

Sensitivity Study for $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$

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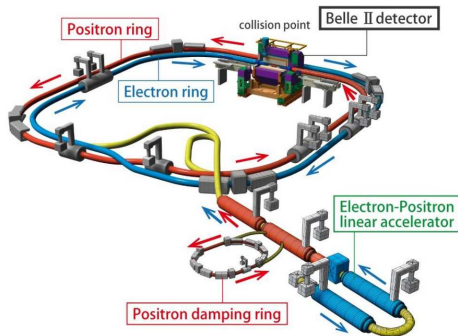
- 1 SuperKEKB and Belle II
- 2 CP-Violation in the SM
- 3 Why CP-V. Sensitivity to $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$?
- 4 γ -Conversions and $\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$
- 5 Summary and Outlook



Max-Planck-Institut
für Physik

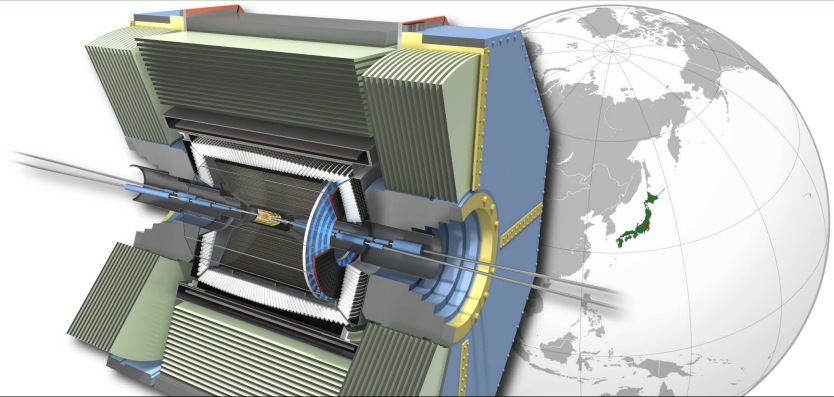
Upgrade: KEKB \Rightarrow SuperKEKB

Belle \Rightarrow Belle II



KEK = kō enerugī kasokuki kenkyū kikō
high energy collider research organization

At: Tsukuba, Ibaraki Prefecture, Japan



	KEKB/Belle	SuperKEKB/Belle II
operation	1999 – 2010	2018 – 2025
e^-/e^+ beam E	8/3.5 GeV	7/4 GeV
e^-/e^+ beam I	1.2/1.6 A	2.6/3.6 A
Inst. Lumi. \mathcal{L}	$2.11 \cdot 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	$8 \cdot 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
$\int \mathcal{L} \cdot dt$	1023 fb^{-1} ($772 \cdot 10^6 \text{ B } \bar{\text{B}}$ pairs)	50 ab^{-1}

Lorentz factor

beam-beam parameters

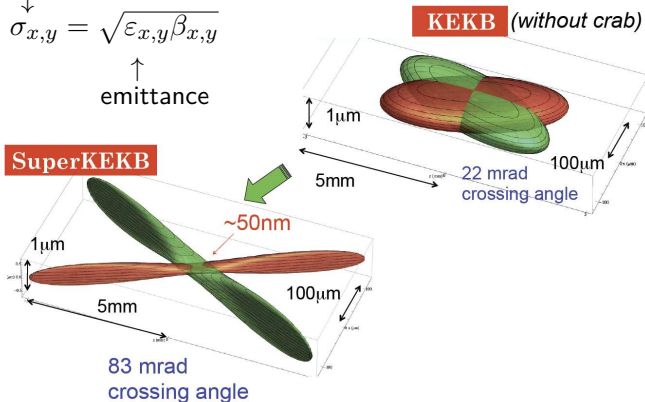
$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2er_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y}{\sigma_x}\right) \left(\frac{I_{\pm}\xi_{\pm}}{\beta_y}\right) \left(\frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_y}}\right)$$

beam size

$$\sigma_{x,y} = \sqrt{\varepsilon_{x,y}\beta_{x,y}}$$

emittance

Geometric factors



Time of Propagation counter
with 20 mm quartz bars
MCP-PMT readout

K_L^0/μ Detector (outside)
RPC Plates and plastic
scintillators with SiPM readout

Superconducting Magnet
homogeneous field of 1.5 T

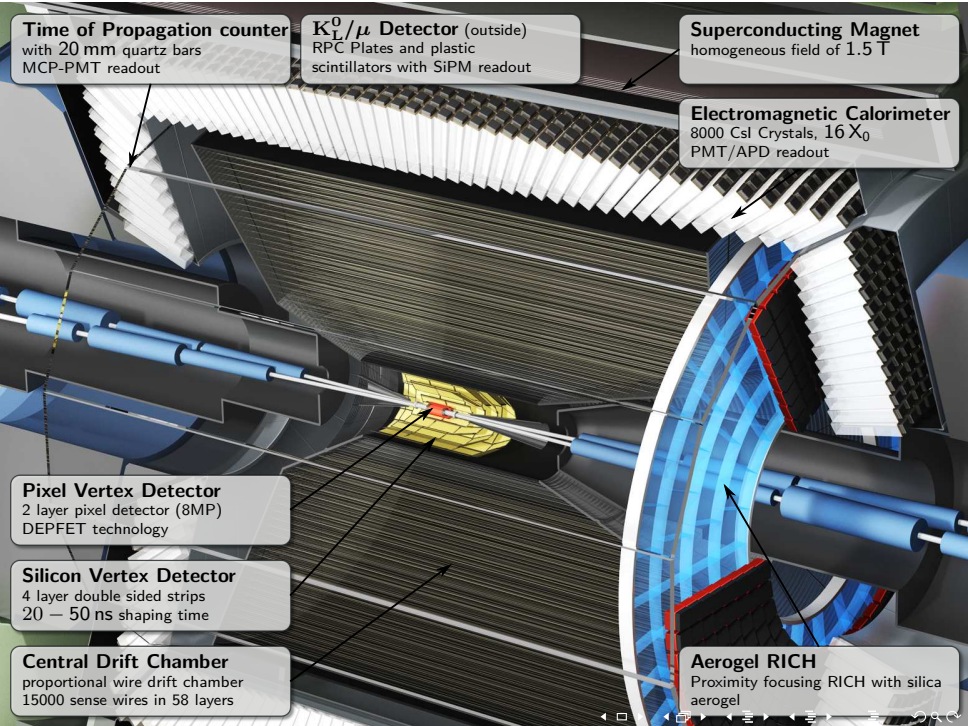
Electromagnetic Calorimeter
8000 CsI Crystals, 16 X_0
PMT/APD readout

Pixel Vertex Detector
2 layer pixel detector (8MP)
DEPFET technology

Silicon Vertex Detector
4 layer double sided strips
20 – 50 ns shaping time

Central Drift Chamber
proportional wire drift chamber
15000 sense wires in 58 layers

Aerogel RICH
Proximity focusing RICH with silica
aerogel

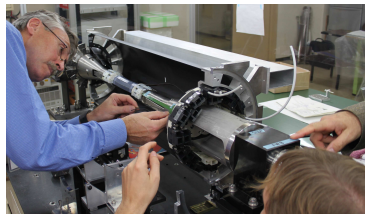


PXD development:

- Sensor design, prod. and testing
- ⇒ Analysis of testbeam data
- Mechanical design, final assembly
- Cooling system (IBBelle)

Software development:

- Belle II framework development
- PXD and SVD simulation
- ⇒ w/o machine background
- Tracking, Vertexing and Flavor Tagging
- Neural z -vertex trigger



Machine commissioning:

- Design, prod. and operation of CLAWS detector

Belle CP-Analysis:

- $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-, \pi^-K^+, K^-K^+$
 $\rho\rho, \omega K_S^0$

Belle II sensitivity studies:

- $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0, \pi^0\pi^0$

- Why CP-Violation? \Rightarrow Matter-Antimatter-Asymm. in the universe larger than in SM. Sakharov's 2nd cond.: C-V, CP-V.
- Why in the B^0 -system? \Rightarrow largest CP-V. within the SM.
- CP-V. in the SM \Rightarrow Weak Interaction $\Rightarrow \mathbf{V}_{CKM}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} d' \\ s' \\ b' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

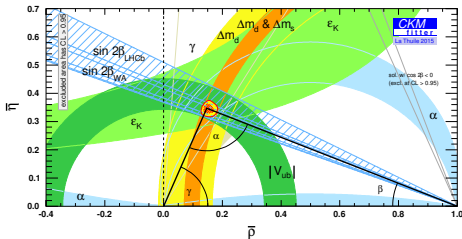
- Wolfenstein-Parameters: $\lambda = \sin \theta_C \approx 0.2$, A , ρ , η

$$\mathbf{V}_{CKM} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{1}{2}\lambda^2 & \lambda & A\lambda^3(\rho - i\eta) \\ -\lambda & 1 - \frac{1}{2}\lambda^2 & A\lambda^2 \\ A\lambda^3(1 - \rho - i\eta) & -A\lambda^2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4)$$

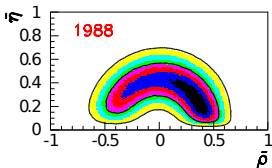
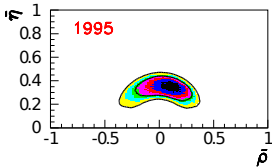
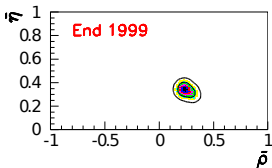
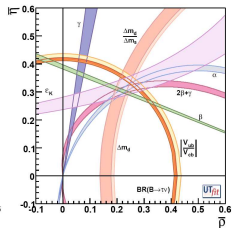
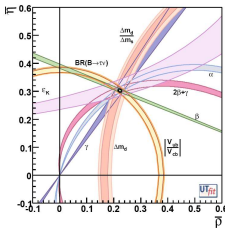
$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}^{\text{Yuk}} \propto igW^\mu J_\mu^{cc} \Rightarrow J_\mu^{cc} \xrightarrow{CP} J_\mu^{cc'} \neq J_\mu^{cc}$$

- Unitarity: $\sum_k V_{ik} V_{jk}^* = 0 \Rightarrow V_{ud}V_{ub}^* + V_{cd}V_{cb}^* + V_{td}V_{tb}^* = 0$
 $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) \quad \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3) \quad \mathcal{O}(\lambda^3)$

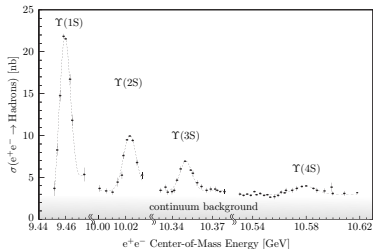
$$\bar{\rho} = \left(1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2}\right) \rho \quad \bar{\eta} = \left(1 - \frac{\lambda^2}{2}\right) \eta$$



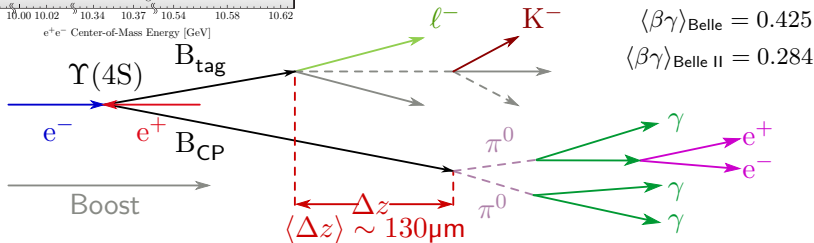
$$\int \mathcal{L} \cdot dt = 50 \text{ ab}^{-1} \Rightarrow ??$$



hep-ph/0002171

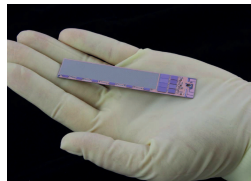
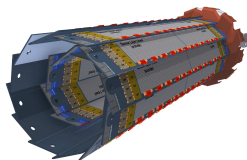
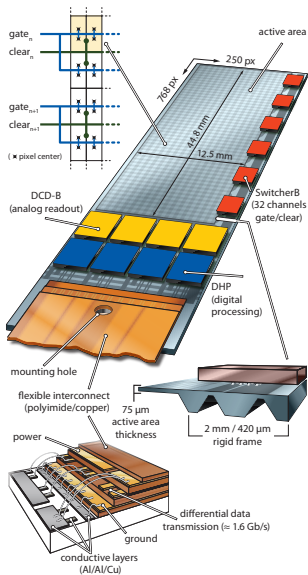


- $\Upsilon(4S)$ above $B\bar{B}$ prod. threshold
- \Rightarrow B-Factory
- $\sim 51\%$ are B^+B^-
- $\sim 48\%$ are $B^0\bar{B}^0$ $q_{B^0,\bar{B}^0} = 1, -1$



- $B^0\bar{B}^0$ at rest in CMS $\Delta t = \frac{\Delta z}{\langle \beta\gamma \rangle c} \Rightarrow$

$$\mathcal{P}^{\text{Sig}}(\Delta t, q) = \frac{e^{-|\Delta t|/\tau_{B^0}}}{4\tau_{B^0}} [1 + q(\mathcal{A}_{CP} \cos(\Delta m \Delta t) + \mathcal{S}_{CP} \sin(\Delta m \Delta t))]$$

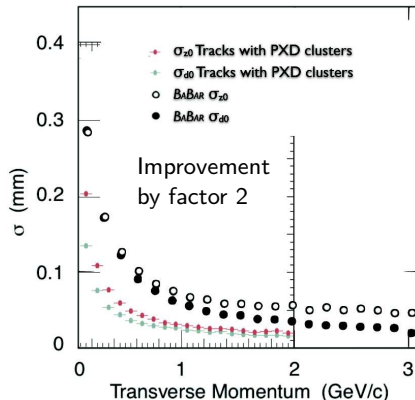
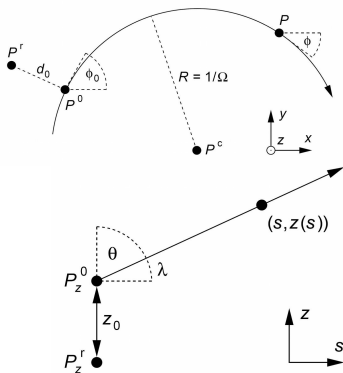


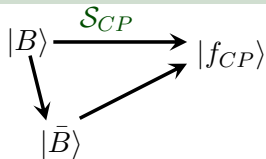
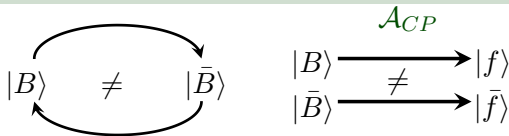
- Inst. Lumi.: $\mathcal{L}_{\text{Belle II}} \sim 40 \cdot \mathcal{L}_{\text{Belle}}$
- ⇒ Background $\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$
- Closest to IP
- ⇒ Occupancy ($\sim r^{-2}$) $\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$
- $\langle \beta\gamma \rangle_{\text{Belle II}} < \langle \beta\gamma \rangle_{\text{Belle}}$
- ⇒ smaller Δz
- ⇒ Pixel Detector needed !
- ⇒ DEPFET Technology most suited
Depleted Field Effect Transistor

Particle track parametrization:

$$\Rightarrow \vec{t}(d_0, \phi_0, \Omega = \frac{q}{pt}, z_0, \tan(\lambda))$$

- $d_0(z_0)$: distance from point of closest approach to origin.



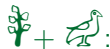


For $B \rightarrow \pi\pi$: tree and penguin
diags. contribute!



$$A_{CP} = 0$$

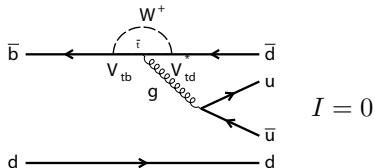
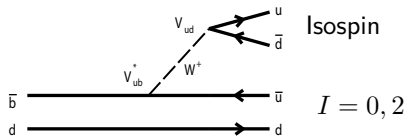
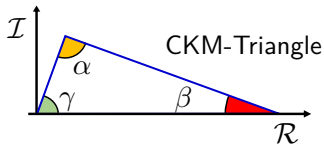
$$S_{CP} = \sin(2\alpha)$$



$$A_{CP} \neq 0$$

$$S_{CP} = \sqrt{1 - A_{CP}^2} \sin(2\alpha^{\text{eff}})$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha^{\text{eff}} = \alpha - \Delta\alpha$$



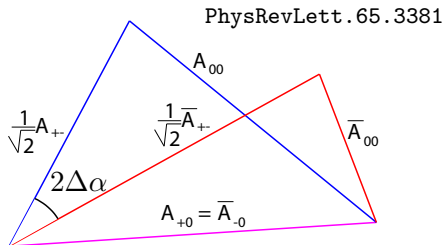
- Extr. $\Delta\alpha$ through isospin analysis:

$$A^{+-} = A(B \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$$

- $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}A^{+-} + A^{00} = A^{+0}$

- $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\bar{A}^{+-} + \bar{A}^{00} = \bar{A}^{-0}$

Pure Tree: $A^{+0} = \bar{A}^{-0}$

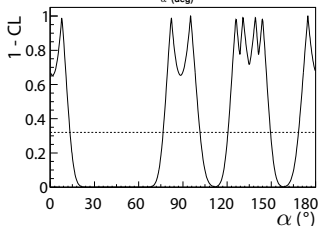
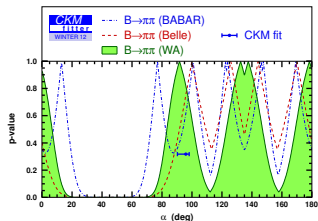


- Isospin analysis requires also $\mathcal{S}_{\pi^+\pi^-}$ and $\mathcal{S}_{\pi^0\pi^0}$.

- $\mathcal{S}_{\pi^0\pi^0}$ needs $\langle \Delta z \rangle \sim 130\mu\text{m}$ of $B \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$ where $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

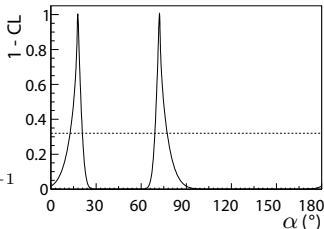
⇒ Challenge!

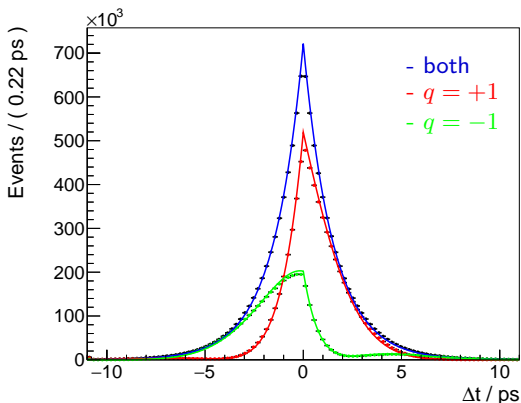
- w/out $\mathcal{S}_{\pi^0\pi^0} \Rightarrow$
8 fold ambiguity on α



Extrapolated to
 $\mathcal{L}_{\text{Belle II}} = 50 \text{ab}^{-1}$
 arXiv:hep-ex/0703029

- with $\mathcal{S}_{\pi^0\pi^0} \Rightarrow$
2 fold ambiguity on α
- Converted $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ and
 $\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma$ req. for $\langle \Delta z \rangle$
- Possible with
 $\mathcal{L}_{\text{Belle II}} = 50 \cdot \mathcal{L}_{\text{Belle}}$ and
 Belle II PXD?

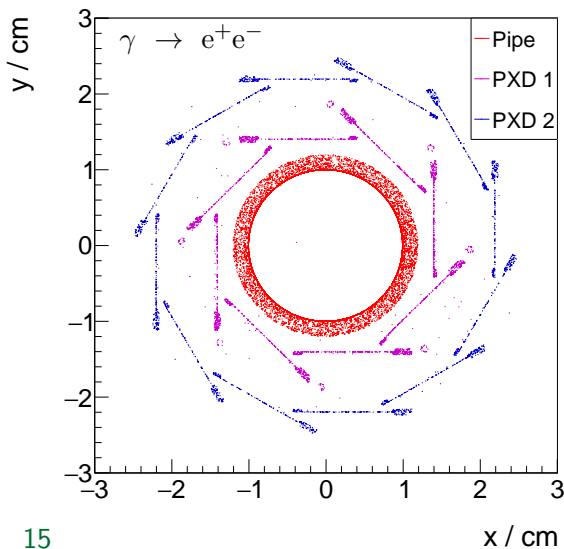




■ $\mathcal{A}_{CP}^{\pi^0\pi^0} = 0.43$ (PDG)

■ $\mathcal{S}_{CP}^{\pi^0\pi^0} = \sqrt{1 - \mathcal{A}_{CP}^2} \sin 2 \cdot (\alpha - \Delta\alpha^*) \approx 0.76$

*hep-ex/0703039



- $\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B_1^0 B_2^0 \rightarrow B_1 \rightarrow \text{generic}$
 $B_2 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0$

- $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ($\mathcal{B} = 98.82\%$)

- $\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma$ ($\mathcal{B} = 1.17\%$)

- $N_{\text{Belle II}} =$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{Belle II}} &\cdot \mathcal{B}(\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B^0\bar{B}^0) \\ &\cdot 2 \cdot \mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0) \sim \\ 50\text{ab}^{-1} &\cdot 1.1\text{nb} \cdot 0.49 \\ &\cdot 2 \cdot 1.91 \cdot 10^{-6} \end{aligned}$$

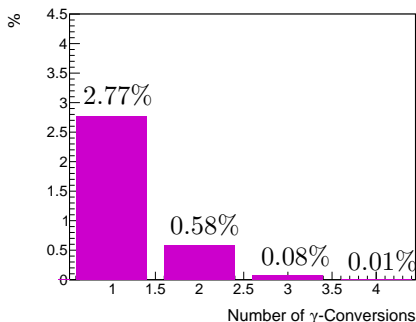
$\sim 100\text{k events.}$

- Accept.: $\theta \in [17, 150]^\circ$

- ECL: $\theta \in [12.4, 155.1]^\circ$

a) If there is an event with γ -conversions

⇒ How Many?



b) How many Events have at least one γ -conversion?

Vertex in	Events %
Beam Pipe	2.00 %
1st. PXD Layer	0.60 %
2nd. PXD Layer	0.50 %
Total inside PXD	3.10 %

c) ... and at least one γ -conversion or one $\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma$ decay?

$\pi^0 \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma$	2.00 %
Total $\pi^0 \cup \gamma$	5.05 %

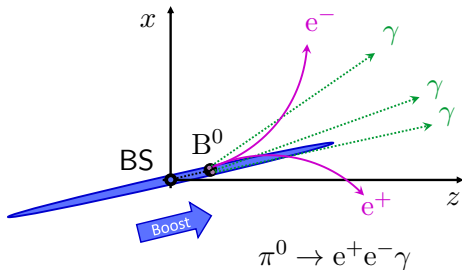
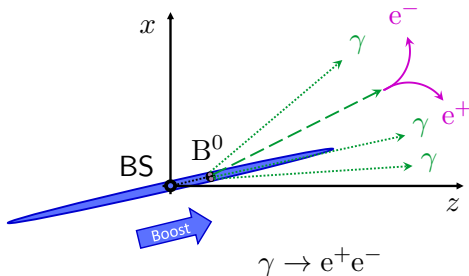
Requirement: All converted γ in accept. and not converted in ECL

Algorithm: Kinematic Vertex Fit

Access: RAVE (Reconstruction in a
Abstract, Versatile Environment)
TNS.2011.2119492

- Vertex Reconstruction with **spatial constraint** centered at the Beam Spot.

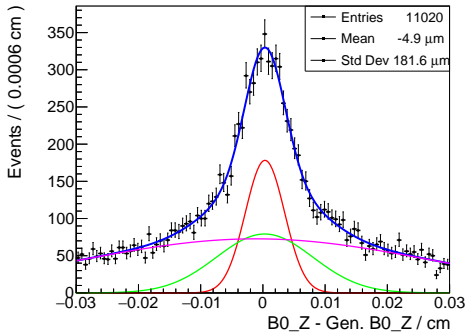
- $\tau_{\pi^0} \sim 0.9$ as $\cong 0.1$ nm
 $\Rightarrow \pi^0$ Vertex $\hat{=}$ B^0 Vertex.
- ∞ on e^\pm Tracks:
At least one PXD hit.
- Check with MC truth.



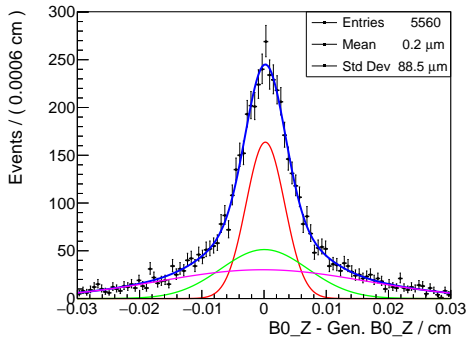
$$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \gamma \gamma$$

$$\hookrightarrow e^+e^-$$



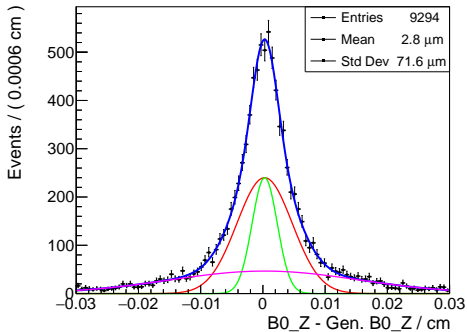
No PXD Hit required



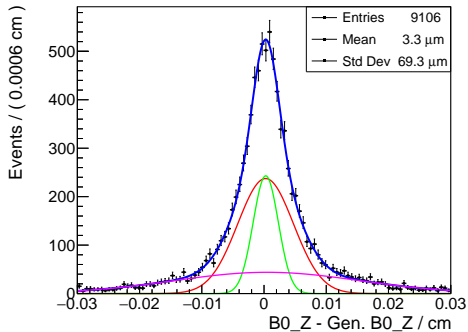
At least one track (e^+ or e^-)
has one PXD Hit

$$B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$$

$$\hookrightarrow e^+ e^- \gamma$$



No PXD Hit required



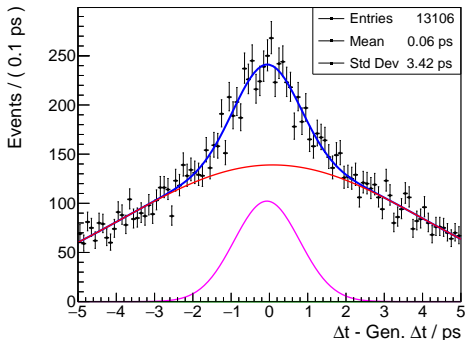
At least one track (e^+ or e^-)
has one PXD Hit

$$\Delta t = t_{B^0_{CP}} - t_{B^0_{tag}}$$

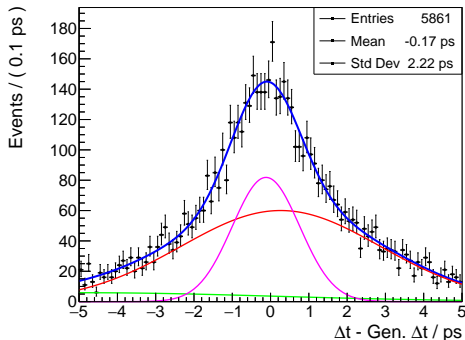
$$B^0_{CP} \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \gamma \gamma$$

$$\hookrightarrow e^+ e^-$$

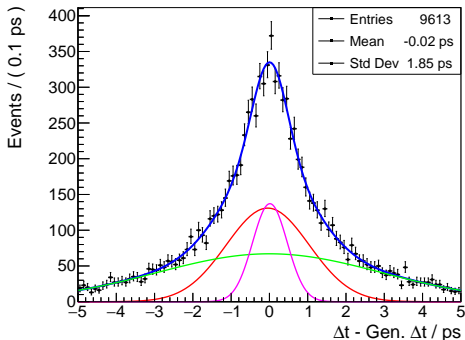
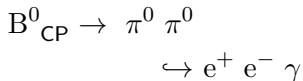


No PXD Hit required

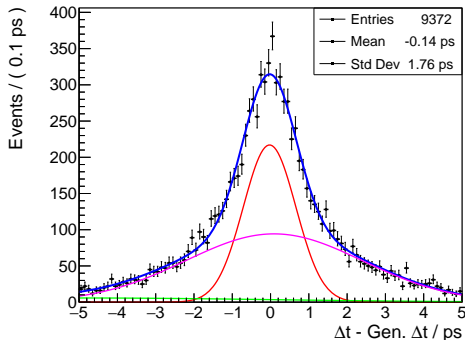


At least one track (e^+ or e^-)
has one PXD Hit

$$\Delta t = t_{B^0_{CP}} - t_{B^0_{tag}}$$



No PXD Hit required



At least one track (e^+ or e^-)
has one PXD Hit

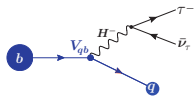
- Beam Spot constrained kinematic vertex fit reaches higher resolution with PXD Information.
- ⇒ Higher Δt resolution.
- Next: Continuum suppression and MC Campaign.
 - “New Physics” needed to explain observed matter-antimatter asymmetry
- ⇒ New Sources of CP-Violation needed.
- Search at next generation B-Factory SuperKEKB with 50 ab^{-1} complementary to LHC.
 - Machine commissioning started! Begin of data taking planned for 2018! Strong contribution from our institute!

Semi-
leptonic

Semi-tauonic decay modes are highly sensitive to new physics

Clean measurement is a major Belle II goal

Can target inclusive and light meson modes; target higher excited states and carry out differential measurements



$$R(D^{(*)}) = \frac{B(B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu}_\tau)}{B(B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell \bar{\nu}_\ell)}$$

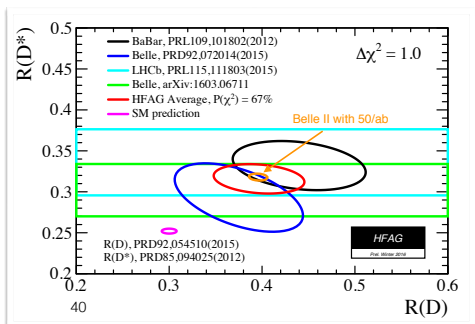
$R(X)$ $R(\pi)$ $R(D^{**})$

$R(D)$

Error	stat.	tot.
B-Factories	13%	16.2%
Belle II 5/ab	3.8%	5.6%
Belle II 50/ab	1.2%	3.4%

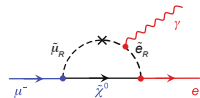
$R(D^*)$

Error	stat.	tot.
B-Factories	7.1%	9.0%
Belle II 5/ab	2.1%	3.2%
Belle II 50/ab	0.7%	2.1%

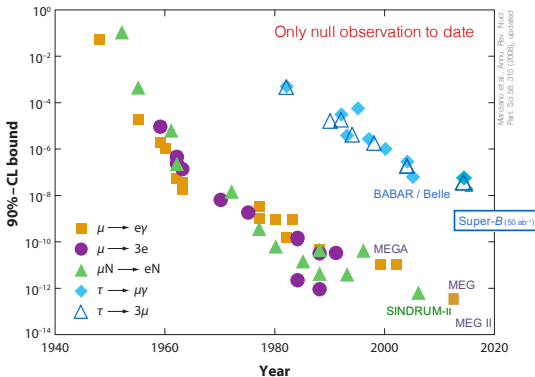




Charged lepton flavour violation: SM-free signals!



LFV signals are expected in many BSM scenarios, such as the MSSM or as a consequence of Seesaw models



Spectacular perspectives: Mu2e / COMET, PRISM / PRIME

1 Select single ECL clusters: γ_s

Inputs: E9E25, LAT, NHits, R, E , σ_E , t , σ_t ,

2 Rec. and sel. $\gamma_c \rightarrow e^+e^-$

Inputs: m , p , E , p_{highest} , θ_{e^+,e^-}

3 Rec. and sel.: $\pi_{ss}^0 \rightarrow \gamma_s \gamma_s$

$\pi_{sc}^0 \rightarrow \gamma_s \gamma_c$

$\pi_{\text{dal}}^0 \rightarrow e^+e^- \gamma_s$

Inputs: m , p , E , p_{lowest} , θ_{e^+,e^-} , θ_{γ,e^+e^-}

4 Rec. and sel.: $B_{ss}^0 \rightarrow \pi_{ss}^0 \pi_{ss}^0$

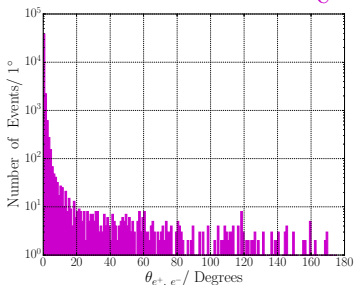
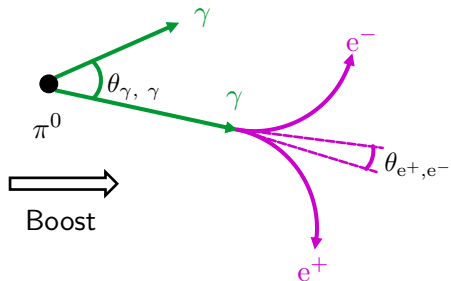
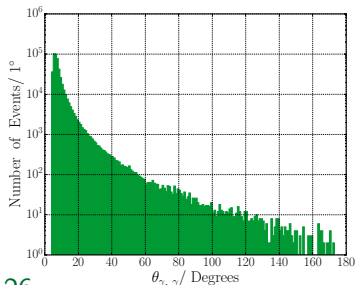
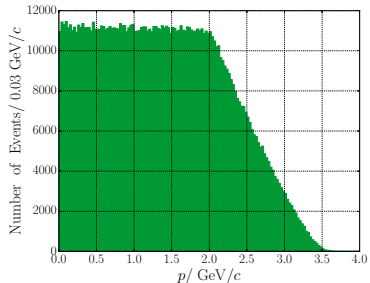
$B_{sc}^0 \rightarrow \pi_{sc}^0 \pi_{ss}^0$

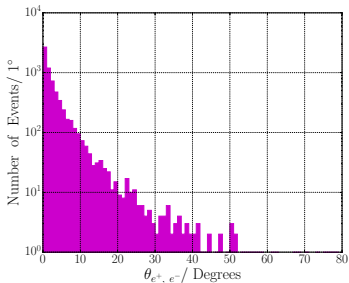
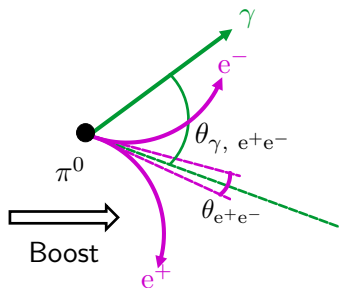
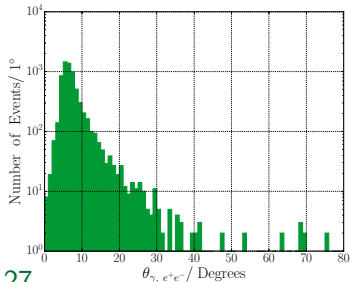
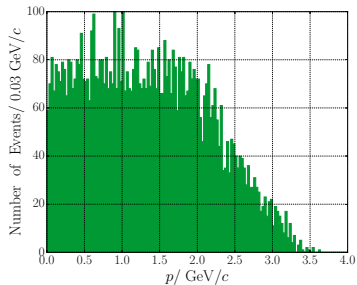
$B_{\text{dal}}^0 \rightarrow \pi_{\text{dal}}^0 \pi_{ss}^0$

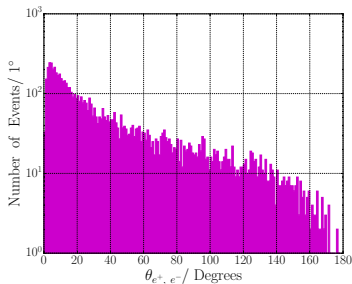
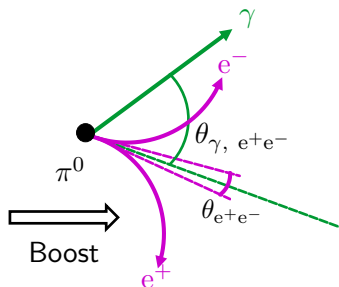
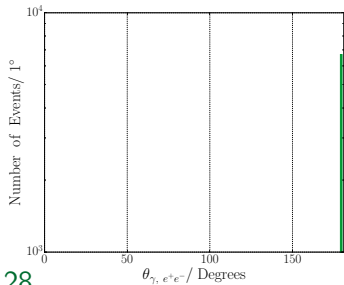
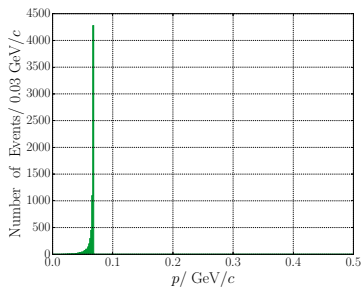
Inputs: m_{bc} , ΔE , σ_m , $\theta_{\pi_1^0, \pi_2^0}$

- Selection with FBDS.

$\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ Kinematics







■ e^+ , e^-

