



MAX-PLANCK-GESELLSCHAFT



# Future Accelerators Group 2012 Project Review

**Presented by:  
Patric Muggli**

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# FUTURE ACCELERATORS SCIENTISTS



Diploma Student



Tobias Rusnak (TUM)

Master Student  
(prospective)



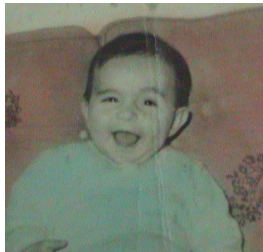
Jan Machasek (TUM)

Graduate Student



Scott Mandry (UCL)

Postdocs



Erdem Oz



Roxana Tarkeshian



Jorge Vieira (IST, Humboldt Fellow)

Staff



Allen Caldwell



Olaf Reimann



Patric Muggli





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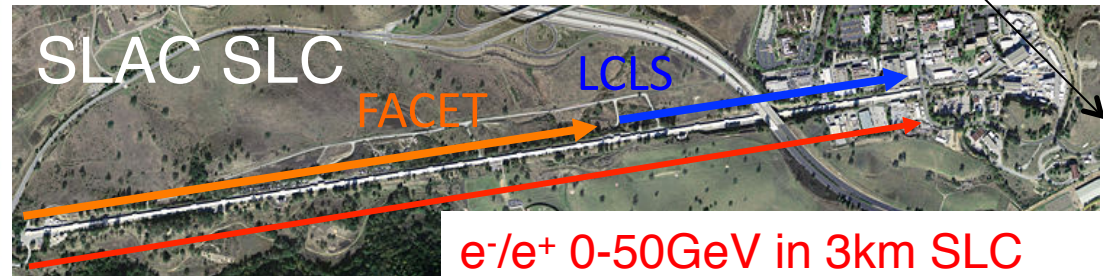
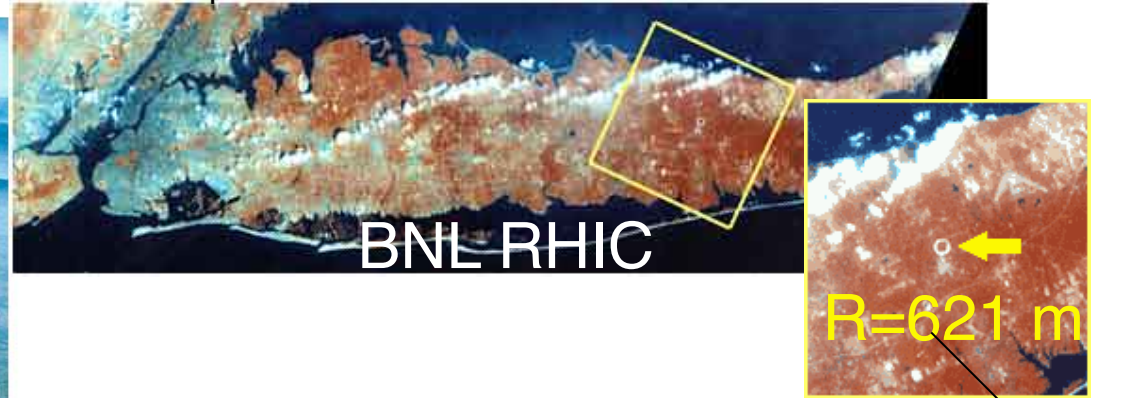
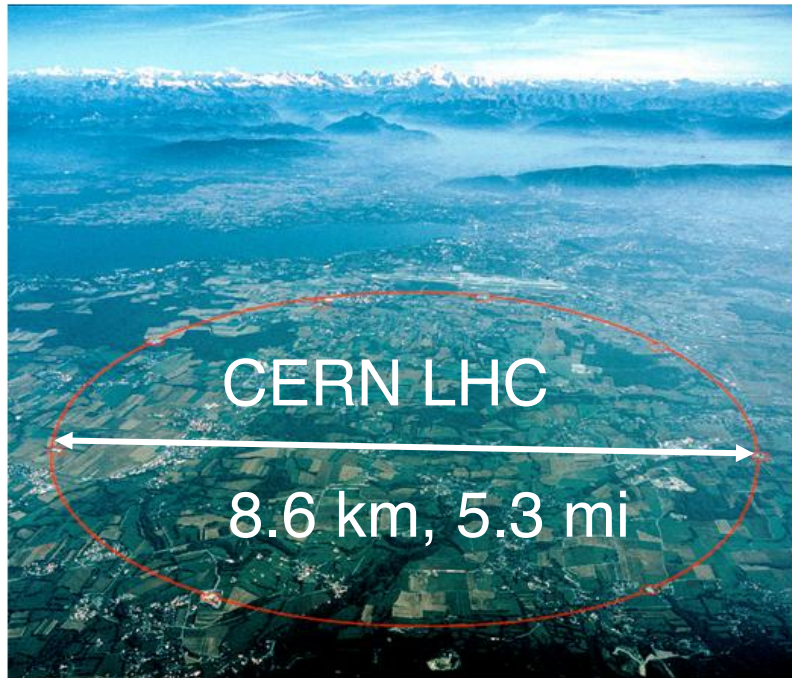


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# PARTICLE ACCELERATORS



“The 2.4-mile circumference RHIC ring is large enough to be seen from space”



$e^-/e^+$  0-50GeV in 3km SLC  
 $e^-/e^+$  0-23GeV in 2km FACET  
 $e^-$  0-14GeV in 1km LCLS

- ➔ Some of the largest and most complex (and most expensive) scientific instruments ever built!
- ➔ All use rf technology to accelerate particles
- ➔ Can we make them smaller (and cheaper) and with a higher energy?

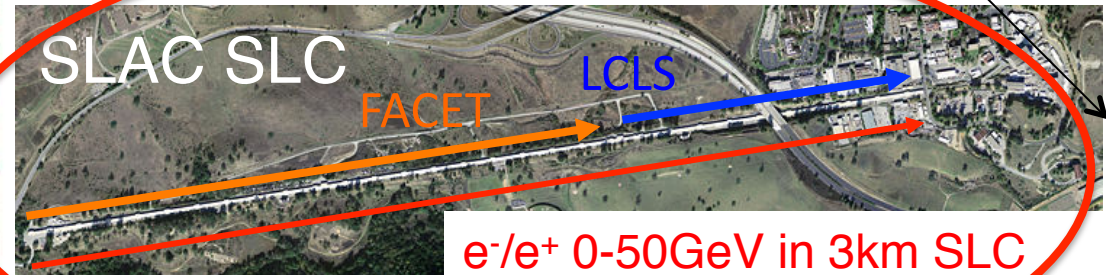




# PARTICLE ACCELERATORS



Could plasmas be used to accelerate particles at high-gradient ( $\gg 100 \text{ MeV/m}$ ) and reduce the size and cost of a future linear  $e^-/e^+$  collider or of an x-ray FEL?



$e^-/e^+$  0-50 GeV in 3km SLC  
 $e^-/e^+$  0-23 GeV in 2km FACET  
 $e^-$  0-14 GeV in 1km LCLS

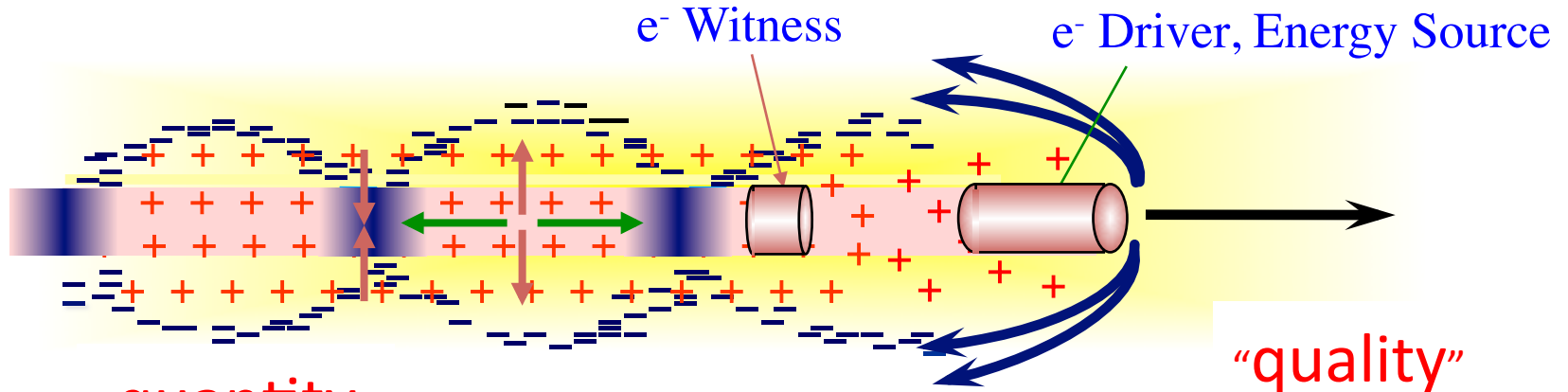
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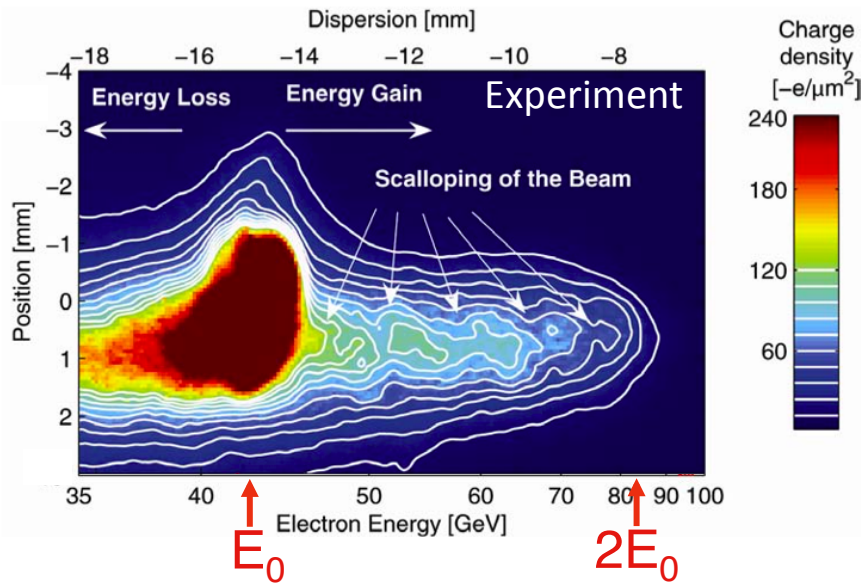
# PLASMA WAKEFIELDS ( $e^-$ )



“quantity”

“quality”

Blumenfeld, Nature 445, 2007



42 => 84GeV in 85cm! 52GeV/m

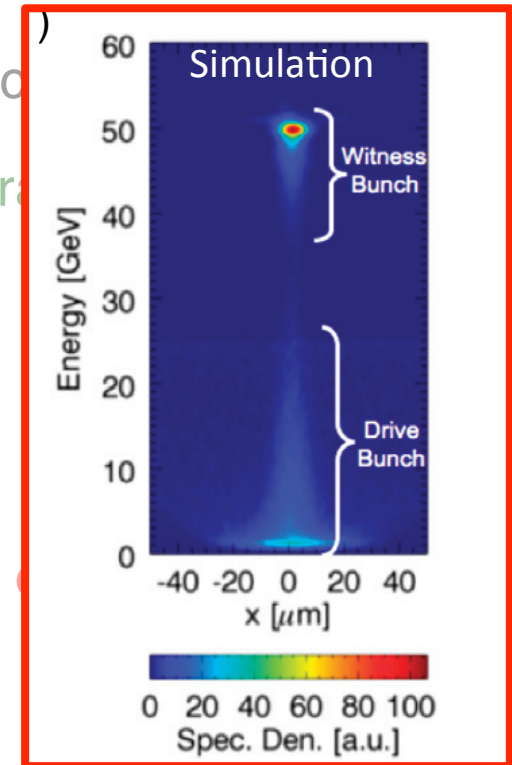
SLAC

FACET

acceleration

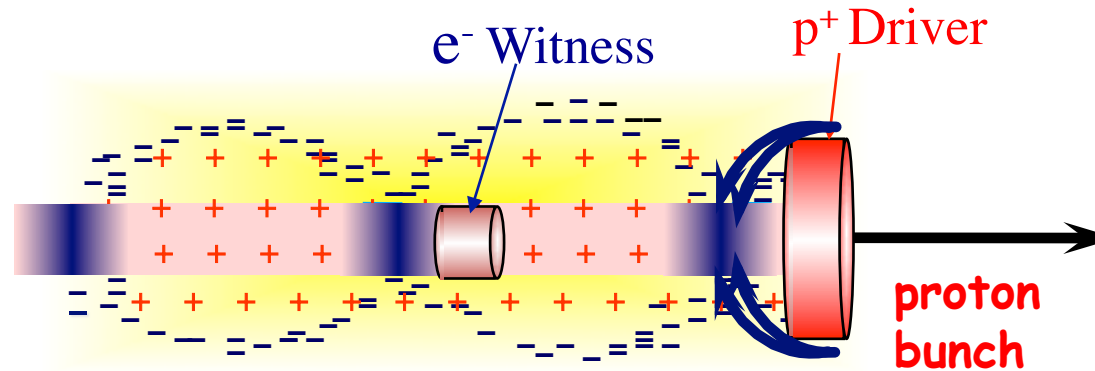
Hogan, NJP 12, 2010

LWFA





# P<sup>+</sup>-DRIVEN PLASMA WAKEFIELDS (p<sup>+</sup>+e<sup>-</sup>)



- ➔ SLAC, 20GeV bunch with  $2 \times 10^{10} e^-$        $\sim 60\text{J}$   
ILC, 0.5TeV bunch with  $2 \times 10^{10} e^-$        $\sim 1.6\text{kJ}$
- ➔ SLAC-like driver for staging (FACET= 1 stage, collider 50<sup>+</sup> stages)
- ➔ SPS, 450GeV bunch with  $10^{11} p^+$        $\sim 7.2\text{kJ}$   
LHC, 7TeV bunch with  $10^{11} p^+$        $\sim 112\text{kJ}$
- ➔ A single SPS or LHC bunch could produce an ILC bunch in a single PWFA stage!
- ➔ Large average gradient! ( $\geq 1\text{GeV/m}$ , 100's m)



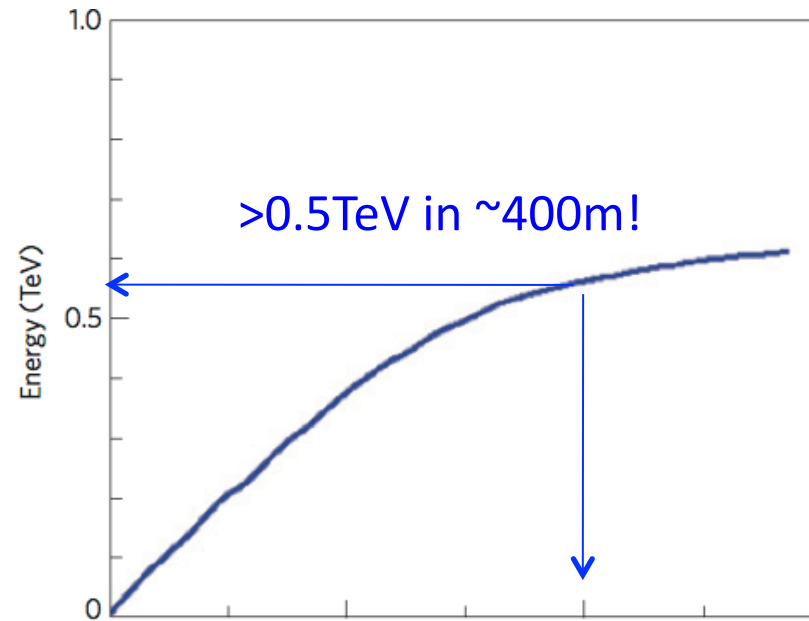
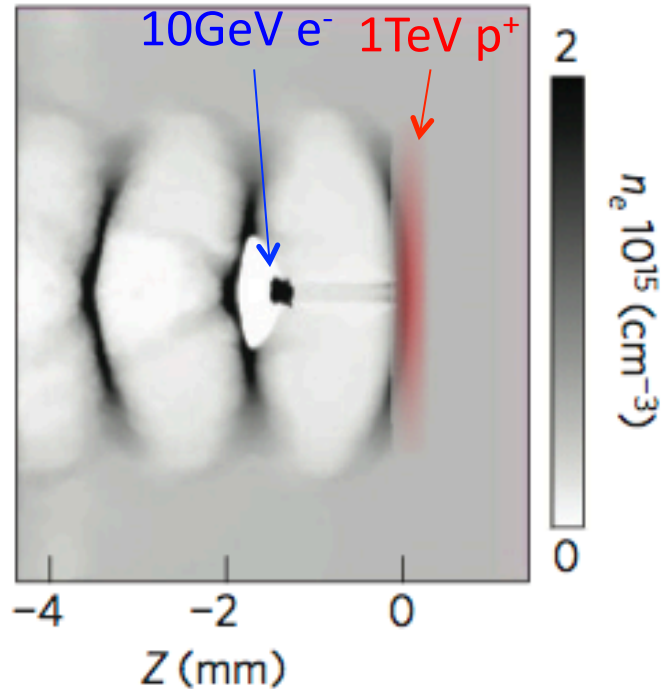


# PROTON-DRIVEN PWFA

Caldwell, Nat. Phys. 5, 363, (2009)



## 2D Simulations



- Use “pancake” p<sup>+</sup> bunch to drive wakefields (cylinder for e<sup>-</sup> driver)
- Loaded gradient ~1.5GV/m, efficiency ~ 10% (recycling?)
- ILC-like e<sup>-</sup> bunch from a single p<sup>+</sup>-driven PWFA
- $\sigma_z \approx 100\mu\text{m}$  do not exist!



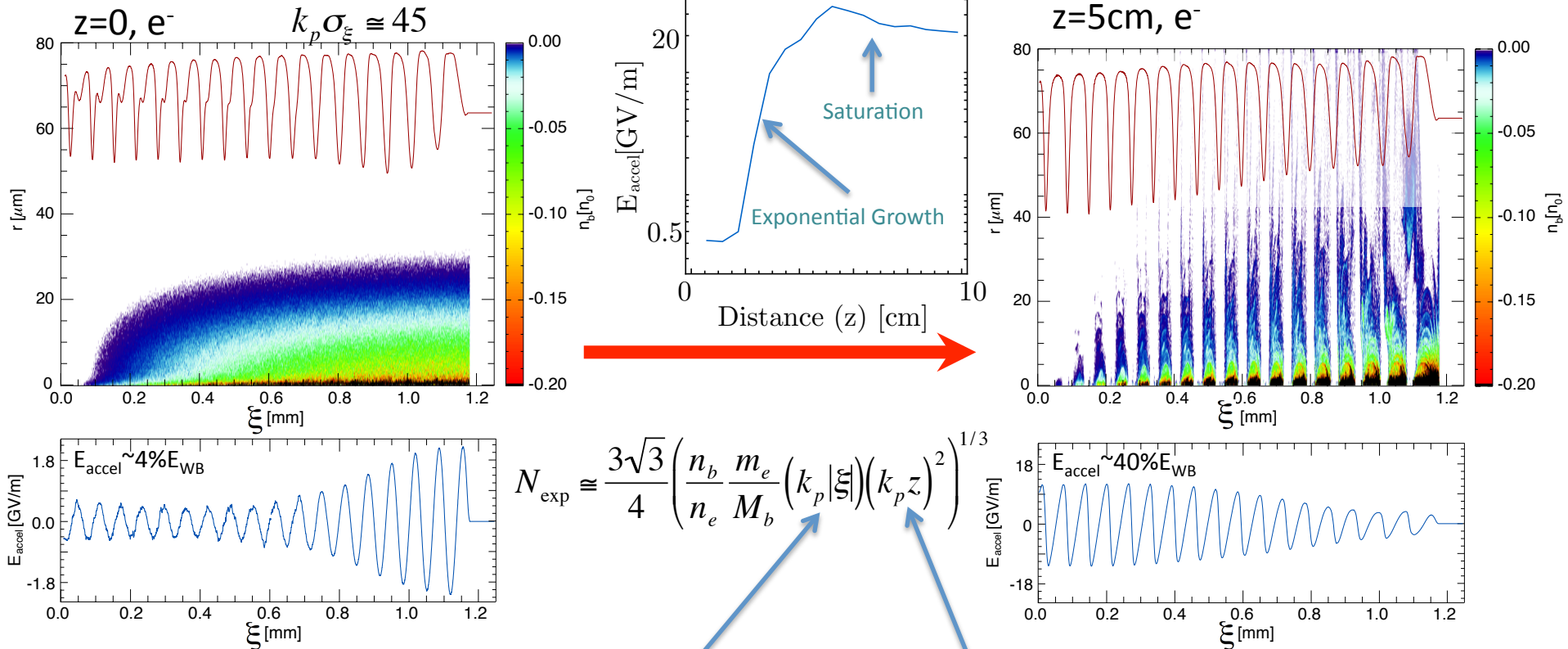




# SELF-MODULATION INSTABILITY (SMI)



Propagation of a long bunch in a dense plasma:  $\sigma_z > \lambda_{pe}$



J. Vieira, P. Muggli et al., Phys. Plasmas 19, 063105 (2012).

Grows along the bunch & along the plasma  
Convective instability

Pukov et al., PRL 107, 145003 (2011)  
Schroeder et al., PRL 107, 145002 (2011)

- Initial small transverse wakefields modulate the bunch density
- Longitudinal wakefields reach large amplitude through resonant excitation
- Acceleration of an injected witness bunch





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# PROTON-DRIVEN PWFA SIMULATIONS



## OSIRIS 2.0

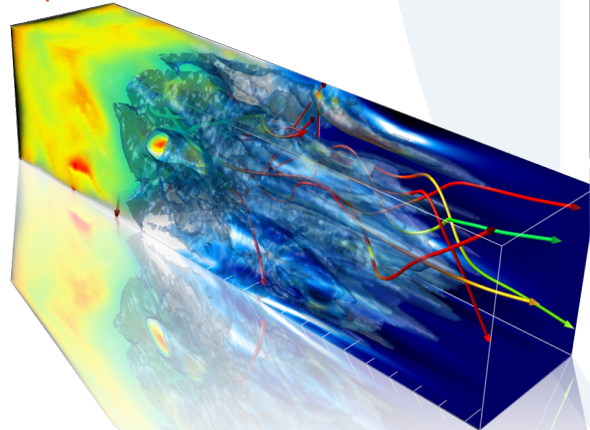


**osiris v2.0**

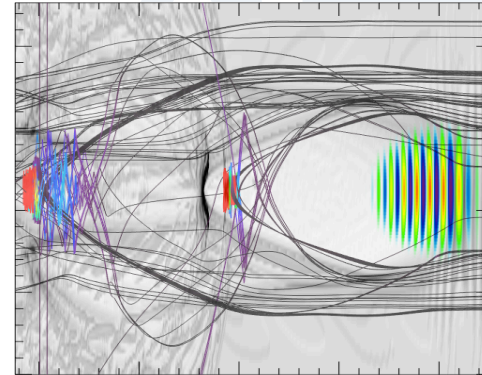



### osiris framework

- Massively Parallel, Fully Relativistic Particle-in-Cell (PIC) Code
- Visualization and Data Analysis Infrastructure
- Developed by the osiris.consortium  
⇒ UCLA + IST



**Ricardo Fonseca:** ricardo.fonseca@ist.utl.pt  
**Frank Tsung:** tsung@physics.ucla.edu  
<http://cfp.ist.utl.pt/golp/epp/>  
<http://exodus.physics.ucla.edu/>



### New Features in v2.0

- Bessel Beams
- Binary Collision Module
- Tunnel (ADK) and Impact Ionization
- Dynamic Load Balancing
- PML absorbing BC
- Optimized higher order splines
- Parallel I/O (HDF5)
- Boosted frame in 1/2/3D



Patric Muggli | May 23rd 2012 | IPAC - New Orleans Louisiana, USA

VLPL A. Pukhov, J. Plasma Phys. 61, 425 (1999)

LCODE, K. V. Lotov, Phys. Rev. ST Accel. Beams 6, 061301 (2003)





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# SELF-MODULATION INSTABILITY (SMI)

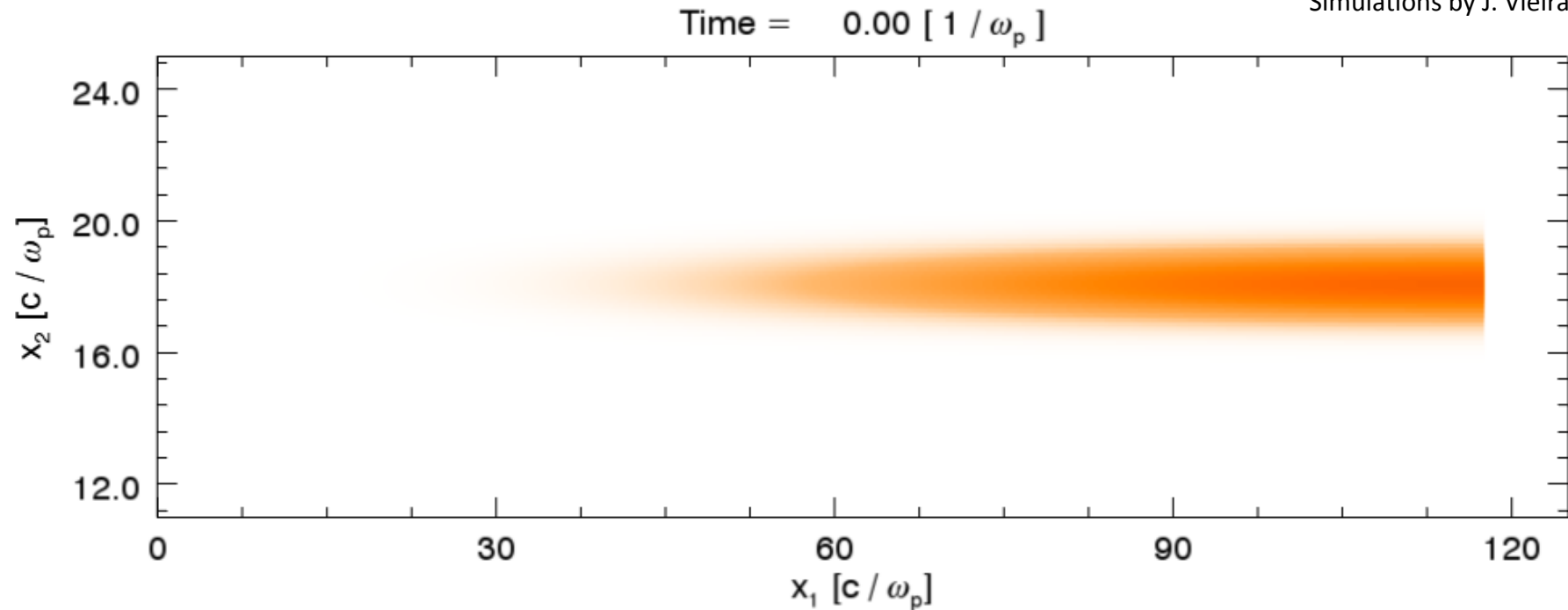


SLAC-like electron bunch, 2D-slab geometry, “cut bunch”

Caption: Red-yellow colors: electron bunch density  
Blue: electron plasma density



Simulations by J. Vieira



J. Vieira, P. Muggli et al., Phys. Plasmas 19, 063105 (2012).

- ❑ “cut bunch” for seeding of the instability
- ❑ Particles in the defocusing field regions are defocused and leave the simulation
- ❑ Acceleration of an injected witness bunch



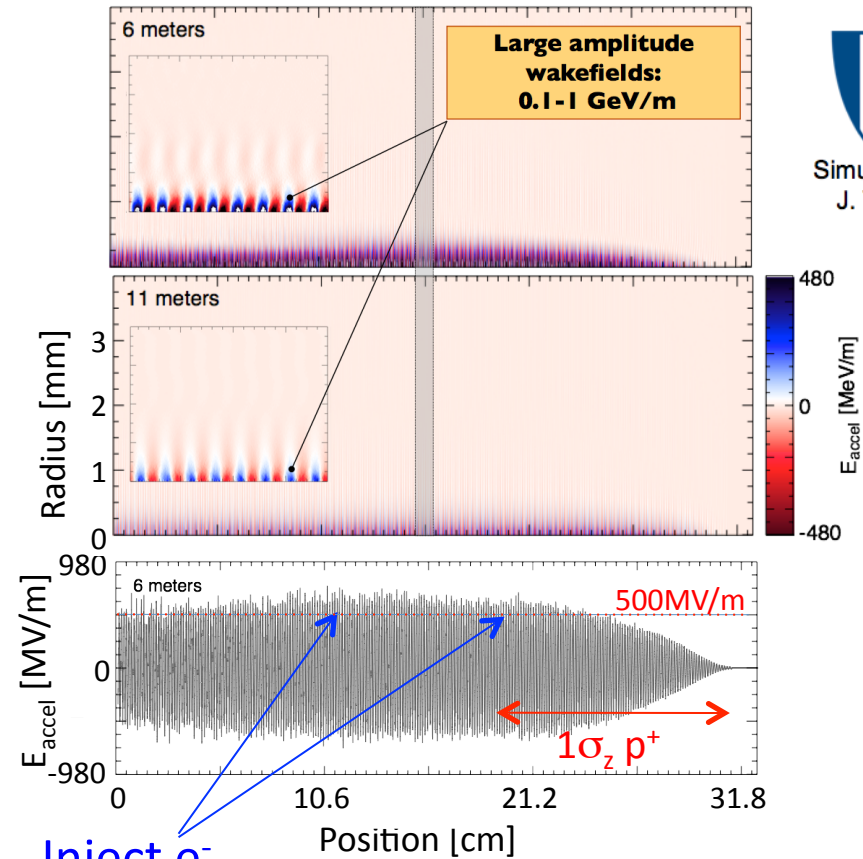
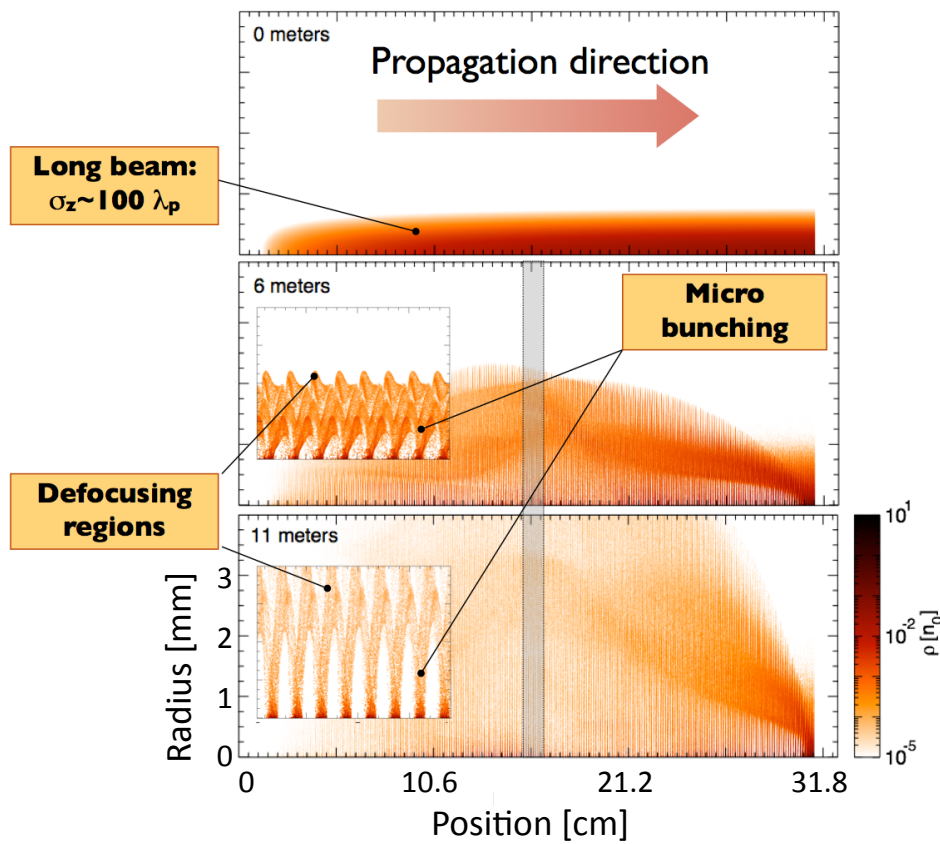


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# PROTON-DRIVEN PWFA @ CERN



□ SMI of long ( $\sim 12\text{cm}$ ), 450GeV SPS bunch @  $\lambda_{pe} \approx 1.2\text{mm}$



Simulations:  
J. Vieira

Inject  $e^-$   
Gain e few GeVs in a few meters!!!!

- Drives large amplitude (0.1-1GV/m) accelerating fields
- $E_z$  (acceleration) sampled by injecting ( $\sim 20\text{MeV}$ )  $e^-$  bunch





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# Proton-driven Plasma Wakefield Acceleration Collaboration

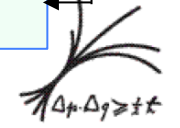
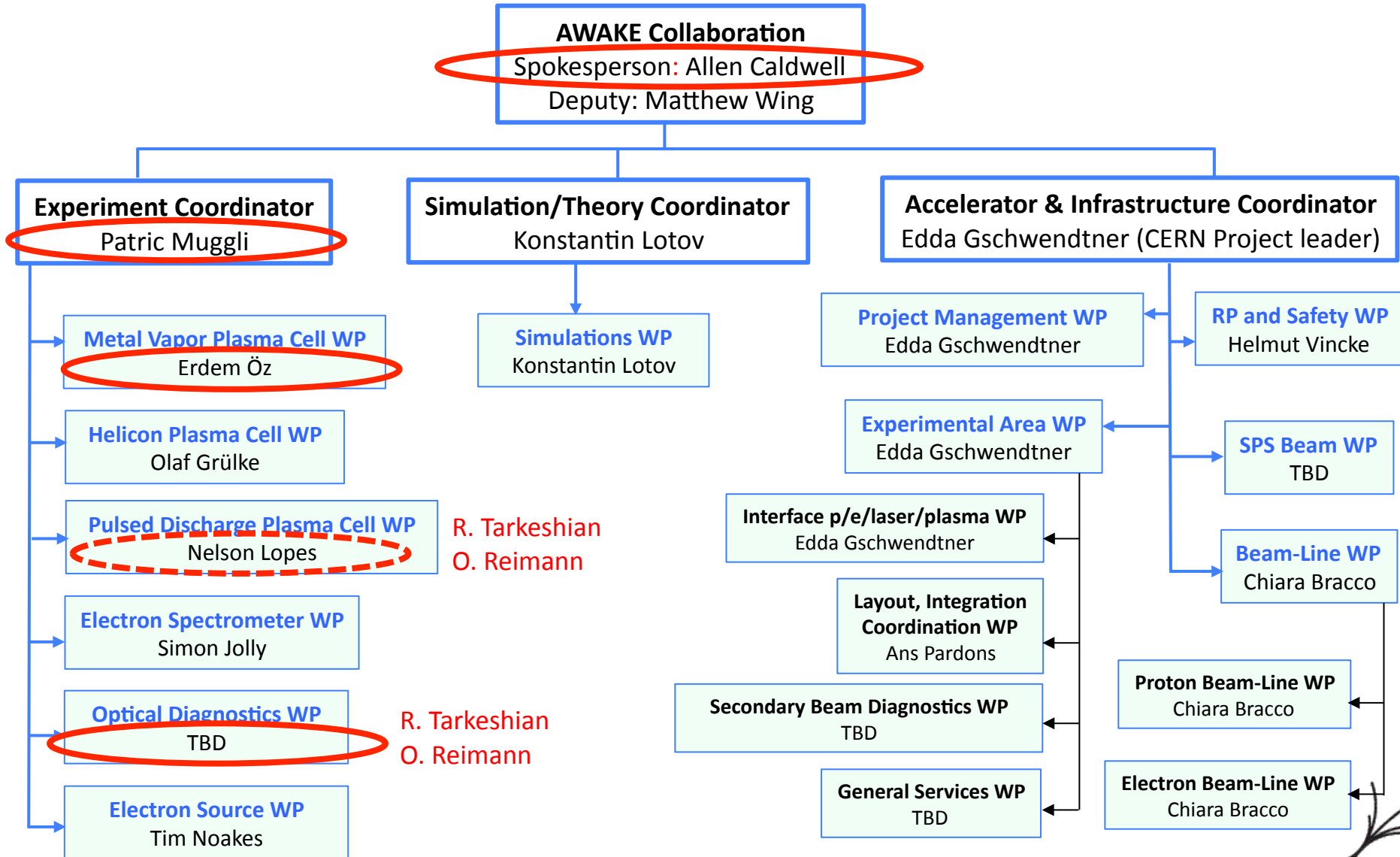




# WHAT WE (MPP) DO IN AWAKE



## Project Structure



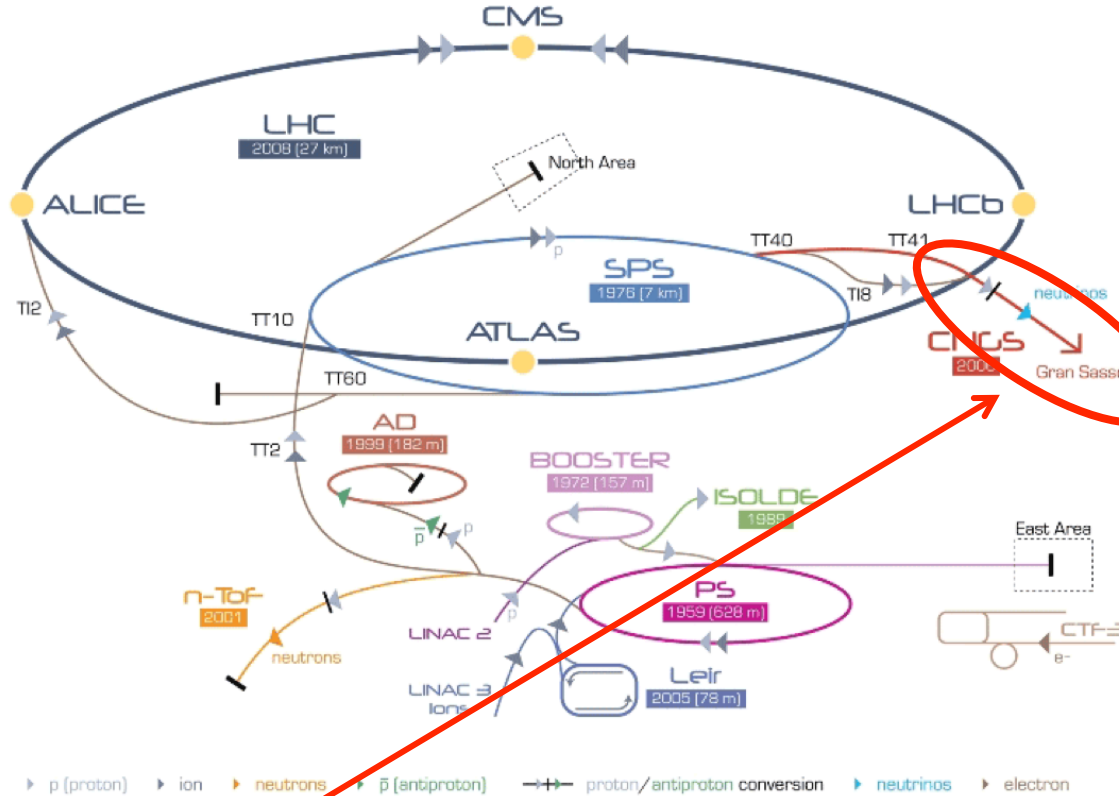


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# AWAKE: PROTON BEAMS @ CERN



## CERN Industrial Beam Complex



| Parameter                      | PS   | SPS  | SPS Opt |
|--------------------------------|------|------|---------|
| $E_0$ (GeV)                    | 24   | 450  | 450     |
| $N_p$ ( $10^{10}$ )            | 13   | 10.5 | 30      |
| $\Delta E/E_0$ (%)             | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.03    |
| $\sigma_z$ (cm)                | 20   | 12   | 12      |
| $\epsilon_N$ (mm-mrad)         | 2.4  | 3.6  | 3.6     |
| $\sigma_r^*$ ( $\mu\text{m}$ ) | 400  | 200  | 200     |
| $\beta^*$ (m)                  | 1.6  | 5    | 5       |

$L_p \sim 5-10\text{m}$   
 $n_e \sim 7 \times 10^{14} \text{cm}^{-3}$  ( $k_p \sigma_r \approx 1$ )  
 $\lambda_{pe} \sim 1.3 \text{mm} \ll \sigma_z$   
 $f_{pe} \sim 240 \text{GHz}$

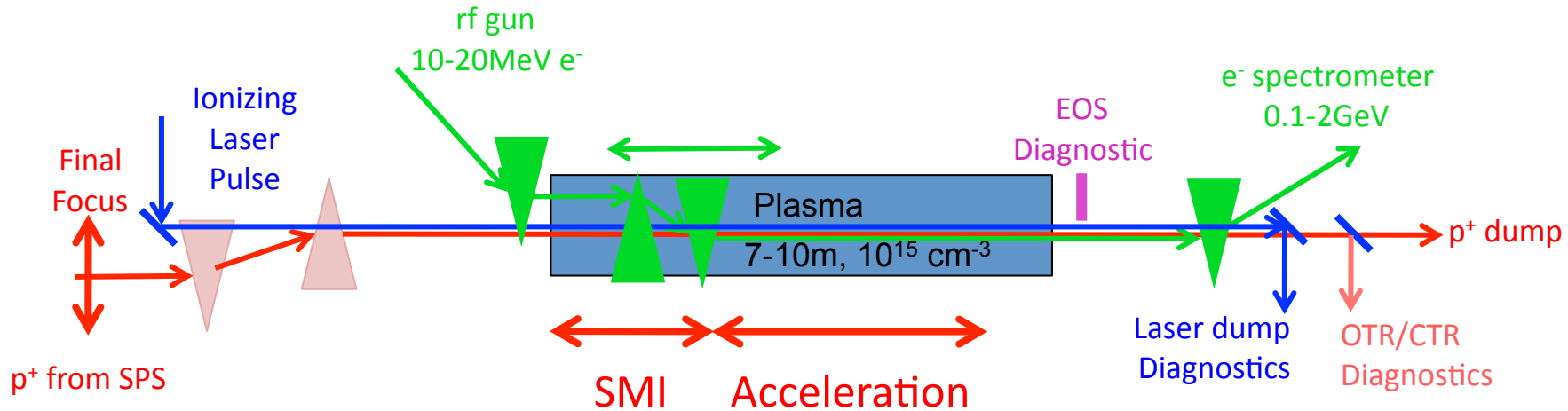
### CNGS experimental area

- Choose SPS beam
- Higher energy, lower  $\sigma_r^*$ , longer  $\beta^*$
- Initial goal:  $\sim \text{GeV}$  gain by externally injected  $e^-$ , in 5-10m of plasma  
in self-modulated  $p^+$  driven PWFA





# BASE-LINE EXPERIMENTAL SETUP



- Laser ionization of a metal vapor (Li, Rb, etc.),  
7-10m plasma,  $n_e=10^{14}-10^{15} \text{cm}^{-3}$
- Injection of 10-20MeV test e- at the 3m point (SMI saturated,  $v_\phi=v_{p+}$ )
- SMI-acceleration separated
- 0.1-2GeV electron spectrometer
- OTR + streak camera, electro-optic sampling for p+-bunch modulation diag.
- Goal: study SMI physics and accelerate a witness e-bunch to multi-GeV  
in a self-modulated p+-driven PWFA

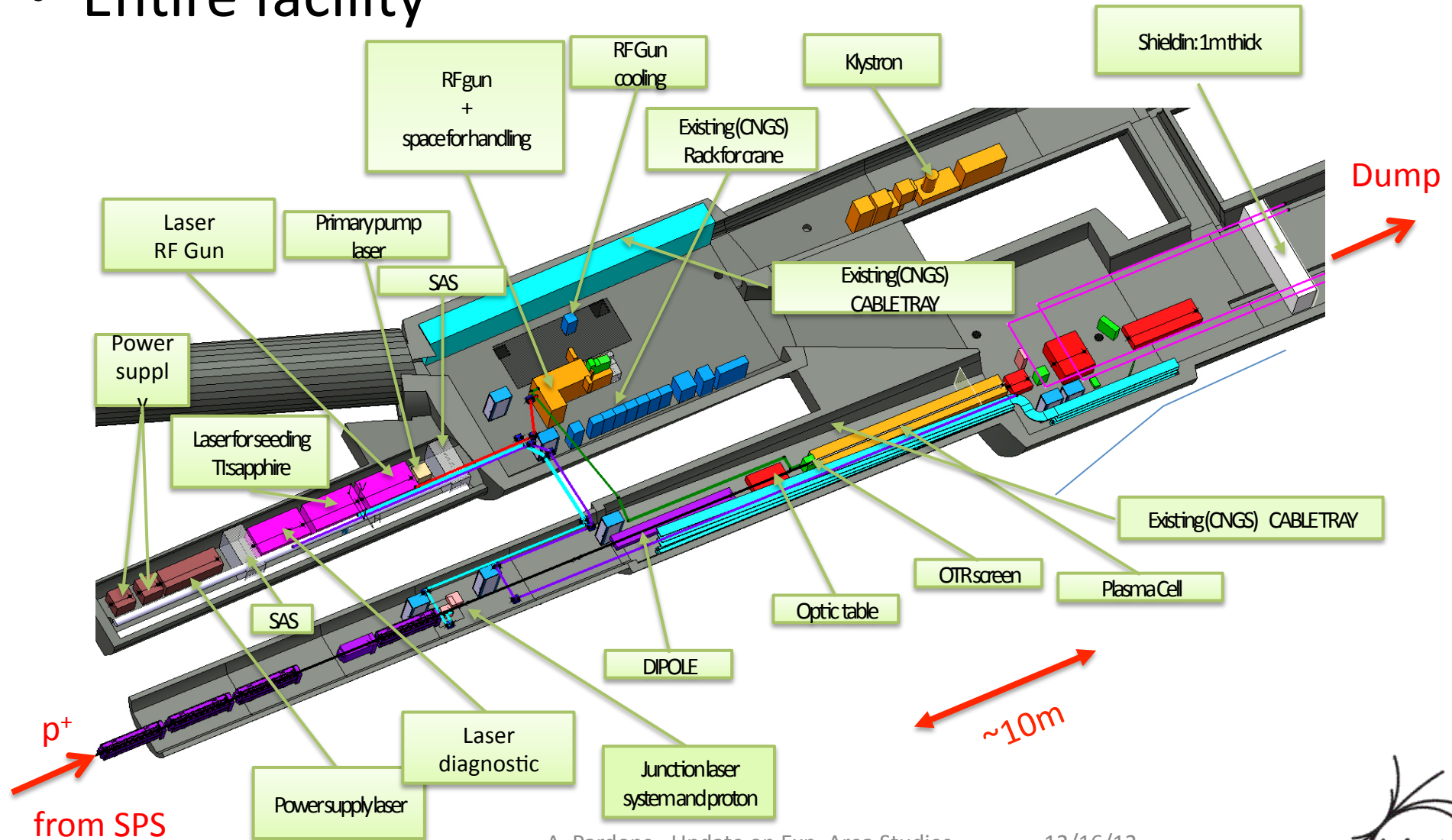






# Awake in CNGS

- Entire facility





## WHAT DO WE DO?



- Lead the experimental program
- Coordinate the experiment
- Develop the laser-ionized, metal vapor (Rb) plasma source (E. Oz, P. Muggli)
- Develop beam and plasma diagnostics (R. Tarkeshian, S. Mandry, O. Reimann)
- Strongly interact with the “simulationists” (J. Vieira, K. Lotov, A. Pukhov)

## BROAD TIMELINE

- Early 2012, letter of intent was favorably review by CERN SPSC and resources committee, CERN project leader was chosen: Edda Gschwendtner
- Conceptual design report due in March 2013
- Experiments start in 2015 in CNGS area





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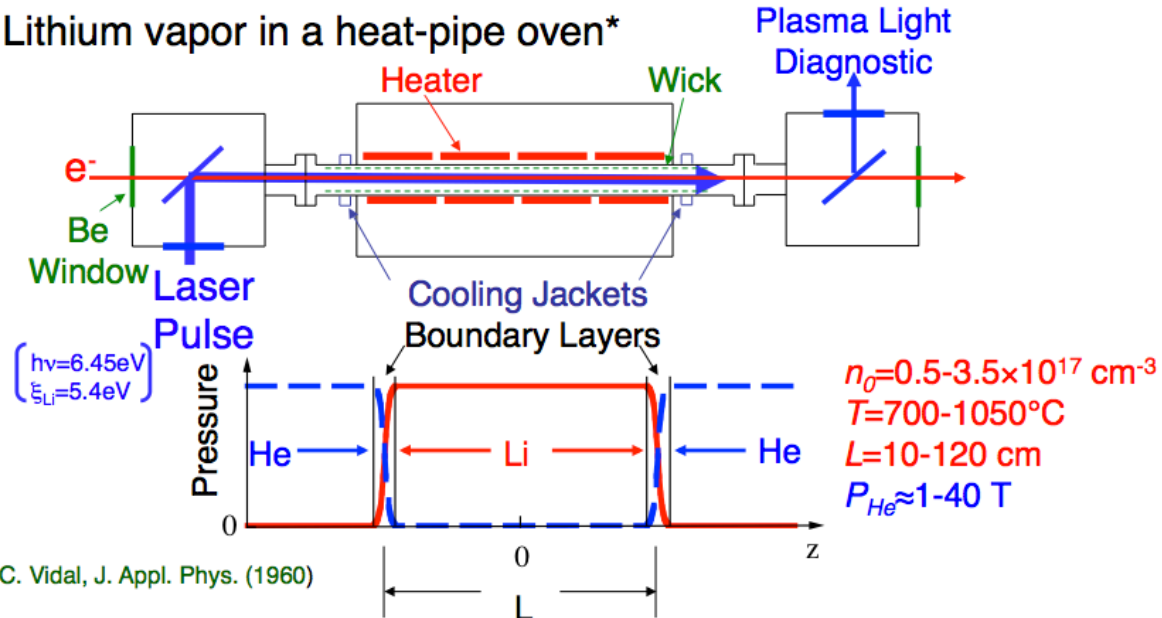
# METAL VAPOR PLASMA SOURCE DEVELOPMENT



E.Oz, P. Muggli

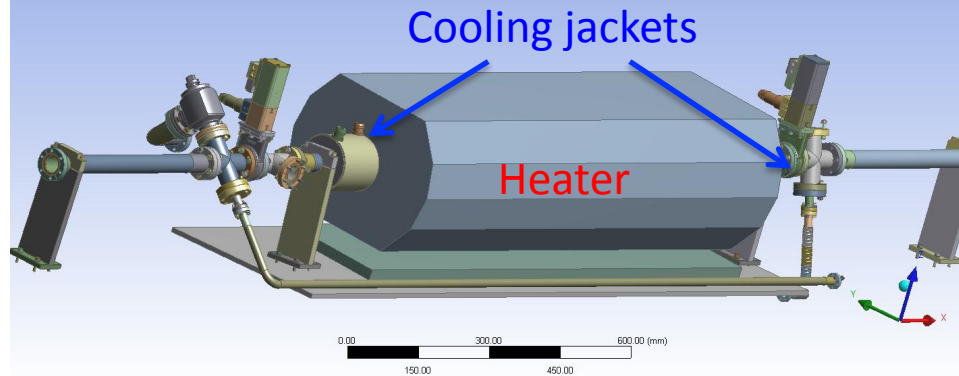
P. Muggli *et al.*, IEEE Trans. on Plasma Sci. 27, 791 (1999).

- Lithium vapor in a heat-pipe oven\*

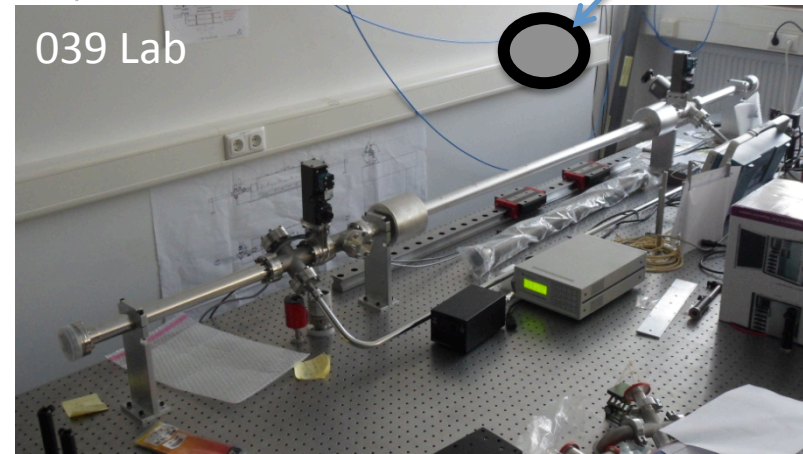


\* C. Vidal, J. Appl. Phys. (1960)

G. Finenko, T. Haubold



039 Lab



Plasma produced by laser ionization of the rubidium vapor



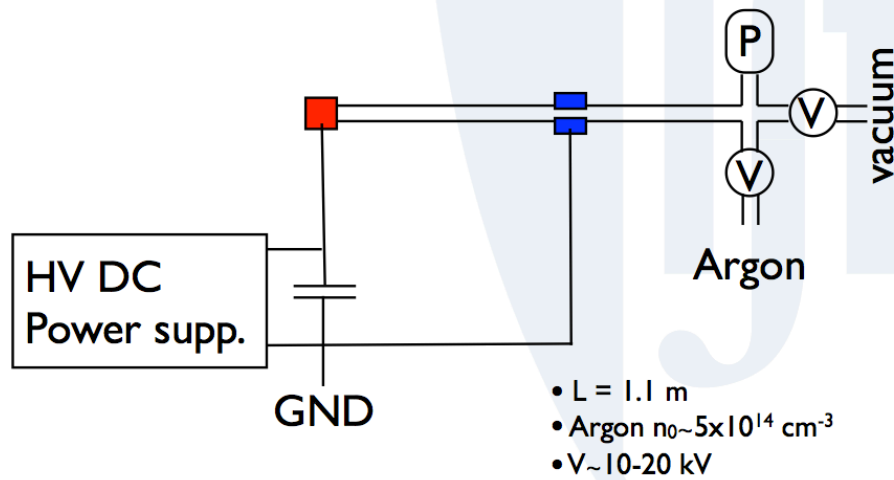


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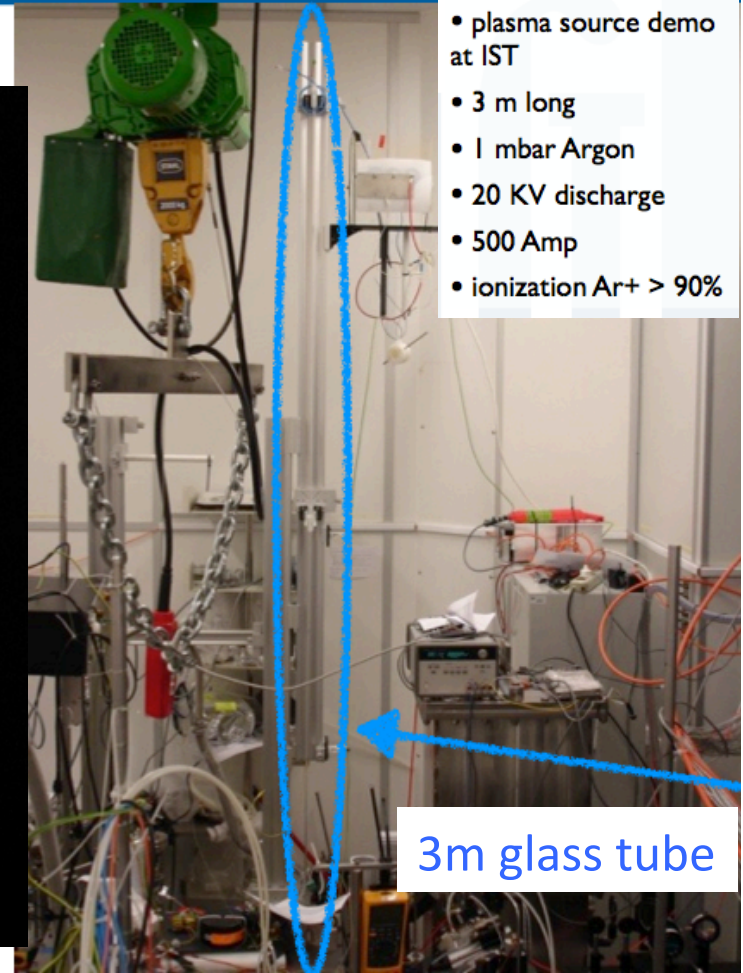
# DISCHARGE PLASMA SOURCE DEVELOPMENT



N. Lopes IST Portugal, O. Reimann, R. Tarkeshian

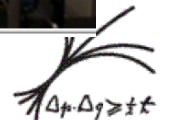


## 3 meter long plasma source test



- plasma source demo at IST
- 3 m long
- 1 mbar Argon
- 20 KV discharge
- 500 Amp
- ionization  $\text{Ar}^+ > 90\%$

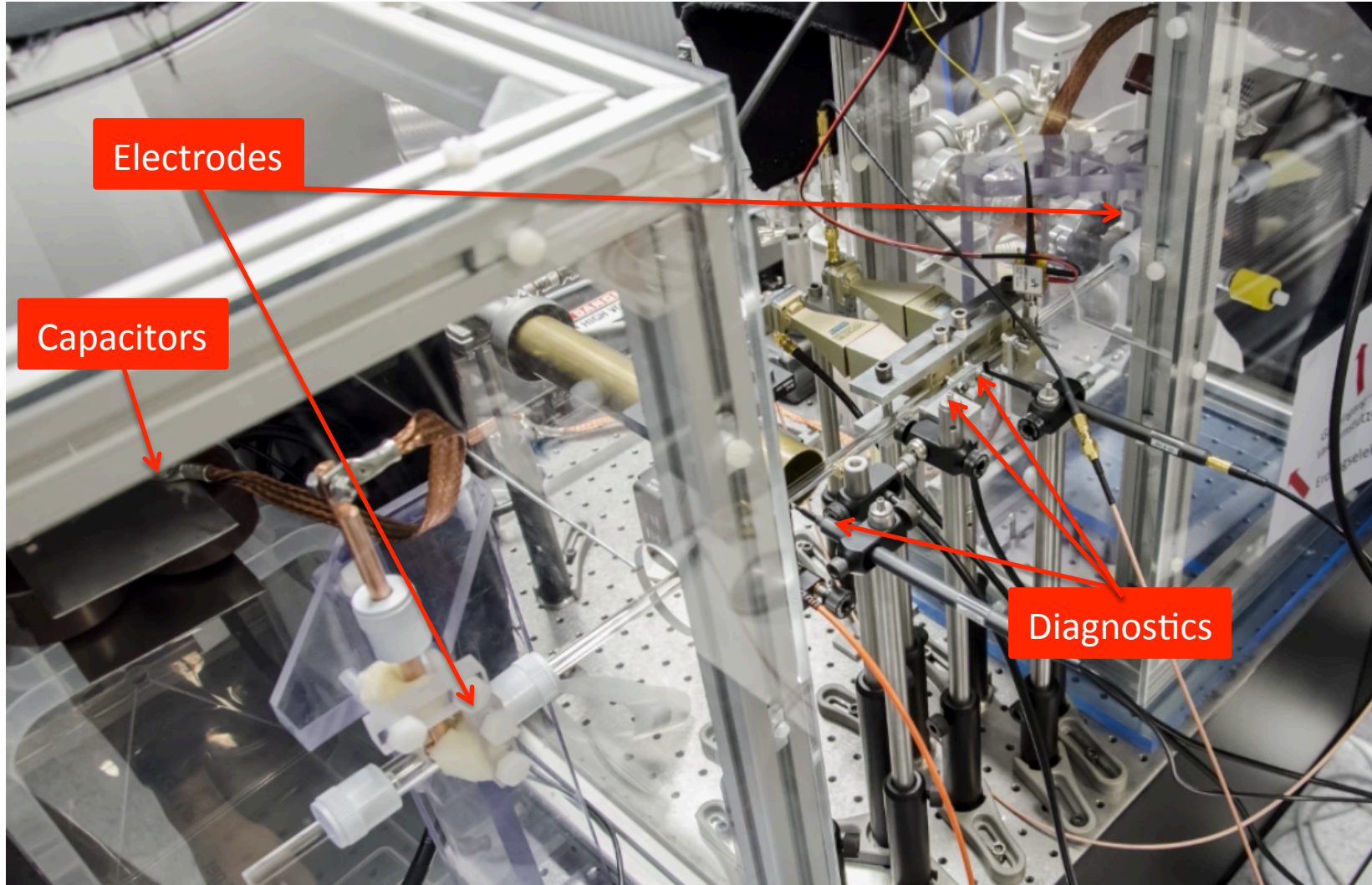
- ❑ “Low tech” source
- ❑ “Can be meters-long
- ❑ Challenges: reproducibility, plasma density uniformity





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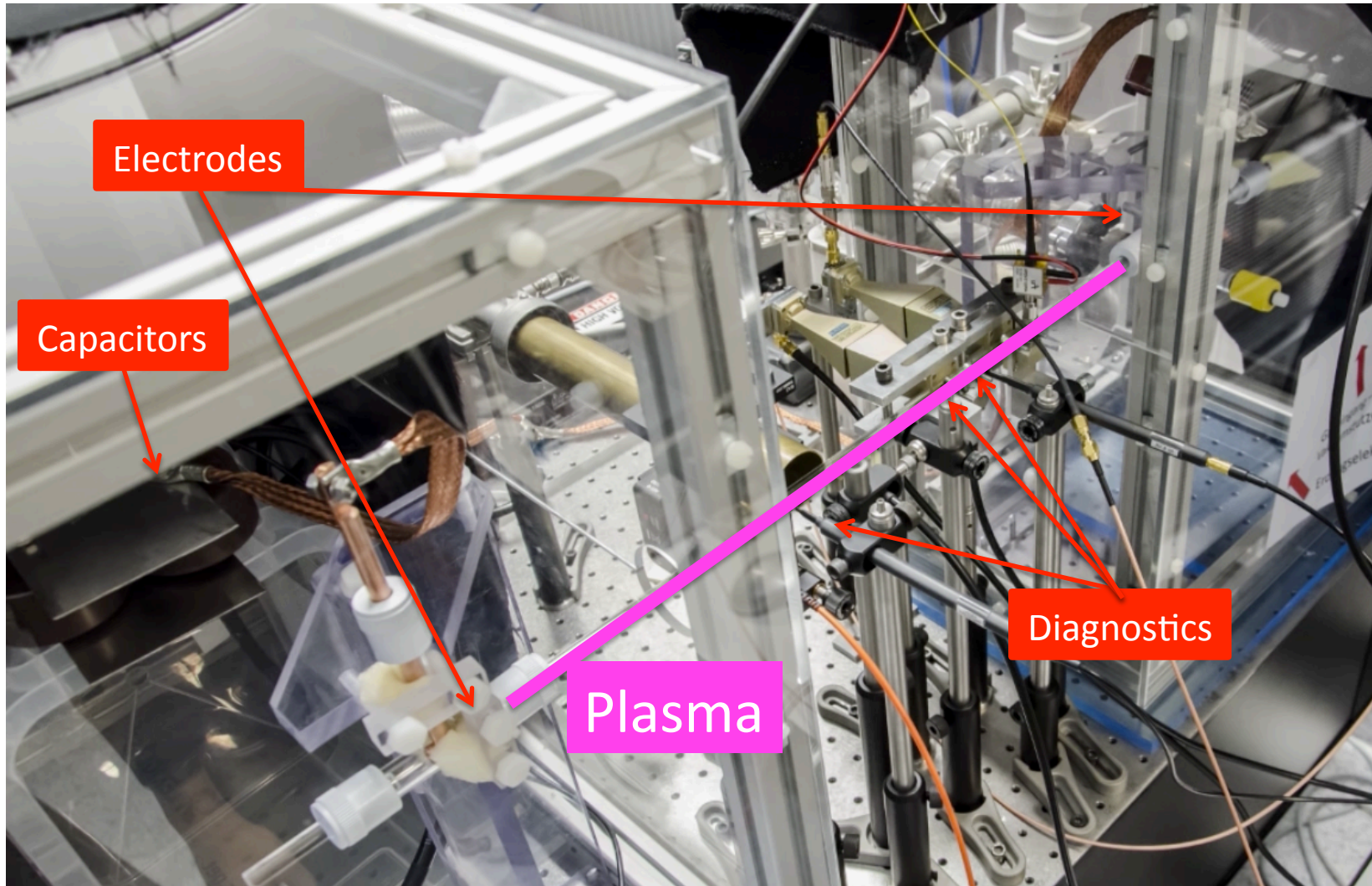
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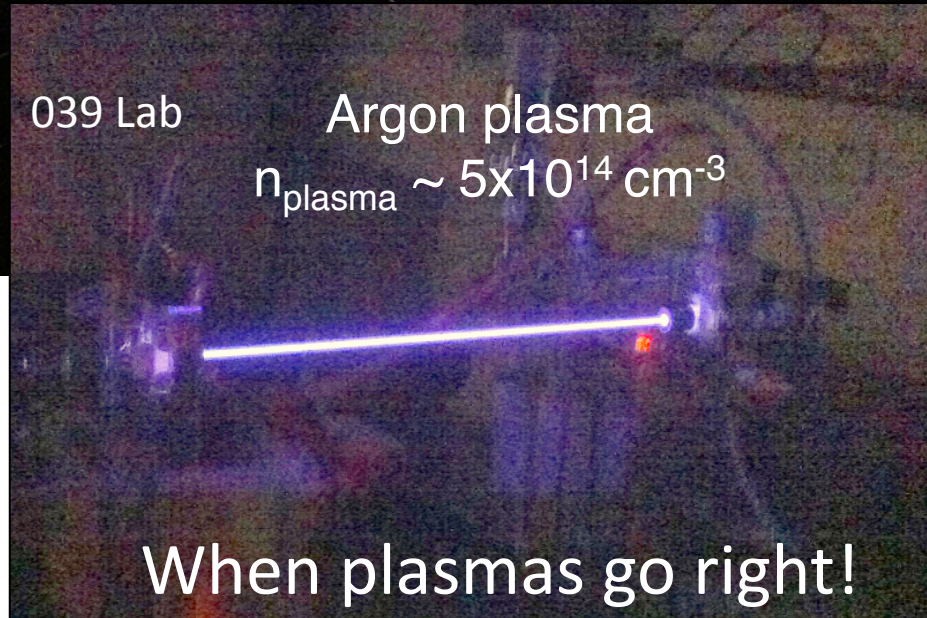
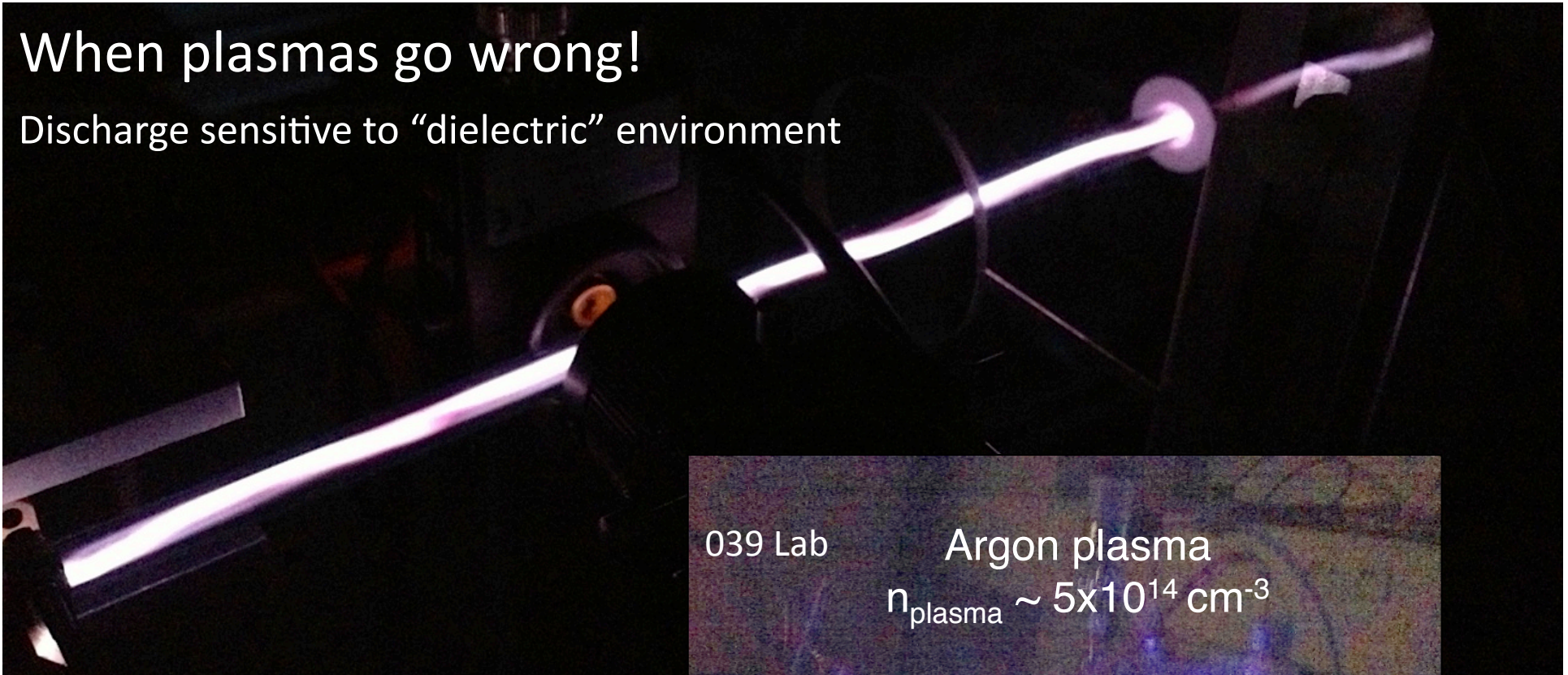
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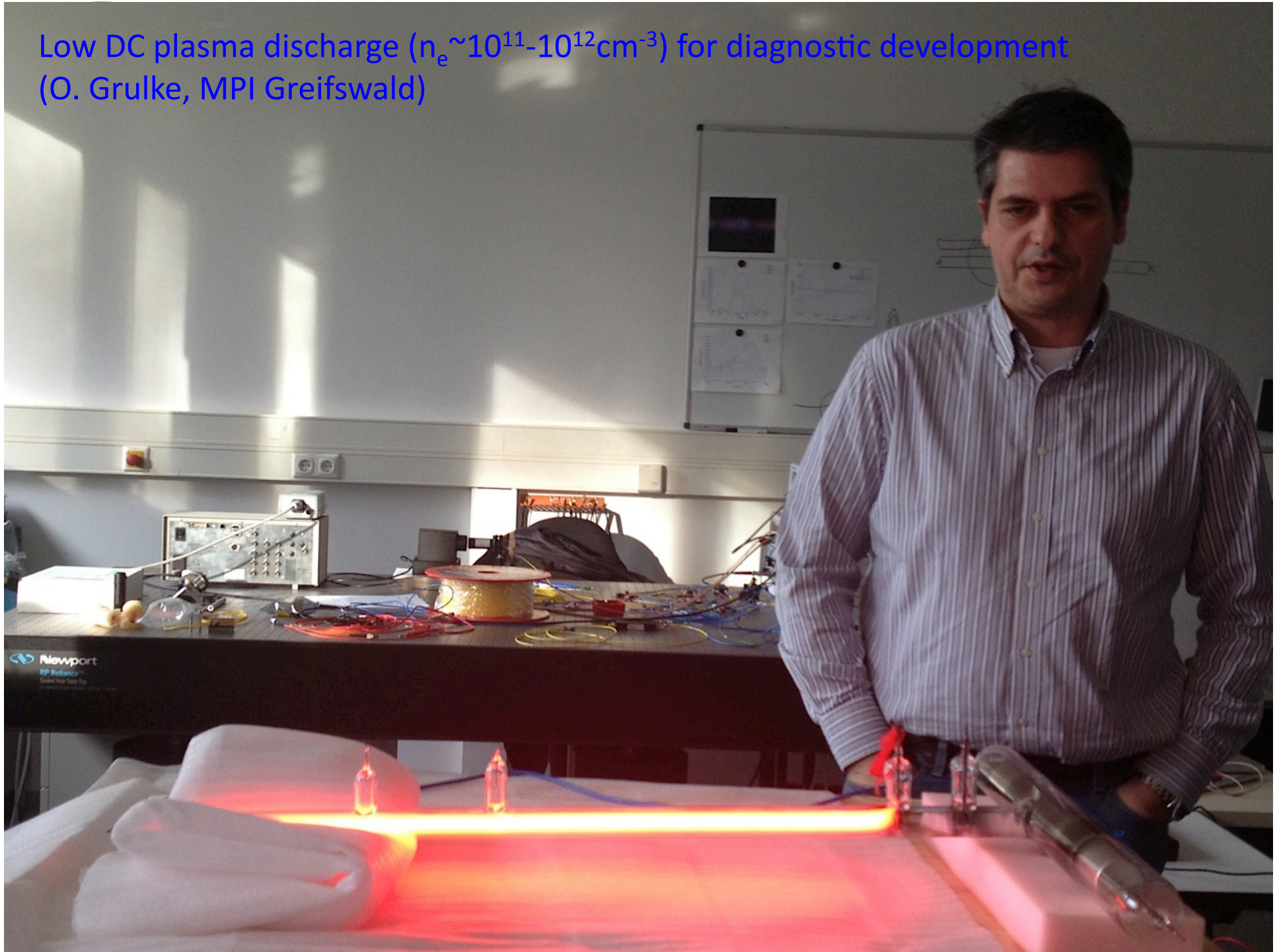


# When plasmas go wrong!

Discharge sensitive to “dielectric” environment



Low DC plasma discharge ( $n_e \sim 10^{11} - 10^{12} \text{cm}^{-3}$ ) for diagnostic development  
(O. Grulke, MPI Greifswald)

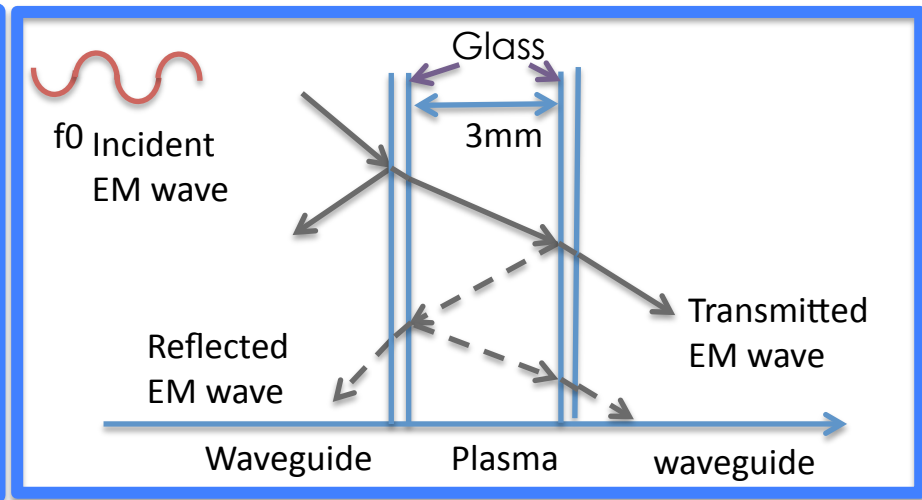
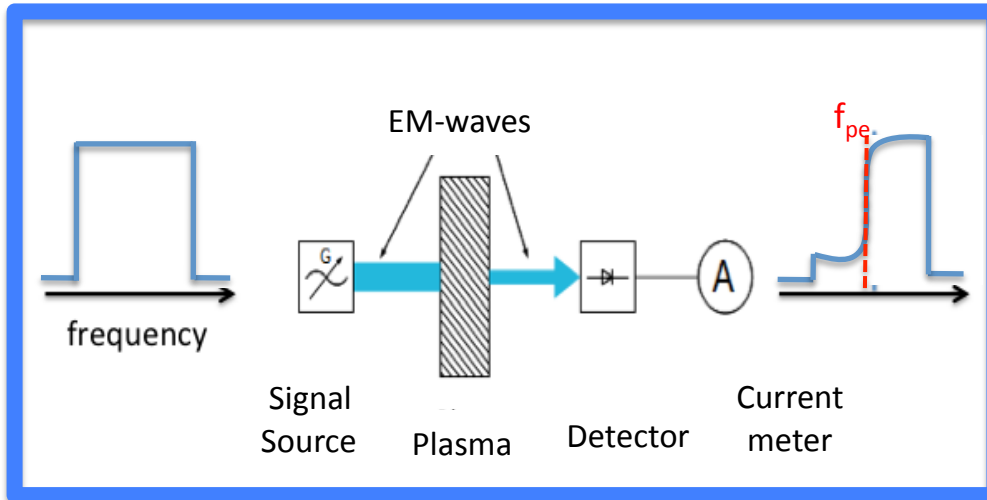






# BEAM &-PLASME DIAGNOSTICS

O. Reimann, R. Tarkeshian, S. Mandry

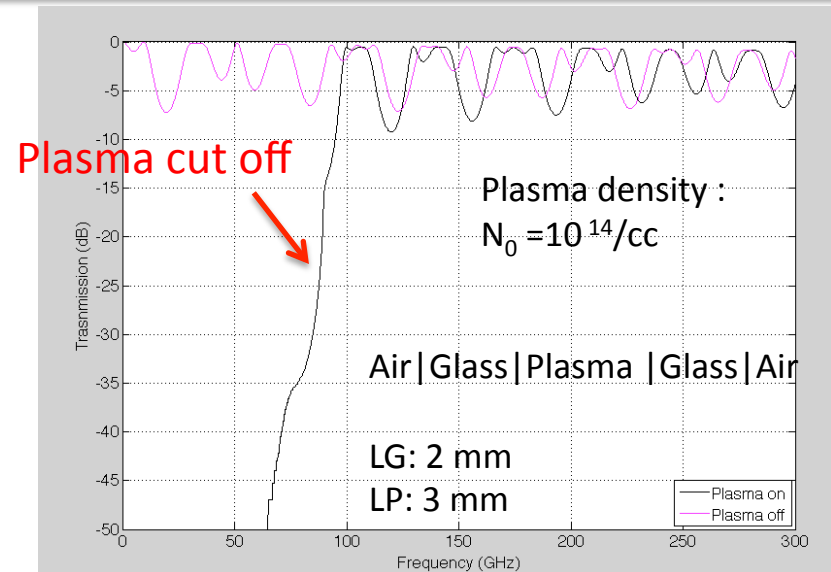


$$\omega_{pe} = (n_e e^2 / \epsilon_0 m_e)^{1/2}$$

$$\epsilon = 1 - \frac{\omega_p^2}{\omega^2 + \nu^2} + i \frac{\nu}{\omega} \frac{\omega_p^2}{\omega^2 + \nu^2}$$

$$T(\omega) \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \omega \ll \omega_{pe}(n_e) \\ \text{Cut off } \omega = \omega_{pe} \\ 1 & \text{if } \omega \gg \omega_{pe}(n_e) \end{cases}$$

| $n_e$ (1/cm <sup>3</sup> ) | $f_{pe}$ (GHz) |
|----------------------------|----------------|
| 7e14                       | 237.5          |
| 3e13                       | 50             |
| 9e12                       | 26             |
| 1e11                       | 2.8            |



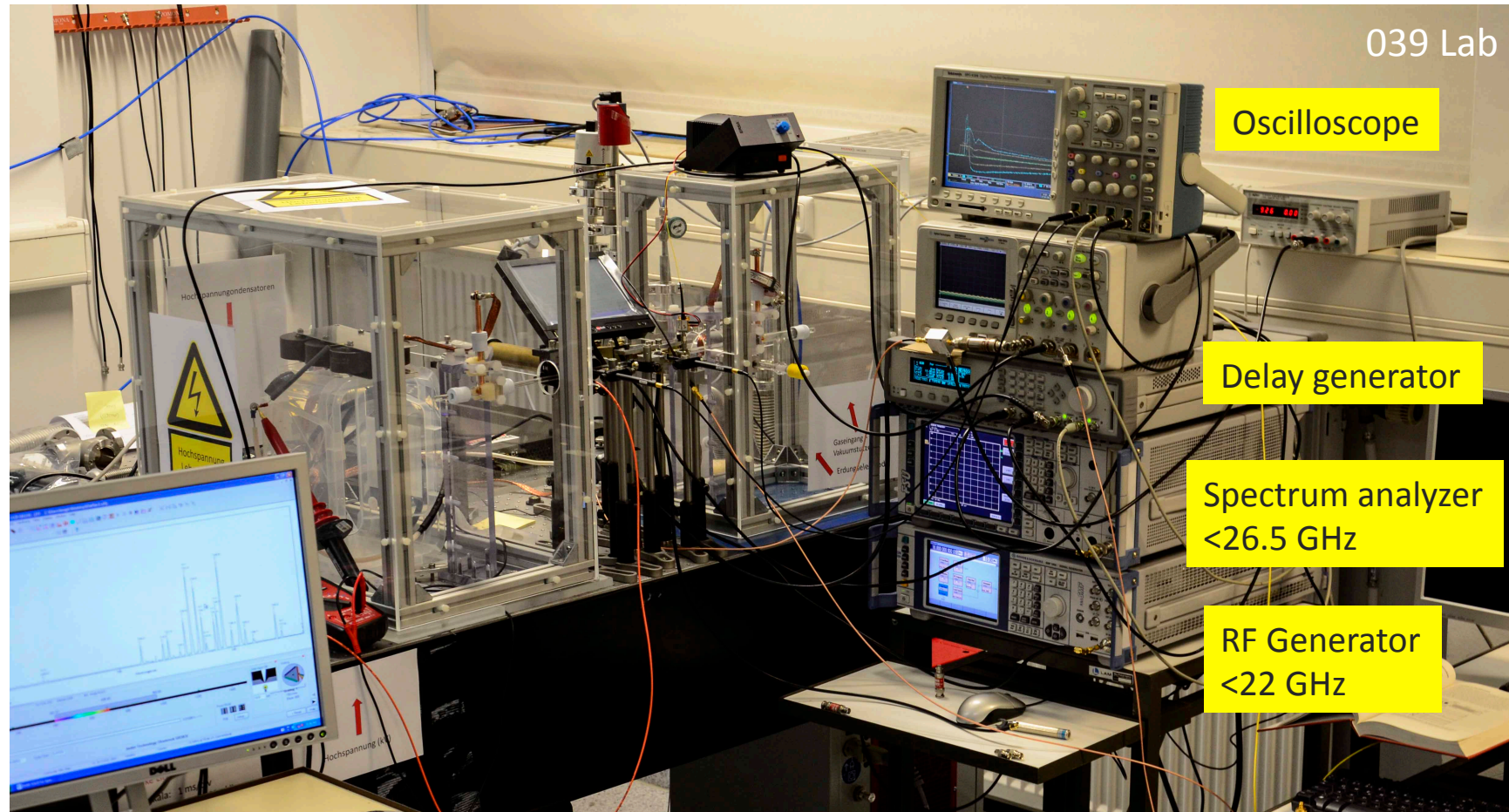
□ Develop THz radiation diagnostics for plasma density and p<sup>+</sup> bunch modulation





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# Experimental setup




- Frequency Difference generation with two laser pulses to generate  $f_0$ :  
FDG(193THz+ $f_0$ ;193THz)  $\rightarrow$  5GHz< $f_0$ <1THz
- Plasma optical diagnostics, time and frequency resolved





## SUMMARY



- We have an exciting experimental program
- We have a well qualified and fun team
- We are pushing to get  approved at CERN
- CDR due in March 2013
- Hope for experiments in 2015 at the CNGS experimental area
- Goal of these experiments: - Study the SMI of long  $p^+$  bunches in dense plasmas  
- Accelerate a witness  $e^-$ -bunch to GeVs in a plasma
- Goal of the program: build a complete research program in high-gradient, plasma-based accelerators as well as in beam-plasma interaction at CERN
- Approved experiment to study the SMI of  $e^-$  and  $e^+$  bunches at SLAC FACET, 2013
- New ideas? New people? Call us: 0800-be-AWAKE



Is a new accelerator born?



*Thank you to everyone at MPP!  
Merry Christmas and Happy New Year  
from the Future Accelerators Group!*