

Prospects for Higgs boson physics beyond the Standard Model at the
Large Hadron Collider (LHC)
Seminar: Physics at the Large Hadron Collider

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Introduction

Additional electroweak singlet

$$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$$

Two Higgs doublet Model (2HDM)

$$\phi \rightarrow \mu\mu$$

$$A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llb\bar{b}$$

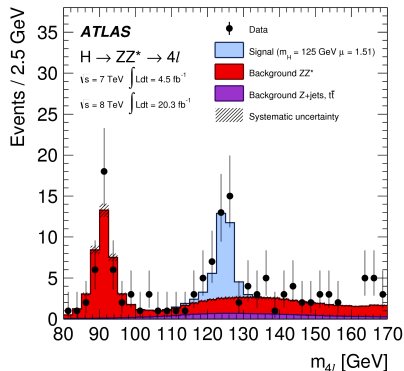
$$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$$

Indirect search

Summary

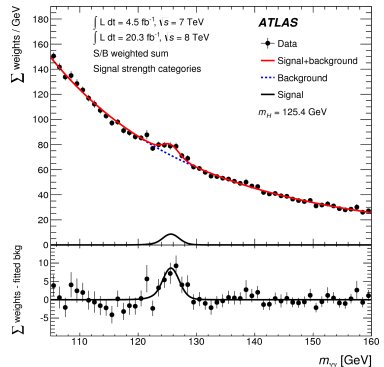


- In the Standard model:
 - Higgs sector is minimal
 - Include only one complex doublet: one CP-even Higgs boson
- 2012: Discovery of a Higgs-like boson with $m_A = 125.5 \text{ GeV}$ and $J^P = 0^+$
- Combined coupling fits of the measured production and decay rates: no significant deviation from SM





- Important question: Higgs sector minimal or extended, as predict in many beyond-SM theories
- Upgrade of LHC: better study of the higgs sector and search for new physics
- 2011/12: 25 fb^{-1} at $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{-}8 \text{ TeV}$
- till 2022: 300 fb^{-1} at $\sqrt{s} = 13\text{-}14 \text{ TeV}$
- till 2030: 3000 fb^{-1}
- Current studies:
 - What can be done with this Data ?
 - Which new physics can be observed ?





- Indirect search:

- Measuring the signal strength in different channels
- Combined coupling fits: determine couplings of higgs to fermions and vector bosons
- Search for deviation from SM

- Channels:

- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- $H \rightarrow Z\gamma, Z \rightarrow ll$
- $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
- $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$
- $H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$
- $H \rightarrow \mu\mu$

- Direct search:

- Search for new particles in different decay channels:

- $H, A \rightarrow \mu\mu$
- $A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llb\bar{b}$
- $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$



- Simplest extension of the SM Higgs sector: Addition of an electroweak singlet
- Both: Non-zero vacuum expectation values
- Spontaneous symmetry breaking \Rightarrow two CP-even Higgs bosons: h, H
 - Non-degenerate
 - Coupling to fermions and vector bosons similar to the SM Higgs boson
 - Strength reduced by a scale factor: κ_h, κ_H , with $\kappa_h^2 + \kappa_H^2 = 1$
- For the lighter Higgs boson h (identical decay modes SM Higgs):

$$\sigma_h = \kappa_h^2 \cdot \sigma_{h,SM} , \quad \Gamma_h = \kappa_h^2 \cdot \Gamma_{h,SM} ,$$

$$\text{BR}_{h,i} = \text{BR}_{SM,i}$$



Additional electroweak singlet

- For H : new decay modes possible ($H \rightarrow hh$):

$$\sigma_H = \kappa_H^2 \cdot \sigma_{H,SM} , \quad \Gamma_H = \frac{\kappa_H^2}{1 - \text{BR}_{H,new}} \cdot \Gamma_{H,SM} ,$$

$$\text{BR}_{H,i} = (1 - \text{BR}_{H,new}) \cdot \text{BR}_{H,SM,i}$$

- Indirect searches for deviations in the fit of the Higgs boson couplings
- Expected 95 % CL upper limit on κ_H at $\sqrt{s} = 14$ TeV:

Coupling	300 fb ⁻¹		3000 fb ⁻¹	
	All unc.	No theory unc.	All unc.	No theory unc.
κ_H	0.35	0.31	0.31	0.25



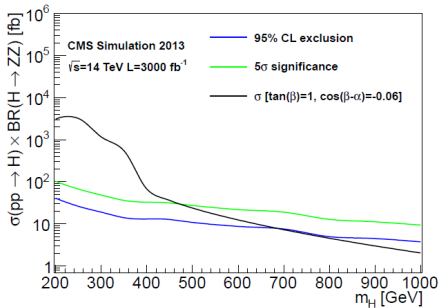
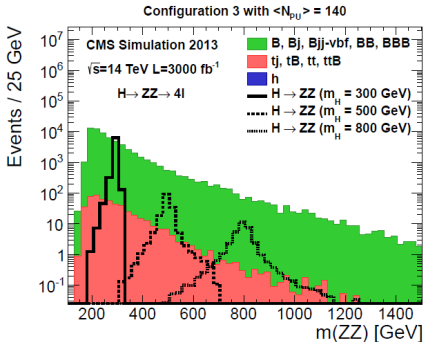
- Selection:
 - Electron $p_T > 10$ GeV and muon $p_T > 5$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$
 - Lepton isolation
 - Ensure trigger efficiency: Leading lepton with $p_T > 30$ GeV or leading with $p_T > 20$ GeV and sub-leading with $p_T > 10$ GeV
- Z candidates:
 - Same flavor, opposite sign
 - $60 < m_{ll} < 100$ GeV
 - Require two candidates
 - One with $80 < m_{ll} < 100$ GeV
- One $H \rightarrow ZZ$ candidate with $m_{ZZ} > 150$ GeV



$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ (CMS)



CMS PAS FTR-13-024



Background: B, Bj, Bjj-vbf, BB, BBB
 tj, tt, tB, ttB



- SM Higgs sector is extended by an additional doublet
- Vacuum expectation values: $v_1 = \langle \phi_1 \rangle$ and $v_2 = \langle \phi_2 \rangle$:

$$v_1^2 + v_2^2 = v^2 = (246\text{GeV})^2$$
- Predict five Higgs bosons: two neutral CP-even bosons h and H ,
two charges bosons H^\pm and one CP-odd boson A
- Parameters (no CP violation):
 - m_h, m_H, m_A and m_{H^\pm}
 - $\tan \beta = v_2/v_1$
 - mixing angle α of the two neutral CP-even Higgs states
 - Scalar coupling: λ_5, λ_6 und λ_7
 (Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model (MSSM) $\lambda_5 = \lambda_6 = \lambda_7 = 0$)



- Couplings to the light Higgs boson h :

Coupling strength	Type I	Type II	Type III	Type IV
κ_V	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$
κ_U	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$
κ_D	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$
κ_I	$\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$	$-\sin(\alpha)/\cos(\beta)$	$-\cos(\alpha)/\sin(\beta)$



Type	Name	Doublet ϕ_1	Doublet ϕ_2
I	fermiophobic		u d l
II	MSSM-like	d l	u
III	lepton-specific	l	u d
IV	flipped	d	u l



- Higgs bosons (A, H) produced by gluon fusion and/or association with b-quark pair
- Selection: Event contains exactly two muons (opposite charge)
- Two categories:
 - b -tag: At least one b -tagged jet
 - b -veto: No b -tagged jet
- Background:
 - $Z/\gamma^* + \text{jets}$
 - $Z/\gamma^* + bb$
 - $t\bar{t}$



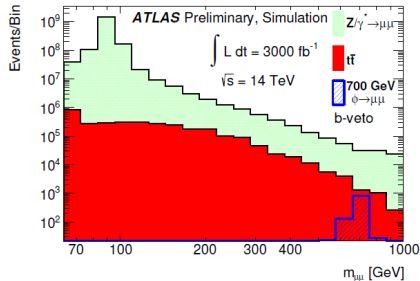
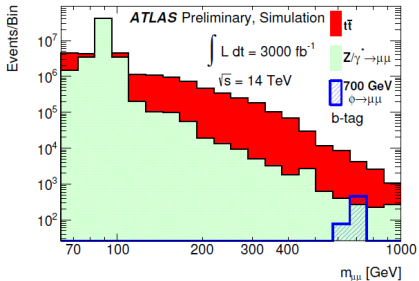
$\phi \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (ATLAS)

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- Di-muon invariant mass distribution:

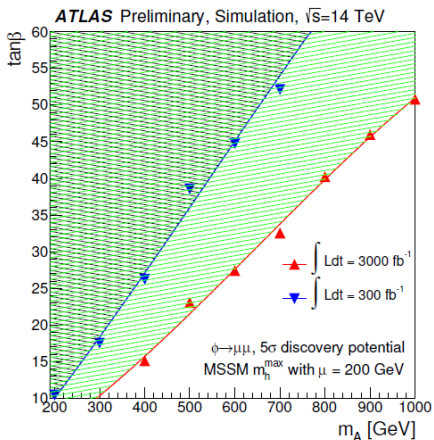




$\phi \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (ATLAS)

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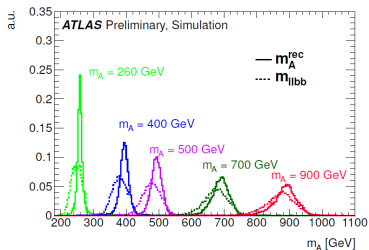
- Expected significance:





- Selection:

- Electrons: $E_T > 25$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.57$
(without $1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$)
- Muons: $p_T > 25$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.5$
- At least two with same flavor and opposite sign ($80 < m_{ll} < 100$ GeV)
- At least 2 b-jets ($90 < m_{bb} < 140$ GeV)
- $1.4 - 0.001m_A < \Delta R(bb) < 1.8 - 0.001m_A$



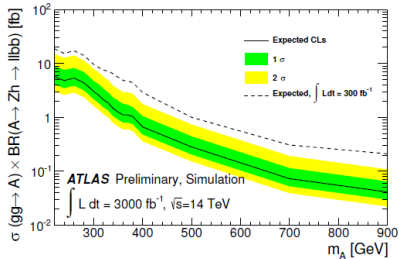
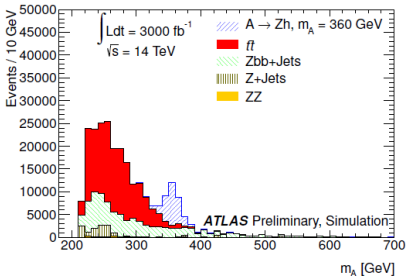
- Clean signature and fully reconstructible m_A

$$m_A^{rec} = m_{llbb} - m_{ll} - m_{bb} + m_Z^0 + m_h^0$$



$A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llb\bar{b}$ (ATLAS)

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Background: $t\bar{t}$
 $Z + \text{jets}$
 $Zb\bar{b}$
 ZZ



$A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llb\bar{b}$ (ATLAS)

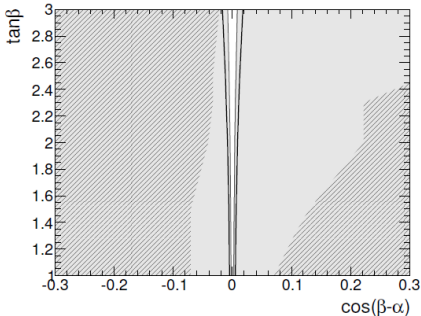
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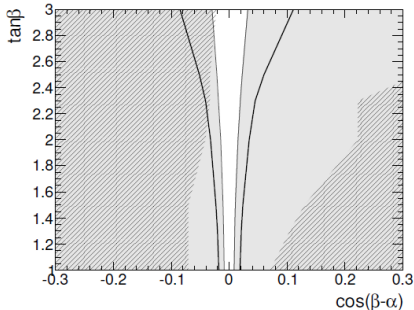
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- Limits on the 2HDM parameter space:

ATLAS Preliminary, Simulation $m_A = 340$
 $\int L dt = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}, \sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}$
 95% CL upper limit
 2HDM Type-II



ATLAS Preliminary, Simulation $m_A = 340$
 $\int L dt = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}, \sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}$
 5 σ discovery potential
 2HDM Type-II





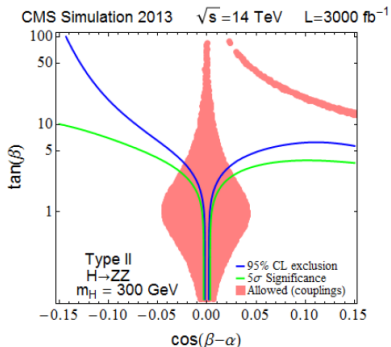
$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ (CMS)

CMS PAS FTR-13-024



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- This decay channel also possible in the 2HDM
- Limits on the 2HDM parameter space:





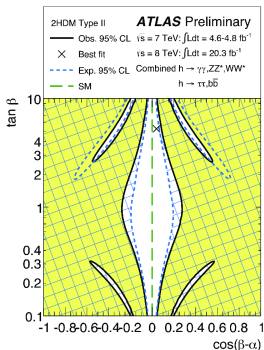
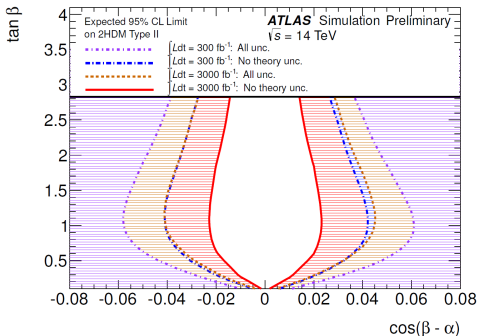
Indirect search (ATLAS)

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- Indirect measurement possible by setting constrains on the parameter:





- Discovery of the Higgs boson in 2012
- Question: Higgs sector minimal?
- New physics is observable in direct and indirect measurements
- Studies of expected limits on an additional electroweak singlet and electroweak doublet has been done
- New data at 13-14 TeV allow for the exploration of a wide range of Higgs sectors beyond the Standard Model, both via direct searches for new Higgs bosons and indirectly via fit of the Higgs boson couplings to the measured data

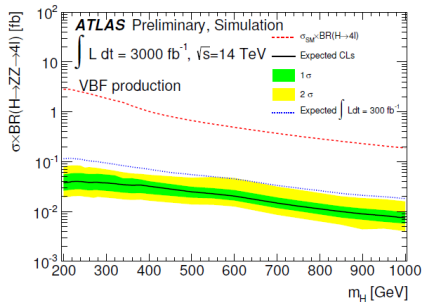
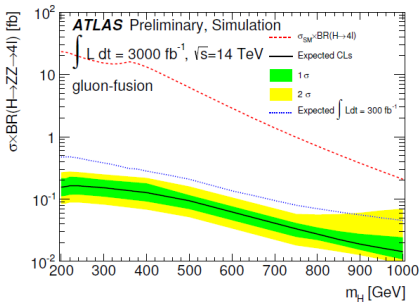


$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l$ (ATLAS)

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- Expected upper limits ($200 < m_H < 1000 \text{ GeV}$):

	ggF	VBF
3000 fb^{-1}	$\sim 0.01 - 0.1 \text{ fb}$	$\sim 0.008 - 0.04 \text{ fb}$



$A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llb\bar{b}$ (CMS)

CMS PAS FTR-13-024

- Same selections for Leptons as for $H \rightarrow ZZ$
 - One Z candidate (opposite sign and same flavor lepton pair with $60 < m_{ll} < 100\text{GeV}$)
- Selections for jets:
 - $p_T > 10\text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta| > 2.5$
 - One h candidate with $90 < m_{bb} < 150\text{ GeV}$
- $|\Delta\phi(hl_2)| < 1.9\text{ rad}$
- $p_T(Z) > 40\text{ GeV}$
- $0.4 < p_T(Z)/p_T(h) < 2.75$

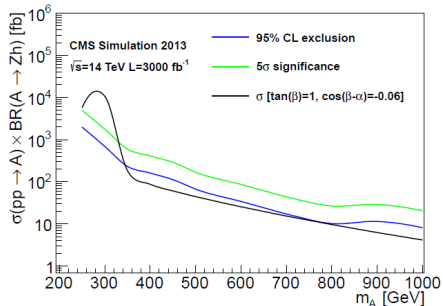
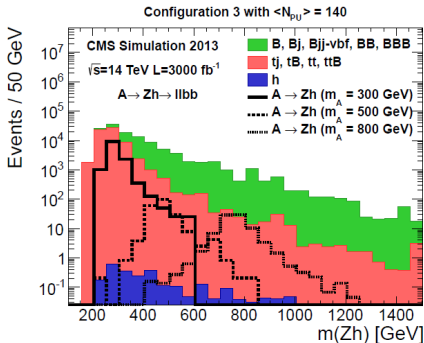


$A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llb\bar{b}$ (CMS)

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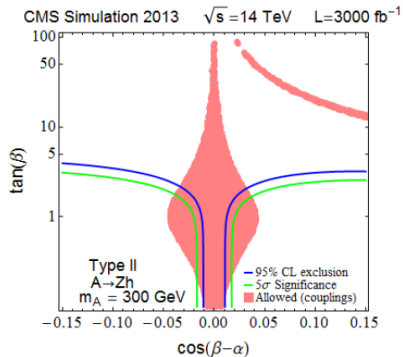
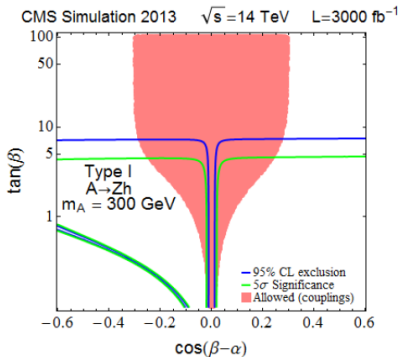
Source	Sel. events	Source	Sel. events
B, B _j , B _{jj} -vbf, BB, BBB	$5.8 \cdot 10^4$	$H \rightarrow Zh$ ($m_A = 300$ GeV)	$1.2 \cdot 10^4$
t _j , tt, tB, ttB	$6.6 \cdot 10^4$	$H \rightarrow Zh$ ($m_A = 500$ GeV)	210
h	< 1%	$H \rightarrow Zh$ ($m_A = 800$ GeV)	85
Total Background	$1.2 \cdot 10^5$		



$A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llb\bar{b}$ (CMS)

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- Limits on the 2HDM parameter space:



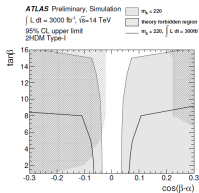


$A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llb\bar{b}$ (ATLAS)

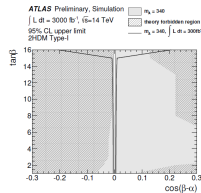
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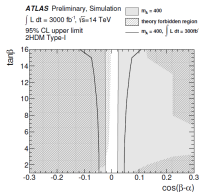
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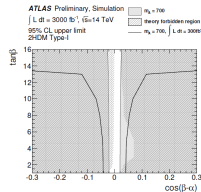
(a)



(b)



(c)



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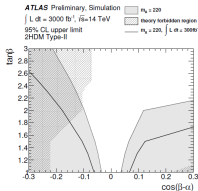


$A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llb\bar{b}$ (ATLAS)

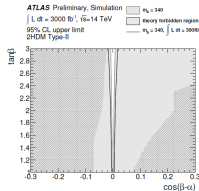
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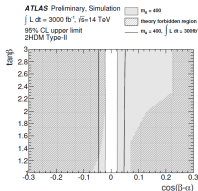
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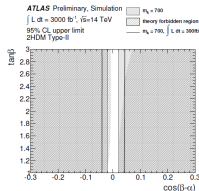
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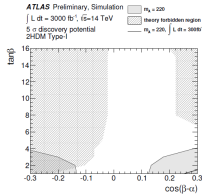


$A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llb\bar{b}$ (ATLAS)

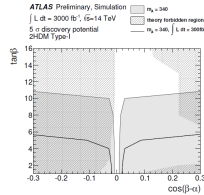
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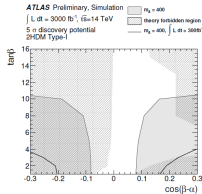
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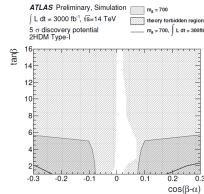
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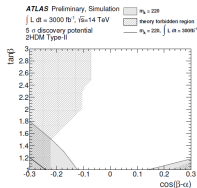


$A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow llb\bar{b}$ (ATLAS)

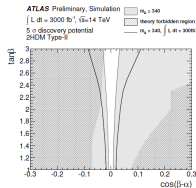
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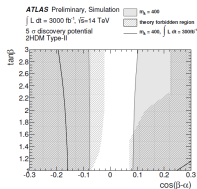
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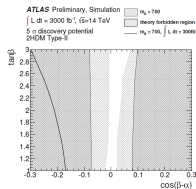
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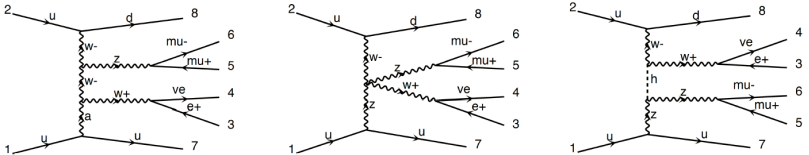
(d)



Vector-Boson-Scattering

CMS PAS FTR-13-006 and ATLAS-PHYS-PUB-2013-006

- Electroweak (EW) theory is non-abelian \rightarrow self-interaction of gauge bosons
- Scattering of vector bosons: Triple and quartic boson couplings (TGC and QGC)



- Each of these processes violates unitarity at high energies
- In Standard Model (SM): Higgs maintain unitarity \rightarrow probe SM nature of EWSB
- Scattering topology: Sensitive to new physics in EWSB sector (anomalous QGC)
- Addition to the scattering process \rightarrow change the cross section



- In pp -collisions: VBS in $pp \rightarrow VVjj$
- Experimental signature: two jets with large pseudorapidity difference plus leptons (from W and Z decays)
- SM Lagrangian: dimension-4 operators
- New physics: higher dimension operators in an effective field theory
- Multi-boson production: dimension-6 and dimension-8 operators (contain Higgs and/or gauge boson fields)
- New physics which is $SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$ gauge invariant and CP-even operators



- Small cross section
- Final state: Fully reconstructible
- Operator (6-dimensional):

$$\mathcal{L}_{\phi W} = \frac{c_{\phi W}}{\Lambda^2} \text{Tr}(W^{\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}) \phi^\dagger \phi$$

where Λ : mass-dimensional parameter

- Selection:
 - 4 Leptons with $p_T > 25$ GeV, two with opposite sign
 - 1 Lepton over detector threshold
 - 2 jets with $p_T > 50$ GeV
 - $m_{jj} > 1$ TeV

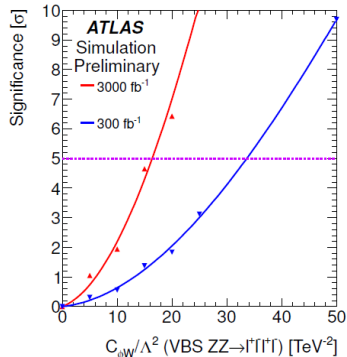
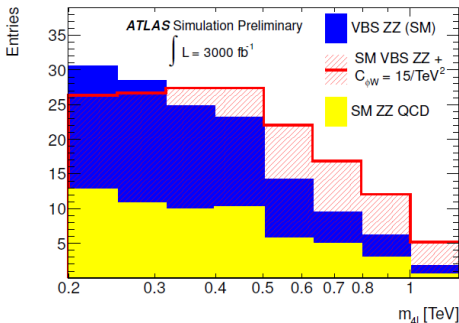


ZZjj → llljj (ATLAS)

ATLAS-PHYS-PUP-2013-006



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- 5 σ discovery potential:

	300 fb^{-1}	3000 fb^{-1}
$C_{\phi W}/\Lambda^2$	34 TeV^{-2}	16 TeV^{-2}



- Larger cross section
- Final state: Reconstruction with neutrino p_z
- Operator (8-dimensional):

$$\mathcal{L}_{T,1} = \frac{f_{T1}}{\Lambda^4} \text{Tr}[\hat{W}_{\alpha\nu} \hat{W}^{\mu\beta}] \times \text{Tr}[\hat{W}_{\mu\beta} \hat{W}^{\alpha\nu}]$$

- Selection:
 - 3 Leptons with $p_T > 25$ GeV: opposite sign, same flavor pair + additional single lepton
 - 1 Lepton over detector threshold
 - 2 jets with $p_T > 50$ GeV
 - $m_{jj} > 1$ TeV

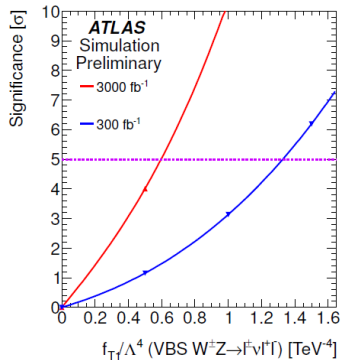
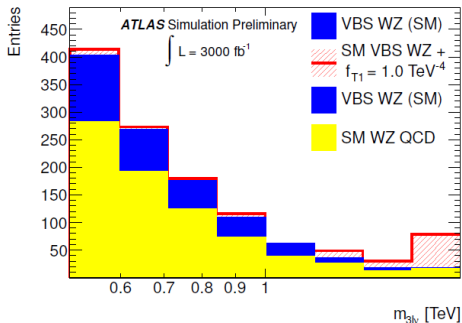


$WZjj \rightarrow l\nu lljj$ (ATLAS)

ATLAS-PHYS-PUP-2013-006



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- 5σ discovery potential:

	300 fb^{-1}	3000 fb^{-1}
f_{T1}/Λ^4	1.3 TeV^{-4}	0.6 TeV^{-4}



- Calculated cross sections [fb] (14 TeV pp -collision):

	WZ EWK	WZ QCD	ZZ	L_{T_1}
Total	7.7	210	16	3.1
Fiducial	0.69	0.96	0.038	0.57

- Selection:

- 3 Electrons/muons with $p_T > 20$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.4$:
 - same flavor pair and opposite charge
 - one Z candidate with $m_{ll} > 20$ GeV
 - no additional lepton with $p_T > 10$ GeV
- 2 jets with $p_T > 50$ GeV and $|\eta| < 4.7$
 - $\Delta\eta_{jj} > 4.0$
 - $m_{jj} > 600$ GeV
- no overlap: $\Delta R(l'l') > 0.04$ and $\Delta R(lj') > 0.4$

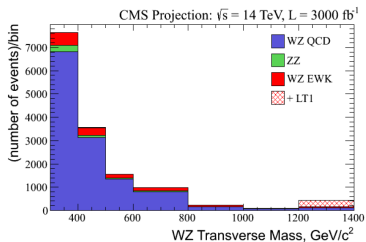
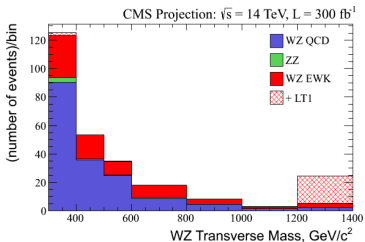


$WZjj \rightarrow l\nu lljj$ (CMS)

CMS PAS FTR-13-006



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- Anomalous coupling signal for $f_{T1}/\Lambda^4 = 1.0 \text{ TeV}^{-4}$
- Expected sensitivity to aGQC:

Significance	3σ	5σ
SM EWK scattering discovery	75 fb^{-1}	185 fb^{-1}
f_{T1}/Λ^4 at 300 fb^{-1}	0.8 TeV^{-4}	1.0 TeV^{-4}
f_{T1}/Λ^4 at 3000 fb^{-1}	0.45 TeV^{-4}	0.55 TeV^{-4}



- Operator (8-dimensional):

$$\mathcal{L}_{T,0} = \frac{f_{S0}}{\Lambda^4} [(D_\mu \phi)^\dagger D_\nu \phi] \times [(D^\mu \phi)^\dagger D^\nu \phi]$$

- Selection:
 - 2 Leptons with $p_T > 25$ GeV: same charge
 - 1 Lepton over detector threshold
 - 2 jets with $p_T > 50$ GeV
 - $m_{jj} > 1$ TeV

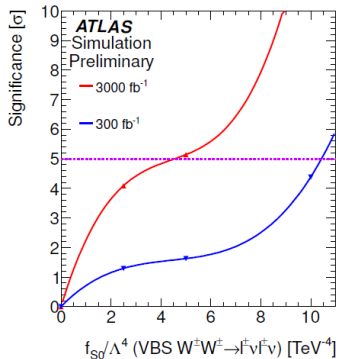
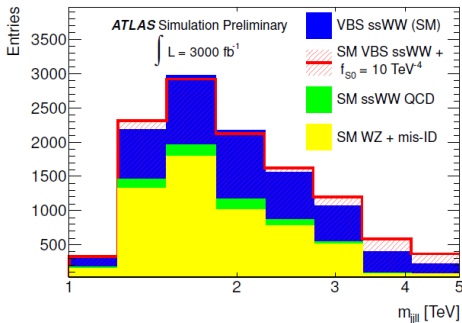


$W^\pm W^\pm jj \rightarrow l^\pm \nu l^\pm \nu jj$ (ATLAS)

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- 5σ discovery potential:

	300 fb^{-1}	3000 fb^{-1}
f_{s0}/Λ^4	10 TeV^{-4}	4.5 TeV^{-4}



- Sensitive to BSM triboson contributions
- Operators (8-dimensional):

$$\mathcal{L}_{T,8} = \frac{f_{T8}}{\Lambda^4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} B_{\alpha\beta} B^{\alpha\beta}$$

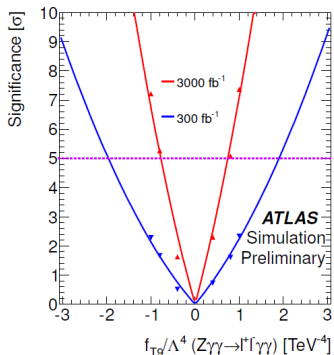
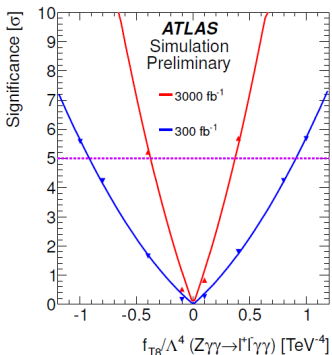
$$\mathcal{L}_{T,9} = \frac{f_{T9}}{\Lambda^4} B_{\alpha\mu} B^{\mu\beta} B_{\beta\nu} B^{\nu\alpha}$$

- Selection:
 - Lepton and γ : $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 2.0$
 - At least one lepton and γ : $p_T > 160 \text{ GeV}$
 - $|m_{ll} - 91 \text{ GeV}| < 10 \text{ GeV}$
 - $\Delta(\gamma, \gamma) > 0.4$; $\Delta(l, \gamma) > 0.4$; $\Delta(l, l) > 0.4$;



$Z\gamma\gamma$ in dilepton plus diphoton channel(ATLAS)

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- 5σ discovery potential:

	300 fb ⁻¹	3000 fb ⁻¹
f_{T8}/Λ^4	0.9 TeV ⁻⁴	0.4 TeV ⁻⁴
f_{T9}/Λ^4	2.0 TeV ⁻⁴	0.7 TeV ⁻⁴