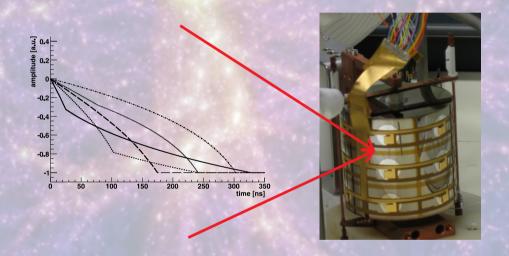
# **Uncertainties on Input Parameters For Pulse Shape Simulation**



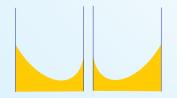
GDT Symposium 2013 I.Abt, MPI für Physik



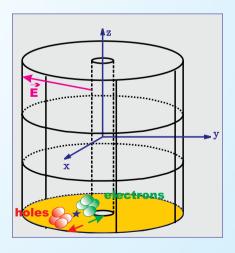


#### **Worrisome Parameters**

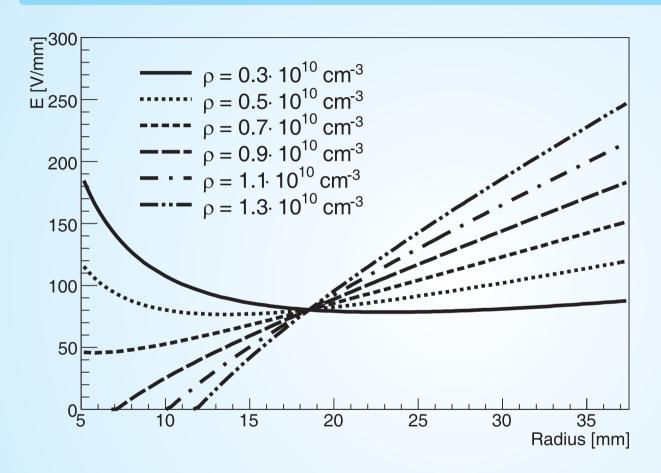
"Dead" Layers
Areas of low fields



not really a parameter



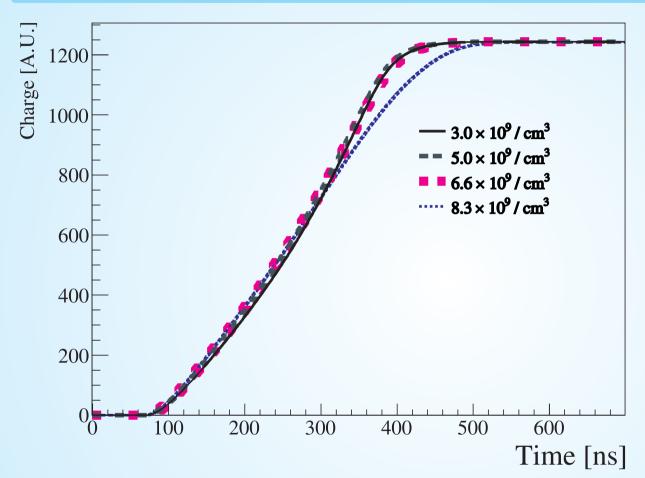
## Impurities and the Field



We get impurities and depletion/ operational voltages from the manufacturer.

According to this, we operated the detector without a field.

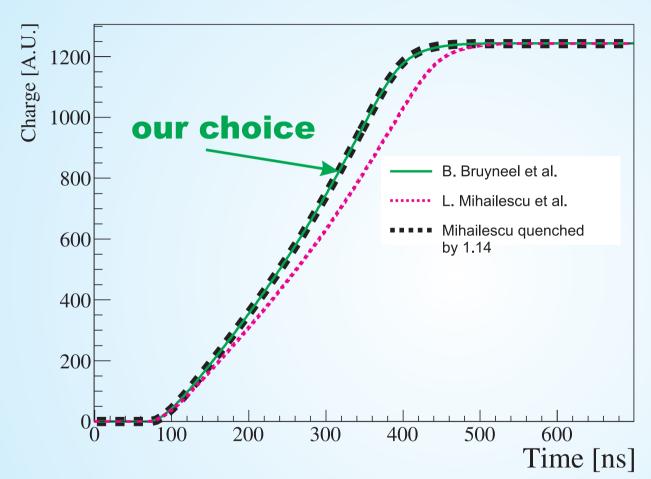
# **Impurities and the Pulse**



The pulse shapes are actually changed. The 90% level is moved.

And in reality, the impurity density is expected to vary with the radius.

#### **Mobilities and Pulses**

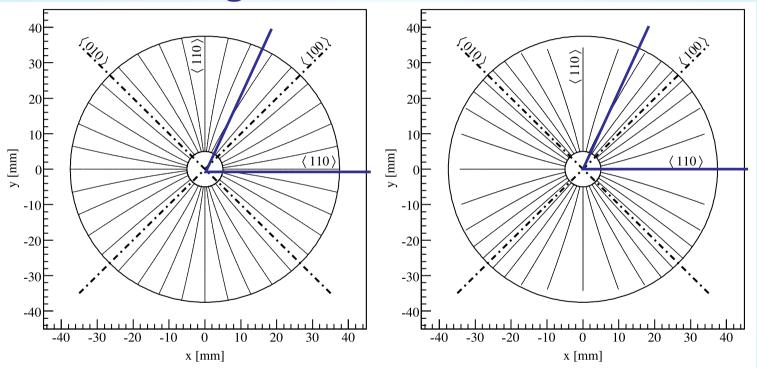


The pulses also depend on measured mobilities, for which the carrier velocities are parameterised.

There are two standard papers with different parameters.

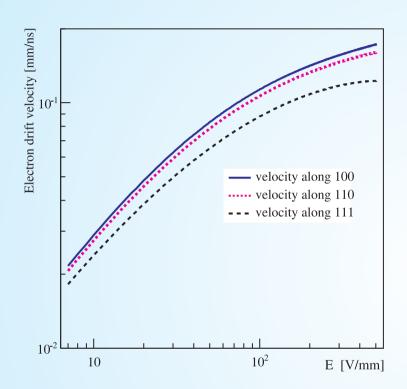
# **Mobilities and Trajectories**

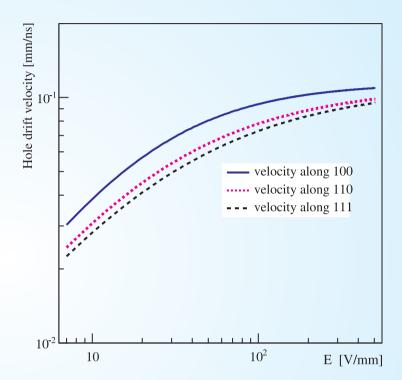
Effective Volumes of Segments are not the naive geometrical volumes.



This simulation overestimates the effect by up to 40%.

#### **Mobilities Measured**

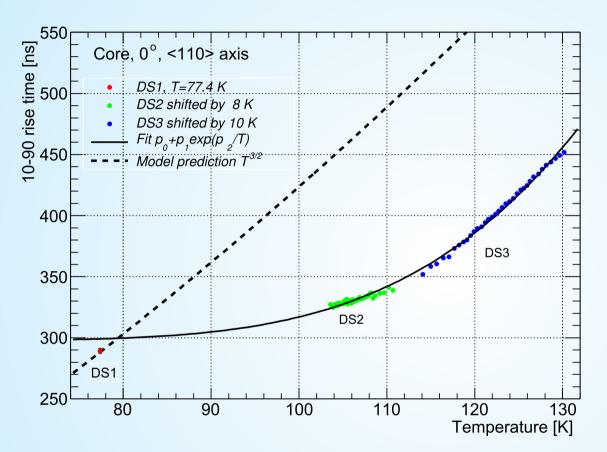




Only velocities along <100> and <111> were measured.

The velocities along <110> are calculated using model assumptions.

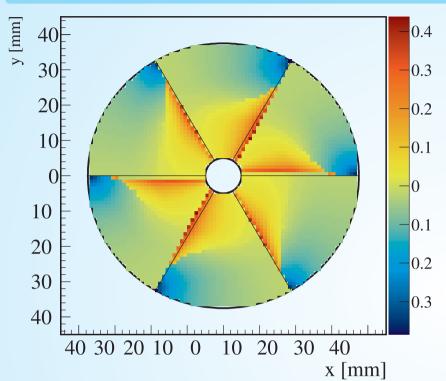
### **Mobilities and Temperatures**



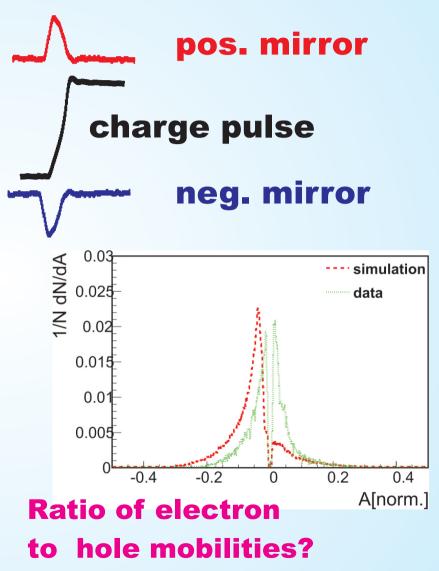
The same kind of models predict a T<sup>3/2</sup> dependence of the mobility/velocity.

The measured dependence is completely different.

## **Mobilities and Mirror Charges**

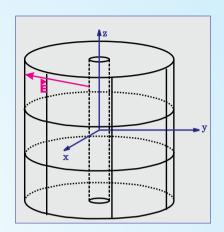


Our simulation seriously underestimates the number of positive pulses [and wiggles]



# [In]Famous Last Words

Our pulse shape simulations depend on input parameters about the detector and germanium in general.



We need to get better information on impurities.

**electrons** holes

We need more measurements on mobilities and perhaps better models.