

2-Loop Electroweak Corrections to the Effective Leptonic Weak Mixing Angle

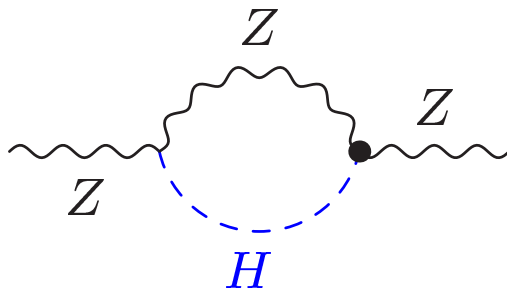
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Topics

- tests of the SM
- calculation of radiative corrections
- the effective leptonic weak mixing angle

testing the SM

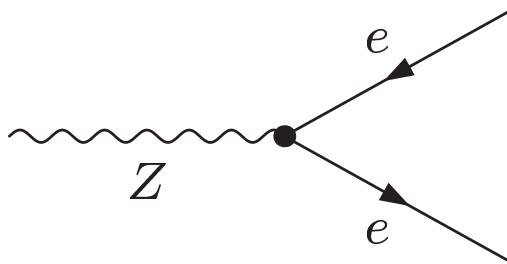
- precise measurements
- precise theoretical predictions
(calculation of **radiative corrections**)
- access to all sectors of the SM,
e.g. **Higgs sector**



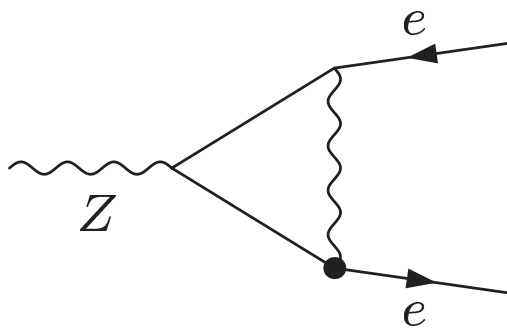
- SM: treat Higgs mass as a free parameter
 - bounds on the Higgs mass
 - comparison with experimental results from direct Higgs search

radiative corrections

- 0.order (tree level):
no closed loops



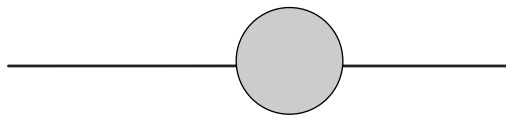
- 1. order : one closed loop



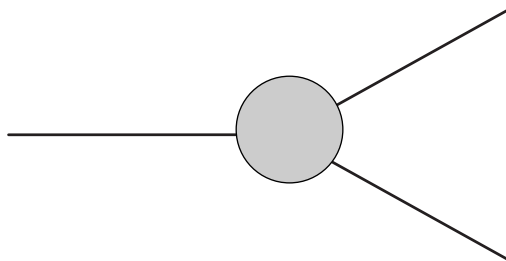
- ...

N-point functions

- processes with two external particles:
2-point functions (self-energies)



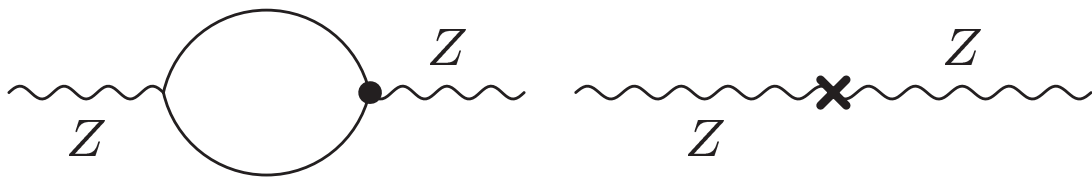
- processes with three external particles:
3-point functions (vertices)



- ...

regularization/renormalization

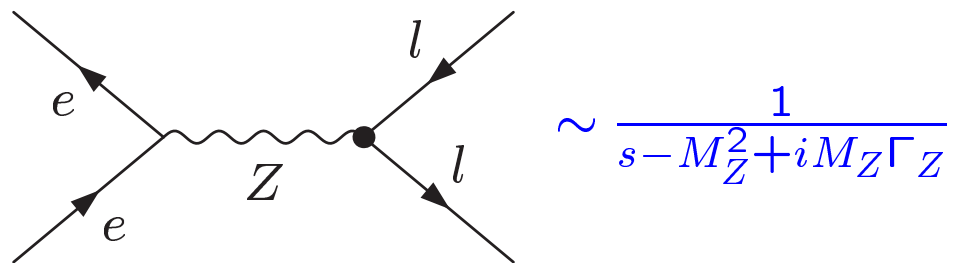
- integration over loop momenta
⇒ divergences
- regularization : introduce a cut-off
- relations
free parameters ↔ observables
cut-off dependent
- renormalization: replace bare parameters/fields:
$$M_0^2 = M^2 + \delta M_{(1)}^2 + \delta M_{(2)}^2 + \dots$$
- ⇒ ren. Lagrangian + counter term part



Z resonance

- LEP1: many events

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow l^+l^- \text{ at } s \sim M_Z^2$$



- theory: Z pole approximation

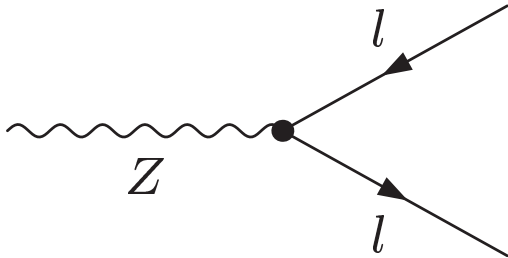
- neglect non-resonating contributions
- set $s = M_Z^2$

⇒ radiative corrections can be absorbed into the couplings:

⇒ **effective couplings**

Zll-vertex

tree-level:

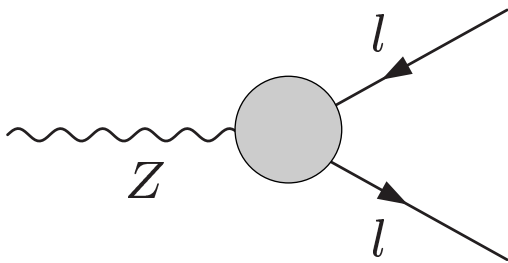


matrix element:

$$\mathcal{M}_{born} = \bar{u} \gamma_\alpha [g_v - g_a \gamma_5] v \epsilon_Z^\alpha$$

$g_{v/a}$: vector/axial born coupling

loop-order:



$$\mathcal{M}_{eff} = \bar{u} \gamma_\alpha [g_V^{eff} - g_A^{eff} \gamma_5] v \epsilon_Z^\alpha$$

$G_{V/A}^{eff}$: vector/axial effective coupling

effective leptonic mixing angle

- tree level: $\sin^2 \Theta_W = \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \frac{g_v}{g_a} \right)$

- def.: $\sin^2 \Theta_{eff}^{lept} := \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \Re \left\{ \frac{g_V^{eff}}{g_A^{eff}} \right\} \right)$

- very sensitive to M_H

- exp.: asymmetries of the Z resonance

$$\sin^2 \Theta_{eff}^{lept} = 0.23150 \pm 0.00016$$

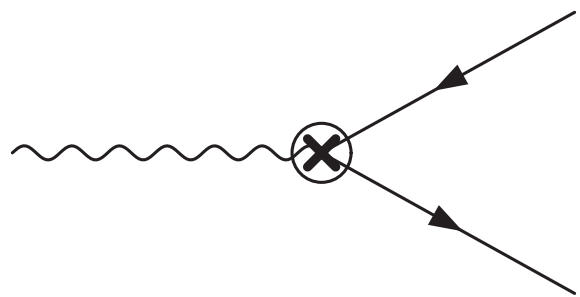
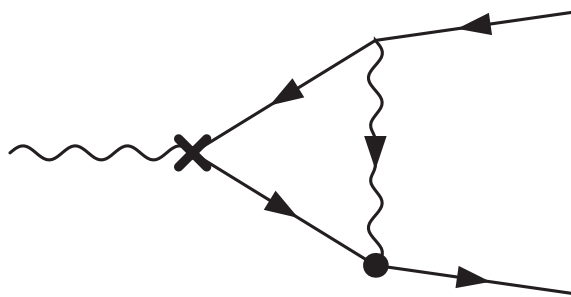
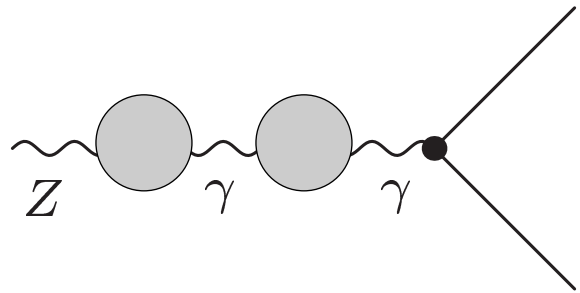
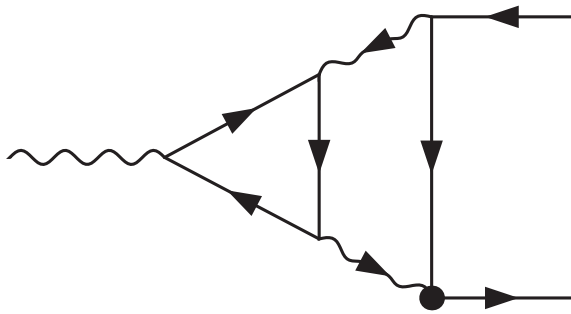
- linear collider: expected precision 1.3×10^{-5} !

\Rightarrow precise theoretical prediction needed

existing calculations (summer 2004)

- One loop corrections $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$
Marciano, Sirlin '80
 - QCD corrections $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$ and $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s^2)$
Djouadi '88
Chetyrkin, Kühn, Steinhauser '95
 - electroweak 2 loop corrections $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2)$
 - 2 gauge-invariant subsets:
fermionic/bosonic corrections
 - only leading terms in a top-mass expansion $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 M_t^4)$ and $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2 M_t^2)$
Degrassi, Gambino, Sirlin '97
- ⇒ complete $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2)$ corrections necessary

typical diagrams



Calculation of two-loop corrections

- problems:

- 2-loop renormalization
- 2-loop vertices

- strategy: split into two *UV*-finite parts

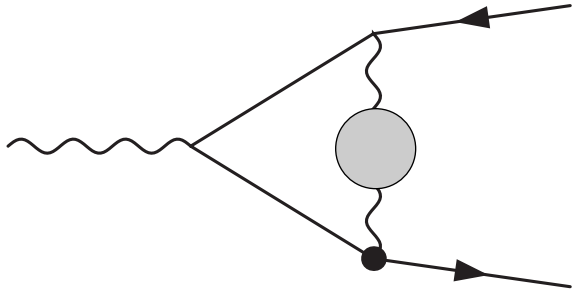
$$\hat{\Gamma}_{(2)}^{Z\bar{l}}(M_Z^2) = \Gamma_{(2)}^{Z\bar{l}}(M_Z^2) + \delta Z_{(2)}^{Z\bar{l}} =$$
$$\underbrace{\left(\Gamma_{(2)}^{Z\bar{l}}(0) + \delta Z_{(2)}^{Z\bar{l}}\right)}_{\text{finite}} + \underbrace{\left(\Gamma_{(2)}^{Z\bar{l}}(M_Z^2) - \Gamma_{(2)}^{Z\bar{l}}(0)\right)}_{\text{finite}}$$

- **first term** : complete 2-loop renormalization but no 2-loop vertices
- **second term** : all 2-loop vertices but simple divergence-structure

Calculation of two-loop corrections

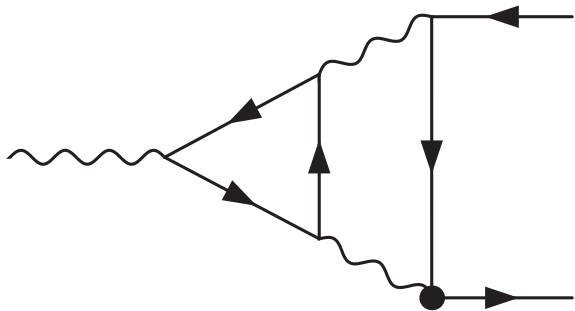
- main problem: 2-loop vertices
- different approaches to calculate them
- fermionic contributions calculated
Awramik, Czakon, Freitas, Weiglein '04
- new: independent calculation
with different methods

typical diagrams



dispersion relation

→ one-dimensional integral representation



Feynman-parameters, analytical manipulations

Ferrogia, Passera, Passarino, Uccirati

→ up to 4-dimensional integration

results for $\Delta\kappa$ ($[\Delta\kappa] = 10^{-4}$)

$$\sin^2 \theta_{eff}^{lept} =: (1 - M_W^2/M_Z^2) (1 + \Delta\kappa).$$

M_H [GeV]	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2)$	prev. calc.
100	438.937	-0.633(1)	-0.63
200	419.599	-2.161(1)	-2.16
600	379.560	-5.008(1)	-5.01
1000	358.619	-4.733(1)	-4.73

M_H [GeV]	2 ferm. loops	1 ferm. loop
100	13.758	-14.391(1)
200	13.758	-15.919(1)
600	13.758	-18.766(1)
1000	13.758	-18.491(1)

$M_W = 80.426$ GeV, $M_Z = 91.1876$ GeV,
 $\Gamma_Z = 2.4952$ GeV, $m_t = 178.0$ GeV,
 $\Delta\alpha(M_Z^2) = 0.05907$, $\alpha_s(M_Z^2) = 0.117$,
 $G_\mu = 1.16637 \times 10^{-5}$.

Conclusions and outlook

- effective leptonic weak mixing angle is an important precision observable
- electroweak 2-loop corrections are needed
- we performed an independent calculation of the fermionic corrections in agreement with Awramik, Czakon, Freitas, Weiglein
- bosonic corrections will be approached with the same methods