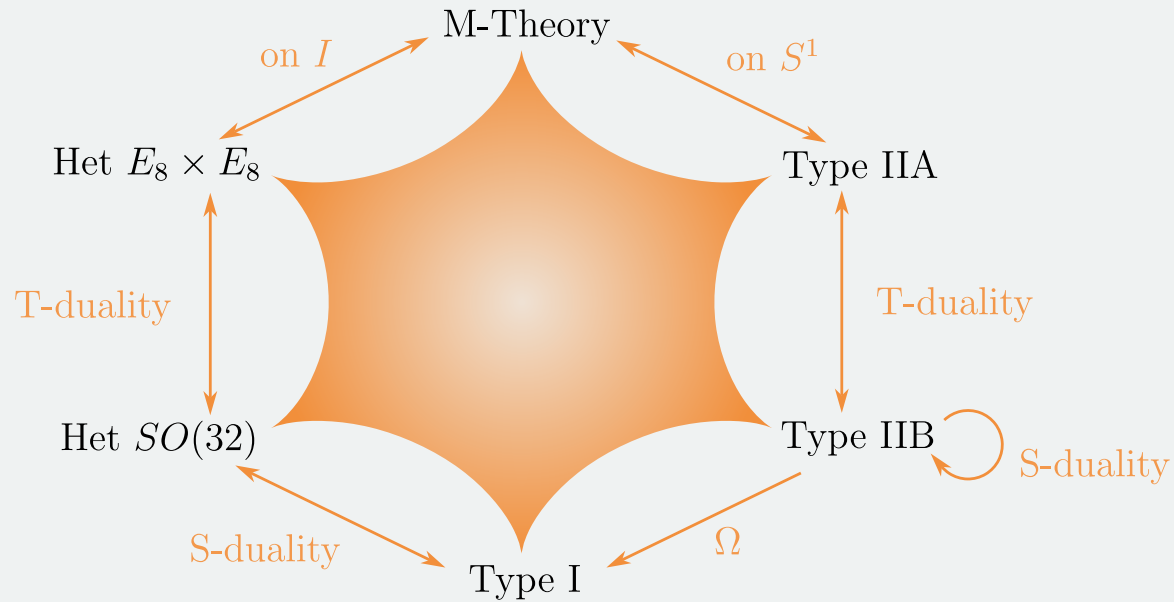
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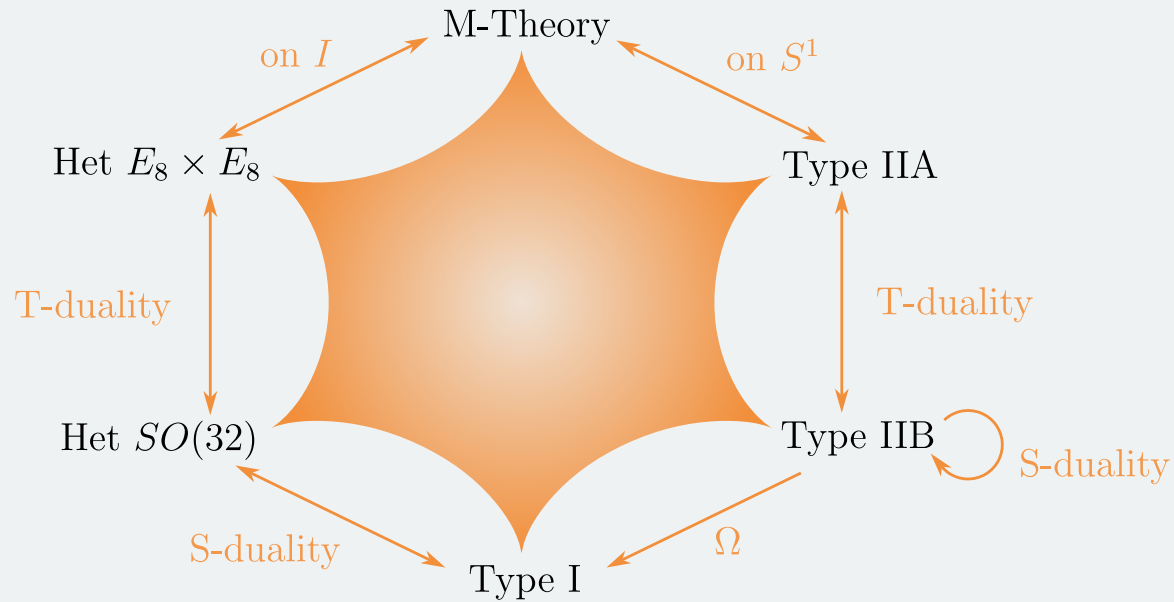
→ F^4 -coupling in Heterotic/Type IIA dual theories in 6D

M-theory Limit



- Strongly-coupled type IIA \leftrightarrow M-theory on a large S^1
- Compactify type IIA on a K3 (T^4/\mathbb{Z}_2) down to 6d
- Theory dual to heterotic string theory on T^4
[Sen '95; Witten '95]
- 1/2-BPS particle content:
 $D0$ -branes, wrapped $D2$ -branes, wrapped $D4$ -branes

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→ Isotropic decompactification M-theory limit:

$$R_{11} \rightarrow \lambda R_{11}, \quad M_* \rightarrow \lambda^{-\frac{1}{5}} M_*, \quad R_i \rightarrow \lambda^{\frac{1}{5}} R_i \quad (\lambda \rightarrow \infty)$$

→ Species scale:

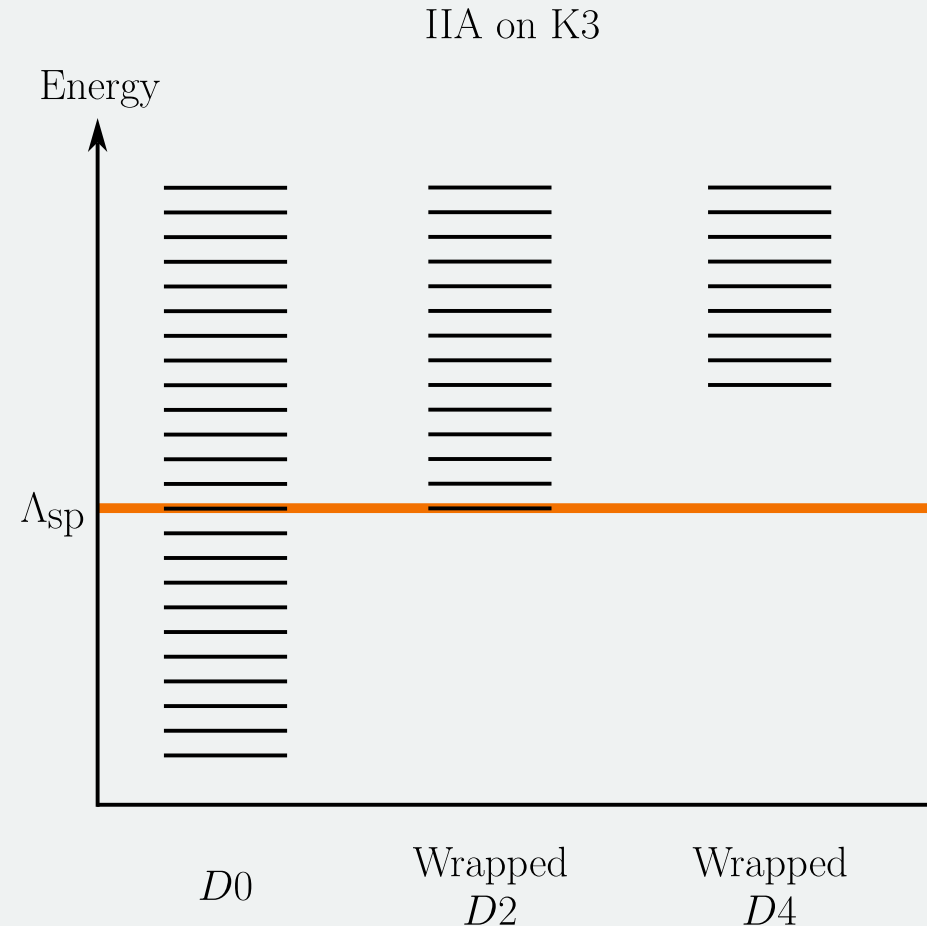
$$\Lambda_{\text{sp}} \rightarrow \lambda^{-\frac{1}{5}} \Lambda_{\text{sp}} \sim M_{\text{Pl}}^{(7)}$$

Light towers of states & Emergence

- Light states: $D0$ -branes and wrapped $D2$ -branes
- Heavy states: wrapped $D4$ -branes
- Look at the 1/2-BPS protected term F^4 in the 6d effective action

[Kiritsis, Obers, Pioline '00]

$$A_{F^4} \sim \sum_{\text{BPS states}} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{t^2} e^{-\frac{\pi}{t} M^2}$$



Light towers of states & Emergence

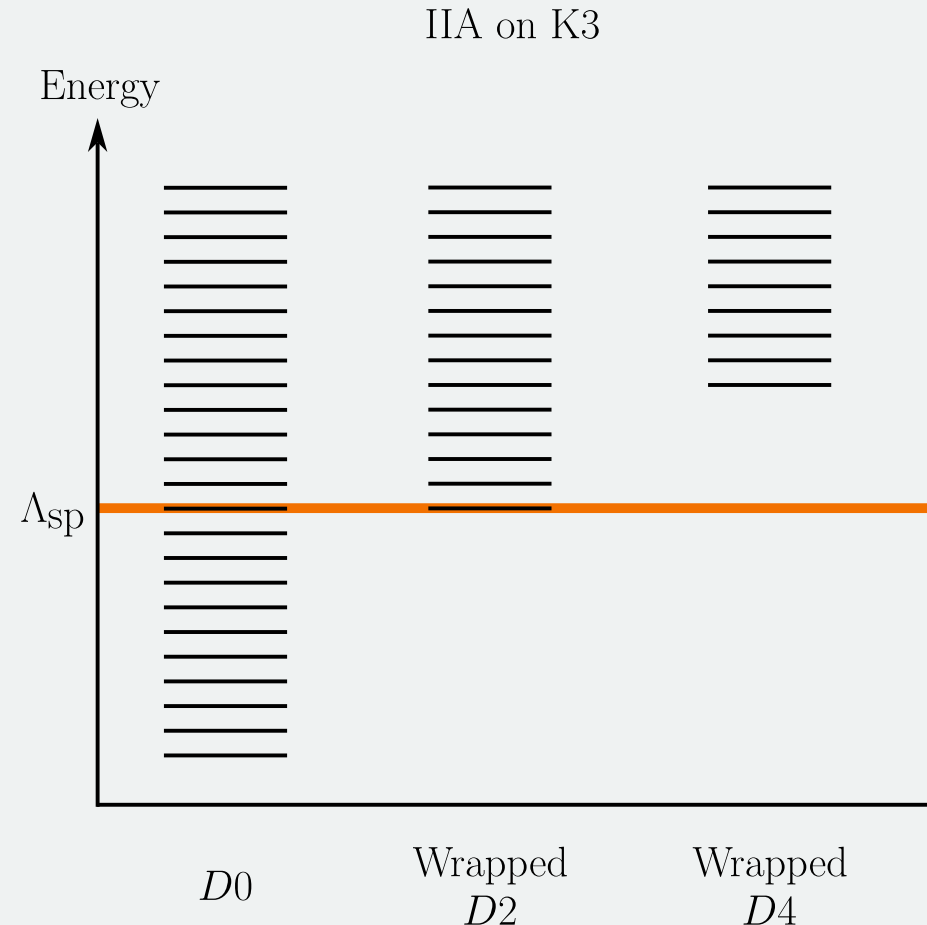
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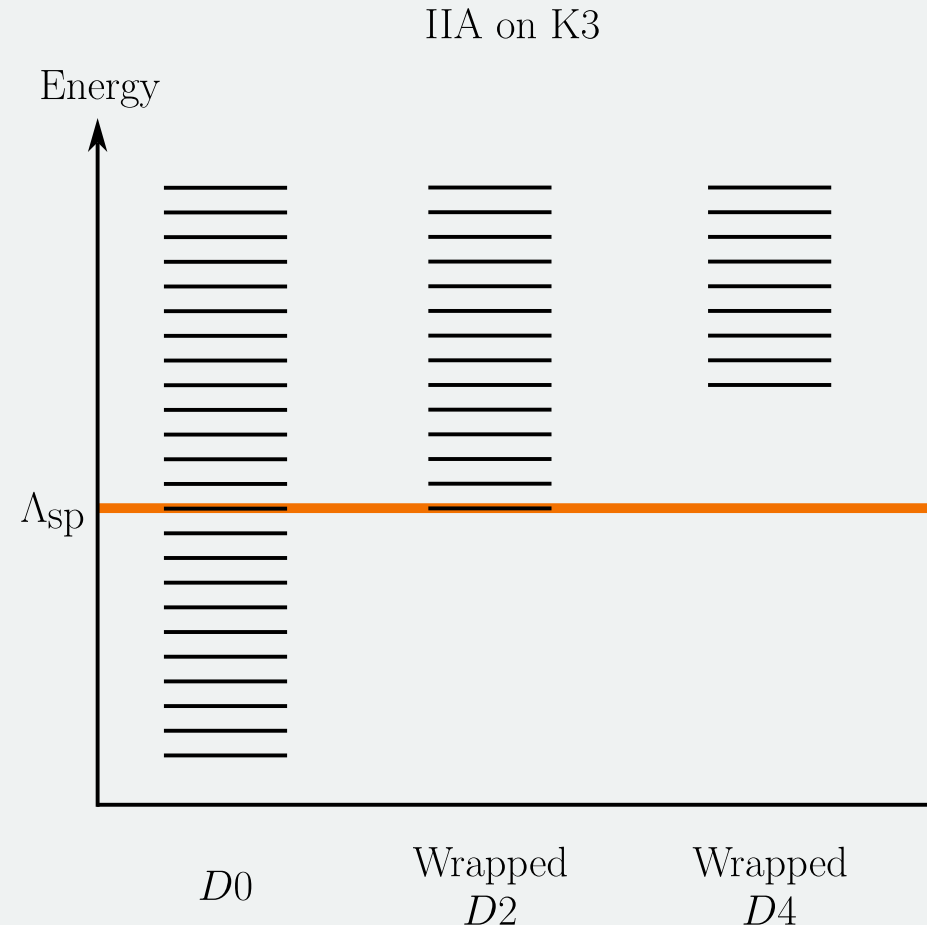
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- Explicit cancellation of the contributions involving wrapped $D4$ -branes

- Entire term obtained from a one-loop integration of the light states
- Novel mathematical property

$$\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{V};1}^{SO(4,4;\mathbb{Z})} \sim \mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{V}\oplus 1;1}^{SO(3,3;\mathbb{Z})}$$



Summary & Outlook

Takeaways:

- **Emergence** has **concrete realizations** in effective actions
- **Light towers of states**, predicted by the Swampland Distance Conjecture, can **generate full terms** in the low-energy action
- **Spacetime emerges** from quantum effects (Einstein-Hilbert term)?

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Results:

- **One-loop effects** from integrating out **light states** ($D0$ -branes and $D2$ -branes) generate the entire F^4 -term in 6d heterotic/type IIA compactified theories
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- New **mathematical property** of a string theoretic amplitude

→ M-theory is the natural candidate for an emergent description of quantum gravity

What more can we learn about its microscopic description from these principles?

Thank you!

Backup Slides

■ Coupling:

$$A_{F4} \sim \mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{C};1}^{SO(4,4,\mathbb{Z})}$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{C};1}^{SO(4,4,\mathbb{Z})} = \pi \sum_{n_{ij}, m, n_{D4}} \int_0^\infty \frac{dt}{t^2} \delta(\text{BPS}) e^{-\frac{\pi}{t} \left(\sum_{i,j} (n_{ij} r_i r_j)^2 + (m/r_{11})^2 + (n_{D4} r_{11} v_{T4})^2 \right)}$$

$$n_{12}n_{34} + n_{13}n_{24} + n_{14}n_{23} + mn_{D4} = 0$$

■ Duality:

$$(m_1; m_2, m_3, m_4; n_2, n_3, n_4; n_1) = (m; n_{12}, n_{13}, n_{14}; n_{34}, n_{42}, n_{23}; n_{D4}).$$

■ Instanton expansion:

$$A_{\text{inst}}^H = 2\pi l_H^2 V_4^H \sum_{N>0} \sum_{\mathcal{C}_{ij}|\text{BPS}} \frac{e^{-NS_{\text{inst}}(\vec{\mathcal{C}})}}{S_{\text{inst}}(\vec{\mathcal{C}})}, \quad S_{\text{inst}}(\vec{\mathcal{C}}) := \sqrt{\sum_{i<j} \vartheta_{ij}^2 C_{ij}^2}$$

$$\text{BPS-condition: } C_{[ij} C_{kl]} = 0$$

| # winding numbers | # worldsheet instantons |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | 1, 2, 3 |
| 2 | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| 3 | 2, 3, 5, 6 |
| 4 | 3, 4, 5, 6 |

Backup Slides

- An example:

$$A_{(EF1_{12}, EF1_{13}, EF1_{23})}^H = A[n_1, n_2] + A[n_1, n_3] + A[n_2, n_3] - 2A[n_1, n_2, n_3].$$

- Scalings:

$$g_{\text{IIA}} \rightarrow \lambda^{\frac{6}{5}} g_{\text{IIA}}, \quad l_{\text{IIA}} \rightarrow \lambda^{-\frac{1}{5}} l_{\text{IIA}}, \quad g_{\text{IIA}}^{(6)} \rightarrow \lambda^{\frac{2}{5}} g_{\text{IIA}}^{(6)}, \quad R_i^{\text{IIA}} \rightarrow \lambda^{\frac{2}{5}} R_i^{\text{IIA}}$$

$$g_H \rightarrow g_H, \quad l_H \rightarrow \lambda^{\frac{1}{5}} l_H, \quad g_H^{(6)} \rightarrow \lambda^{-\frac{2}{5}} g_H^{(6)}, \quad R_{2,3,4}^H \rightarrow R_{2,3,4}^H, \quad R_1^H \rightarrow \lambda^{\frac{4}{5}} R_1^H,$$

- Type IIA $K3 \times S^1$ with $M_{\text{Pl}}^{(5)}$ fixed \Rightarrow Light states: $D0$'s, wrapped $D2$'s and wrapped $NS5$'s

$$R_5^H = \frac{1}{g_{\text{IIA}}} \sqrt{R_1^{\text{IIA}} R_2^{\text{IIA}} R_3^{\text{IIA}} R_4^{\text{IIA}} R_5^{\text{IIA}}}, \quad (m_5, n_5) \longleftrightarrow (m_5, n_{NS5})$$

For example: $A_{EF1_{15}}^H = A[n_1] + A[n_5] - A[n_1, n_5]$

$$EF1_{15} \longleftrightarrow ED4$$

$$EF1_{i5} \longleftrightarrow ED2$$