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Jet substructure in VHbb analysis

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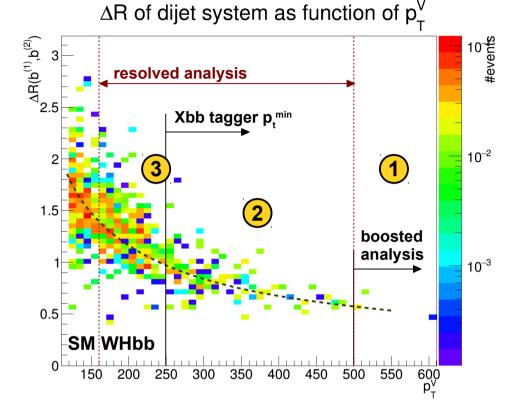
Introduction

Idea

- Exploit additional information from substructure inside jets
- Boosted topologies where jets cannot be resolved anymore
- Separation power of substructure in H → bb vs. ttbar, W+jets, ...

Different regimes

- Boosted analysis in VH resonance Test Xbb tagger with different substructure variables
- Boosted analysis in SM VHbb Benefit from Xbb tagger in SM analysis? Which substructure variables to use?
- Resolved analysis in SM VHbb Can we profit from substructure information?



In this talk: (1 + 3)

- Substructure in HVT
 → New result
- Substructure in resolved VHbb
 → Update from brainstorming session

Book keeping

Samples

- CxAOD 00-18-01 Private production to add substructure variables
- MC15a, no pile-up reweighting Match PU conditions in full dataset 2016

Event selection

• 1-lep selection

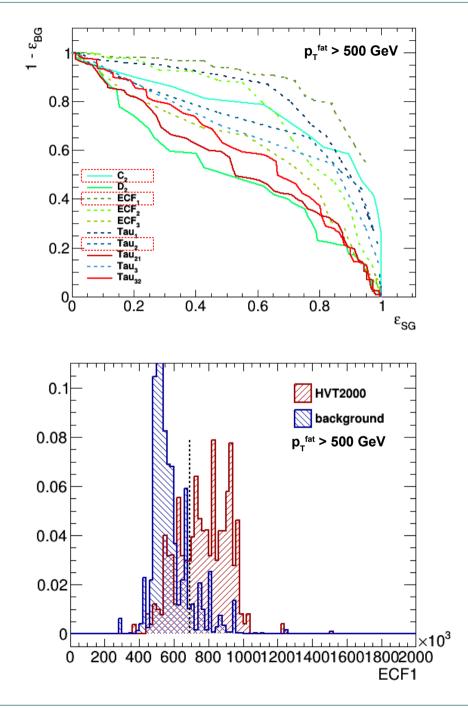
Resolved analysis	Boosted analysis			
E_{T}^{miss} > 30 GeV	E _T ^{miss} > 30 GeV			
m _T ^W > 20 GeV	m _T ^W > 20 GeV	shoud be		
p _T ^W > 120 GeV	p _T ^w > 120 GeV	shoud be E _T ^{miss} > 100 GeV		
$d\phi$ (E _T ^{miss} , jets) > 1.0	$d\phi$ (E _T ^{miss} , jets) > 1.0			
p _⊤ [∨] < 500 GeV	$p_T^{fat} > 500 \text{ GeV}$	shoud be p _T ^V		
2 b-tags (leading jets, 70% WP) 95 GeV < m _{bb} < 140 GeV	Xbb tagger (medium WP) 93 GeV < m _{bb} < 134 GeV	shoud be 75 < p _⊤ [∨] < 145		

- Muon-in-jet correction applied [OneMu]
- Simplified overlap removal

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Boosted VHbb resonance



Analysis

- Signal HVT model m=2000 GeV
- 1-lep, anti-QCD cuts
- p_T^{fat} > 500 GeV
- Xbb tagger medium WP

Study substructure variables

- Using Xbb tagged jet
- Study energy correlation functions (ECF) and n-subjettiness (Tau) and ratios thereof (D2, Tau21, ...)
- Simple one-sided cut on distribution of substructure variable

ROC curves

- No separation power from D2
- ECF1, C2, Tau1 seem promising

ECF1 distribution

- Clear separation of signal and background
- Some statistical fluctuations, but result should hold

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Substructure variable in boosted VHbb resonance

 $95 < m_{hb} < 133 \text{ GeV}, 3.209 \text{ fb}^{-1}, p_T^{\text{fat}} > 500 \text{ GeV}$ Xbb medium + jss using p. S cut B Ζ Xbb medium 15.9 3.49 5.88 500 (15.7)(3.90) (5.64) Gev (6.02)Xbb tight D2(p_) (14.0)(2.25)Tau21 0.965 15.9 3.49 5.89 Tau32 0.175 15.9 5.89 3.49 D2 2.3125 15.1 3.05 5.89 Tau21 wta 0.695 15.8 3.36 5.93 ECF3 4.65E+014 3.34 5.94 15.8Tau32 wta 0.835 15.9 5.92 3.43 ECF2 41E+009 8.8 6.21 0.44 2.24 6.23 Tau3 wta 0.035 14.6 Tau3 0.035 1.60 6.36 13.4 14.3 Tau1 wta 0.145 1.80 6.48 Tau2 0.065 14.8 1.94 6.53 1.42 6.58 Tau2 wta 0.045 13.5 0.115 10.0 0.46 6.75 Tau1 C2 14.2 0.125 1.45 6.79 690000 11.5 0.40 ECF1 7.57

by mistake

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Quantitative approach

Significance in m_{bb} window to estimate performance of tagger

 $\sigma = \sqrt{2 \cdot ((s+b) \cdot \ln(1+(s/b)) - s)}$

• Look for relative improvements Numbers don't indicate improvements on m_{VH} or limits

Results

- Tight WP better than Medium in 1-lep _{p_T} dependent D2 cut
- Simple D2 cut does not improve
- ECF1 gives best result (+28%)

Feedback from Xbb group

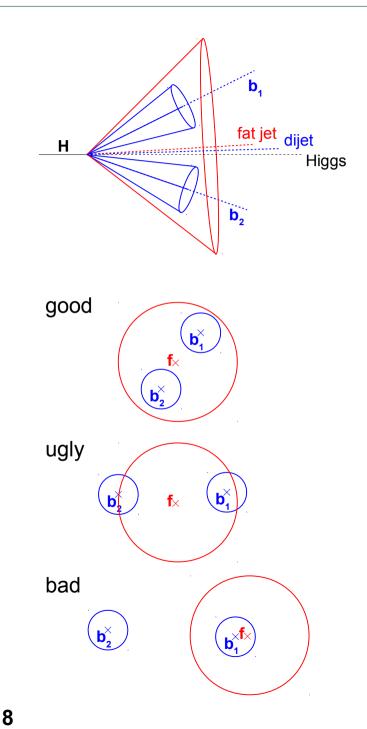
- Studied QCD, ttbar rejection W+jet might be different
- Studied only C2, D2 No improvements seen on ttbar from C2
- C2 uncertainty could be derived on short time scale
- Cross-checks and deeper understanding required



3. Substructure variable in resolved VHbb SM

Low-p₇ Xbb tagger

- Prerequisites
 - Large radius parameter
 → include full substructure information
 - Avoid calibration of Large-R jet \rightarrow using only substructure information, not m_{bb}
 - \rightarrow small dependency on calibration
- Simplistic approach
 - Baseline is resolved analysis
 - Use m_{bb} from b-jets
 - Match Large-R jet to dijet system
 → look at substructure variables only
- Matching
 - Substructure from both b-jets must be included
 - dR(fat jet, b-jet_{1,2}) < 1.0
 - Not many events for p_T^{fat} < 250 GeV;
 need larger radius parameter



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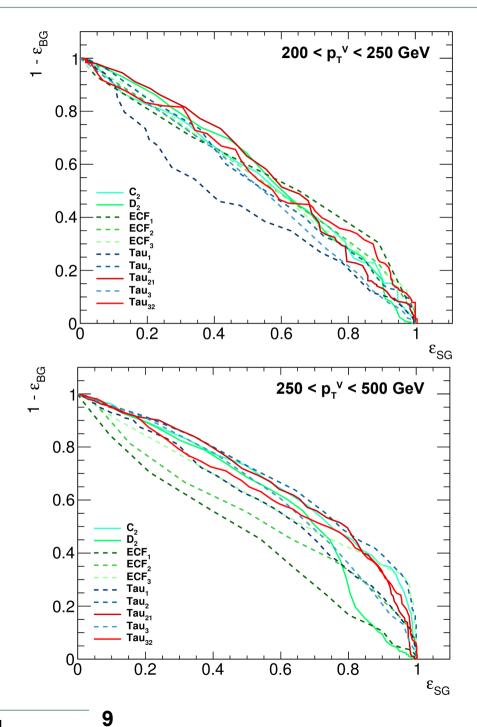
3. ROC curves for resolved VHbb SM

Analysis

- Signal: SM VHbb
- 1-lep, anti-QCD cuts
- Two regions: 200 GeV < p_T^{V} < 250 GeV 250 GeV < p_T^{V} < 500 GeV
- Mass window: $95 < m_{bb} < 140 \text{ GeV}$
- Two event categories
 - Matched category Require small-R b-jets to be inside large-R jet
 - Resolved catogry Standard analysis

Observation

- Not much potential for $200 < p_T^{\vee} < 250 \text{ GeV}$
 - → Matching efficiency < 20%
 - → Need larger jet radius to capture full substructure information
- Improvements for $p_T^{V} > 250 \text{ GeV}$
 - Candidates: C2, Tau2, ECF3



3. Substructure variable in resolved VHbb SM

$95 < m_{_{bb}} < 140 \text{ GeV}, 3.209 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 200 \text{ GeV} < p_T^{\vee} < 250 \text{ GeV}$

	Matched			Resolved			Com
	S	В	Z	S	В	Z	Z
Resolved only				1.49	68.1	0.179	0.179
No substructure	0.31	8.50	0.107	1.18	59.6	0.152	0.186
D2	0.31	8.50	0.107	1.18	59.6	0.152	0.186
C2	0.30	7.37	0.109	1.19	60.7	0.152	0.187
ECF1	0.28	5.91	0.114	1.21	62.2	0.153	0.191
ECF3	0.31	7.44	0.111	1.24	60.7	0.159	0.194
Tau2	0.31	7.68	0.110	1.24	60.4	0.159	0.193

$95 < m_{_{bb}} < 140 \text{ GeV}, 3.209 \text{ fb}^{-1}, 250 \text{ GeV} < p_T^{\vee} < 500 \text{ GeV}$

DD		,		• 1			
	Matched			Resolved			Com
	S	В	Z	S	В	Z	Z
Resolved only				1.53	38.4	0.245	0.245
No substructure	1.18	21.9	0.250	0.34	16.4	0.084	0.264
D2	0.86	11.4	0.252	0.67	27.0	0.128	0.283
C2	1.09	14.3	0.286	0.43	24.1	0.089	0.300
ECF1	1.17	21.4	0.251	0.35	17.0	0.085	0.265
ECF3	1.15	15.3	0.290	0.38	23.1	0.079	0.301
Tau2	1.14	14.9	0.290	0.39	23.5	0.080	0.301

- 1.14 14.9 **0.290** 0.39 23.5 0.080 **0.301**
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- Significance improvement due to separate categories (dR requirement for matching; will be exploited by MVA)
- 7% significance improvement in matched category using ECF1
 - 2-sided cut might improve further
 - No improvement from D2, C2
- 2% improvement in total

- Small significance improvement due to separate categories (almost all events in matched category)
- 16% significance improvement in matched category using ECF3
 - C2, ECF3 and Tau2 similar
 - Small improvement from D2
- 14% improvement in total

Summary and outlook

• Study of substructure variables in VHbb 1-lep channel

Boosted analysis in VHbb resonance search

- Much potential in variables other than D2 (up to 28% improvement in tagging)
 - Candidates: ECF1, C2, Tau1
 - Investigate why these variables work
- Cross-checks with Xbb studies needed
 - Too late for VH resonance, analysis fixed
 - Eligible for next update of analysis

• Resolved analysis in SM VHbb

- Promising results by adding substructure from large-R jet (14% in significance)
 - Candidates: ECF3, C2, Tau2; MVA analysis to combine
 - Investigate why these variable work
- Larger radius required for low p_T
 - Study different algorithms, improve matching
- Positive feedback from Xbb tagging group
 - Possibly large-R jet calibration / uncertainty can be avoided
 - Alternatively could try jet reclustering approach (Large-R jets built from Small-R jets)

Backup

For backup material see https://indico.cern.ch/event/479918/