

Research and Development on Frictional Muon Cooling

MPI Project Review 2004

December 13-14 2004

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Technical Support

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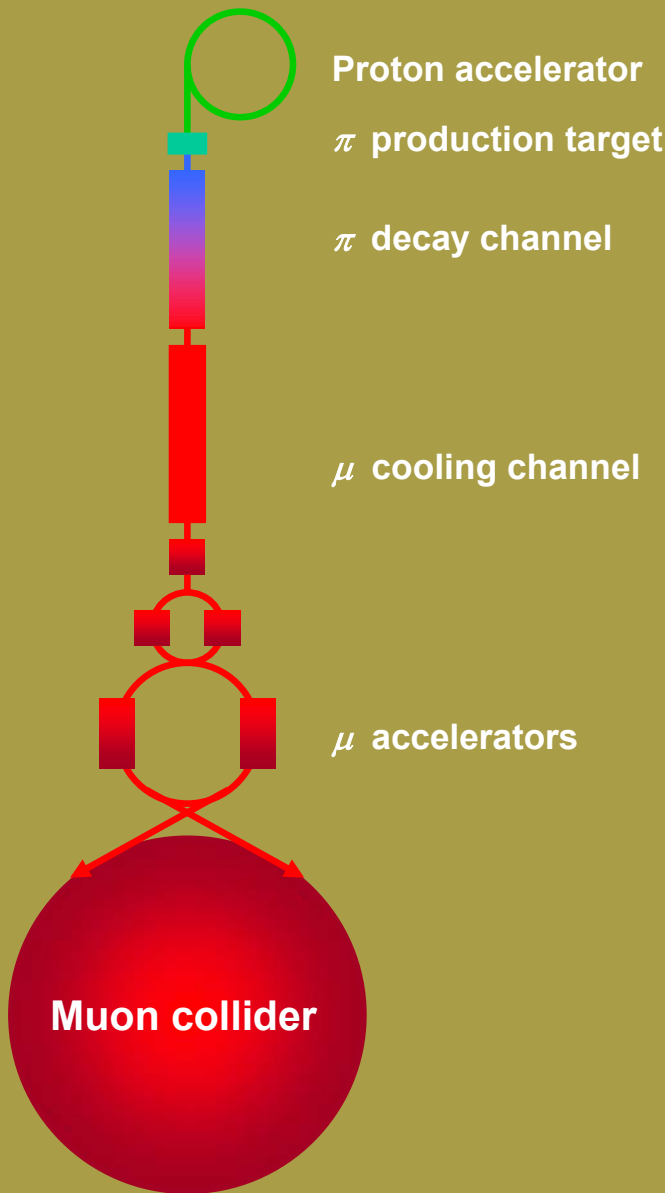
Daniel Greenwald



Outline

- muon collider
- frictional muon cooling
- FCD experiment at the MPI
- present status
- conclusions and outlook

Muon Collider



Advantages

- $m_{\mu} \approx 200m_e \Rightarrow$ ~~synchrotron radiation problem~~
- μ – point-like particle (unlike hadrons)

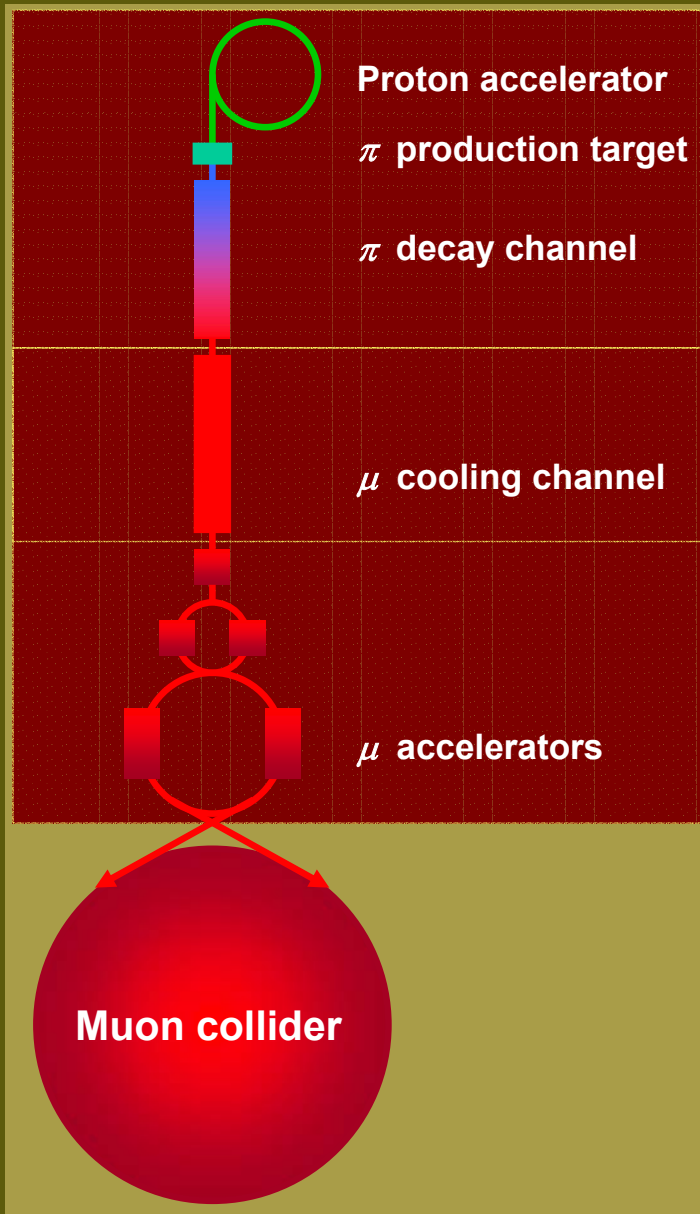
Meaning

- smaller machines
 - higher energies
 - more precise measurements
- ⇒ **lower cost**
⇒ **more physics**

Physics

- higher energy frontier
 - new physics searches
- ν physics
- slow μ physics

Muon Collider



Problems

Muons decay with $\tau_{\mu}=2.2 \mu\text{s}$

- need a multi MW source
2-16 GeV (10^{22} p/year)
⇒ **large starting cost**
- large experimental background
lots of high energy e^{\pm} from μ^{\pm} decay
- limited time for cooling, bunching,
and accelerating
⇒ **need new techniques**

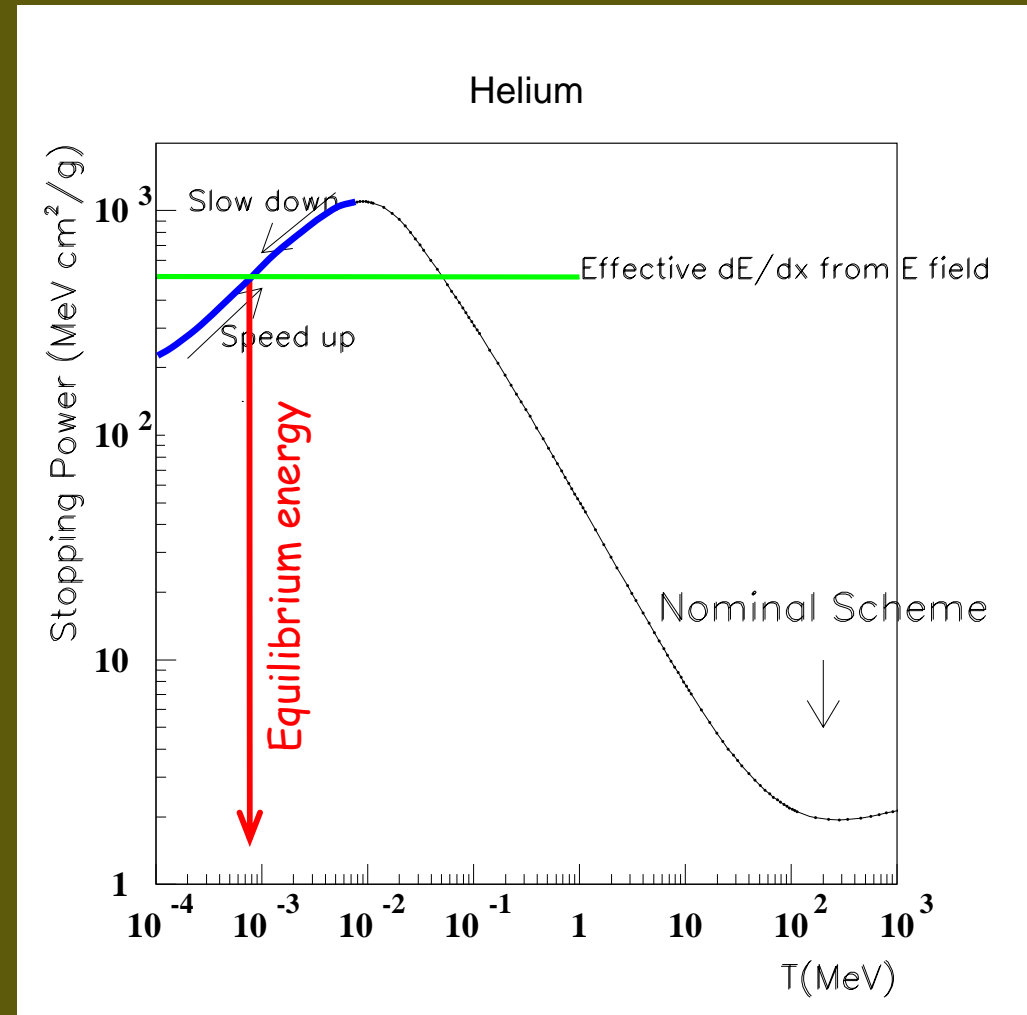
Muon cooling

- emittance reduction of the μ beam
by **10^6** required for a collider

Frictional Muon Cooling

(similar idea first studied by Kottmann et al. at PSI)

- let muons pass through a slowing-down medium
- bring muons to kinetic energy T where dT/dx increases with energy
- apply const. accelerating E field resulting in **equilibrium energy**
- large dT/dx at low T
⇒ low average density of stopping medium ⇒ **GAS**



Frictional Muon Cooling

- simulation of the whole muon collider front-end based on frictional muon cooling

→ **cooling factor of 10^7 simulated**

(arXiv: physics/0410017)

- experiment performed at Nevis Labs

- **no frictional cooling was seen**

→ windows absorbed all cooled particles

- simulation were still able to reproduce the results

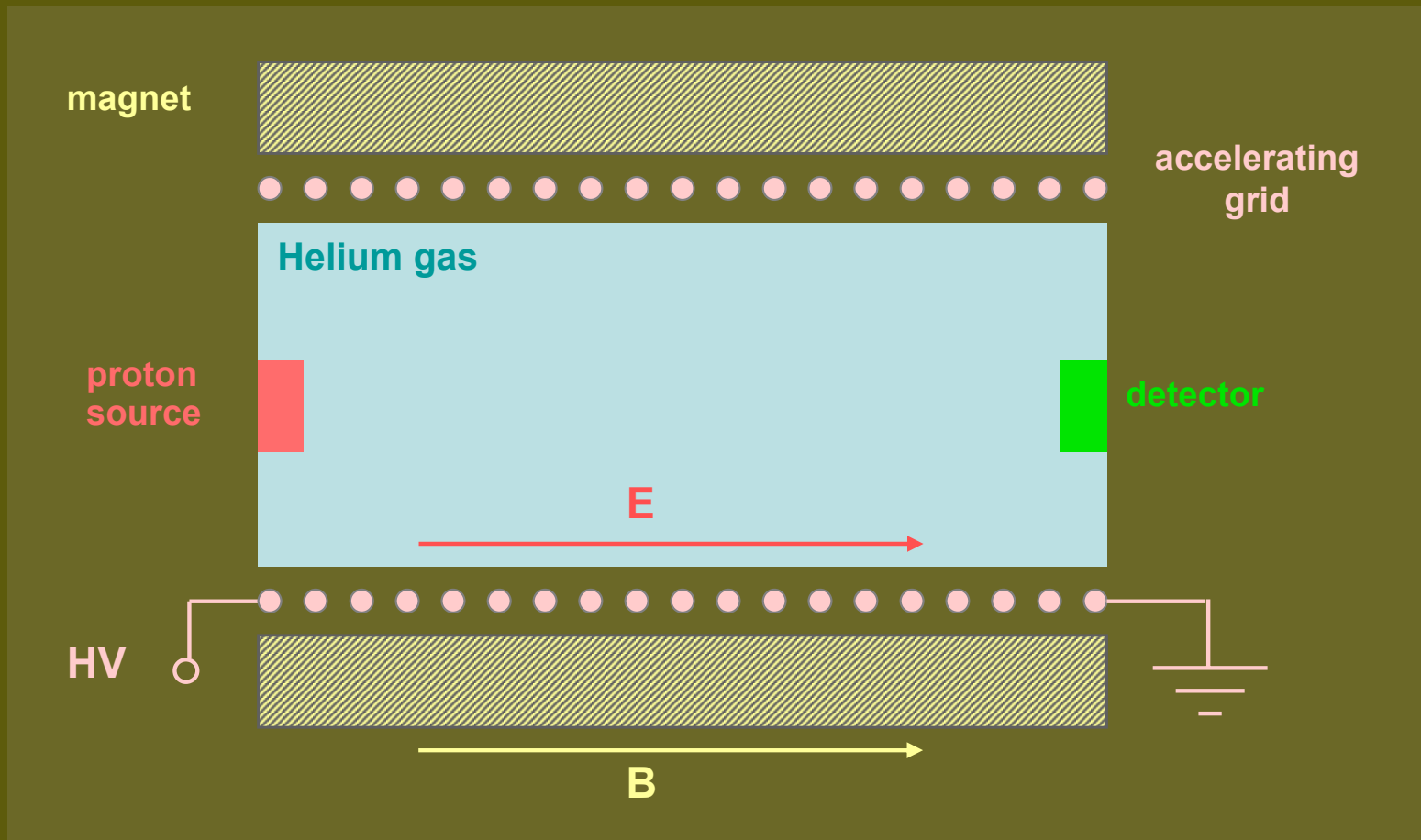
(NIMA 524, 27, 2004)

- experimental demonstration of frictional cooling is still necessary:

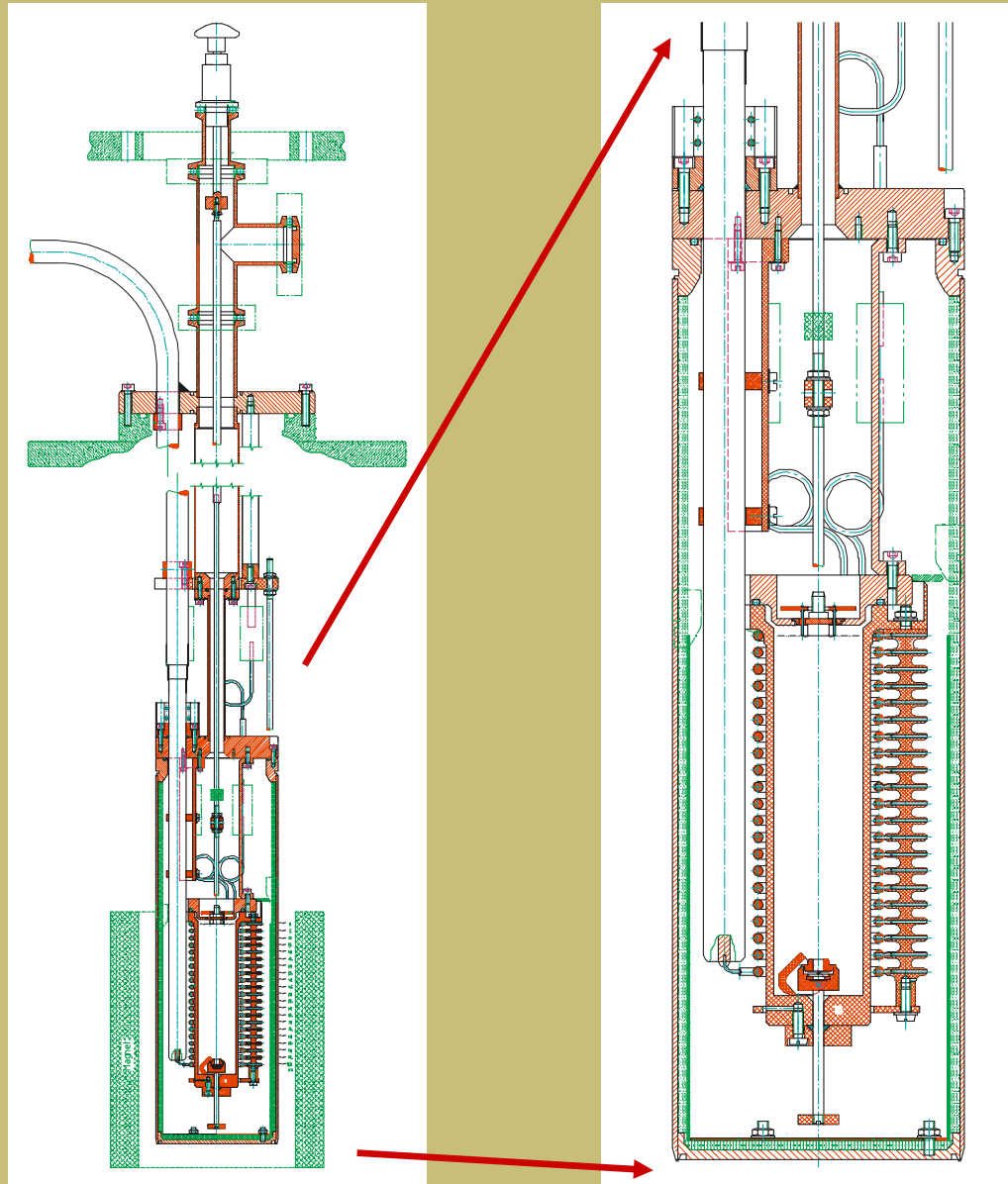
**Frictional Cooling Demonstration Experiment
at MPI**

Frictional Cooling Demonstration

- demonstration of frictional cooling principle on **protons**
→ should work for any charged particle



FCD - Technical drawings



FCD - Magnet

- **5 Tesla** superconducting magnet
- operation at temperature of liquid He

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- performed magnetic field measurements



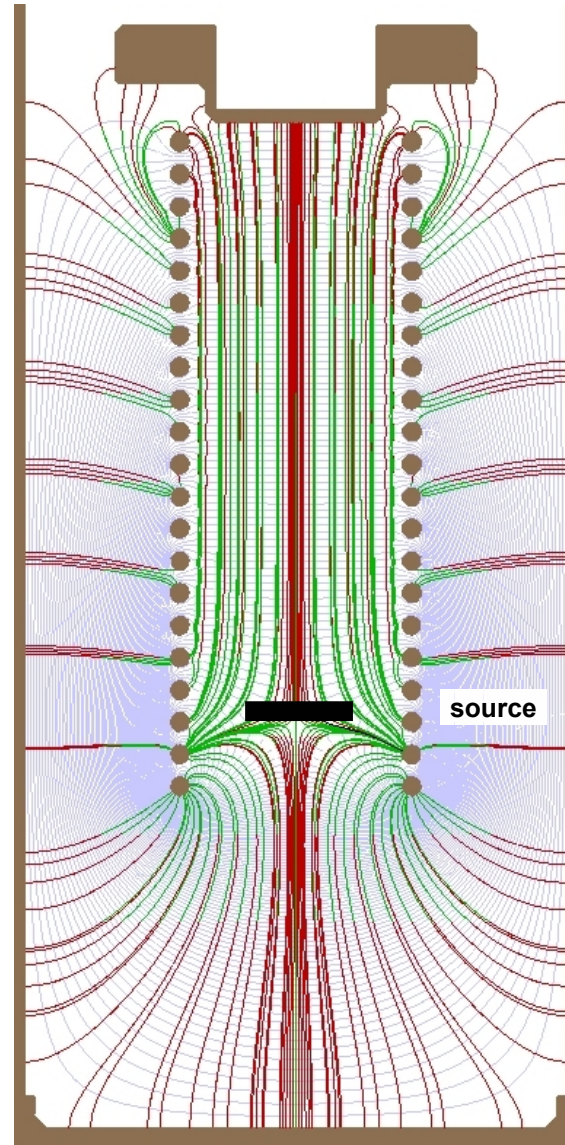
FCD - Accelerating grid

- constructed and tested
 - at pressure 10^{-3} mbar reached and maintained up to **90 kV**
 $E = 0.9$ MV/m



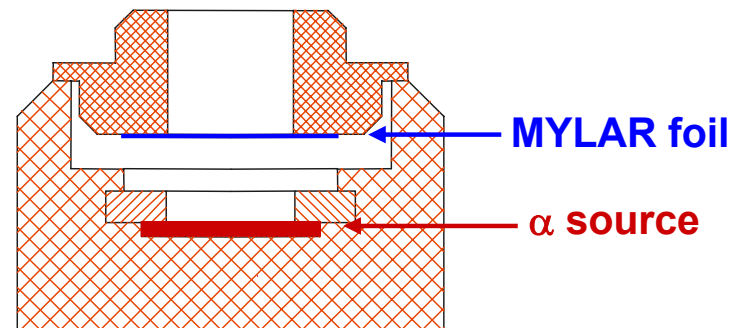
FCD - Accelerating grid

- constructed and tested
 - at pressure 10^{-3} mbar reached and maintained up to **90 kV**
 $E = 0.9$ MV/m
- simulations of the E field with SIMION
 - need to shift the source to be able to accelerate



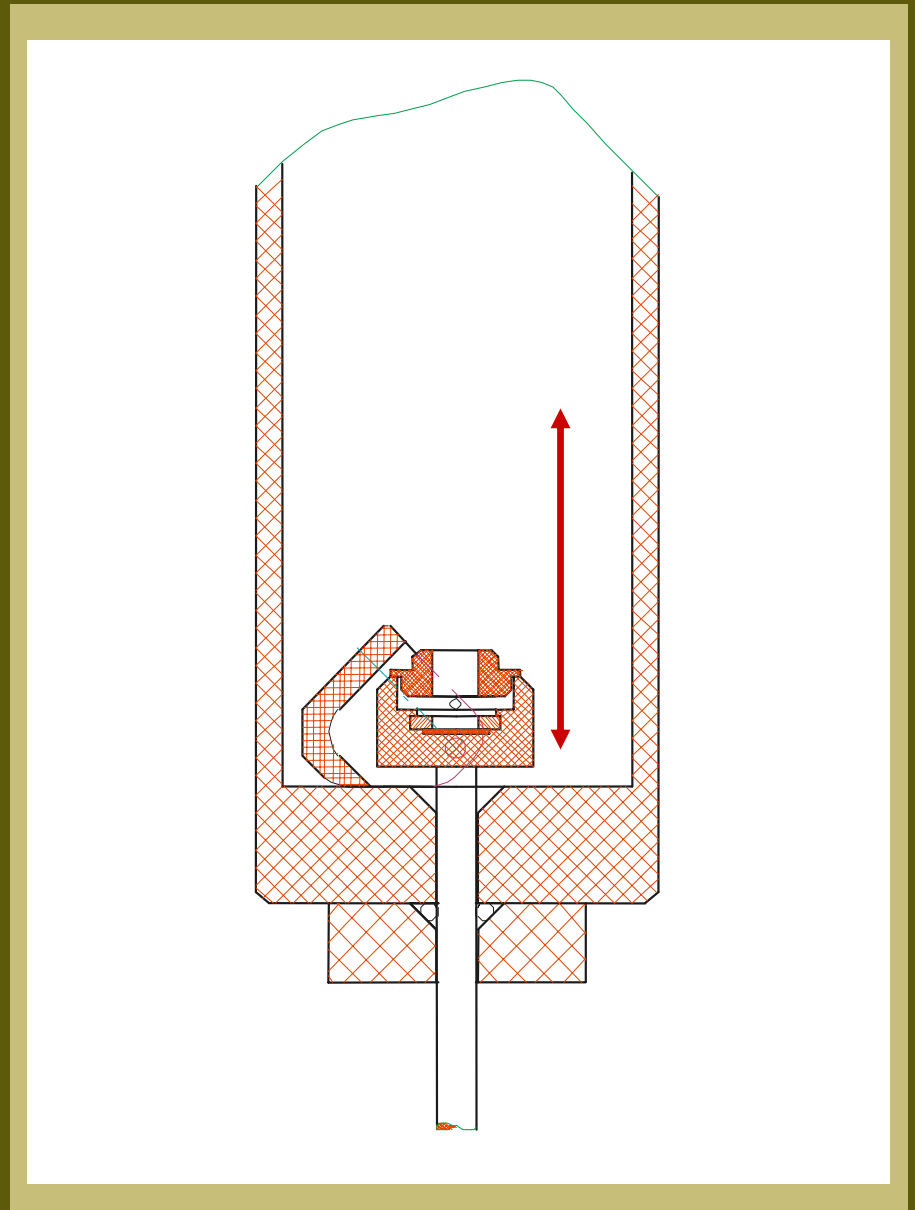
FCD - Proton source

- strong α source \rightarrow ^{241}Am
74 kBq
- Hydrogen rich foil
 \rightarrow MYLAR
- free protons by e^-
stripping from H atoms



FCD - Proton source

- strong α source \rightarrow ^{241}Am
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- free protons by e^-
stripping from H atoms
- possibility of moving the
source



FCD - Detector

Silicon Drift Detectors

- from HLL
- very sensitive to precise voltage setup on individual parts of the detector



FCD - Detector

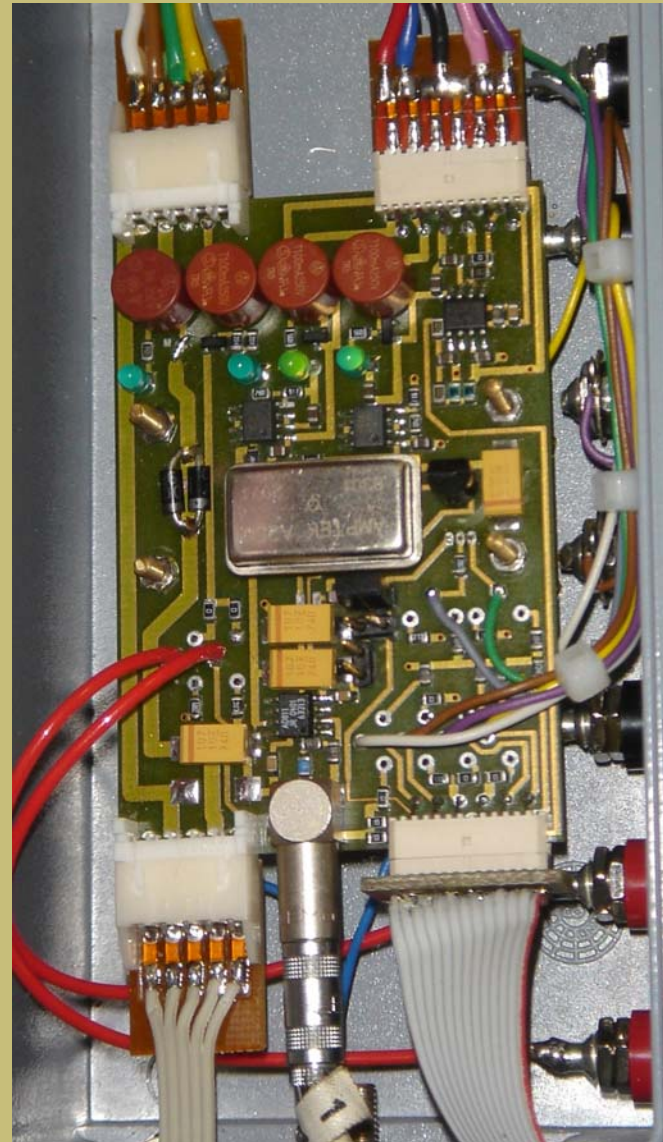
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- very sensitive to precise voltage setup on individual parts of the detector

Read-out electronics

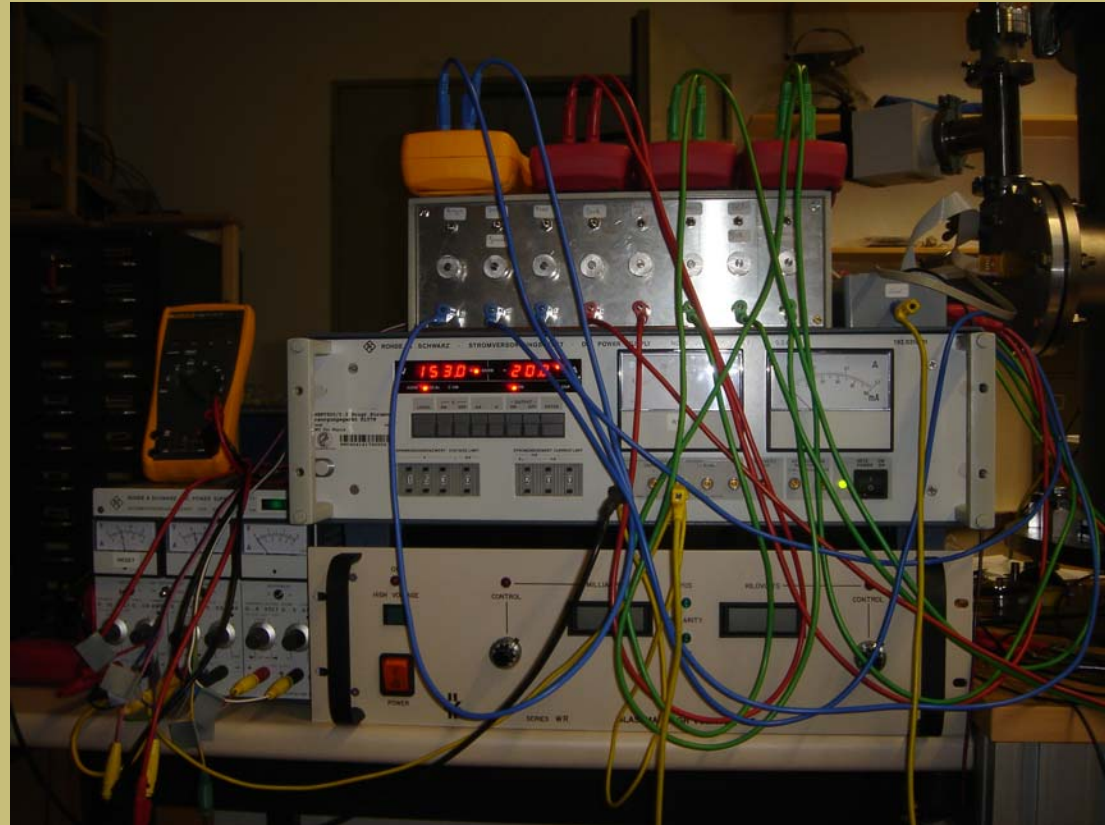
- built by Electronics dept.

We were unable to run them together successfully for 4 months



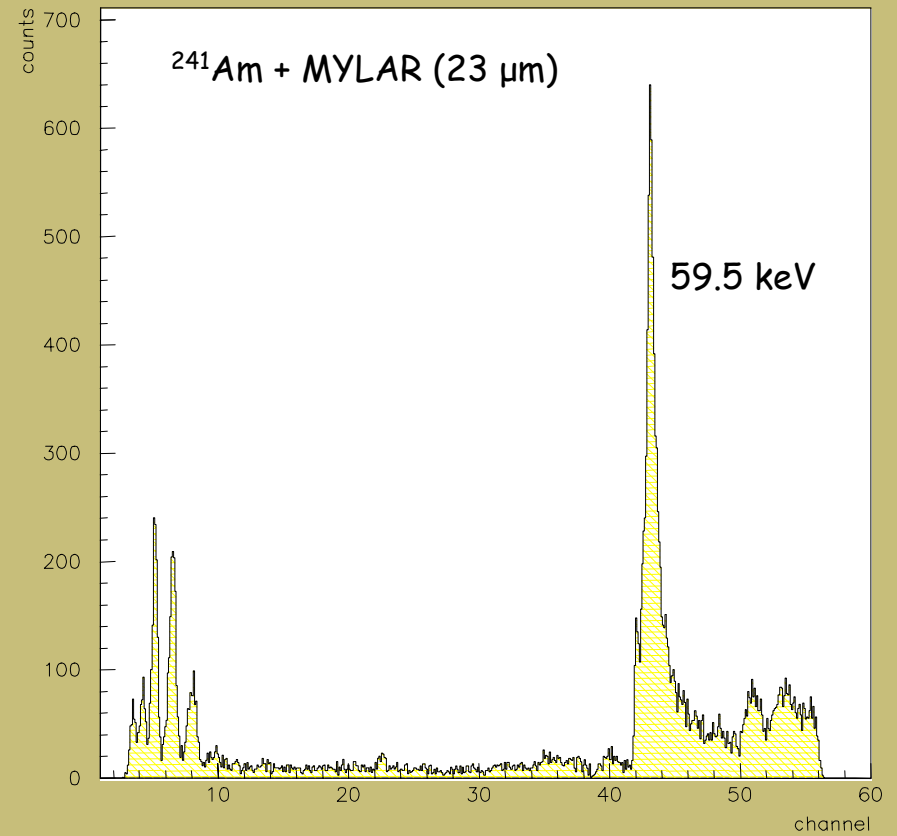
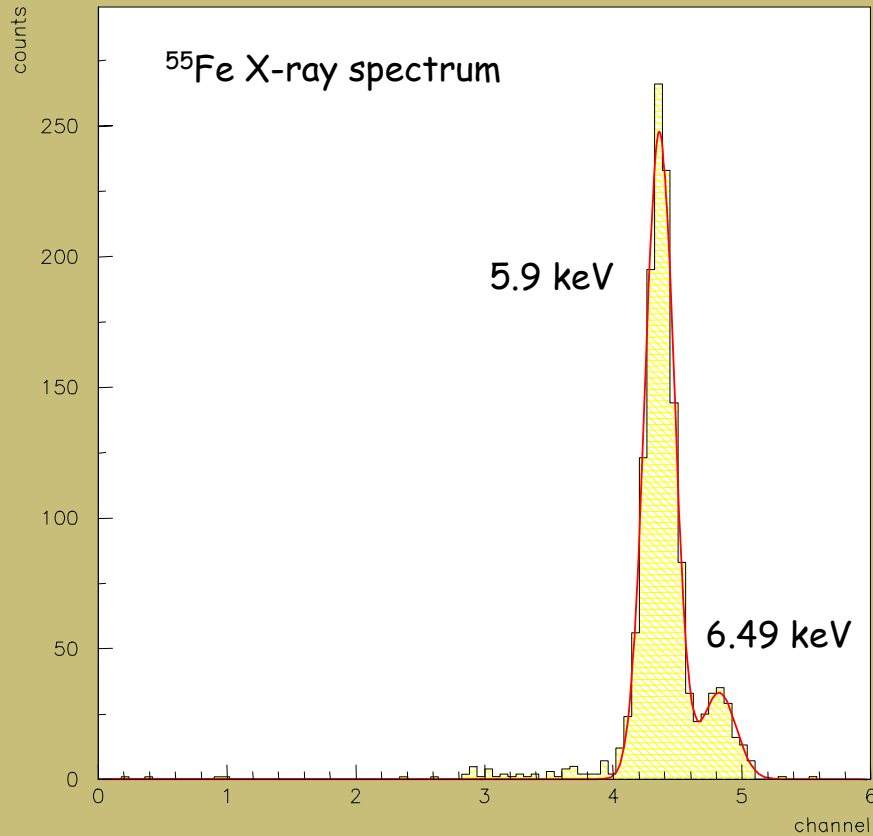
FCD - Detector

- new setup running now successfully for testing
- however, new read-out electronics has to be designed
 - improved control
 - operation at low temperatures

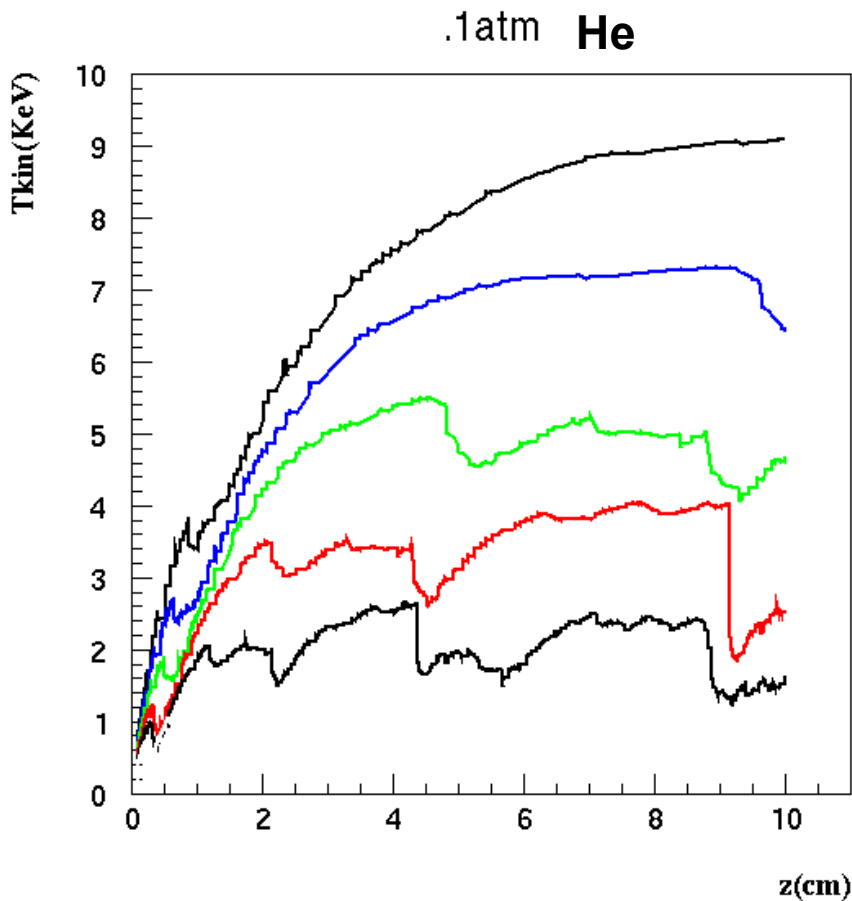


FCD - First spectra

- Data taken last week
- ^{55}Fe X-ray spectrum (FWHM = 340 eV @ 5.9 keV)
 - ^{241}Am + plastic foil (23 μm) – not yet analyzed



FCD - The Goal



1.0 MV/m

.9 MV/m

.8 MV/m

.7 MV/m

.6 MV/m

We are able to vary

- pressure/density of the gas
- detector-source distance
- strength of the E field

Can our MC simulation predict equilibrium energies?

Conclusions

- all structures ready

Thanks to **K.-H. Ackermann** and **H. Schendzielorz** from construction department

- magnet and grid commissioned and tested

Thanks to **CRESST** people for help with cryogenics

- detector + electronics running (finally)

Many thanks to **T.-S. Tran** and **Ch. Braquet** from electronics department and **L. Andricek** from HLL

Outlook

- more tests of electronic read-out
+ new design suitable for low temperatures
- finish all testing and start taking data
- preparation of experiment to measure μ^-
capture cross-section
 - crucial parameter in the frictional muon cooling scheme for negative muons – no data exist at the moment