

Z-Boson pair production at the LHC

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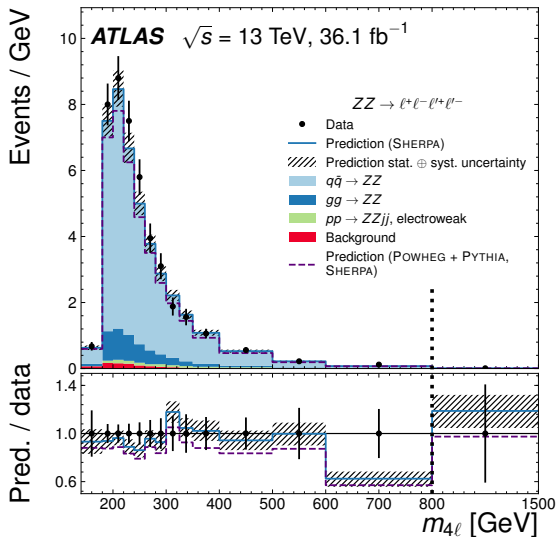
IMPRS Young Scientists Workshop at Castle Ringberg

December 4, 2018

Outline

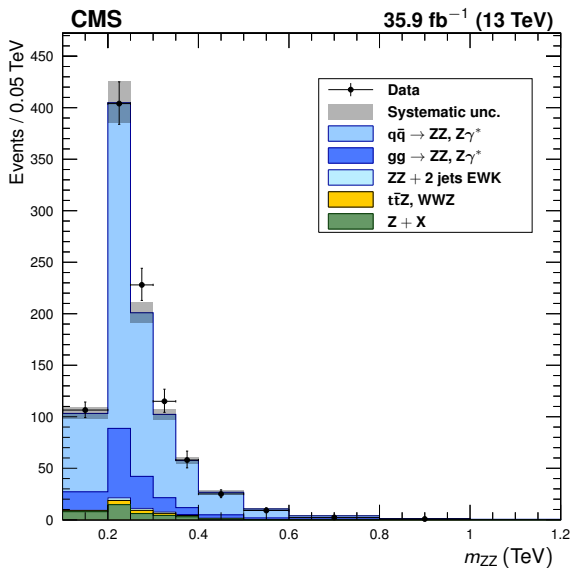
- ▶ current status
 - ▶ measurements by ATLAS and CMS
 - ▶ Standard Model predictions
- ▶ top-quark contributions at two loop level
 - ▶ interference Z- and Higgs-boson production
 - ▶ computational strategy

Z-Boson pair production at the LHC



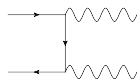
The ATLAS Collaboration [1709.07703]

Z-Boson pair production at the LHC



The CMS Collaboration [1709.08601]

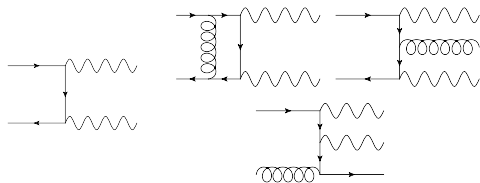
Example Diagrams for $pp \rightarrow ZZ$ in the Standard Model



LO

- ▶ order counting in at cross-section (amplitude^2) level
- ▶ corrections in quantum chromodynamics (QCD)
- ▶ *inclusive* production ($pp \rightarrow ZZ + X$)

Example Diagrams for $pp \rightarrow ZZ$ in the Standard Model

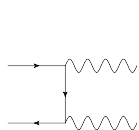


LO

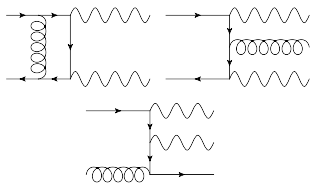
NLO

- ▶ order counting in at cross-section (amplitude^2) level
- ▶ corrections in quantum chromodynamics (QCD)
- ▶ *inclusive* production ($pp \rightarrow ZZ + X$)

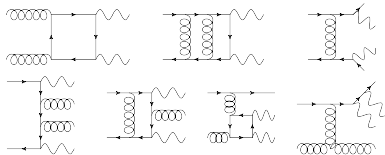
Example Diagrams for $pp \rightarrow ZZ$ in the Standard Model



LO



NLO

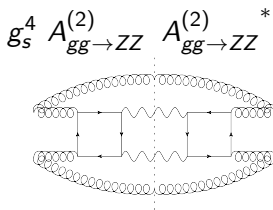
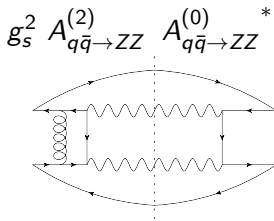


NNLO

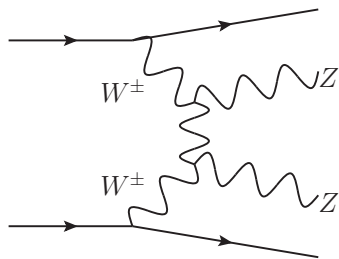
- ▶ order counting in at cross-section (amplitude^2) level
- ▶ corrections in quantum chromodynamics (QCD)
- ▶ *inclusive* production ($pp \rightarrow ZZ + X$)

Order Counting

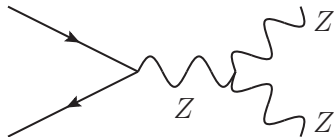
$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma_{pp \rightarrow ZZ} \propto & \left| A_{q\bar{q} \rightarrow ZZ}^{(0)} + g_s^2 A_{q\bar{q} \rightarrow ZZ}^{(2)} + \dots \right|^2 \\
 & + \left| g_s A_{q\bar{q} \rightarrow ZZg}^{(1)} + g_s^3 A_{q\bar{q} \rightarrow ZZg}^{(3)} + \dots \right|^2 \\
 & + \left| g_s A_{qg \rightarrow ZZq}^{(1)} + g_s^3 A_{qg \rightarrow ZZq}^{(3)} + \dots \right|^2 \\
 & + \left| g_s^2 A_{gg \rightarrow ZZ}^{(2)} + g_s^4 A_{gg \rightarrow ZZ}^{(4)} + \dots \right|^2 \\
 & + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$



Probing the Electroweak Sector of the Standard Model



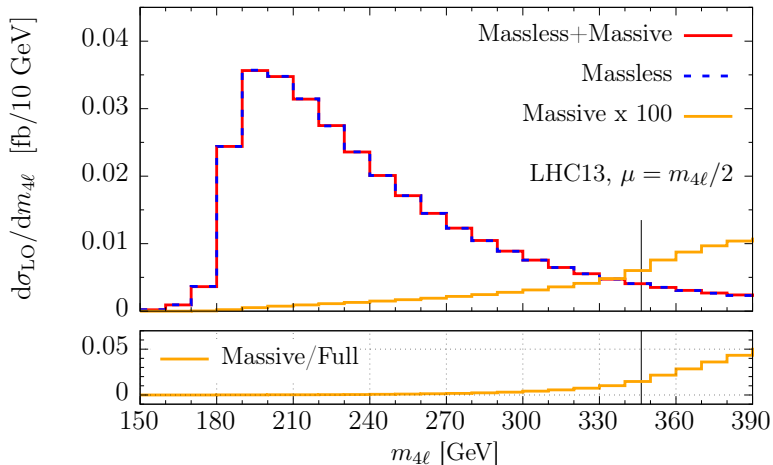
vector boson scattering
(Standard Model)



anomalous gauge couplings
(beyond Standard Model)

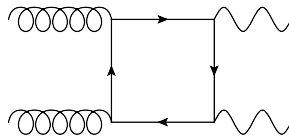
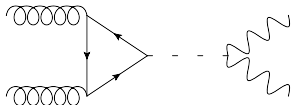
Effect of a Massive (top quark) Loop in $gg \rightarrow ZZ$

F. Caola, M. Dowling, K. Melnikov, R. Röntsch, L. Tancredi [1605.04610]



Interference with decaying Higgs boson

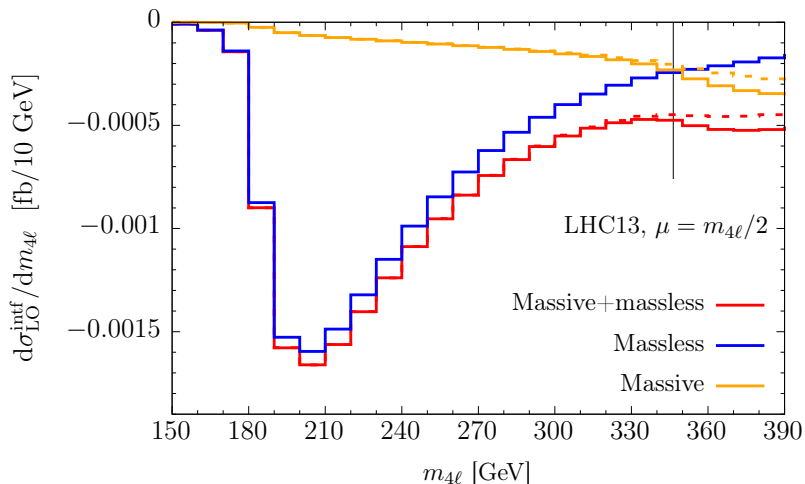
F. Caola, M. Dowling, K. Melnikov, R. Röntsch, L. Tancredi [1605.04610]



$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{gg \rightarrow ZZ} &\propto \left| A_{gg \xrightarrow{H} ZZ} + A_{gg \xrightarrow{Z} ZZ} \right|^2 \\ &= \left| A_{gg \xrightarrow{H} ZZ} \right|^2 + \left| A_{gg \xrightarrow{Z} ZZ} \right|^2 + 2 \operatorname{Re} \left[A_{gg \xrightarrow{H} ZZ} A_{gg \xrightarrow{Z} ZZ}^* \right]\end{aligned}$$

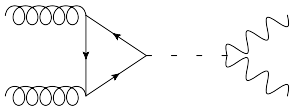
Interference with decaying Higgs boson

F. Caola, M. Dowling, K. Melnikov, R. Röntsch, L. Tancredi [1605.04610]

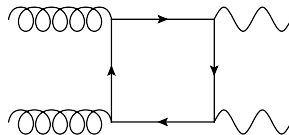


Interference with decaying Higgs boson

F. Caola, M. Dowling, K. Melnikov, R. Röntsch, L. Tancredi [1605.04610]



“signal”



“background”

- ▶ $gg \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$
- ▶ $150\text{GeV} < m_{4\ell} < 340\text{GeV}$
(below top threshold)
- ▶ $60\text{GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 120\text{GeV}$
(Z peak)

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{signal}} &= 0.043_{-0.009}^{+0.012} \text{ fb}, & \sigma_{\text{NLO}}^{\text{signal}} &= 0.074_{-0.008}^{+0.008} \text{ fb} \\ \sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{bkgd}} &= 2.90_{-0.58}^{+0.77} \text{ fb}, & \sigma_{\text{NLO}}^{\text{bkgd}} &= 4.49_{-0.38}^{+0.34} \text{ fb} \\ \sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{intf}} &= -0.154_{-0.04}^{+0.031} \text{ fb}, & \sigma_{\text{NLO}}^{\text{intf}} &= -0.287_{-0.037}^{+0.031} \text{ fb} \\ \sigma_{\text{LO}}^{\text{full}} &= 2.79_{-0.56}^{+0.74} \text{ fb}, & \sigma_{\text{NLO}}^{\text{full}} &= 4.27_{-0.35}^{+0.32} \text{ fb}\end{aligned}$$

Standard Model Prediction for $pp \rightarrow ZZ$

G. Heinrich, S.J. S. P. Jones, M. Kerner, J. Pires [1710.06294]

- ▶ N -jettiness subtraction scheme

R. Boughezal et al. [1504.02131], *J. Gaunt et al.* [1505.04794]

- ▶ 2 loop virtual amplitude from qqvvamp (massless QCD)

T. Gehrmann et al. [1503.04812]

- ▶ cross check with calculations in q_T -subtraction scheme

F. Cascioli et al. [1405.2219], *M. Grazzini et al.* [1507.06257]

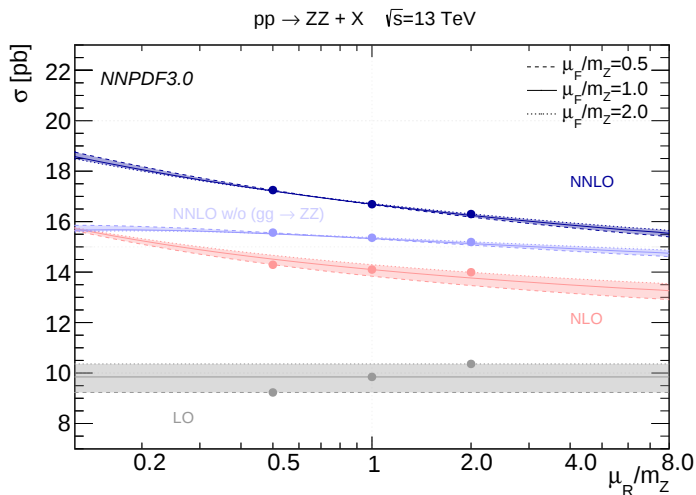
- ▶ partial N³LO results in the (anti-)quark-gluon channel

M. Grazzini et al. [1811.09593]

Outlook: top mass effects in $pp \rightarrow ZZ$

Standard Model Prediction for $pp \rightarrow ZZ$

G. Heinrich, S.J. S. P. Jones, M. Kerner, J. Pires [1710.06294]



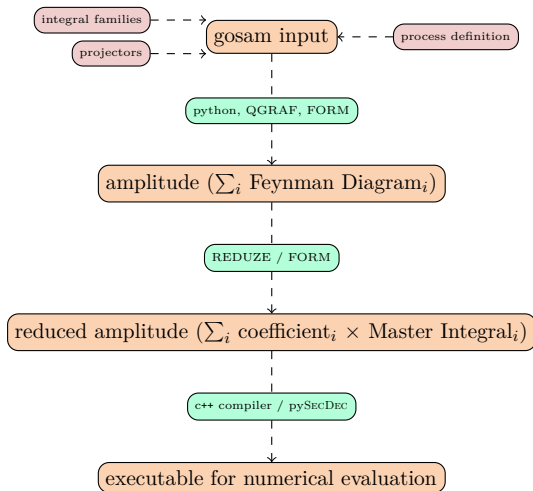
Standard Model Prediction for $pp \rightarrow ZZ$

- ▶ last missing piece for full NNLO(QCD) cross-section:
massive top-quark loops in $q\bar{q} \xrightarrow{t} ZZ$
- ▶ largest scale uncertainty from: $gg \rightarrow ZZ$ (loop-induced)
 - ▶ also include 2-loop of $gg \rightarrow ZZ$ although formally N³LO
- ▶ calculation similar to $gg \xrightarrow{t} HH$
S. Borowka et al. [1604.06447]
- ▶ automated calculation with GoSAM-Xloop
 - ▶ Larin-Scheme for γ_5 treatment
S. A. Larin [hep-ph/9302240]

GoSAM-Xloop

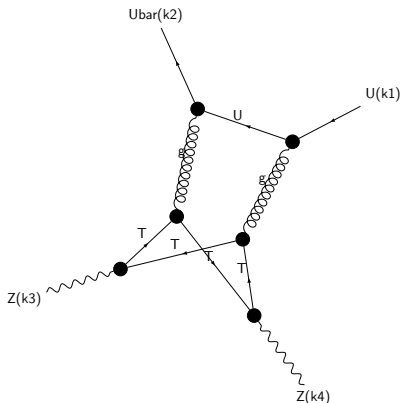
The GoSAM-Xloop collaboration

Long Chen
Nicolas Greiner
Gudrun Heinrich
Stephan Jahn
Stephen Jones
Matthias Kerner
et al.



Evaluation of the Master Integrals

- ▶ many massive two-loop integrals analytically unknown
- ▶ multiple numerical approaches
- ▶ automated tools for numerical evaluation available



Evaluation of the Master Integrals The Sector Decomposition Approach

$$\mathcal{I} \equiv \int d^D k_1 \cdot \dots \cdot d^D k_L \frac{1}{P_1^{\nu_1} \cdot \dots \cdot P_N^{\nu_N}}$$

D : dimensionality (typically $4 - 2\epsilon$)

P_i : propagators ($\langle \text{momentum} \rangle^2 [-\langle \text{mass} \rangle^2] + i\delta$)

Evaluation of the Master Integrals The Sector Decomposition Approach

$$\mathcal{I} \equiv \int d^D k_1 \cdot \dots \cdot d^D k_L \frac{1}{P_1^{\nu_1} \cdot \dots \cdot P_N^{\nu_N}} \\ \propto \int_0^1 \prod_{j=1}^N dx_j x_j^{\nu_j-1} \delta \left(1 - \sum_{n=1}^N x_n \right) \frac{\mathcal{U}^{N_\nu - (L+1)D/2}}{\mathcal{F}^{N_\nu - LD/2}}$$

D : dimensionality (typically $4 - 2\epsilon$)

P_i : propagators ($\langle \text{momentum} \rangle^2 [-\langle \text{mass} \rangle^2] + i\delta$)

$$N_\nu = \sum_{i=1}^N \nu_i$$

$\mathcal{U} = \mathcal{U}(\vec{x})$: 1st Symanzik polynomial

$\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{F}(\vec{x}, p_i \cdot p_j, m_i^2)$: 2nd Symanzik polynomial

Evaluation of the Master Integrals The Sector Decomposition Approach

- ▶ loop integral, schematically:

$$\mathcal{I} \equiv \int_0^1 dx_1 \dots \int_0^1 dx_N \prod_{i=1}^m f_i(\vec{x})^{b_i + c_i \epsilon}$$

where the f_i are polynomials in $\vec{x}$

- ▶ expand **integrand** in the dimensional regulator

$$\mathcal{I} = \int_0^1 dx_1 \dots \int_0^1 dx_N \sum_{k=-2L}^{\infty} \mathcal{I}_k(\vec{x}) \epsilon^k$$

- ▶ nontrivial due to **overlapping singularities**, e.g. $(x_1 + x_2)^{-2+\epsilon}$
- ▶ see also: upcoming talk in the theory journal club

Public Implementations of Sector Decomposition

- ▶ `sector_decomposition`

C. Bogner, S. Weinzierl [0709.4092]

- ▶ supplemented by: `CSectors`

J. Gluza, K. Kajda, T. Riemann, V. Yundin [1010.1667]

- ▶ `FIESTA 4`

A.V. Smirnov [1511.03614]

- ▶ `pySecDEC`

S. Borowka, G. Heinrich, S.J. Jones, M. Kerner, J. Schlenk, T. Zirke [1703.09692]

S. Borowka, G. Heinrich, S.J. Jones, M. Kerner, J. Schlenk [1811.11720]

Improved Numerical Integration in pySecDEC-1.4

S. Borowka, G. Heinrich, S.J. S.P. Jones, M. Kerner, J. Schlenk [1811.11720]

	QMC on GPUs		VEGAS	
	rel. acc.	time (s)	rel. acc.	time (s)
banana 3mass 3L	$3.8 \cdot 10^{-11}$	15	$1.5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	39
HZ nonplanar 2L	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	24	$5.2 \cdot 10^{-3}$	27
pentabox fin 2L	$1.9 \cdot 10^{-4}$	42	$2.6 \cdot 10^{-3}$	139
elliptic 2L	$2.0 \cdot 10^{-6}$	9	$3.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$	104
formfactor 4L	$4.2 \cdot 10^{-7}$	258	$2.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$	986
Nbox split b 2L	$2.5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	60	$1.6 \cdot 10^{-1}$	177
bubble 6L	$8.5 \cdot 10^{-7}$	279	$5.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$	199

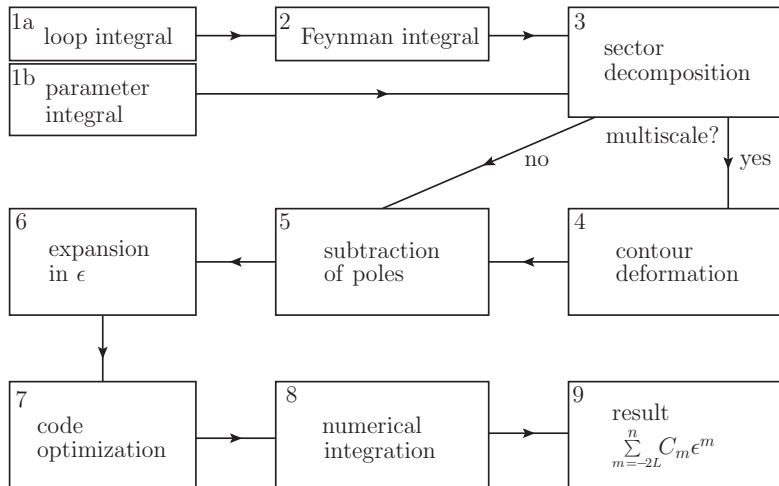
- download: <https://github.com/mppmu/secdec/releases/>
- documentation: <https://secdec.readthedocs.io/>

Conclusion

- ▶ electroweak gauge boson production:
important test of the Standard Model
- ▶ mass corrections in $gg \rightarrow ZZ$
 - ▶ important for highly energetic Z bosons
in interference with intermediate Higgs boson production
 - ▶ automated computation with numerical methods feasible

BACKUP

Flowchart pySECDEC



Loop Integral - Momentum Representation

$$\mathcal{I} = \int d^D k_1 \cdot \dots \cdot d^D k_L \frac{1}{P_1^{\nu_1} \cdot \dots \cdot P_N^{\nu_N}}$$

D : dimensionality

L : number of loops

N : number of propagators

P_i : propagators ($\langle momentum \rangle^2 [-\langle mass \rangle^2] + i\delta$)

ν_i : propagator powers

Loop Integral - Feynman Representation

$$\mathcal{I} = (-1)^{N_\nu} \frac{\Gamma(N_\nu - LD/2)}{\prod_{j=1}^N \Gamma(\nu_j)} \int_0^1 \prod_{j=1}^N dx_j x_j^{\nu_j-1} \delta\left(1 - \sum_{n=1}^N x_n\right) \frac{\mathcal{U}^{N_\nu - (L+1)D/2}}{\mathcal{F}^{N_\nu - LD/2}}$$

D : dimensionality

L : number of loops

N : number of propagators

ν_i : propagator powers

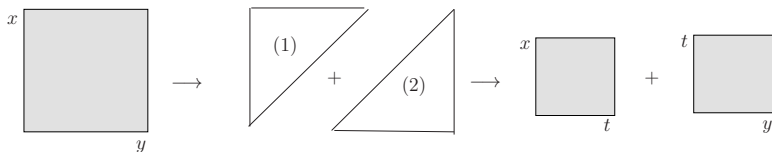
$$N_\nu = \sum_{i=1}^N \nu_i$$

$\mathcal{U} = \mathcal{U}(\vec{x})$: 1st Symanzik polynomial

$\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{F}(\vec{x}, p_i \cdot p_j, m_i^2)$: 2nd Symanzik polynomial

Sector Decomposition

or: Resolution of Overlapping Singularities



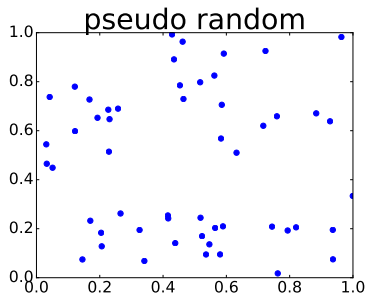
$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_0^1 dx \int_0^1 dy (x+y)^{a+b\epsilon} f(x,y) \\
 &= \int_0^1 dx \int_0^1 dy (x+y)^{a+b\epsilon} f(x,y) [\underbrace{\Theta(x-y)}_{(1)} + \underbrace{\Theta(y-x)}_{(2)}] \\
 &= \int_0^1 dx \int_0^1 dt x x^{a+b\epsilon} (1+t)^{a+b\epsilon} f(x, xt) + \int_0^1 dt \int_0^1 dy y y^{a+b\epsilon} (t+1)^{a+b\epsilon} f(yt, y)
 \end{aligned}$$

Subtraction of Poles

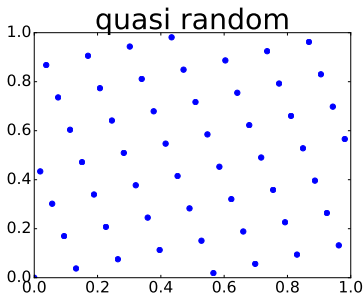
$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^1 dt t^{-1+b\epsilon} g(t) \\ &= \int_0^1 dt t^{-1+b\epsilon} (g(0) + g(t) - g(0)) \\ &= \underbrace{\int_0^1 dt t^{-1+b\epsilon} g(0)}_{=\frac{1}{b\epsilon} g(0)} + \underbrace{\int_0^1 dt t^{-1+b\epsilon} (g(t) - g(0))}_{\text{finite for } \epsilon \rightarrow 0, \text{ expand integrand in } \epsilon} \end{aligned}$$

Quasi Monte Carlo (QMC)

D. Nuyens et al. (2006), J. Dick et al. (2013), Z. Li et al. [1508.02512], S. Borowka et al. [1811.11720]



integral error $\sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$



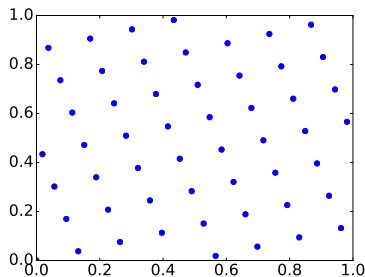
asymptotic integral error
 $\sim \frac{1}{n}$ or better

with n : number of integrand evaluations

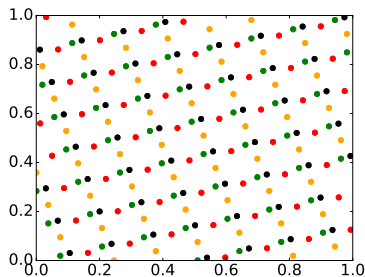
Quasi Monte Carlo (QMC)

D. Nuyens et al. (2006), J. Dick et al. (2013), Z. Li et al. [1508.02512], S. Borowka et al. [1811.11720]

$$I_S[f] \approx \bar{Q}_{S,n,m}[f] \equiv \frac{1}{m} \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} Q_{S,n}^{(k)}[f], \quad I_S[f] \equiv \int_{[0,1]^S} d^S \mathbf{x} f(\mathbf{x}), \quad Q_{S,n}^{(k)}[f] \equiv \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} f\left(\left\{\frac{iz}{n} + \Delta_k\right\}\right)$$



integral error between
 $\sim \frac{1}{n}$ and $\sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$

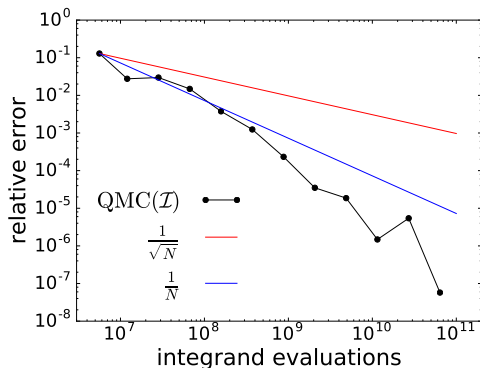
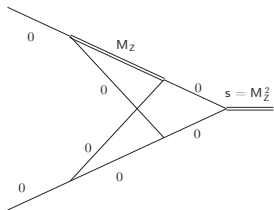


determined from
 m random shifts

with $\{\cdot\}$ the fractional part, $\mathbf{z}$ the generating vector, Δ_k the random shift vector, and f the integrand

Quasi Monte Carlo (QMC)

D. Nuyens et al. (2006), J. Dick et al. (2013), Z. Li et al. [1508.02512], S. Borowka et al. [1811.11720]



pySECDEC Timings

S. Borowka, G. Heinrich, S.J. S.P. Jones, M. Kerner, J. Schlenk, T.Zirke [1703.09692]

Table 5

Comparison of timings (algebraic, numerical) using pySECDEC, SECDEC 3 and FIESTA 4.1.

	pySECDEC time (s)	SECDEC 3 time (s)	FIESTA 4.1 time (s)
triangle2L	(40.5, 9.6)	(56.9, 28.5)	(211.4, 10.8)
triangle3L	(110.1, 0.5)	(131.6, 1.5)	(48.9, 2.5)
elliptic2L_euclidean	(8.2, 0.2)	(4.2, 0.1)	(4.9, 0.04)
elliptic2L_physical	(21.5, 1.8)	(26.9, 4.5)	(115.3, 4.4)
box2L_invprop	(345.7, 2.8)	(150.4, 6.3)	(21.5, 8.8)

Z-Boson pair production at the LHC

Flowchart GoSAM

