

Study of the decay of $B \rightarrow \omega K_s$ at Belle

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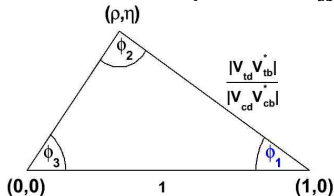


Physical Motivation

CKM Matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}_{\text{weak}} = V_{\text{CKM}} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}_{\text{mass}} \equiv \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}_{\text{mass}}$$

CKM matrix is unitary $\Rightarrow V_{ud} \cdot V_{ub}^* + V_{cd} \cdot V_{cb}^* + V_{td} \cdot V_{tb}^* = 0$



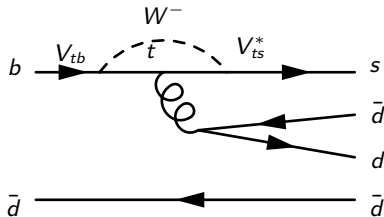
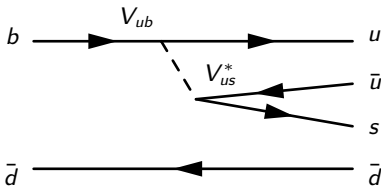
Decays via charmless $b \rightarrow sq\bar{q}$ (like $B \rightarrow \omega K_S$) transitions sensitive to ϕ_1

Physical Motivation

Wolfenstein parametrisation

$$V_{\text{CKM}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \lambda & \lambda^3(\rho - i\eta) \\ \lambda & 1 & \lambda^2 \\ \lambda^3(1 - \rho - i\eta) & \lambda^2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4)$$

$\lambda = \sin \theta_C \approx 0.22$, θ_C : Cabibbo angle



Matrix elements for the two Feynman diagrams:

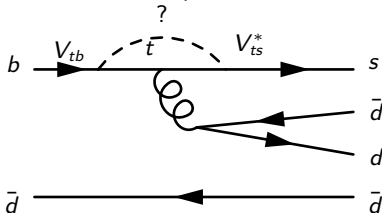
- ▶ $M_{\text{tree}} \propto \frac{V_{ub} \cdot V_{us}^*}{3} \propto \frac{\lambda^3 \cdot \lambda}{3} \propto \frac{\lambda^4}{3}$
- ▶ $M_{\text{penguin}} \propto V_{tb} \cdot V_{ts}^* \propto 1 \cdot \lambda^2 \propto \lambda^2$

⇒ Decay is penguin-dominated



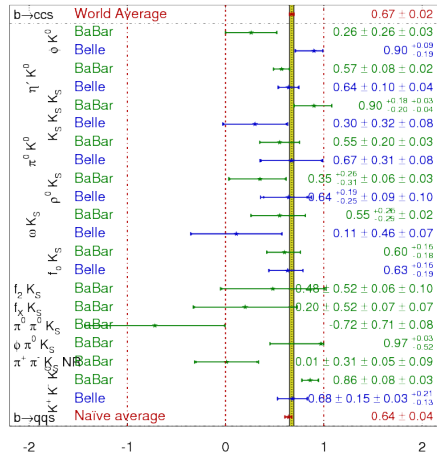
Physical Motivation

- ▶ Theory predicts in SM that $\sin 2\phi_1$ from $b \rightarrow sq\bar{q}$ should be larger than for $b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s$ ($S_f - \sin 2\phi_1 \in (0.0; 0.2)$)
- ▶ But measurements could be systematically lower (hint of New Physics)
- ▶ Unknown particle in the loop could change measured $\sin 2\phi_1$
- ▶ Discovery of $A_{CP} \neq 0$ for B^+ decay could give evidence of another Feynmann diagram and an unknown particle



$$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}}) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}}) \quad \text{HFAG}$$

FPCP 2010
PRELIMINARY



Analysis at MPI

- ▶ Ongoing analysis for two decays with the same kinematics:
 $B^0 \rightarrow \omega K_s$ and $B^+ \rightarrow \omega K^+$
- ▶ B^+ : No mixing-induced CP -Violation, can give us the value for A_{cp}
- ▶ The analysis consists of the following steps:
 - ▶ Generating Monte Carlo events for signal and background
 - ▶ Reconstruction of the particles B, ω, K_s
 - ▶ Fitting the observables $\Delta E, F_{BB/qq}, \omega$ mass, ω helicity, $\Delta t, q$
 - ▶ Extracting the branching fraction

B Reconstruction

$$B^0 \rightarrow \omega K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$$

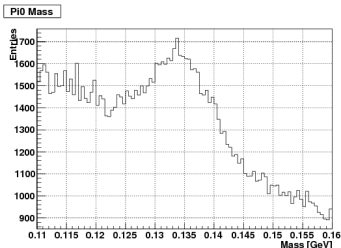
$$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

General selection criteria for the reconstruction

- ▶ For charged pions: $L_{K/\pi} < 0.9$ in order to separate them from the kaons
- ▶ For charged kaons (only B^+ decay): $L_{K/\pi} > 0.6$

π^0 candidates

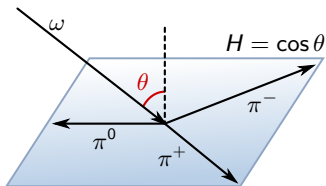
- ▶ $118 \text{ MeV}/c^2 < m(\gamma\gamma) < 150 \text{ MeV}/c^2$, mass fit $\chi^2 < 50$
- ▶ $E_\gamma > 50 \text{ MeV}$ in ECL barrel, $E_\gamma > 100 \text{ MeV}$ in ECL endcap



B reconstruction

ω candidates

$$0.73 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < m(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0) < 0.83 \text{ GeV}/c^2 \quad (m(\omega) \pm 50 \text{ MeV})$$



K_S candidates

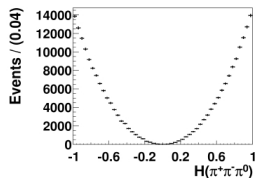
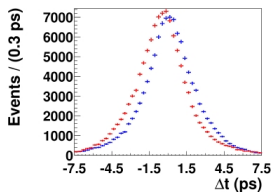
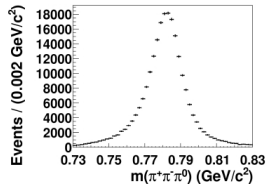
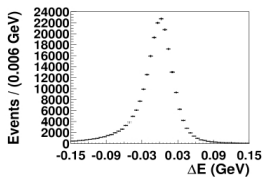
- ▶ The reconstructed vertex must be shifted from the e^+e^- collision point, as the kaon decays much later than the ω
- ▶ $0.482 \text{ GeV}/c^2 < m(\pi^+\pi^-) < 0.514 \text{ GeV}/c^2 \quad (m(K_S) \pm 16 \text{ MeV})$

B reconstruction

B^0 candidates

- ▶ Best B selected with the beam-energy constrained mass ($M_{bc} = \sqrt{E_{beam}^{cms} - p_B^{cms}}$ with E_{beam}^{cms} the beam energy and p_B^{cms} the reconstructed momentum of the B) closest to the nominal B mass ($5.28 \text{ GeV}/c^2$)
- ▶ Additionally, $M_{bc} > 5.27 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- ▶ $|\Delta E| < 0.15 \text{ GeV}$ with $\Delta E = E_B^{cms} - E_{beam}^{cms}$
- ▶ Vertex determined from $\pi^+\pi^-$ tracks of the ω
- ▶ Flavour tagging and tag-side vertexing algorithm applied for determination of the B flavour

Efficiency of the reconstruction module: 14.2% Misreconstruction fraction: 10%



Red: B^0 tags, Blue: B^0 -bar tags

Summary and outlook

- ▶ $B^0 \rightarrow \omega K_s$ is an interesting decay channel, which can reveal knowledge about New Physics
- ▶ In progress: Study of the different backgrounds
- ▶ To do:
 - ▶ Fit to the variables ΔE , $F_{BB/qq}$, ω mass, ω helicity, Δt , q
 - ▶ Extracting the CP parameters S_{cp} , A_{cp}
 - ▶ Extracting the branching fraction for the decay channel

