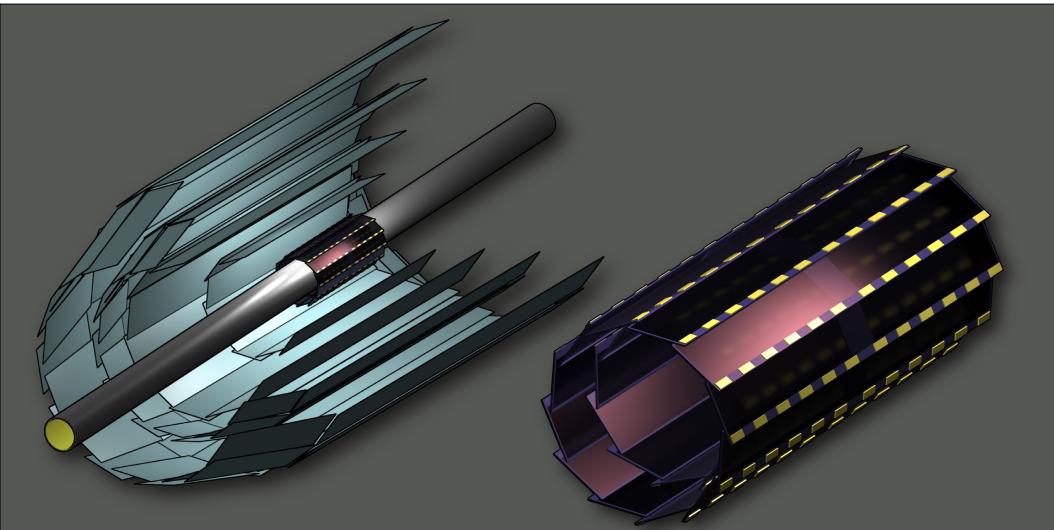


Optimization Studies with Single Tracks



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Belle II PXD/DEPFET Meeting
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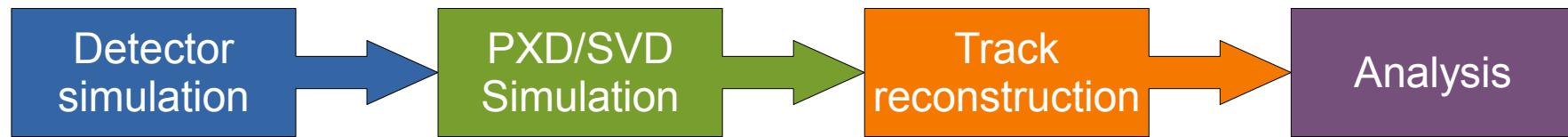
Max-Planck-Institut für Physik
(Werner-Heisenberg-Institut)

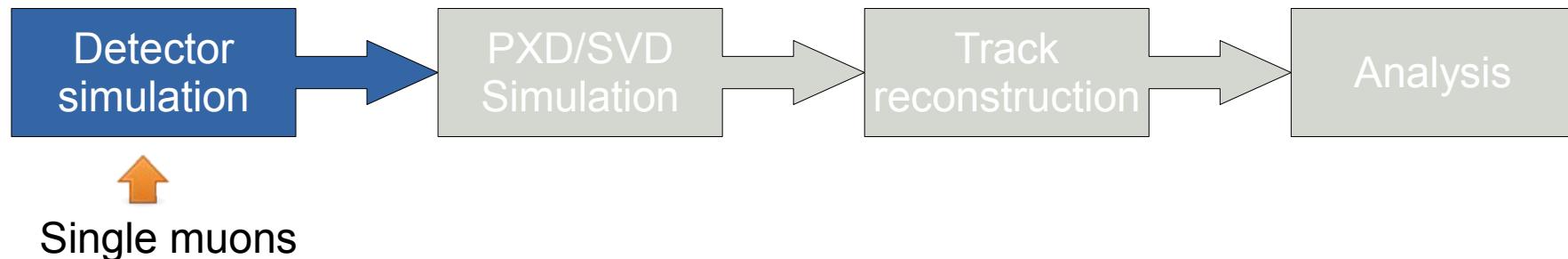
- Detector/Sensor simulation and track reconstruction
- Method used to get the resolution of the impact parameter
- Detector models studied
- Analysis procedure
- Results



Goal:

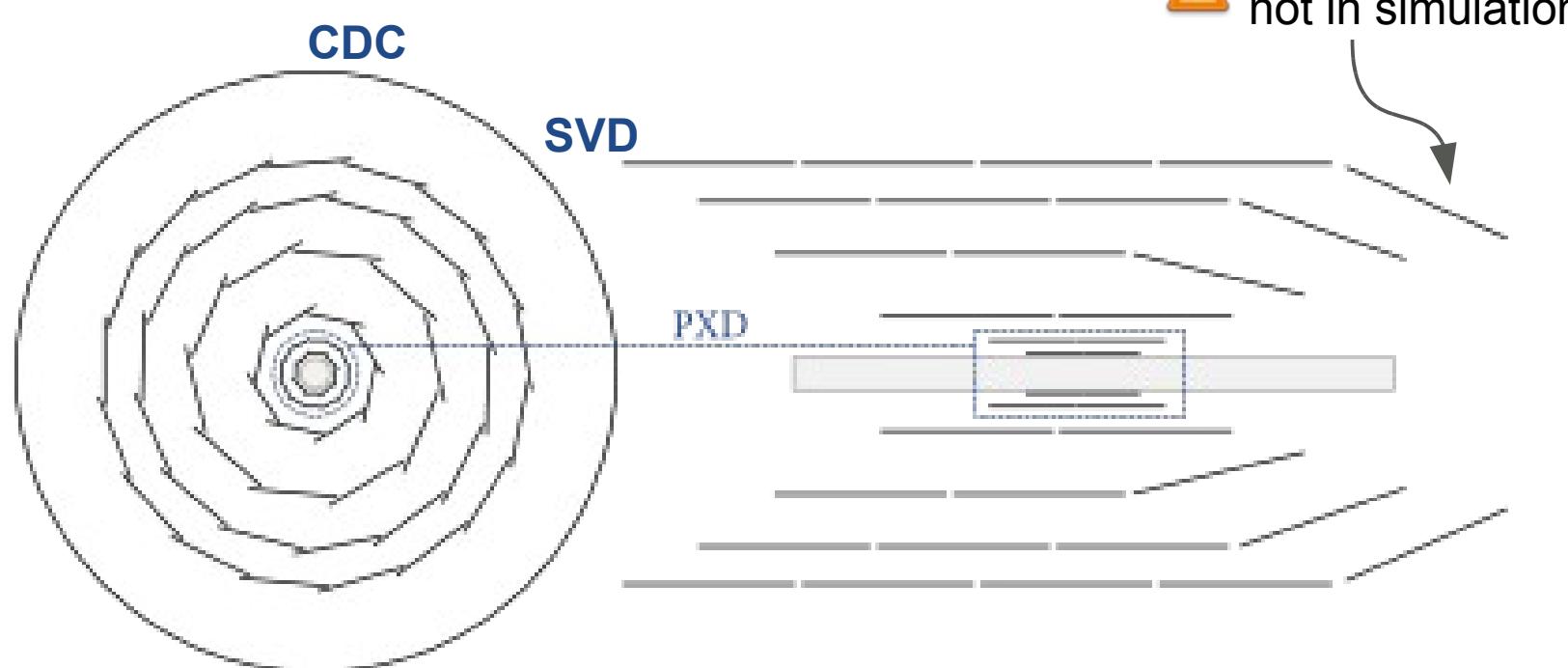
➡ Study optimization of PXD using single tracks and impact parameters

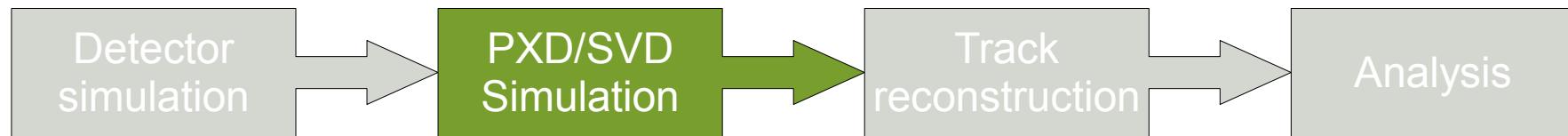




Detector simulation software: **Mokka** (geant4 based, ILC framework)

Belle II detector geometry:





Simulation of DEPFET sensor signal:

Ionization points generated (energy loss fluctuation added + electron-hole pairs created)

Signal points generated:

- drift of electron-hole pairs

- drift path calculated

- Lorentz shift in magnetic field + diffusion sigma calculated

Electronic noise added (100 e^-)

Digitization and **Clustering** separated

Perform clustering after digitization of all hits

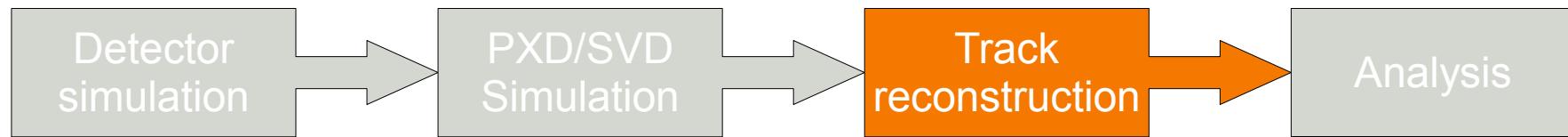


Landau energy deposit not taken from geant4 instead parameter from MIP used.

Benjamin Schwenker changed this
(see his talk yesterday)



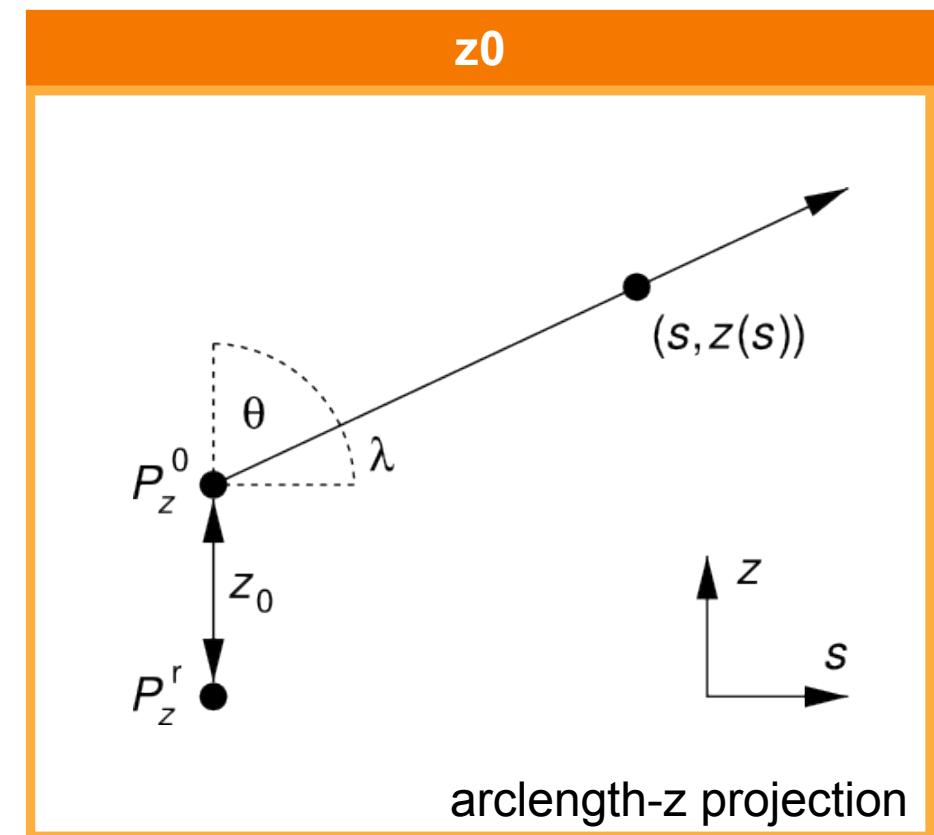
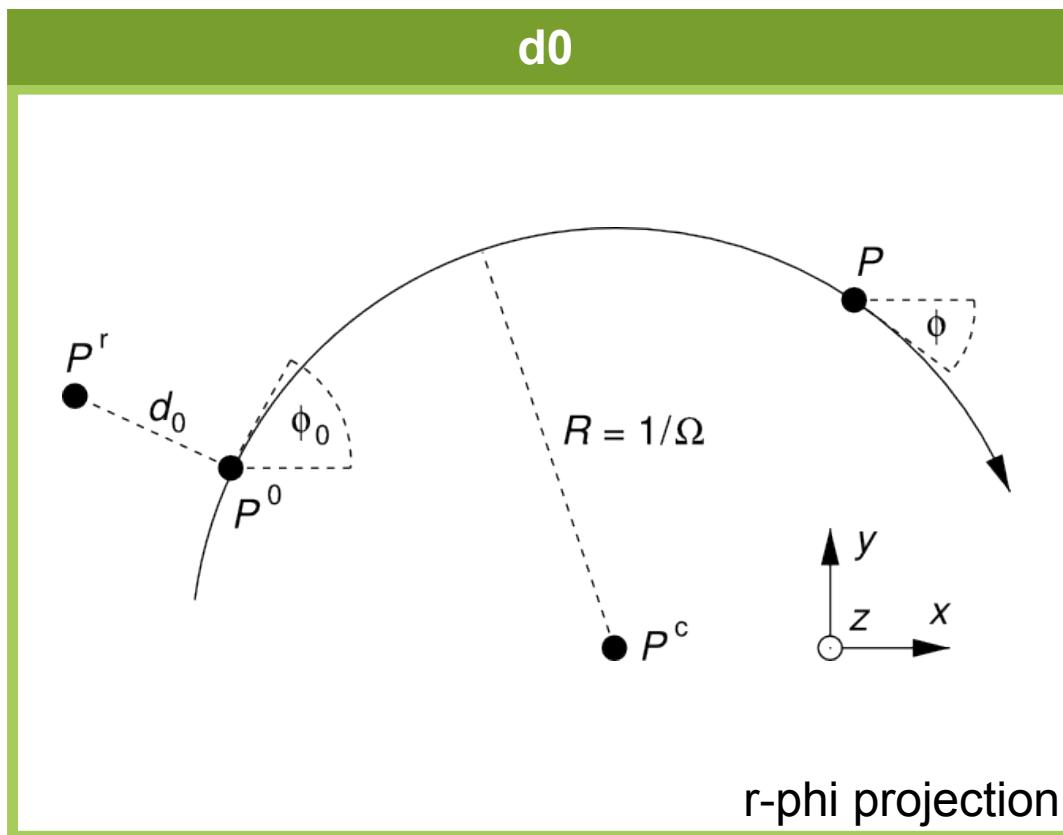
Already started discussion on how to merge his code with our code.

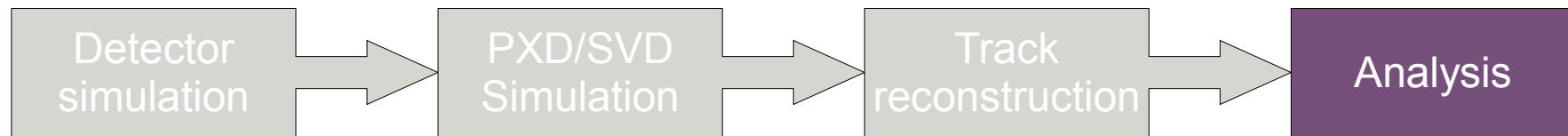


Tracking performed in **Marlin** (ILC framework)

- ➡ Silicon (PXD, SVD) tracking + CDC tracking ➡ Merge Silicon and CDC tracks
- ➡ Tracks with impact parameters (+ its errors)

Definition impact parameter:





Agreed in common resolution fitting method



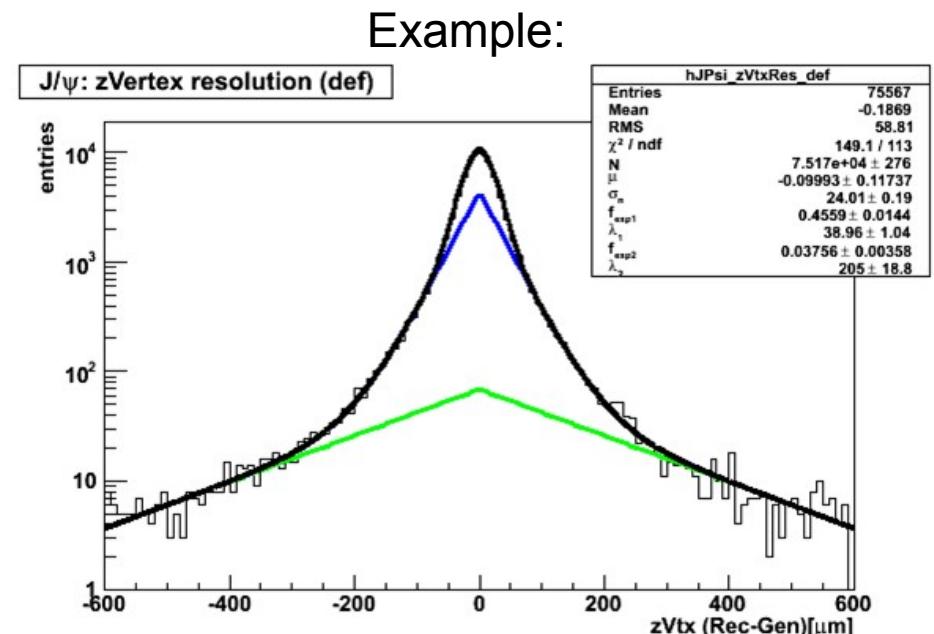
Function: $\sigma_{vtx} = N \left[\frac{(1-f_1-f_2)}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left(\frac{-(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) + \frac{f_1}{2\lambda_1} \exp\frac{-|x-\mu|}{\lambda_1} + \frac{f_2}{2\lambda_2} \exp\frac{-|x-\mu|}{\lambda_2} \right]$

- 1 Do pre-fit of Gaussian with $2 * \text{RMS}$ and around mean
- 2 Add exponential functions and refit

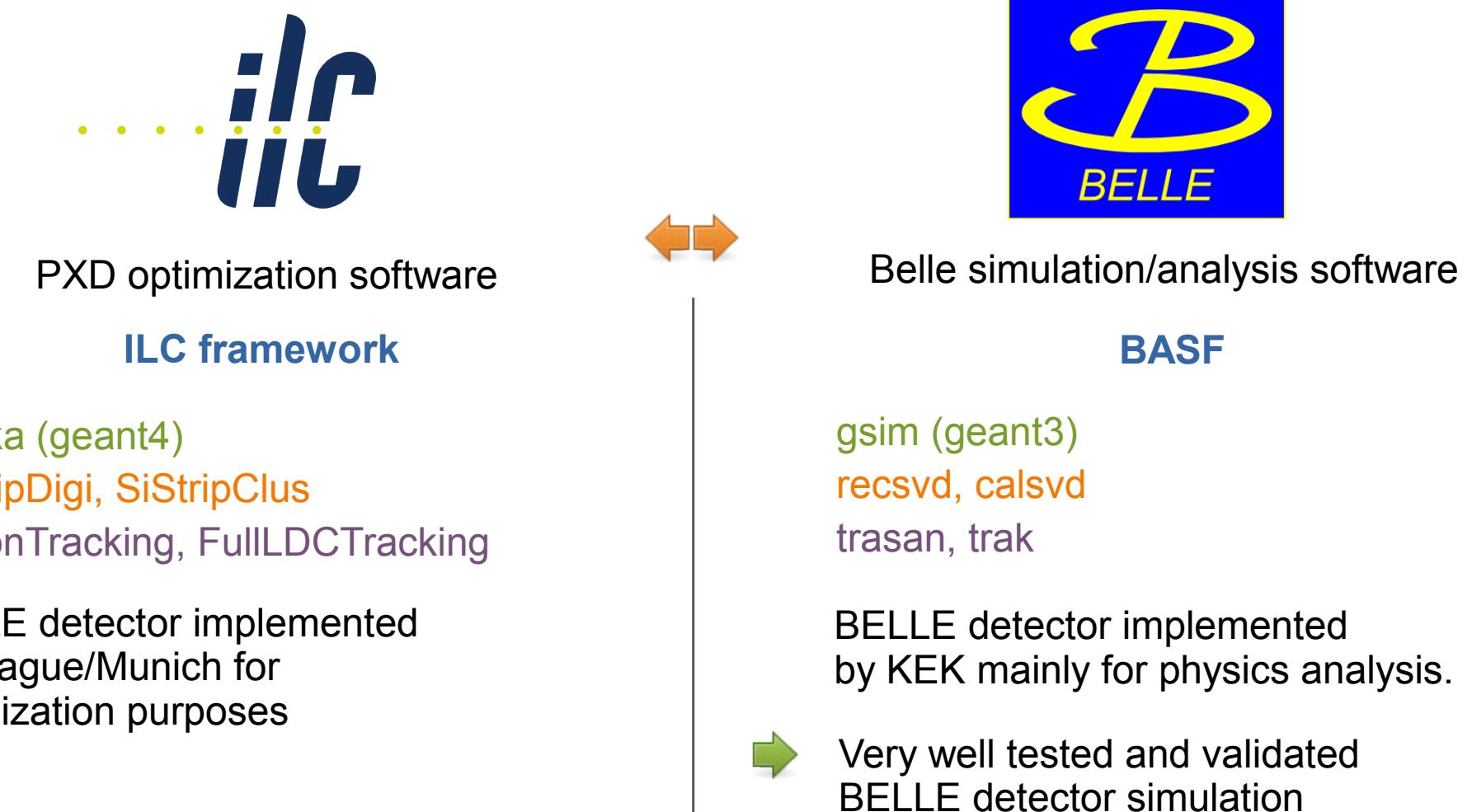
Resolution is characterized by

Core: width of Gaussian
(e.g. $\sigma=24\mu\text{m}$)

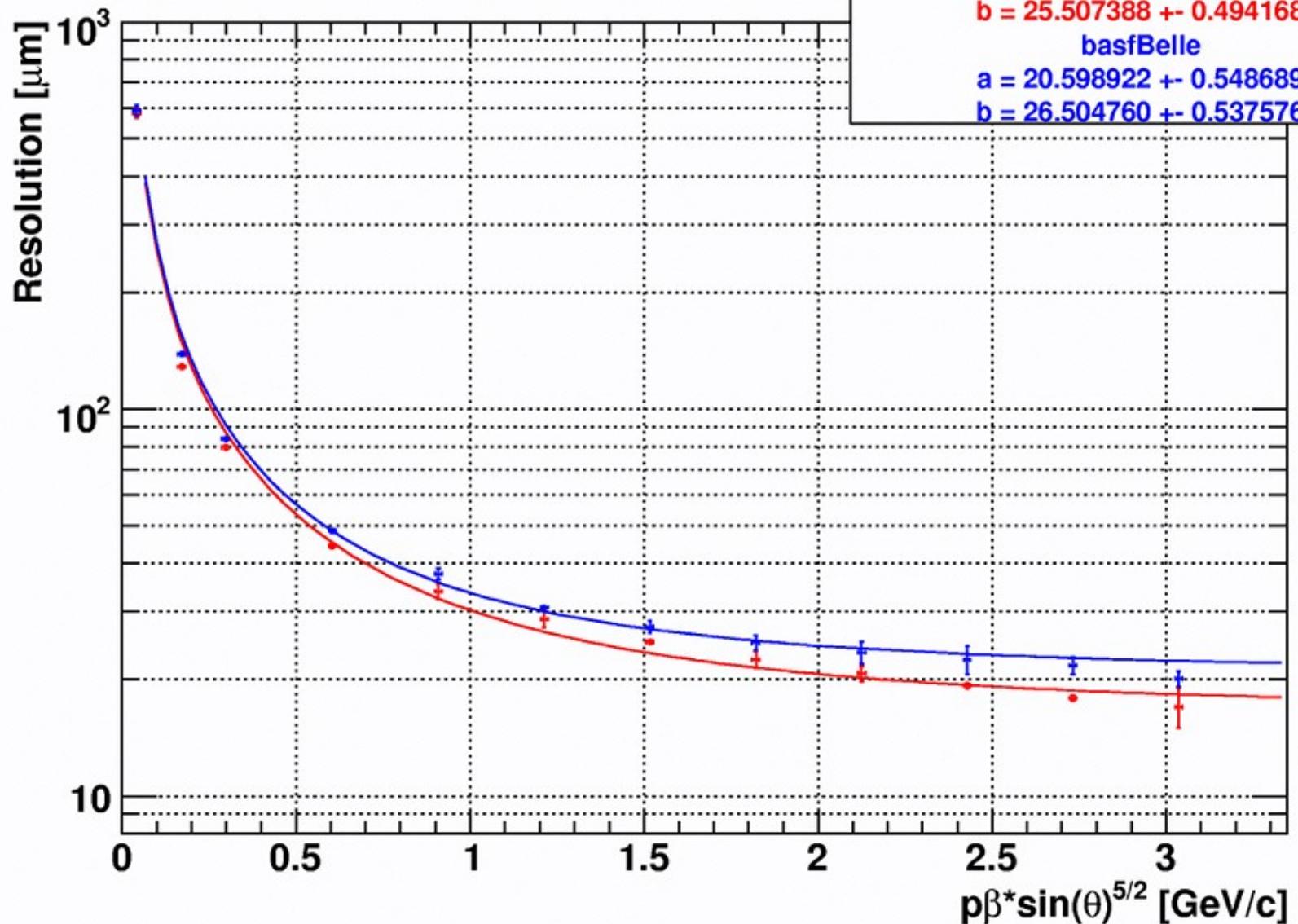
Tail: fraction of histogram entries
outside 3σ -window, independent
of fit details on tail.



Check **reliability** of our simulation software:



Produce single muon tracks with the same parameters in both frameworks for the BELLE detector

Impact parameter resolution z0

Good agreement of Belle and ILC software

Constant pixel size, 1600 pixels, Pixel size: 1. layer: **50 x 47.7 µm** 2. layer: **50 x 73.4 µm**

800 pixels, Pixel size: 1. layer: **50 x 95.4 µm** 2. layer: **50 x 146.8 µm**

	thickness	rad 1. layer	rad 2. layer	# 1. layer	# 2. layer
	50 µm	14 mm	22 mm	1600	1600
	50 µm	13 mm	22 mm	1600	1600
	50 µm	14 mm	22 mm	800	800
1. layer split	50 µm	14 mm	22 mm	1600	1600
	50 µm	13 mm	22 mm	1600	1600
	50 µm	14 mm	22 mm	800	1600
	75 µm	14 mm	22 mm	1600	1600

 Base
line

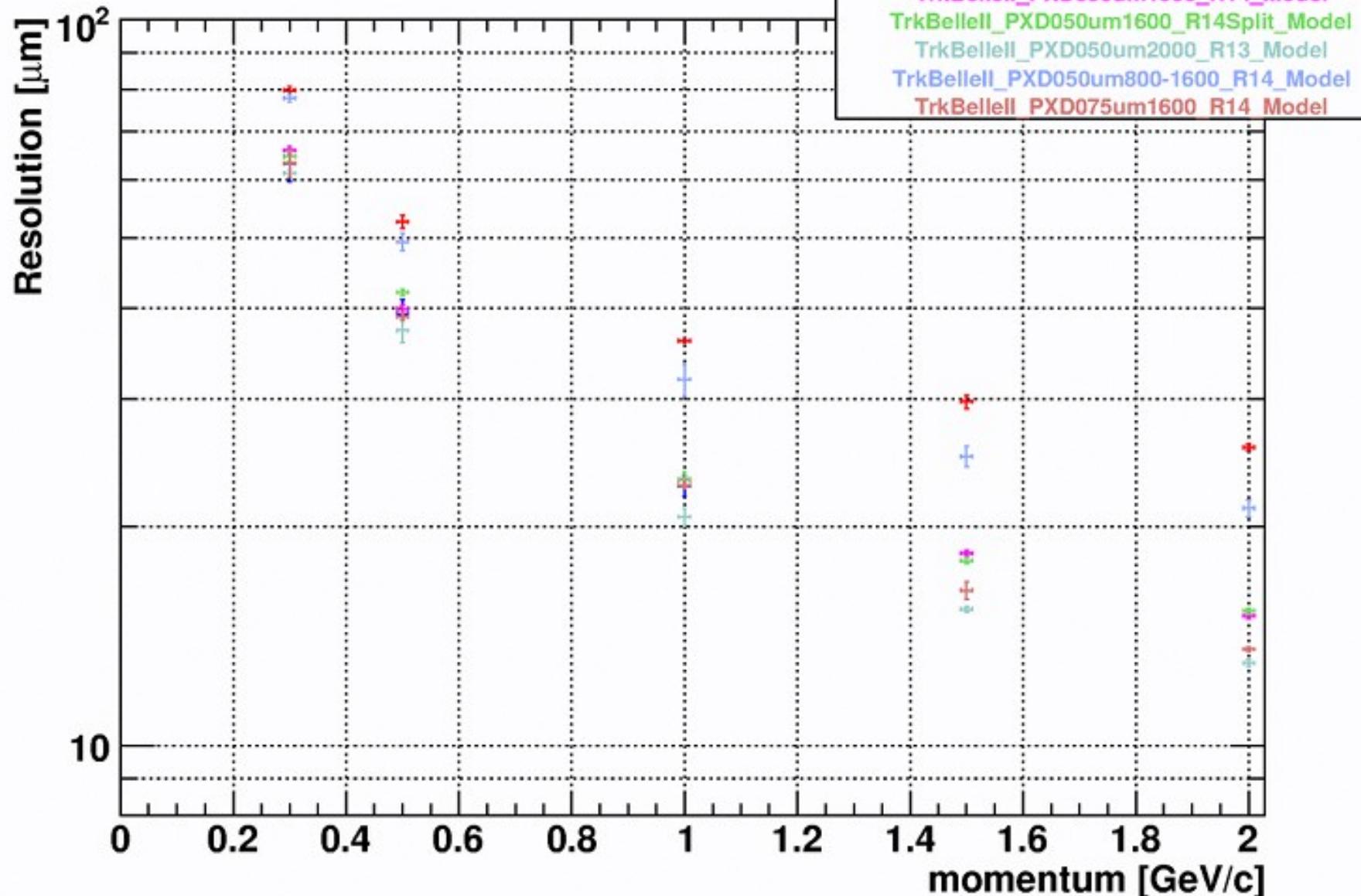
Momentum (GeV)

Angles (degree) + 1 degree smearing

0.3	2.5	35.0
0.5	3.0	55.0
1.0	3.5	
1.5	4.0	
2.0	4.5	

Angle: 55.0 degree

Impact parameter resolution z0



Angle: 55.0 degree

Momentum	0.5 GeV	1.0 GeV
	[μm]	[μm]
50 μm , 800x800, 14	53.43	36.04
50 μm , 800x1600, 14	50.28	31.90
50 μm , 1600x1600, 14, Split	42.41	23.93
50 μm , 1600x1600, 14	41.26	23.59
75 μm , 1600x1600, 14	40.71	22.97
50 μm , 1600x1600, 13	40.92	23.59
50 μm , 2000x2000, 13	38.96	21.57

Base line

Best

- ILC optimization framework validated (against BASF)
- Single track study for 7 different PXD models
- Separation of Digitization and Clustering in PXD
- Smaller pixels have the biggest influence

Next steps:

- ➡ Use physics background