

NLO Calculations with GoSam

Hans van Deurzen

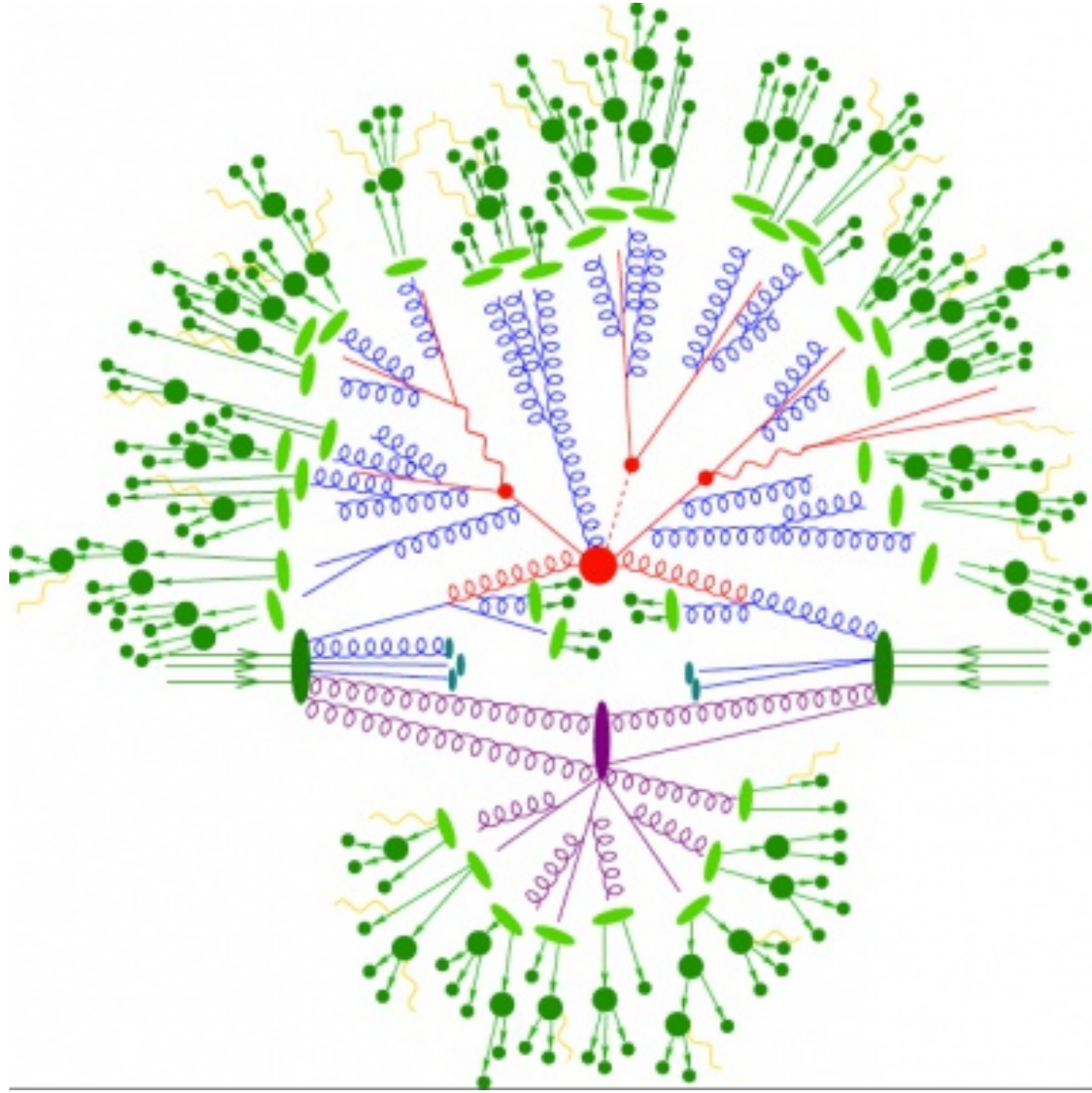


Max-Planck-Institut für Physik
(Werner-Heisenberg-Institut)



Alexander von Humboldt
Stiftung/Foundation

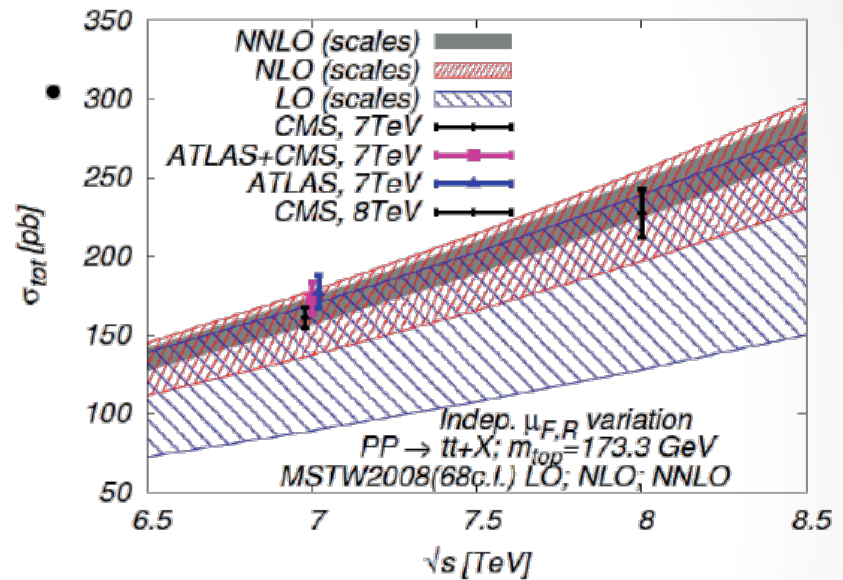
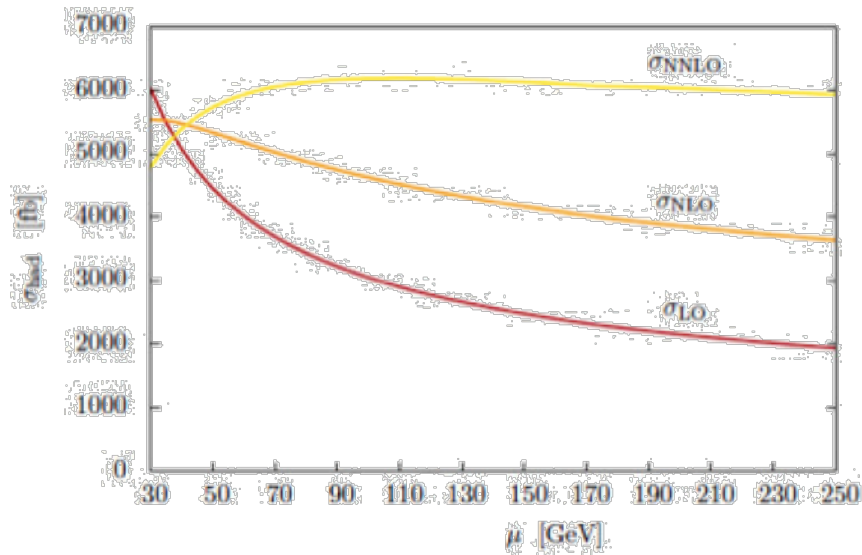
LHC



Motivation

- Higgs found, need properties
 - Spin
 - CP properties
 - Couplings to other particles
- BSM physics?

Motivation for NLO



- Reduce theoretical error
- Strong dependence on factorization and renormalization scale

NLO Calculations

$$\sigma^{NLO} = \int_m \left[d^{(4)}\sigma^B + \int_{loop} d^{(d)}\sigma^V + \int_1 d^{(d)}\sigma^S \right] + \int_{m+1} \left[d^{(4)}\sigma^R - d^{(4)}\sigma^S \right]$$

- NLO calculations consists of:
 - Leading Order (LO): Born diagrams
 - Virtual corrections: Loop diagrams ← GoSam
 - Real corrections: Additional radiation
 - Subtraction terms to regulate infinities

GoSam

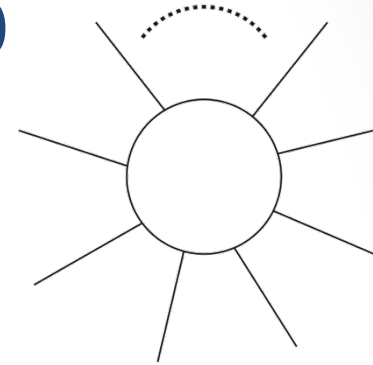
Collaboration

Cullen, HvD, Greiner, Heinrich, Luisoni, Mastrolia, Mirabella, Ossola, Peraro, Schlenk, von Soden-Fraunhofen, Tramontano

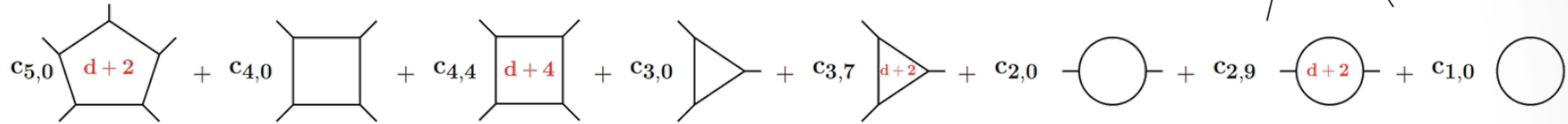
Reduction algorithms

- *Samurai, Xsamurai*
d-dimensional integrand-level reduction
current default
[Mastrolia, Ossola, Reiter, Tramontano]; [HvD (2013)]
- *Golem95, Golem95 higherrank extension*
Tensorial reduction
Numerically stable → rescue system
[Binoth, Guillet, Heinrich, Pilon, Reiter]; [Guillet, Heinrich, von Soden-Fraunhofen]
- *Ninja*
Integrand-level+Laurent expansion
Stable and fast
[Mastrolia, Mirabella, Peraro]; [HvD, Luisoni, Mastrolia, Mirabella, Ossola, Peraro]; [Peraro]

Amplitudes at one loop



$$\mathcal{M}_n \equiv \int \mathcal{A}_n(\bar{q}) d\bar{q} \equiv \int d^{-2\epsilon}\mu \int d^4q \frac{N(q, \mu^2)}{\bar{D}_0 \dots \bar{D}_{n-1}}$$



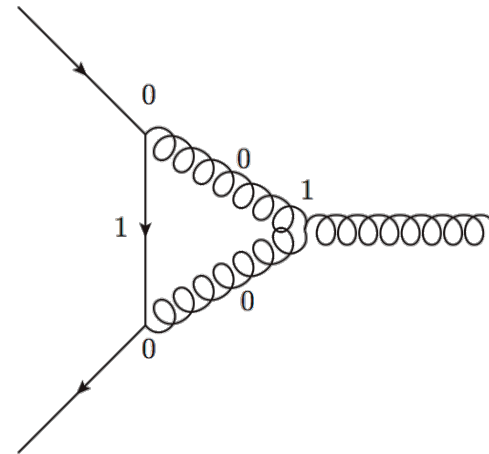
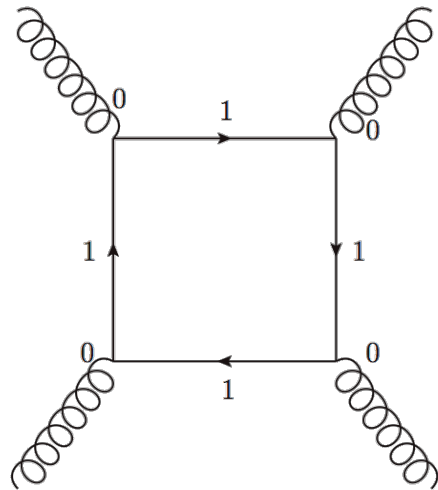
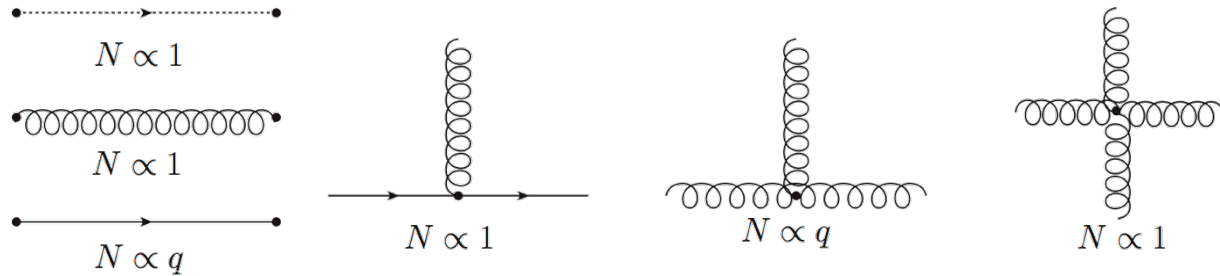
$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{A}_n = & \sum_{ijklm} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k D_l D_m} + \sum_{ijkl} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k D_l} + \\ & + \sum_{ijk} \frac{\Delta_{ijk}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k} + \sum_{ij} \frac{\Delta_{ij}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j} + \sum_i \frac{\Delta_i(q, \mu^2)}{D_i} \end{aligned}$$

Amplitudes at one loop

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{A}_n = & \sum_{ijklm} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k D_l D_m} + \sum_{ijkl} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k D_l} + \\ & + \sum_{ijk} \frac{\Delta_{ijk}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k} + \sum_{ij} \frac{\Delta_{ij}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j} + \sum_i \frac{\Delta_i(q, \mu^2)}{D_i} \end{aligned}$$

- Residues multivariate polynomials
- Need rank to determine generic form
- Renormalizability requires rank \leq propagators

Rank of the numerator



Integrand decomposition

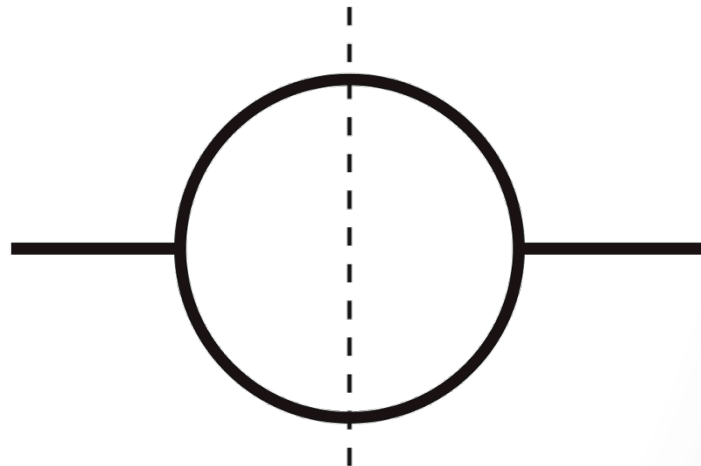
$$A_n = \sum_{ijklm} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k D_l D_m} + \sum_{ijkl} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k D_l} + \sum_{ijk} \frac{\Delta_{ijk}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k} + \sum_{ij} \frac{\Delta_{ij}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j} + \sum_i \frac{\Delta_i(q, \mu^2)}{D_i}$$

$$\frac{N}{D_0 D_1} = \frac{\Delta_{01}}{D_0 D_1} + \frac{\Delta_1}{D_1} + \frac{\Delta_0}{D_0} \quad \Rightarrow \quad N = \Delta_{01} + \Delta_1 D_0 + \Delta_0 D_1$$

$$\Delta_{01} = \text{Res}_{01} \left(\frac{N}{D_0 D_1} \right)$$

$$\Delta_1 = \text{Res}_1 \left(\frac{N - \Delta_{01}}{D_0 D_1} \right)$$

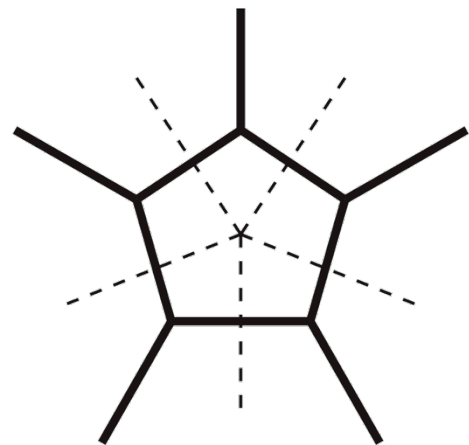
$$\Delta_0 = \text{Res}_0 \left(\frac{N - \Delta_{01}}{D_0 D_1} \right)$$



Integrand decomposition

$$A_n = \sum_{ijklm} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k D_l D_m} + \sum_{ijkl} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k D_l} + \sum_{ijk} \frac{\Delta_{ijk}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j D_k} + \sum_{ij} \frac{\Delta_{ij}(q, \mu^2)}{D_i D_j} + \sum_i \frac{\Delta_i(q, \mu^2)}{D_i}$$

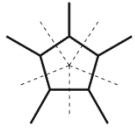
Quintuple cut



$$\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijklm} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} \right\}$$

(11)

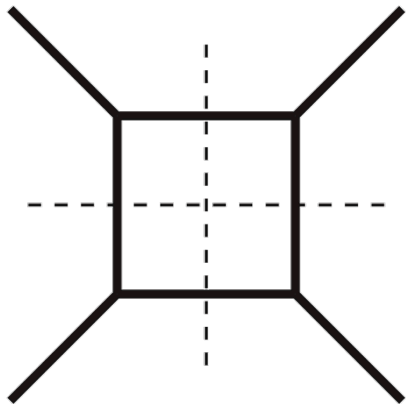
Integrand decomposition



$$\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijklm} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} \right\}$$

1 coefficient

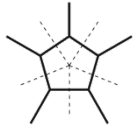
Quadruple cut



$$\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijkl} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i \ll m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} \right\}$$

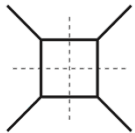
(12)

Integrand decomposition



$$\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijklm} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} \right\}$$

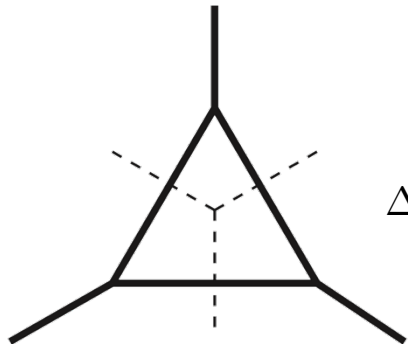
1 coefficient



$$\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijkl} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} \right\}$$

5 coefficients

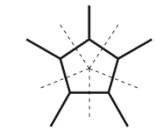
Triple cut



$$\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijk} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} \right\}$$

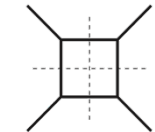
(13)

Integrand decomposition



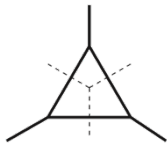
$$\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijklm} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} \right\}$$

1 coefficient



$$\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijkl} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} \right\}$$

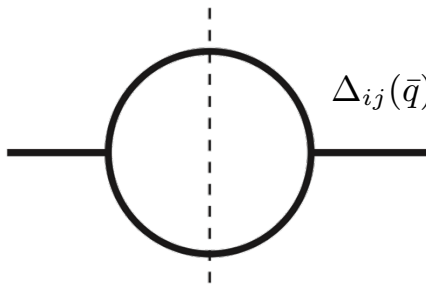
5 coefficients



$$\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijk} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} \right\}$$

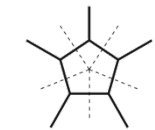
10 coefficients

Double cut



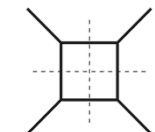
$$\Delta_{ij}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ij} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} - \sum_{i << k}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k} \right\}$$

Integrand decomposition



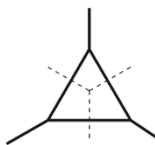
$$\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijklm} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} \right\}$$

1 coefficient



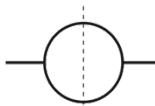
$$\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijkl} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} \right\}$$

5 coefficients



$$\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijk} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} \right\}$$

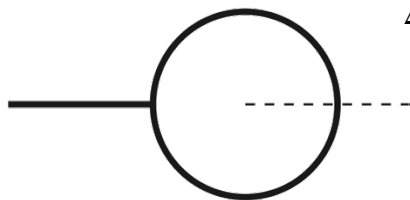
10 coefficients



$$\Delta_{ij}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ij} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} - \sum_{i << k}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k} \right\}$$

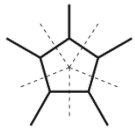
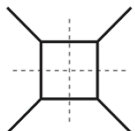
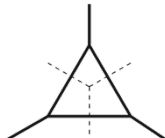
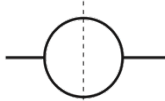
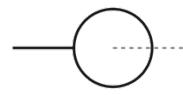
10 coefficients

Single cut



$$\Delta_i(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_i \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} + \right. \\ \left. - \sum_{i << k}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k} - \sum_{i < j}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ij}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j} \right\}$$

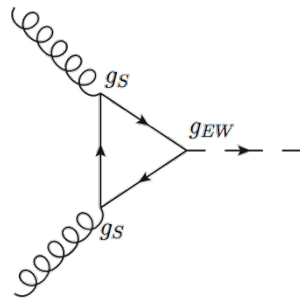
Integrand decomposition

	$\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijklm} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} \right\}$	1 coefficient
	$\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijkl} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} \right\}$	5 coefficients
	$\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijk} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} \right\}$	10 coefficients
	$\Delta_{ij}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ij} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} - \sum_{i << k}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k} \right\}$	10 coefficients
	$\Delta_i(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_i \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} + \right. \\ \left. - \sum_{i << k}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k} - \sum_{i < j}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ij}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j} \right\}$	5 coefficients

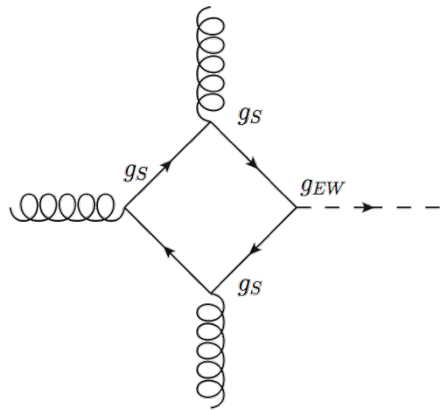
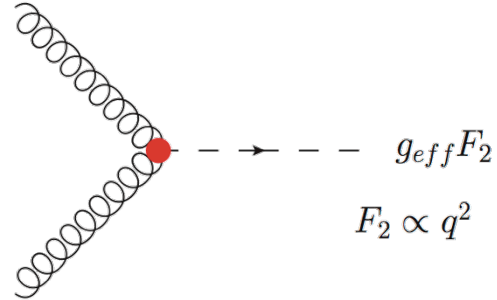
Hexagon:

$$\binom{6}{5} \cdot 1 + \binom{6}{4} \cdot 5 + \binom{6}{3} \cdot 10 + \binom{6}{2} \cdot 10 + \binom{6}{1} \cdot 5 = 461 \text{ coefficients}$$

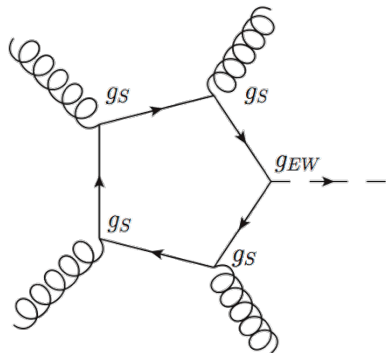
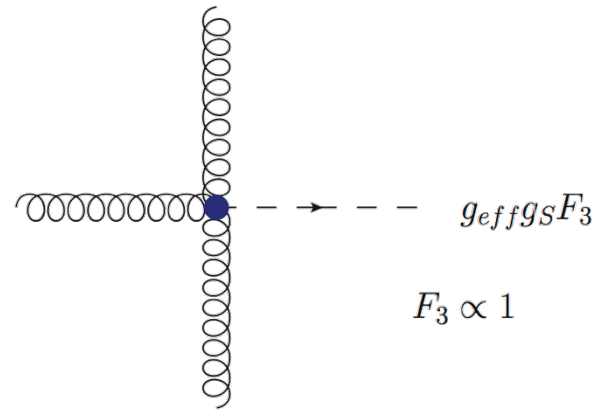
Higher rank



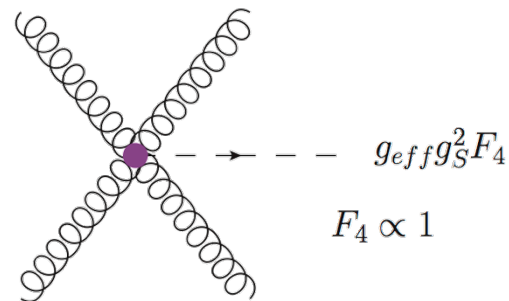
$$m_t \rightarrow \infty$$



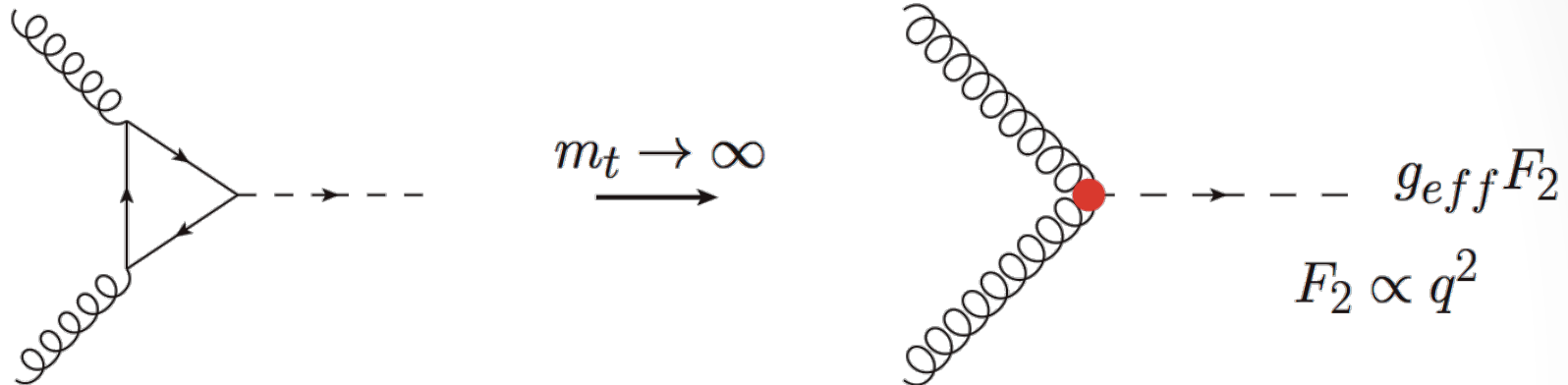
$$m_t \rightarrow \infty$$



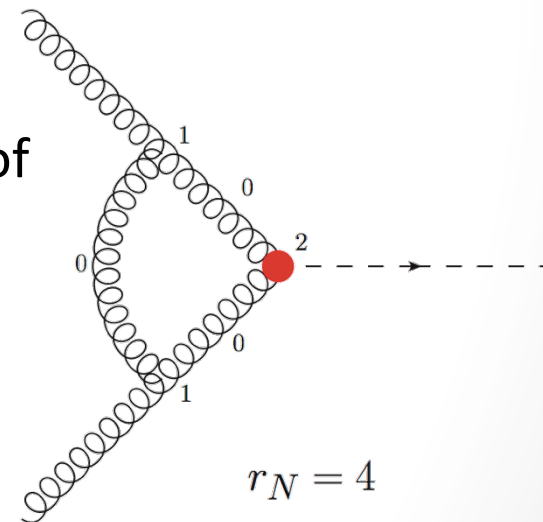
$$m_t \rightarrow \infty$$



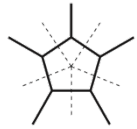
Higher rank



- Effective vertex in loop adds two powers of q
- New rule: rank \leq propagators + 1

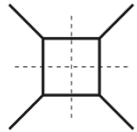


Integrand decomposition



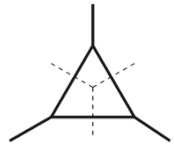
$$\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijklm} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} \right\}$$

1 → 1 coefficient



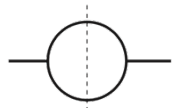
$$\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijkl} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} \right\}$$

5 → 6 coefficients



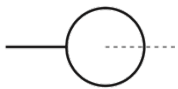
$$\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ijk} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} \right\}$$

10 → 15 coefficients



$$\Delta_{ij}(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_{ij} \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} - \sum_{i << k}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k} \right\}$$

10 → 20 coefficients



$$\Delta_i(\bar{q}) = \text{Res}_i \left\{ \frac{N(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_0 \cdots \bar{D}_{n-1}} - \sum_{i << m}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijklm}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell \bar{D}_m} - \sum_{i << \ell}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijkl}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \bar{D}_\ell} + \right. \\ \left. - \sum_{i << k}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ijk}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k} - \sum_{i < j}^{n-1} \frac{\Delta_{ij}(\bar{q})}{\bar{D}_i \bar{D}_j} \right\}$$

5 → 15 coefficients

Hexagon:

[Mastrolia, Mirabella, Peraro (2012)]; [HvD (2013)]

$$\binom{6}{5} \cdot 1 + \binom{6}{4} \cdot 6 + \binom{6}{3} \cdot 15 + \binom{6}{2} \cdot 20 + \binom{6}{1} \cdot 15 = (461 \rightarrow) 786 \text{ coefficients}$$

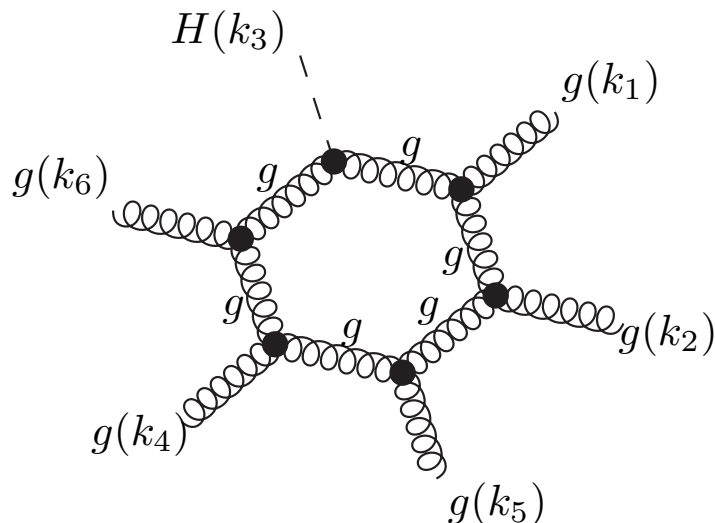
Applications

$p p \rightarrow h j j$ at NLO in Gluon Fusion

[HvD, Greiner, Luisoni, Mastrolia, Mirabella, Ossola, Peraro, von Soden-Fraunhofen, Tramontano (2013)]

$p p \rightarrow h j j j$ at NLO in Gluon Fusion

[Cullen, HvD, Greiner, Luisoni, Mastrolia, Mirabella, Ossola, Peraro, Tramontano (2013)]



H+0j	1 NLO
$gg \rightarrow H$	1 NLO
H+1j	62 NLO
$qq \rightarrow Hg$	14 NLO
$gg \rightarrow Hg$	48 NLO
H+2j	926 NLO
$qq' \rightarrow Hqq'$	32 NLO
$qq \rightarrow Hqq$	64 NLO
$qq \rightarrow Hqg$	179 NLO
$gg \rightarrow Hgg$	651 NLO
H+3j	13179 NLO
$qq' \rightarrow Hqq'g$	467 NLO
$qq \rightarrow Hqqg$	868 NLO
$qq \rightarrow Hqgg$	2519 NLO
$gg \rightarrow Hggg$	9325 NLO

NLO Calculations

$$\sigma^{NLO} = \int_m \left[d^{(4)}\sigma^B + \int_{loop} d^{(d)}\sigma^V + \int_1 d^{(d)}\sigma^S \right] + \int_{m+1} \left[d^{(4)}\sigma^R - d^{(4)}\sigma^S \right]$$

- NLO calculations consists of:
 - Leading Order (LO): Born diagrams
 - Virtual corrections: Loop diagrams ← GoSam
 - Real corrections: Additional radiation
 - Subtraction terms to regulate infinities

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- NLO calculations consists of:
 - Leading Order (LO): Born diagrams ← MC
 - Virtual corrections: Loop diagrams ← GoSam
 - Real corrections: Additional radiation ← MC
 - Subtraction terms to regulate infinities ← MC

Interface with aMC@NLO

- Recent release: MadGraph5_aMC@NLO (MG5aMC)
- Uses Binoth Les Houches Accord interface (BLHA)
See next talk by Johann Felix
- Interface tested on several non-trivial processes
- Compared GoSam vs. MadLoop
- Runs smoothly parallelized with Condor

Summary

- GoSam is a framework for the automated computation of one loop diagrams
- Samurai has been extended to deal with higher rank numerators, f.e. effective Higgs couplings: Xsamurai
- Xsamurai has been used to calculate Higgs plus 2 and 3 jets in Gluon Fusion at NLO
- GoSam is being interfaced to MG5aMC for the calculation of even more complicated processes