<u>DIS at the TeV</u> <u>Scale?</u> <u>A Summary of the</u> <u>1st LHeC Workshop</u>

Paul Newman (University of Birmingham) Ringberg Workshop 10 October 2008



http://www.lhec.org.uk

http://www.lhec.org.uk event-lhec-workshop@cern.ch

First ECFA-CERN Workshop on the LHEG

Steering Comprise Offer Bruaning LCERNY

Jahri Qainton (Uverpooli Albert Me. Roeck (ICERN) Stelano Forte (Milano) Wax Risen (UVErpool-Onair) Paul Newman (Birmingham) Yemmanuelle Perez (CHEN) Wesle Smith (Wisconsin) Berne Surrow (MIT) Katsud Tokustenik (URK) Urs Wiedemann-(CERN)



Stain Brodsky (SLAC) Allen Caldwell (MPI Muenchen, chair) Swapan Chattopadhyay (Cockcroft Institute) John Dainton (Uverpool) Jos Engelen (CERN) Joel Feltesse (Hamburg/Saclay) Roland Garoby (CERN) Rolf Heuer (DESY) Roland Hortsberger (PSI) Young-Kee Kim (Fermilab) Aharon Levy (Tel Avtv) Lev Upatov (St Petersburg) Karlbeing Meter (Heidelberg) Richard Milner (MIT) Stave Myers (CERN) Alexander Skrinsky (Novosibirsk) Anthony Thomas (JLab) Steve Vigdor (Brookhaven) Ferdinand Willeke (Brookhaven/DESY) Frank Wilczek (MIT)

Scientific Advisory Committee





The LHC is the Future!



Can the unprecedented LHC energy and intensity be exploited for DIS?

"... the LHeC is already half built" [J Engelen]

"... it would be a waste not to exploit the 7TeV beams for ep and eA physics at some stage during the LHC time" [G. Altarelli]

Lepton-Proton Scattering Facilities

10 ⁹ The LHeC is not the first Luminosity (10³⁰cm⁻²s⁻¹) Jlab 6 + 12 10⁸ proposal for higher SLAC energy DIS, but it is $\mathbf{10}^{7}$ the first with potential 10⁶ for significantly higher 10 ⁵ ELIC-Jlab luminosity than HERA ... 10⁴ .He(BCDMS eRHIC-BNL 10 ³ Contents 10 ² HERA NMC THERA Workshop Overview 10 QCDexplorer 1 10³ 10² • The physics case for 10 cms Energy (GeV) high luminosity TeV Scale DIS

- Some first Physics case studies
- Accelerator and Detector Considerations

... after some first studies (Willeke et al.), discussions with CERN accelerator experts and presentation to plenary ECFA (Klein) ...

Summary and Proposal as endorsed by ECFA (30.11.2007)

As an add-on to the LHC, the LHeC delivers in excess of 1 TeV to the electron-quark cms system. It accesses high parton densities 'beyond' what is expected to be the unitarity limit. Its physics is thus fundamental and deserves to be further worked out, also with respect to the findings at the LHC and the final results of the Tevatron and of HERA.

First considerations of a ring-ring and a linac-ring accelerator layout lead to an unprecedented combination of energy and luminosity in lepton-hadron physics, exploiting the latest developments in accelerator and detector technology.

It is thus proposed to hold two workshops (2008 and 2009), under the auspices of ECFA and CERN, with the goal of having a Conceptual Design Report on the accelerator, the experiment and the physics. A Technical Design report will then follow if appropriate. ... Nuclear physics also took an interest ...

Electron-Proton/Ion Collider



- Options •
 - Europe
 - LHeC
 - $\vec{e} + \vec{p}$ Collider @ FAIR
 - USA
 - ELIC @ JLab
 - eRHIC @ BNL



- NuPECC working group
 - Tullio Bressani, Jens Jørgen Gaardhøje, G. Rosner (chair), H. Ströher
- Input to
 - NuPECC Report 2009
 - NuPECC's next Long Range Plan
 - Start preparation @ mtg. in Glasgow, Oct. 2008
 - Town meetings, working groups in 2009/10
 - Publication ~2010/11

Some committees were set up ...

Scientific Advisory Committee

Guido Altarelli (Rome) Stan Brodsky (SLAC) Allen Caldwell (MPI Munich) Swapan Chattopadhyay (Cockcroft) John Dainton (Liverpool) John Ellis (CERN) Jos Engelen (CERN) Joel Feltesse (Saclay) Lev Lipatov (St.Petersburg) Roger Garoby (CERN) Rolf Heuer (DESY) **Roland Horisberger (PSI)** Young Kee Kim (Fermilab) Aharon Levy (Tel Aviv) - Richard Milner (Bates) Steven Myers, CERN Alexander Skrinsky Moves Anthony Thomas (Jlab) Steven Vigdor (BNL) Ferdinand Willeke (BNL) Frank Wilczek (MIT)

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Oliver Bruening - (CERN) John Dainton (Cockcroft) Albert DeRoeck (CERN) Stefano Forfe (Milaino) Max Klein - chair (Liverpool) Paul Newman (Birmingham) Emmanuelle Perez (CERN) Wesley Smith (Wisconsin) Bornd Surrow (MIT) Katsuo Tokushuku (KEK) Urs Wiedemann (CERN)

Will dis uss and genise

... a working group structure agreed and convenors invited ...

Workshop Convenors

Accelerator Design [RR and LR] Oliver Bruening (CERN), John Dainton (Cockcroft/Liverpool) Interaction Region and Forward/Backward Detectors Bernhard Holzer (DESY), Uwe Schneeekloth (DESY), Pierre van Mechelen (Brussels) **Detector Design** Peter Kostka (DESY), Rainer Wallny (UCLA), Alessandro Polini (Bologna) New Physics at Large Scales Emmanuelle Perez (CERN), Georg Weiglein (Durham) Precision QCD and Electroweak Interactions Olaf Behnke (DESY), Paolo Gambino (Torino), Thomas Gehrmann (Zuerich) Physics at High Parton Densities [small x and eA] Nestor Armesto (CERN), Brian Cole (Columbia), Paul Newman (B'ham), Anna Stasto (MSU)

... first workshop took place in September 2008, Divonne ... \rightarrow 91 participants. Unusual mix of accelerator experts, experimentalists and theorists

Monday 01 September 2008

Agenda of Divonne Workshop

Registration - Hall d'accueil (12:30-14:00)

Opening - Amphitheatre (14:00-16:30)

- Convenera: Ellis, John

time [id] title	presenter
14.00 [0] Welcome Address	ENGELEN, Jos
14:15 [1] Opening Remarks from ECFA	MEIER, Karlheinz
14:30 [4] Opening Remarks from NuPBCC	ROSNER, Guenther
14:45 [2] Opening Lecture - "Deep Inelastic Scattering in the LHC time"	ALTARELLI, Guido
15:45 [3] Steering Group Report	KLEIN, Max

Accelerator Overview - Autone (17:00-19:05)

time	[id] title	presenter
17.00	[41] Discussion	
17:45	[37] Boundary conditions for the Interaction Region design	SCHNEEKLOTH, Uwe
18:15	[38] Interaction Region design for a ring-ring option	HOLZER, Bembard
18:40	[39] Interaction Region design for a ring-linac option	TOMAS, Rogelio

Physics Overview - Barbilsine (17:00-19:00)

time	[id] title	precenter
17.00	[9] LHeC Physics Overview	BRODSKY, Stan
18.00	[10] QCD in the High Energy Limit	BARTELS, Jochen

Tuesday 02 September 2008

Accelerator & IR Design - Autone (09:00-12:00)

time	[id] title	presenter
09:00	[40] Ring-Linac option: various operation modes and performance reaches	ZIMMERMANN, Frank
09:30	[42] Magnet design issues and options for an LHeC Interaction Region	RUSSENSCHUCK, Stephen
10.00	[43] Operation with large crossing angles and the required CRAB cavity parameters	CALAGA, Rans
10:30	coffee hreak	
11.00	[44] Summary of the main parameters for the ring-ring option	JOWETT, John
11:30	[45] Ring-ring layout and hypers design	BURKHARDT, Helmut

Detector Detign - Barbilaine (09:00-12:00)

time (id) title	presenter
09:00 [62] Introduction and sension organization	POLINI, Alessandro KOSTKA, Peter WALLNY, Rainer
09:15 [63] Silicon Pixel detectors for Tracking	WERMES, Norbert
10:00 [64] RD50 and nilicon radiation hardness	MOLL, Michael
10:30 coffee break	
11:00 [65] Present & Future Collider Triggers	SMCTH, Wesley
11:20 [66] Trigger and displaced vertexing (CDF SVT)	CERRI, Alessandro
11:40 [67] The CMS Hadron Calorimeter and upgrade scenarios	SKUJA, Andrin

QCD and Low x ep Observables and PDF: - Amphitheatre (09:00-12:00)

time	[id] title	presenter
09:00	[11] Precision Physics with Parton Distributions	VOGT, Andreas
02:30	[12] Structure Functions and PDFs stifrom LHeC	KLED, Mex
09:50	[13] Neural network approach to parton distributions	ROJO-CHACON, Juan
10:10	[14] Expectations for slpha_a	KLUGE, Thomas
10:30	coffe break	
11.00	[15] Heavy Flavour and Jet Observables at the LHeC	BEHNICE, Olaf
11:20	[17] More Low-x Observables at the LHeC	NEWMAN, Paul
11:40	[16] Forward Jeta/Parton Cascade Dynamics at LHeC (the)	2.280, Harmen

Accelerator & IR & Detector - Autone (14:00-16:00)

inne	[id] title	presenter
4.00	[49] Active magneta	GREENSHAW, Tim
14:20	[48] Magnet Options for LHeC detector	TEN KATE, Herman
4:40	[46] e-RHIC machine supects	LITVINENKO, Vladimir

16:30	[26] Higgs -> b liber Coupling at LHC	KOAY, Suz Ann
16:50	[80] Higgs cross sections at LHeC	KLEIN, Uta
17:10	[27] Backgrounds to Higgs production at the LHeC	KUZE, Manahiro
17:30	[28] Drell-Yan, new physics and high x PDFs	PEREZ, Emmanaelle
17:50	[29] Electroweak precision physics before and after LHC	DEGRASSI, Giaseppe

Low x ep and eA Physics at LHC and LHeC - Barbilaine (16:30-19:00)

time	(id) title	presenter
16:30	[32] Low x QCD with protons and nuclei at LHC	D'ENTERRIA, David
16:50	[33] What to expect on low x from ATLAS	CAMPANELLI, Mario
17:10	[34] From ep to AB Collisions	ARMESTO, Neskor
17:30	[36] Prompt photons as a tool for modear POFs.	ARLEO, Francois
17:50	[35] Concluding discussion and plans on low a	

Wednesday 03 September 2008

Reports from Working Groups - Amphitheatre (09:00-12:30)

time	[id] title	presenter
09:00	[56] Fhysics at High Parton Densities (ep and eA)	ARMESTO, Néstor NEWMAN, Paul
09:30	[57] Precision Investigations of QCD and Electroweak Interactions	BEHNIKE, Olaf
10:00	[58] New Physics at Large Scales	WEIGLEIN, Georg
10:30	coffice break	
11:00	[59] Detector Design	POLINI, Alessandro WALLNY, Rainer KOSTKA, Peter
11:30	[60] Interaction region and Forward/Backward Detectors	HOLZER, Bernhard
12:00	[61] Accelerator Design	BRUNING, Oliver

15:00 [47] IR Design for the e-RHIC project	MONTAG, Christoph
15:20 [50] IR Design proton optics	HOLZER, Bembard
15:40 [51] IR Design: electron optics	KLING, Alexander

New Physics at the LHeC - Barbilaine (14:00-16:01)

time	(id) title	presenter
14:00	[18] Introduction	PEREZ, Emmanuelle
14:30	[19] Excited Fermiona	TRINH, Nguyet
15:00	[20] Single Leptoquiek Production in pp	PAPADOPOULOU, Theodors
15:30	[30] Single Top Production	BRANDT, Gerhard

Parton Saturation at the LHeC - theory and experiment - Amphithestre (14:00-16:00)

time	[id] title	presenter
14:00	[21] Ohen density in BFKL DAF-Pomeron at HERA and its implication for LHC and LHeC	KOWALSKI, Henri
14:20	[22] Saturation effects in final states and total cross sections due to CCFM with absorptive boundary	KUTAK, Krzyszkof
14:40	[23] 5D tiny black holes and perturbative saturation	SABIO VERA, Agustin
15:00	[24] Establishing/Islaifying saturation at LHeC	ROJO-CHACON, Juan
15:20	[25] Establishing/Eduifying parton saturation in low x op at LHeC	NEWMAN, Paul

Accelerator & IR Design - Autone (16:30-19:00)

tinue	[id] title	presenter
16.30	[74] Space requirements for cavities, Klystrons and power converters in the LHC bannel/hypeas areas	LINNECAR, Trevor
16:50	[75] Synergies of the required LHeC R efforts with other existing projects	NN
17:10	[76] Polarisation	BARBER, Deamond
17:30	[77] Double Quaid Design	PAOLONI, Eugenio BETTONI, Simona
17:50	[78] Synchrotron Light	NAGORNY, Boris
18:10	[79] Dissussion	

Detector design - Foyer des artistes (16:30-19:00)

time	[id] title	presenter
16:30	[71] Gomip gazerita pixel detector R&D	KOFFEMAN, Eb
17.00	[72] CALICE calorimeters for the ILC	SIMON, Frank
17:30	[73] Detector Design WG open discussion	NN

Kinematics & Motivation for 70 GeV × 7 TeV ep



 $\sqrt{s} = 1.4 \text{ TeV}$ $W \leq 1.4 \text{ TeV}$ $x \ge 5.10^{-7}$ at $O^2 \leq 1 \text{ GeV}^2$

- High mass (Q^2) frontier
- Q² lever-arm at moderate x
- Low x (high W) frontier

The Luminosity v Acceptance Conundrum

- \bullet As for HERA-I v HERA-II, low β focusing quadrupoles around interaction region can improve lumi by a factor ~10
- However, acceptance near beam-pipe is compromised



compact magnet design required: 10° = 21 cm outer radius of Q1E quadrupole 1° = requires an alternative lattice , optics a → loss of low Q^2 acceptance → loss of high M acceptance → poorer HFS measurements



A Working Scenario for First Physics Studies

Assume a 70 GeV electron beam and lumi of 1-10 fb⁻¹ / year Requirements based on reaching per-mil α_s (c.f. 1-2% now) ...

The new collider ...

- should be ~100 times more luminous than HERA

The new detector

- should be at least 2 times better than H1 / ZEUS

Lumi = 10^{33} cm⁻² s⁻¹ (Acceptance 10-170° (\rightarrow 179°?) (Tracking to 0.1 mrad EM Calorimetry to 0.1% Had calorimtry to 0.5% (Luminosity to 0.5% (

(HERA 1-5 x 10^{31} cm⁻² s⁻¹) (HERA 7-177°) (HERA 0.2 - 1 mrad) (HERA 0.2-0.5%) (HERA 1%) (HERA 1%)

First `pseudo-data' for F_2 , F_2^D produced on this basis ...



... LHeC may have competitive sensitivity to LHC in BSM areas where HERA was also strong ... some examples follow ...

Lepton-quark Bound States

- Leptoquarks appear in many extensions to SM... explain apparent symmetry between lepton and quark sectors.
- Scalar or Vector color triplet bosons carrying
 L, B and fractional Q, complex spectroscopy?
- (Mostly) pair produced in pp, single production in ep.
- LHeC sensitivity (to ~1.5 TeV) similar to LHC, but can determine quantum numbers / spectroscopy (fermion #, spin, chiral couplings ...)







Yukawa coupling, λ

Rp Conserving Supersymmetry

tan β = 10, M₂ = 380 GeV, μ = -500 GeV Squark mass (GeV) 006 000 002 002 006 σ in pb, e⁻ p 10 -2 10 -3 500 400 300 200 200 300 700 900 1000 400 500 600 800 Selectron mass (GeV) Squark mass (GeV) 1000 σ in pb, e⁺ p 900 -2 800 10 700 600 500 400 10 300 200 200 300 400 500 600 700 900 1000 800 Selectron mass (GeV) (Perez)

$rac{\chi^0}{q}$ $rac{\chi^0}{q}$

Pair production via t-channel exchange of a neutralino.

Cross-section sizeable for $\Sigma M < 1$ TeV i.e. if squarks are "light", could observe selectrons up to ~ 500 GeV, a little beyond LHC? Total cross section for I* productions through GM interaction at LHeC, assuming M*=A

comparison with HERA and LHC



Precision Electroweak and QCD Group

Electroweak & QCD Wishlist for Lhec [Behnke]



Another version of the wish list ...

Novel Aspects of QCD in ep scattering

- Clash of DGLAP and BFKL with unitarity: saturation phenomena; off-shell effects at high x
- Heavy quark distributions do not derive exclusively from DGLAP or gluon splitting -- component intrinsic to hadron wavefunction: Intrinsic c(x,Q), b(x,Q), t(x,Q):
- Hidden-Color of Nuclear Wavefunction
- Antishadowing is quark specific!
- Polarized u(x) and d(x) at large x; duality
- Virtual Compton scattering : DVCS, DVMS, GPDs; J=o fixed pole reflects elementary source of electromagnetic current
- Initial-and Final-State Interactions: leading twist SSA, DDIS
- Direct Higher-Twist Processes; Color Transparency

ECFA-CERN LHeC Workshop Divonne, September 1, 2008

LHeC Physics Overview



... some examples follow ...



Apply eta cuts on ALL final states





[U Klein, Kniehl, Perez, Khuze]

Sizeable CC (WW) x-section (NC factor ~5 smaller)

→ Novel production mechanism → Clean(ish) ... H + j + p_{+}^{miss} → bbbar coupling to light H?

Acceptance is an issue ...

First background studies (jets in CC) underway ...

LHeC Impact on High x Partons and α_s



Full NC/CC sim (with systs giving per mil α_s) & NLO DGLAP fit using standard HERA technology...

... high x pdfs \rightarrow may help clarify LHC discoveries through interpretation of new states? [Some of highest x improvement from paramⁿ extrapolation] High x Partons Limiting New Physics @ LHC Some BSM models give deviations in high mass dijet spectra ... e.g. a model with extra dimensions ...



... in this example, high x PDF uncertainties reduce sensitivity to compactification scales from 6 TeV to 2 TeV for 2XDs

LHeC Flavour Decomposition F^b₂ 10 10⁴ x=0.00003 x=0.0003 h High precision c, b measurements 10^{3} x=0 0007 (modern Si trackers, beam 10^{2} x=0 003 spot 15 * 35 μ m² , increased x=0.007 HF rates at higher scales). 10¹ Systematics at 10% level x=0.03 10⁰ \rightarrow beauty is a low x observable! 10⁻¹ x=0.07 \rightarrow s (& sbar) from charged current HERA \rightarrow Similarly Wb \rightarrow t? **10**⁻² 10¹ 10 10 Q²/GeV² LHeC LHeC 10° acceptance O LHEC 1º acceptance [Mehta, Klein] 0.8 S (Assumes 1 fb⁻¹ and 0.6 - 50% beauty, 10% e 0.4 charm efficiency ****** С 0.2 - 1% uds \rightarrow c Ó S mistag probability. 0 - 10% c \rightarrow b mistag) 10^4 101 p $Q^{i}=2000 \text{ GeV}^{0}$

1 fb⁻¹

10

LHeC Kinematics for <u>Low x</u> Investigations



More Low x Detector Considerations

• Low x studies require electron acceptance to 1° to beampipe

HERA	$E_e = 30 GeV$	E _p =920GeV	
		<	
LHeC	E_=70GeV	E ₂ =7000GeV	

Considerably more asymmetric beam energies than HERA!

 Hadronic final state at newly accessed lowest x values goes central or backward in the detector ©
 At x values typical of HERA (but larger Q²), hadronic final state is boosted more in the forward direction.

• Study of low x / Q² and of range overlapping with HERA, with sensitivity to energy flow in outgoing proton direction requires forward acceptance for hadrons to $\sim 1^{\circ}$



DIS and forward jet:

$$x_{jet} > 0.03$$
 $0.5 < rac{p_{t\,jet}^2}{Q^2} < 2$

x range (and sensitivity to novel QCD effects) strongly depend on θ cut

Similar conclusions for $\Delta \phi$ decorrelations between jets



Some models of low x F₂ with LHeC Data With 1 fb⁻¹ (1 year at 10³³ cm⁻² s⁻¹), 1° detector: stat. precision < 0.1%, syst, 1-3%

[Forshaw, Klein, Marquet, PN, Soyez]



Precise data in LHeC region, $x > \sim 10^{-6}$

 Extrapolated HERA dipole models ...
 FS04, CGC models including saturation suppressed at low x, Q² relative to non-sat FS04-Regge

... new effects may not be easy to see and will certainly need low $Q^2 (\theta \rightarrow 179^\circ)$ region ...

How to establish Parton Saturation at LHeC?

... effects may not be so large in ep \rightarrow and may be hard to establish unambiguously with F₂ alone ... A^{1/3} amplification in gluon in eA (~6 for Pb) may be needed ... Two first studies using F₂ and F_L in ep only ...



Saturation effects at LHeC (FS04-sat) cannot be absorbed into NNPDF1.0 DGLAP PDF analysis if F_2 and F_L both fitted

[Rojo]

Can DGLAP adjust to fit LHeC sat models?

[Forshaw, Klein, PN, Perez]

• Attempt to fit ZEUS and LHeC saturation model data in increasingly narrow (low) Q^2 region until good fit obtained • Use dipole-like (GBW) gluon parameterisation at Q_0^2



$$xg(x,Q_0^2) = A_g\left(1 - \exp\left[-B_g \log^2\left(\frac{x}{x_0}\right)^{\lambda}\right]\right) (1-x)^{C_g}$$

• Fitting F_2 only, a good fit cannot be obtained beyond the range 2 < Q^2 < 20 GeV² • This fit fails to describe F_L



Some First Studies of Diffractive Channels



Forward and Diffractive Detectors

- Very forward tracking / calorimetry with good resolution ...
- Proton and neutron spectrometers ...
- Reaching $x_{IP} = 1 E_p'/E_p$ = 0.01 in diffraction with rapidity gap method requires η_{max} cut around 5 ...forward instrumentation essential!
- Roman pots, FNC should clearly be an integral part.
 - Also for t measurements
 - Not new at LHC \odot
 - Being considered integrally with interaction region



With AA at LHC, LHeC is also an eA Collider



• With wide range of x, Q^2 , A, opportunity to extract and understand nuclear parton densities in detail

• e.g. enhanced sensitivity to low x gluon saturation

 c.f. ions at ALICE, RHIC ... initial state in quark-gluon plasma production is presumably made out of saturated partons



- Previously considered as `QCD explorer' (also THERA)
- Reconsideration (Chattopadhyay, Zimmermann et al.) recently
- Main advantages: low interference with LHC, $\rm E_e \rightarrow 140~GeV$ ++, LC relation
- Main difficulties: lower luminosity ~0.5.10³² cm⁻² s⁻¹ (?) at reasonable power, no previous experience exists

- First considered (as LEPxLHC) in 1984 ECFA workshop
- Recent detailed re-evaluation with new e ring (Willeke)
- Main advantage: high peak lumi obtainable (10³³ cm⁻² s⁻¹)
- Main difficulties: building round existing LHC, synchrtoron limits to e beam energy and lifetime

Some topics from Interaction Region Group

[Burkhard]



(Stephan Russenschuck)

* sc. double magnet design, active magnets (Eugenio Paolomi, Simona Bettoni, Tim Greenshaw,)

* synchrotron radiation: and beam separation (Boris Nagorny)

* rf cavities & power consumption (John Jowett, Trevor Linnecar)



24.5

26.0

LEP

206

100 600 s. [m]

Ring-Ring Interaction Region Overview

- LHC fixes p beam parameters
- 70 GeV electron beam, (compromise energy v synchrotron \rightarrow 50 MW)
- Match e & p beam shapes, sizes
- Fast separation of beams with tolerable synchrotron power requires finite crossing angle
- \bullet 2 mrad angle gives 8σ separation at first parasitic crossing

... <u>Linac-Ring</u> could get around some of Distance from IP in metes this ... and focusing quadrupoles could be further from IP?



[Willeke]

Accelerator Group Summary

[Bruening]

"The discussions at this workshop showed that both options can in principle provide collisions at the TeV scale (e.g. collisions between 60 GeV lepton and 7 TeV proton beams) with a luminosity of L = 10³³ cm⁻² sec⁻² in a parasitic mode to the nominal p-p program."

"The devil lies often in the details and insurmountable problems might only become visible during detailed studies."

→ "Need to sketch both options for the LHeC in the conceptual design report"

Ring-Ring

"We have a lot of experience with the design of such a machine (LEP, HERA) and sophisticated tools are at hand for design & performance analysis" [Jowett, Kling]

"By-passes require a minimum of 1.5km tunnelling in the LHC" [Burkhard]



Thoughts on Linac-Ring Layout Designs

[Zimmermann]



... lots of R&D required ...

Another idea: electrons in the SPL?

SPL (Superconducting Proton Linac) is part of proposed CERN p-accelerator upgrade programme. ... could be used to provide up to 20 GeV electrons (4 passes of 5 GeV)



R. Garoby, CARE-HHH BEAM07, October'07; L. Evans, LHCC, 20 Feb '08

Detector Group

Agenda

DETECTOR SESSION Tuesday morning				
9:00h	PK,AP,RW	Introduction		
9:15h	Norbert Wermes	Silicon Pixel Detectors for Tracking		
10:00h	Michael Moll	RD50 and silicon hardness		
10:30h		-coffee-		
11:00h	Wesley Smith	Present and Future Collider Triggers		
11:30h	Alex Cerri	Trigger and online displaced vertexing (CDF SVT)		
12:00h	Andris Skuja	CMS Hadron Calorimeter		
12:30h		-lunch-		
COMMO	N SESSION DET/ACC	/IR Tuesday afternoon		
14:00h	Tim Greenshaw	Instrumented Magnets		
14:30h	Herman ten Kate	Magnet options for LHeC detector		
DETECT	OR SESSION Tuesday	y afternoon		
17:00h	Els Koffeman	Gossip gaseous pixel R&D		
17:30h	Frank Simon	Calice calorimeters for the ILC		
18:00h		Open Discussion		
Kostk	a, Polini, Waliny	3 rd September 2008 10		

... lots of discussion of optimum detector technologies etc

A First Draft Detector?

Detector (1st draft):

- Barrel Solenoid Magnet:
- Barrel Liquid Argon Calorimeter
- Central-Forward-Backward TRT Gossip "particle ID" & tracking
- Central Forward-Backward Tracker
- Innermost layer of high Res Pixel (Monolithic CMOS)
- Forward Backward CALICE Type Calorimeters
- Instrumented low beta magnets

Still the issue of acceptance v luminosity optimisation remains ... → 2 interaction points / experiments? → 2 phases of experiment (a la HERA)? → New idea: can we instrument the (superconducting) focusing quadrupoles so they provide calorimetry as well as

focusing (and add some Si in front?)

Developing a "Magcal"?

HV

- Helium cooled SC magnet.
- Coils in He bath.



Space for calorimeter using He as active component? Could add stainless steel plates as absorber with readout pads:

He

HV



[Greenshaw]

... could even think of doing the same with solenoids / toroids?



Summary

 LHC is a totally new world of energy and luminosity! LHeC proposal aims to exploit this for TeV lepton-hadron scattering

• First ECFA/CERN meeting successfully gathered Accelerator, Theory & Experimental scientists

 \rightarrow First debates on machine and detector layout

 \rightarrow First (often crude) tasters of many physics topics ... much more detail needed for CDR

... many topics not covered so far at all (eA, VM, pots, γp ...)

• Next steps ...

- \rightarrow Convenors' meeting to draft CDR targets [Nov '08]
- \rightarrow More working group meetings ...
- \rightarrow Full review meeting at DIS'09, Madrid [Apr '09]
- \rightarrow Second ECFA-CERN workshop [1-3 Sep '09] \rightarrow CDR

• More at www.lhec.org.uk ... You are very welcome to join!

Back-Ups Follow

Jets and Heavy Flavours





Constrain gluon (at Remarkably low x!) through jets and heavy flavour measurements

e.g. F_2^{b} to a few % constraining gluon down to x ~ 2.10⁻⁵.

Heavy Quarks: $HERA \rightarrow LHC$

• HERA HF information limited by kinematic range and lumi (reasonable charm, some beauty, almost no strange)

 Crucial for understanding LHC initial state for new processes (e.g. bbbar->H) and backgrounds.



• LHC predictions rely strongly on extrapolations and pQCD (e.g. CTEQ: 7% effect on W,Z rates varying HF treatment).

Example Search for Gluon Saturation at HERA

Forshaw, Sandapen, Shaw hep-ph/0411337,0608161 ... used for illustrations here

Fit inclusive HERA data using dipole models with and without parton saturation effects



FS04 Regge (~FKS): 2 pomeron model, <u>no saturation</u> FS04 Satn: <u>Simple implementation of saturation</u> CGC: <u>Colour Glass Condensate version of saturation</u>

• All three models can describe data with Q² > 1GeV², x < 0.01 • Only versions with saturation work for 0.045 < Q² < 1 GeV² ... any saturation at HERA not easily interpreted partonically



DVCS Measurement

... the classic approach to `generalised parton densities' (GPDs)

... can be tackled as at HERA through inclusive selection of ep \rightarrow ep γ and statistical subtraction of Bethe-Heitler background





Example of DVCS at LHeC



(1° acceptance)

Statistical precision with $1 \text{fb}^{-1} \sim 2-11\%$

With F_2 , F_L , could help establish saturation and distinguish between different models which contain it!

Cleaner interpretation in terms of GPDs at larger LHeC Q² values

VMs similar story



Linac-Ring Design

• 140 GeV electron beam at
23 MV/m is 6km + gaps
• CMS energy → 2 TeV!

		ring-linac pulsed		ring-linac, cw , ~99% energy	
	units	e- n		e-	D
energy	GeV	70	7000	70	7000
punch population	10 ¹⁰	2	17	2	17
σz	cm	0.03	7.55	0.03	7.55
beam current (pulsed)	mA	101	858	101	858
emittance $\varepsilon_{x,y}$	nm	0.5, 0.5			
$\beta^*_{x,v}$	cm	15, 15			
spacing	ns	25			
e-linac/ring length	km	3.5		7 (2 linacs)	
e- pulse length		1 ms		cw	
repetition rate	5 Hz		Hz	continuous	
e- beam power	MW	35		7000	
peak luminosity	10 ³² cm ⁻² s ⁻¹	0.6 2x110			

S. Chattopadhyay (Cockcroft), F.Zimmermann (CERN), et al.

Relatively low peak lumi, but good average lumi Energy recovery (2 linacs?) ...else prohibitive power usage?

Luminosity: Ring-Ring

$$L = \frac{N_p \gamma}{4 \pi e \varepsilon_{pn}} \cdot \frac{I_e}{\sqrt{\beta_{px} \beta_{py}}} = 8.310^{32} \cdot \frac{I_e}{50 m A} \frac{m}{\sqrt{\beta_{px} \beta_{pn}}} cm^{-2} s^{-1}$$



$$\varepsilon_{pn} = 3.8 \mu m$$
$$N_p = 1.7 \cdot 10^{11}$$
$$\sigma_{p(x,y)} = \sigma_{e(x,y)}$$
$$\beta_{px} = 1.8 m$$
$$\beta_{py} = 0.5 m$$

$$I_e = 0.35 mA \cdot \frac{P}{MW} \cdot \left(\frac{100 GeV}{E_e}\right)^4$$

10³³ can be reached in RR $E_e = 40-80 \text{ GeV } \& P = 5-60 \text{ MW}.$

HERA was 1-4 10^{31} cm⁻² s⁻¹ huge gain with SLHC p beam

F.Willeke in hep-ex/0603016: Design of interaction region for 10^{33} : 50 MW, 70 GeV

May reach 10³⁴ with ERL in bypasses, or/and reduce power. R&D performed at BNL/eRHIC

Luminosity: Linac-Ring

$$L = \frac{N_p \gamma}{4 \pi e \varepsilon_{pn} \beta^*} \cdot \frac{P}{E_e} = 1 \cdot 10^{32} \cdot \frac{P / MW}{E_e / GeV} cm^{-2} s^{-1}$$



$$\varepsilon_{pn} = 3.8 \mu m$$
$$N_p = 1.7 \cdot 10^{11}$$
$$\beta^* = 0.15 m$$

$$I_e = 100 mA \cdot \frac{P}{MW} \cdot \frac{GeV}{E_e}$$

LHeC as Linac-Ring version can be as luminous as HERA II:

4 10³¹ can be reached with LR: $E_e = 40-140 \text{ GeV } \& P=20-60 \text{ MW}$ LR: average lumi close to peak

140 GeV at 23 MV/m is 6km +gaps

Luminosity horizon: high power: ERL (2 Linacs?)

Overview of LHeC Parameters

 Table 3: Main Parameters of the Lepton-Proton Collider

Property	Unit	Leptons	Protons
Beam Energies	GeV	70	7000
Total Beam Current	mA	74	544
Number of Particles / bunch	10^{10}	1.04	17.0
Horizontal Beam Emittance	nm	7.6	0.501
Vertical Beam Emittance	nm	3.8	0.501
Horizontal β -functions at IP	cm	12.7	180
Vertical β -function at the IP	cm	7.1	50
Energy loss per turn	${\rm GeV}$	0.707	$6 \cdot 10^{-6}$
Radiated Energy	MW	50	0.003
Bunch frequency / bunch spacing	MHz / ns	40 / 25	
Center of Mass Energy	${ m GeV}$	1400	
Luminosity	aminosity $10^{33} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ 1.1		1

Geometric Scaling at the LHeC



Reminder : Dipole models

• Unified description of low x region, including region where Q^2 small and partons not appropriate degrees of freedom ...



- Simple unified picture of many inclusive and exclusive processes ... strong interaction physics in (universal) dipole cross section σ_{dipole} . Process dependence in wavefunction Ψ Factors
- qqbar-g dipoles also needed to describe inclusive diffraction

Long HERA program Fo to understand parton cascade emissions by direct observation of jet pattern in the forward direction. ... DGLAP v BFKL v CCFM v resolved γ^* ...

Conclusions limited by kinematic restriction to high x (>~ 2.10^{-3}) and detector acceptance.

At LHeC ... more emissions due to longer ladder & more instrumentation \rightarrow measure at lower x where predictions really diverge.



The Gluon from F_1 ?



 $Q^2 > 1000 \text{ GeV}^2$

x if $E_p = 0.45$ TeV not possible

🕨 LHeC

Beyond Inclusive Measurements



Forward Jets,

- Direct tests of assumed parton evolution patterns
- ? Understanding limited by instrumentation near beam-pipe

Diffraction

- Unique clean probe of gap dynamics and elastic scattering ? Understanding limited by (forward) detectors ...

Motivation for TeV Scale DIS

-New Physics of eq Bound States, v*, Selectrons ... leptoquarks, RP violating SUSY, quark compositeness

-The Low x Limit of Quantum Chromodynamics high parton densities with low coupling `saturating: the parton growth, new evolution dynamics diffraction and confinement quark-gluon dynamics and the origin of mass

-Precision Proton Structure for the LHC and elsewhere essential to know the initial state precisely (b, g ...)

-Nuclear Parton Densities eA with AA -> partons in nuclei, Quark Gluon Plasma

... some considerations follow with $E_e = 70 \text{ GeV}$, $E_p = 7 \text{ TeV}$, lumi ~ $10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (~ $10 \text{ fb}^{-1} \text{ year}^{-1}$)...

Azimuthal (de)correlations between Jets



Some Kinematics for Diffractive DIS



- 5-10% data, depending on detector
- (D)PDFs / fac'n in much bigger range
- Enhanced parton satn sensitivity?
- $Mx \rightarrow 200 \text{ GeV} \dots X$ including W, Z, b
- Exclusive production of any 1⁻ state



π Structure with Neutrons



• With $\theta_n < 1 \text{ mrad}$, similar x_L and p_t ranges to HERA (a bit more p_t lever-arm for π flux).

• Extentions to lower β and higher Q² as in leading proton case. $\rightarrow F_2^{\pi}$ At β <5.10⁻⁵ (cf HERA reaches β ~10⁻³)

Also relevant to absorptive corrections, cosmic ray physics ...

min

D

10

10

_{10⁻³} (θ_e=175

RAPGAP – π – exchange, x_L=0.7, LHeC

(y=1)

 $\gamma^* (\mathbf{Q}^2)$

X

 $(\mathbf{x}_{L}=\mathbf{E}_{n}/\mathbf{E}_{p})$

Example Impact at LHC of Badly Known PDFs

Proton structure and interpretation of LHC discoveries

We may need more precise pdf's :

Example: new W', resonant slepton production in RpV SUSY



40% uncertainty on part. lum. for a 6 TeV W '. Translates into an uncertainty on the coupling of the W'.

Idem for the couplings of a new Z' close to the kinematic limit.

Plot from Max's talk?

E. Perez

(DIS'07)

Drop?

See also Large Extra New Physics at Large Scales, Dimensions study (Ferrag)

Georg Weiglein, Divonne, 09/08

Flavour decomposition of PDFs is also a major bonus

Ring-Ring Design



Assume ring would have to bypass P1, P5, P3 and P6
P8 / P2 could be possible ep/eA interaction regions?