

DHPT data rate tests

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Schloss Ringberg, Tegernsee

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Overview

- 1 Introduction
 - Plan
 - DHQ
- 2 Occupancy test
 - Test procedure
 - W/o pedestal subtraction/CM
 - With pedestal subtraction/CM
 - Overlapping triggers
 - Occupancy test summary
- 3 Frame ID consequence test
- 4 Bias and Bias D optimization
- 5 Conclusion

DHQ (DHH DAQ) features:

- Receives UDP frames from DHC or reads BonnDAQ/TUM files
- Builds event from received frames
- Decodes hits addresses
- Checks format errors in incoming data
- Could be used for fast raw files offline analysis
- The code is available as a library
- Closes NIH-bug in TU Muenchen

The code available on Stash (`pxd_sc_dhh/dhh_support_sw/dhq`)

Occupancy test purposes

- Ensure that DHP continues work with very high occupancy (more than 3%)
- Find conditions with maximum possible occupancy operation

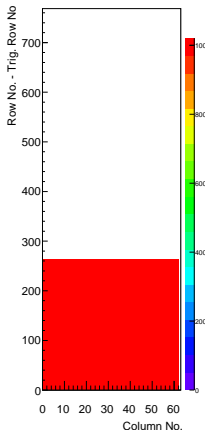
Test steps

- Pattern with occupancy level (range from 0 to 100%) uploaded into DHP memory
- Readout window from 1 to 192 gates (full frame)
- Test done in three modes:
 - w/o pedestal subtraction and w/o common mode correction
 - with pedestal subtraction and w/o common mode correction
 - with pedestal subtraction and with common mode correction
- Trigger frequency 100 Hz, number of events approx. 10 000

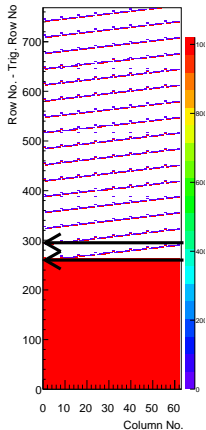
All tests on Stash (`pxd_sc_dhh/dhh_support_sw/dhh_test`)

W/o pedestal subtraction/CM

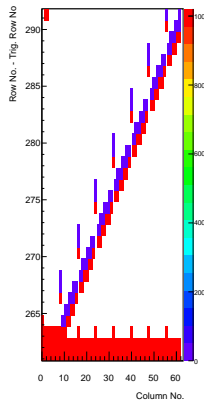
100% occupancy without CM



66 gates. No data losses



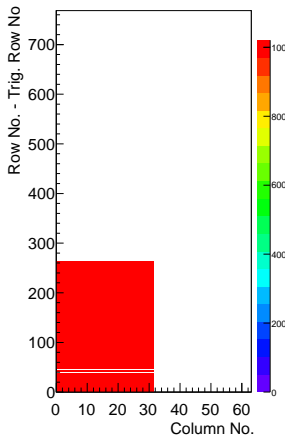
192 gates, data losses from the gate No. 67



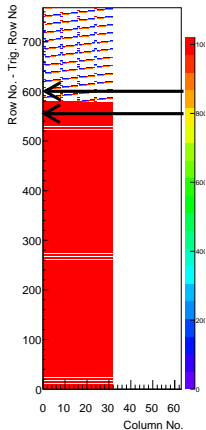
Structure of remaining hits after data loss

With pedestal subtraction/CM

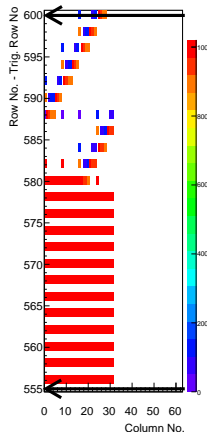
25% occupancy with Common Mode Correction



66 gates, no data losses



192 gates, data losses from the gate No. 145

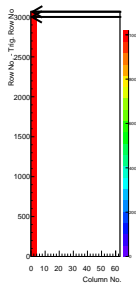


Structure of remaining hits after data loss

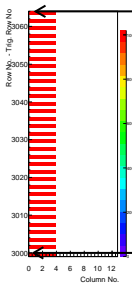
Overlapping triggers emulation

- Trigger window is enlarged to 4×768 rows to emulate overlapping trigger
- FCK length stays corresponding 768 rows
- Trigger frequency 100 Hz

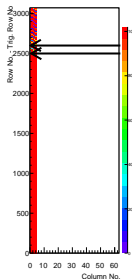
Overlapping trigger emulation



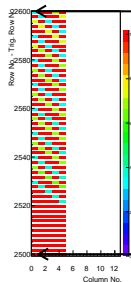
3% occupancy



Structure of
pattern

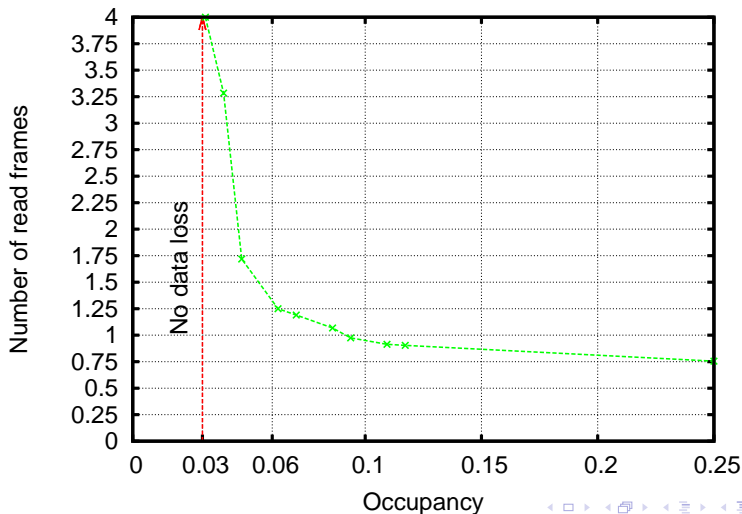


4% occupancy,
data loss



Structure of lost
hits

Maximum possible occupancy w/o data loss

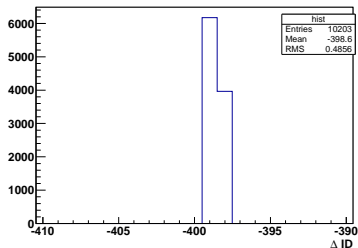


Occupancy test

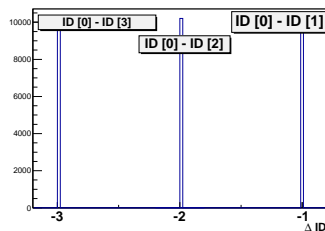
Test summary

- DHP can send 66 fully occupied gates without data loss
- In case of overlapping trigger 3% occupancy level has been achieved
- DHP handles data correctly even with 100% occupancy level just throwing away the data

Frame ID consequence test



- Difference between the last DHP frame ID in the previous event and the first frame ID in the current event



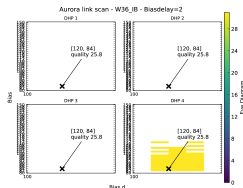
Difference between DHP frame ID "inside" the event

Bias and Bias D optimization

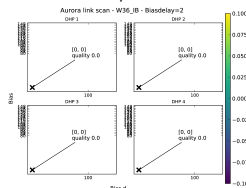
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Bias and Bias D optimization, 76.5 MHz

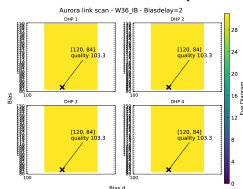
Nominal parameters (Core Voltage 1.2V, IO Voltage 1.8V, frequency 76.5 MHz):



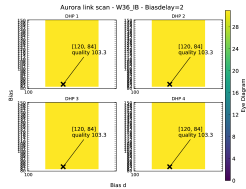
76.5 MHz with increased voltage:
Core 1.2V, IO 1.9V:



Low frequency (62.5 MHz):



Core 1.3V, IO 1.8V:



Conclusion

Occupancy test

- DHP recovers itself successfully even with 100% occupancy just throwing away the data
- No data loss with 3% occupancy

Optimal stable link parameters

- Optimization of Bias and Bias D parameters almost does not improve the stability of links

Thank you for your attention