Characterization of main production modules of the Pixel Vertex Detector for Belle II

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- Upgrade of the KEKB accelerator at the High Energy Accelerator Research Organization in Tsukuba, Japan
- Asymmetrical electron-positron accelerator (7 GeV e⁻, 4 GeV e⁺)
- $\bullet~$ Design luminosity: $8\times 10^{35}\,\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

CP-violation in the B meson system





- $\bullet\,$ higher statistics $\rightarrow\,$ higher precision and more rare decays
- \bullet lower boost as for KEKB \rightarrow higher vertex resolution necessary
- $\bullet\,$ higher luminosity and higher background $\rightarrow\,$ higher occupancy













Silicon Vertex Detector







- 2 layers of DEPFET pixel sensors
- 4 layers of silicon strip sensors
- 8 ladders in layer 1 (radius 14 mm)
- 12 ladders in layer 2 (radius 22 mm)
- 40 modules with each 192 000 Pixeln
- pixel sizes: $55 \,\mu m \times 50 \,\mu m$ up to $80 \,\mu m \times 50 \,\mu m$
- frame rate: 50 kHz row rate: 10 MHz

DEPFET pixel and matrix structure





- DEpleted P-channel Field Effect Transistor
- conversion of charge into current
- internal signal amplification
- just 75 μm thick



- 3 ASICs for control and readout Application-Specific Integrated Circuit
- readout of four lines at the same time
- (active part / total matrix size) = 100 %





- Optimal settings will be detected in various tests and will be stored in a configuration database.
 > 10 000 process variables per module
- Analyzed data/results will be uploaded to a production database. Upon this basis the modules will be evaluated and sorted in to classes.
- The 40 best modules will be used for the PXD.

lab_framework

Python framework with measurement and analysis scripts

handbook

- LaTeX document to produce PDF with step by step instructions for the testing
- starting with a description of the software versions used
- mechanical instructions for module handling, i.e. mounting to the setup
- instructions on how to perform each test, check for the results and update HephyDB
- idea: complete set of testing instructions
- shared as feature branch pull request in the lab_framework repository currently commented, discussed and edited by the lab groups

The testing procedure of the main production modules is following the instructions of the handbook. Therefore, it is the same for each module and at each testing location.



Examples for measurements: delay elements





- 2D scan over the delay settings of the communication between Drain Current Digitizer and Data Handling Processor
- Color code indicates the number of faults during transmission of a test pattern.

Examples for measurements: analog-digital transfer curves



Linearity of the transfer curves of the analog-to-digital converters



Examples for measurements: Cadmium-109 source



Cadmium-109 signal



- reference signal corresponding to a MIP (minimum ionizing particle)
- optimization of the various operation voltages for matrix and ASICs

Summary and outlook



Summary:

- upgrade of SuperKEKB and Belle II finished soon first cosmic runs: already beginning 2018
- promising main production DEPFET modules have been tested
- series production of PXD modules started
- preparations for the mounting and commissioning almost finished

Outlook:

- gluing of two modules to one ladder mounting onto support and cooling structure
- operation of first part of the vertex detector: BEAST Phase 2 in 2018 (all 6 layers but just one direction)
- PXD at KEK: June 2018





Backup



measurements for each module in detail

- power up and JTAG configuration, voltage checks (digital, analog, matrix)
- JTAG Boundary-Scan
- OHPT link parameter
- DHPT DCD communication delay-scan
- pedestals (number of working pixels)
- ADC transfer curves
- 2bit offset DACs
- sample point
- DEPFET optimization with Cd-109 source
- clear efficiency with infrared laser
- Gated Mode

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- The best modules will be used for the PXD.