

# Studies of DEPFET performance with $B \rightarrow D^* D^*$ decay channel

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## 1 Introduction

## 2 Impact parameter resolution for kaon

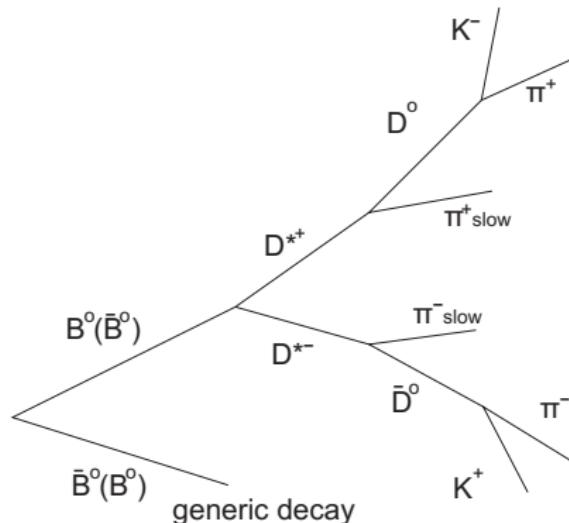
## 3 Impact parameter resolution for soft pion

## 4 Summary

## 5 Backup

# Benchmark study

- Simulated decay channel:  $B \rightarrow D^* D^*$  (generic decay for other  $B$ )
- Simulation and reconstruction performed within the ILC-Framework (simulation with Mokka, reconstruction with Marlin)
- $D^0$ ,  $D^*$ - and  $B$ -reconstruction without vertex fit



# Main goals

- Compare the performance of different geometry models of the PXD design
- Look especially on the soft pion from the  $D^*$  decay ( $p_t < 0.2$  GeV)
- Particularly interesting and presented here: comparison of different detector thicknesses
- New models compared to baseline design:  $50\mu m$  thickness, 1600 pixel, 14 mm radius

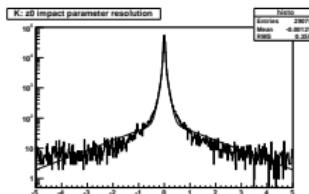
## New since B2GM

- Prague release of the ILC-software
- Improved fits for the determination of the impact resolution parameters
- New geometry models ( $100\mu m$  and  $150\mu m$  thick detector)

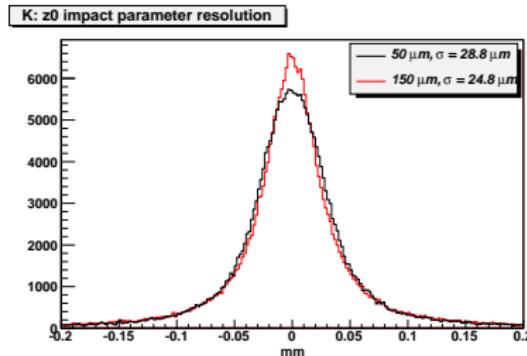
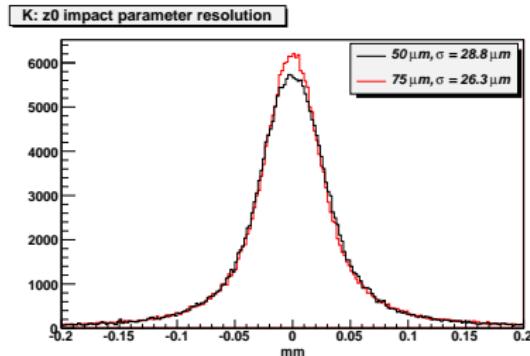
# Resolution: kaon

$z_0$  impact parameter resolution for a fast ( $K$  from  $D^0$  decay) track

Resolution=Width of the central gaussian

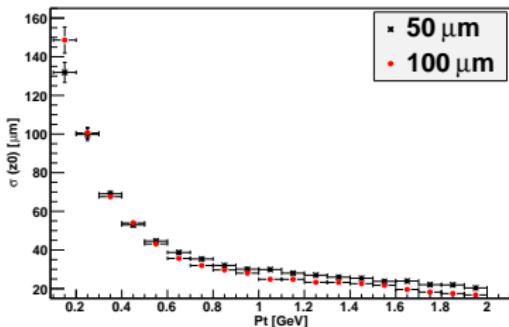


Compare this width for  $50\mu m$  sensor to thicker sensor

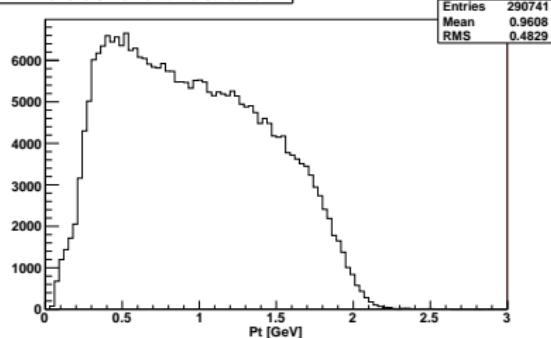


# Resolution over $P_t$ : kaon

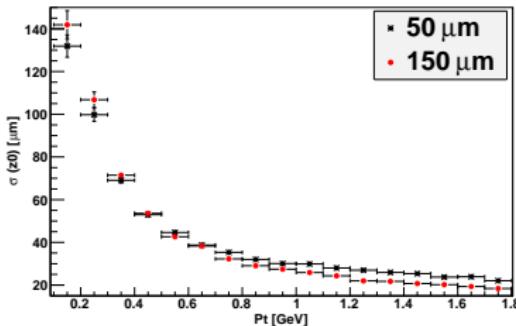
K: z0 impact parameter



K: Transvers momentum distribution



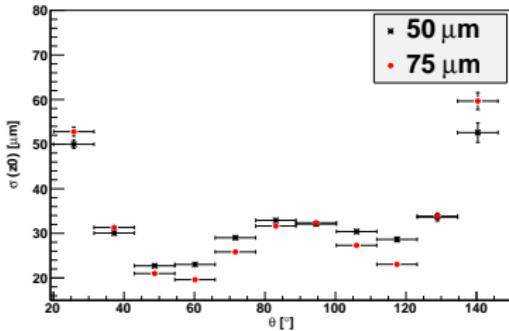
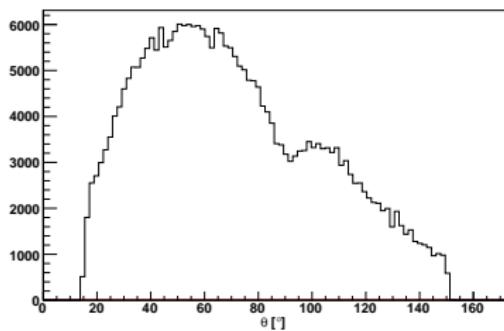
K: z0 impact parameter



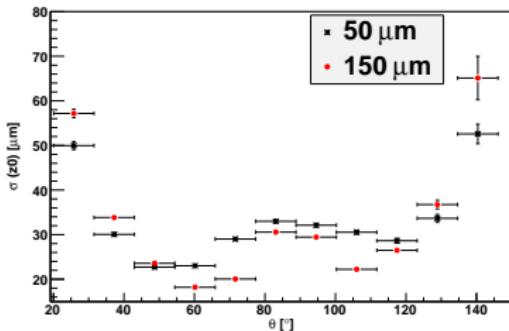
Thick sensors provide a better resolution for  $P_t > 0.4$  GeV  $\rightarrow$  large fraction of all kaons  $\Rightarrow$  the overall resolution improves despite of worse resolution for low  $P_t$  tracks

# Resolution over $\theta$ : kaon

K: z0 impact parameter

K:  $\theta$  distribution

K: z0 impact parameter

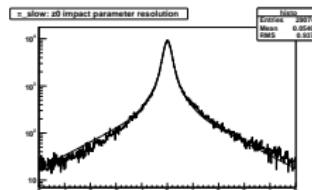


Thick sensors provide a better resolution for  $50^\circ < \theta < 130^\circ \rightarrow$  large fraction of all kaons  $\Rightarrow$  the overall resolution improves

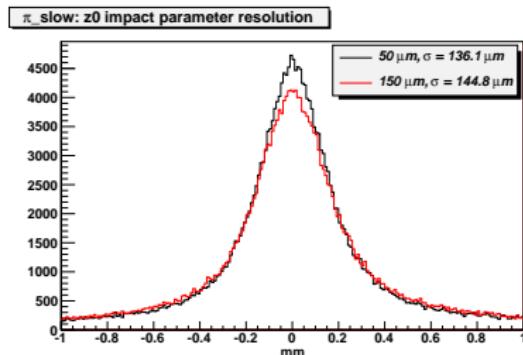
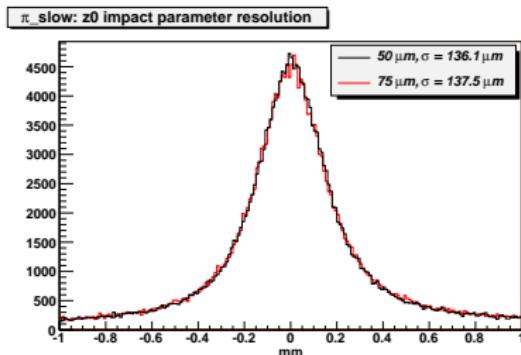
# Resolution: soft pion

$z_0$  impact parameter resolution for a slow ( $\pi_{soft}$  from  $D^*$  decay) track

Resolution = Width of the central gaussian

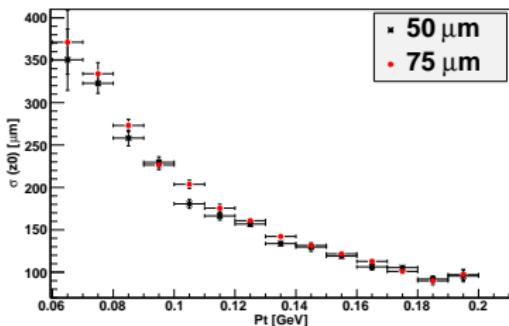


Compare this width for  $50\mu m$  sensor to thicker sensor

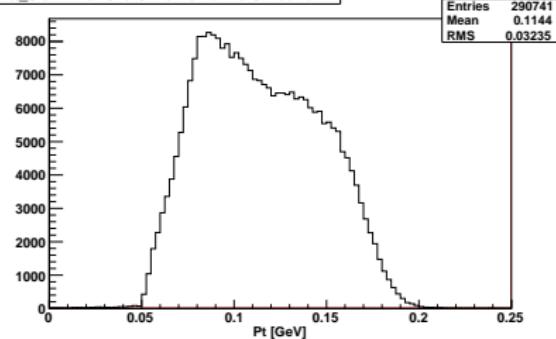


# Resolution over $P_t$ : soft pion

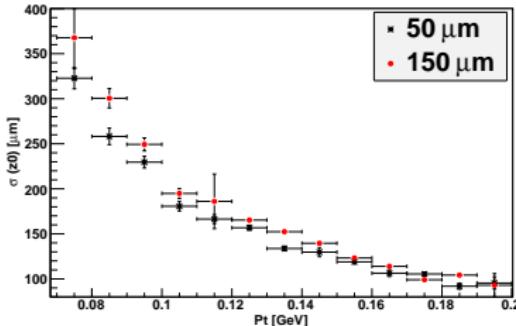
$\pi$ - slow:  $z_0$  impact parameter



$\pi$  slow: Transvers momentum distribution



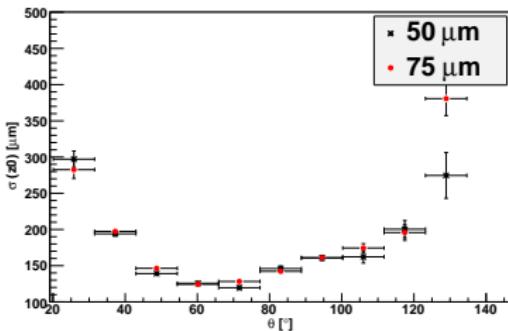
$\pi$ -slow:  $z_0$  impact parameter



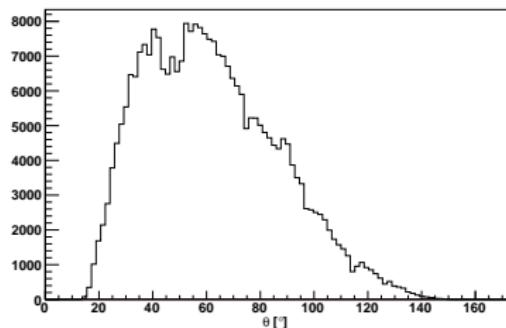
Very low momentum tracks → worse resolution for thick sensors over the whole  $P_t$  spectrum  
 Smaller impact on resolution in comparison to fast tracks for  $75\mu\text{m}$

# Resolution over $\theta$ : soft pion

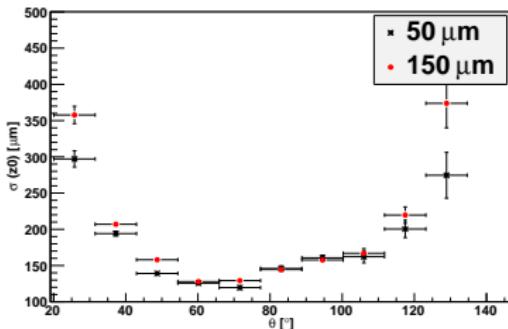
$\pi_{\text{slow}}$ : z0 impact parameter



$\pi_{\text{slow}}$ :  $\theta$  distribution



$\pi_{\text{slow}}$ : z0 impact parameter

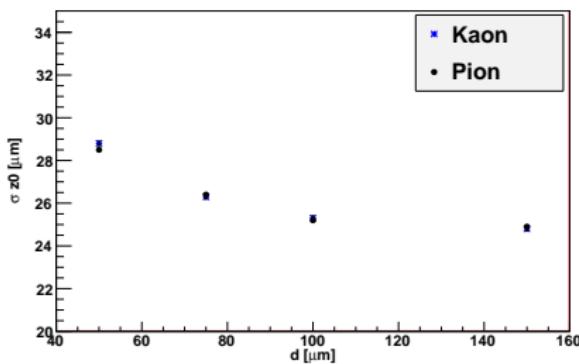


Worse resolution in forward and backward region for thicker sensors, nearly no influence in the central region

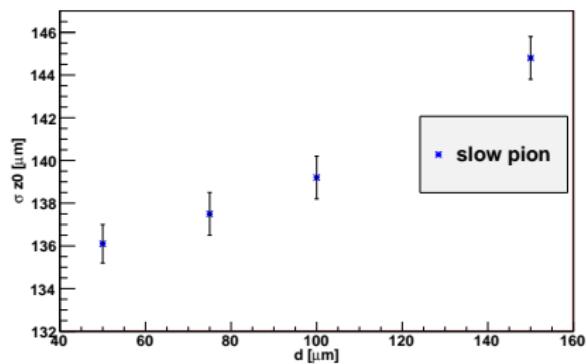
# Resolution over the sensor thickness

$d$ [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	K z0	K d0	$\pi$ z0	$\pi$ d0	$\pi_{\text{soft}}$ z0	$\pi_{\text{soft}}$ d0
50	28.8	25	28.5	25	136.1	126.1
75	26.3	23.6	26.4	23.4	137.5	127.7
100	25.3	22.6	25.2	22.4	139.2	127.9
150	24.8	21.9	24.9	21.8	144.8	133.7

z0 for fast tracks



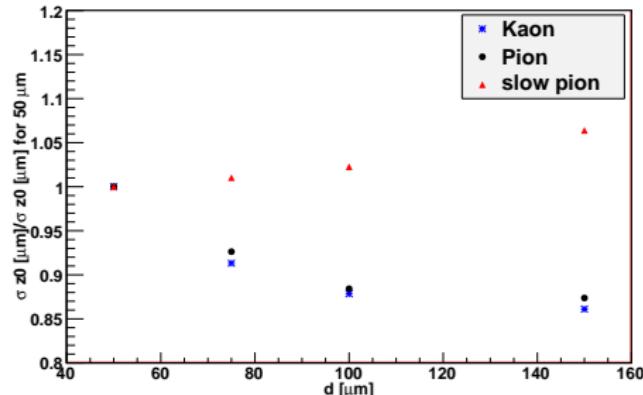
z0 for slow tracks



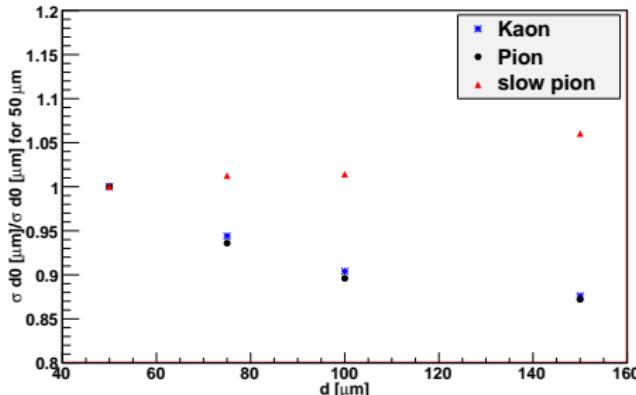
# Summary

Resolution relative to baseline ( $50 \mu\text{m}$ ) resolution:

**z0 resolution relative to baseline ( $50 \mu\text{m}$ ) z0 resolution**



**d0 resolution relative to baseline ( $50 \mu\text{m}$ ) d0 resolution**



- ⇒ Continuous improvement for fast tracks (biggest step between  $50 \mu\text{m}$  and  $75 \mu\text{m}$ , very small improvement above  $100 \mu\text{m}$ )
- ⇒ No very big effect up to  $75 \mu\text{m}$  (or even  $100 \mu\text{m}$ ) for soft pion, worse resolution for  $150 \mu\text{m}$

# Conclusions

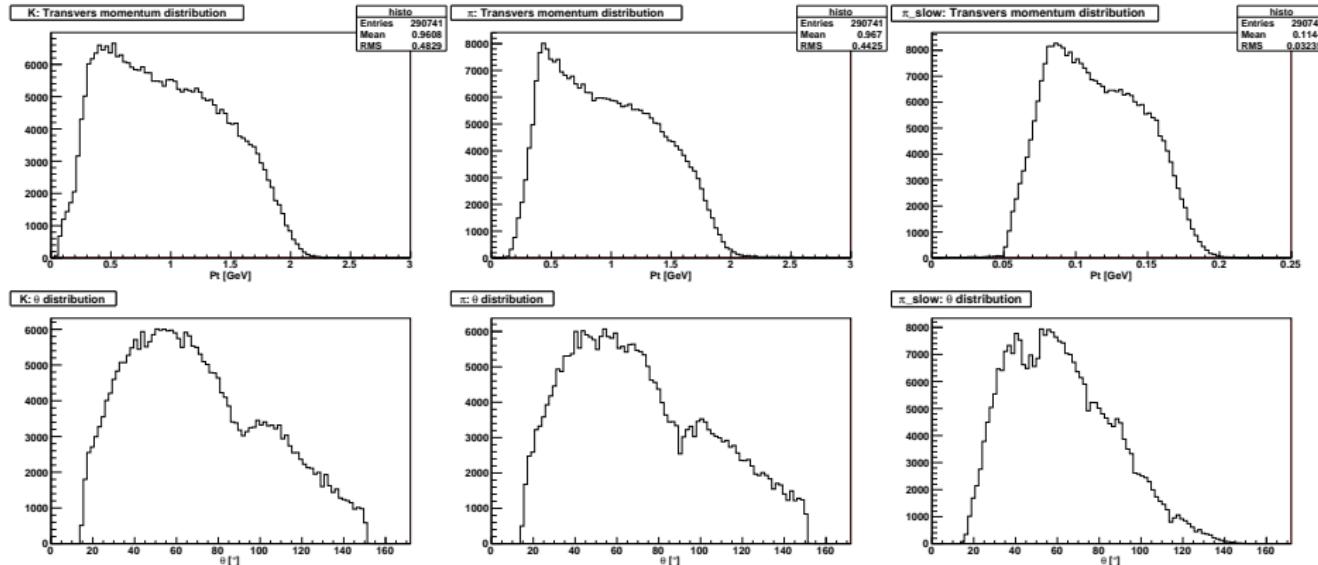
- Study dedicated to optimize the detector thickness using  $D^*$  reconstruction was performed
- Resolution for kaon and pion from  $D^0$ -decay improves with greater thickness, especially up to 100 $\mu\text{m}$  ( $\sim 12\%$ )
- Resolution for soft pion from  $D^*$ -decay becomes worse with greater thickness, but it is still a small effect up to 100 $\mu\text{m}$  ( $\sim 2.3\%$ )

Thank you for your attention

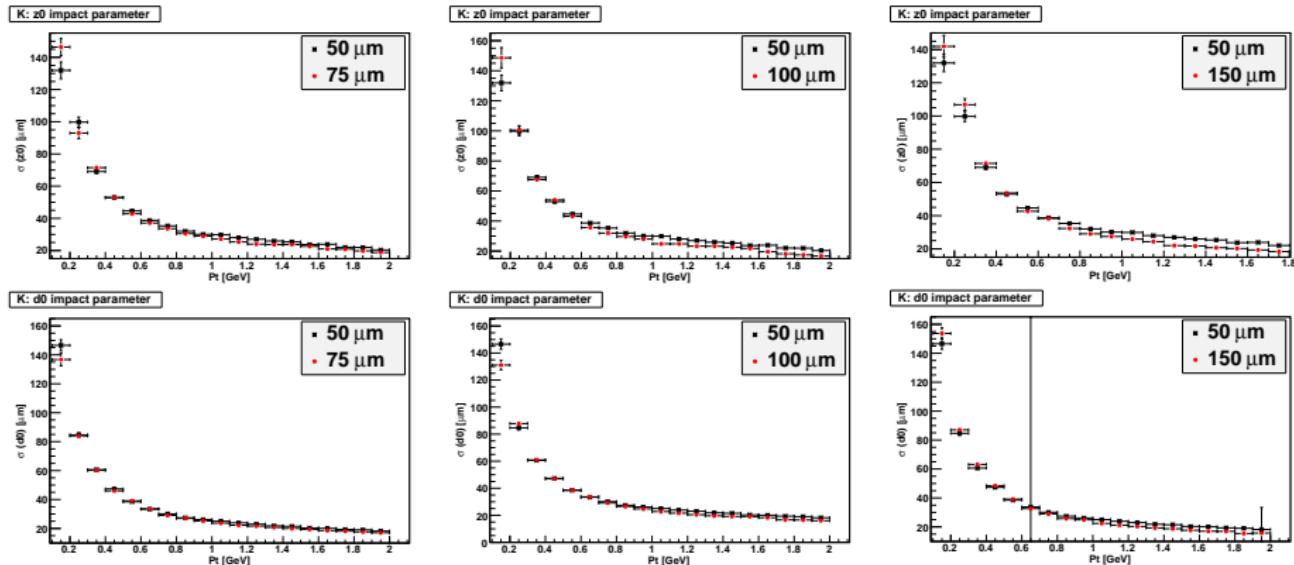
Thanks to the MPI and Prague groups for their support

# BACKUP

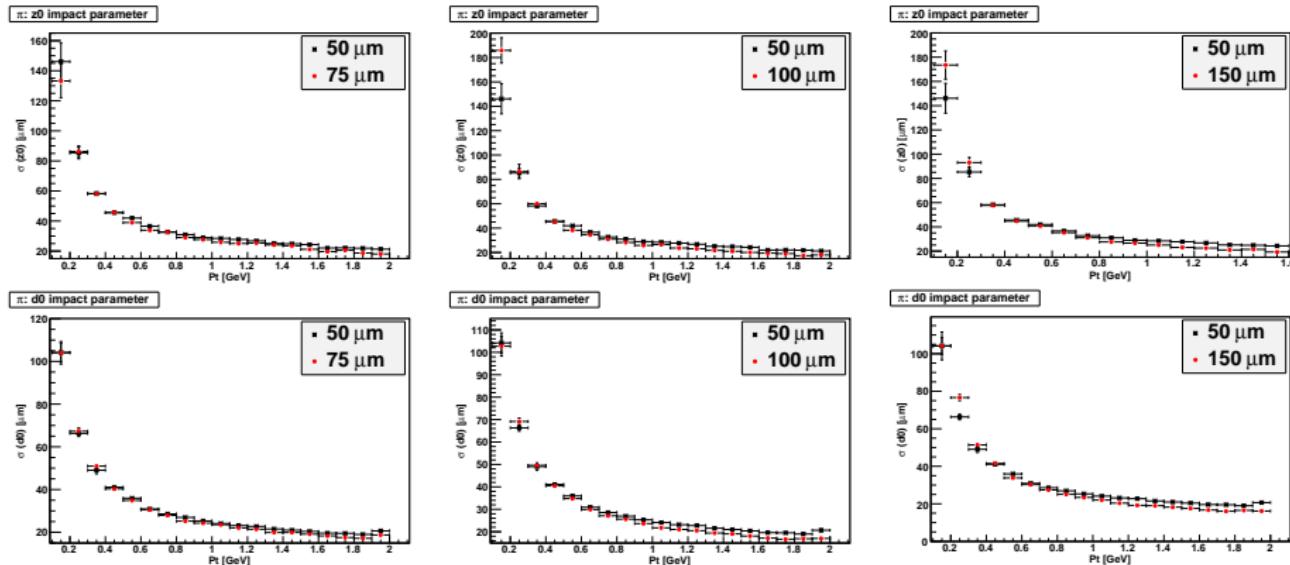
# Pt and $\theta$ distributions



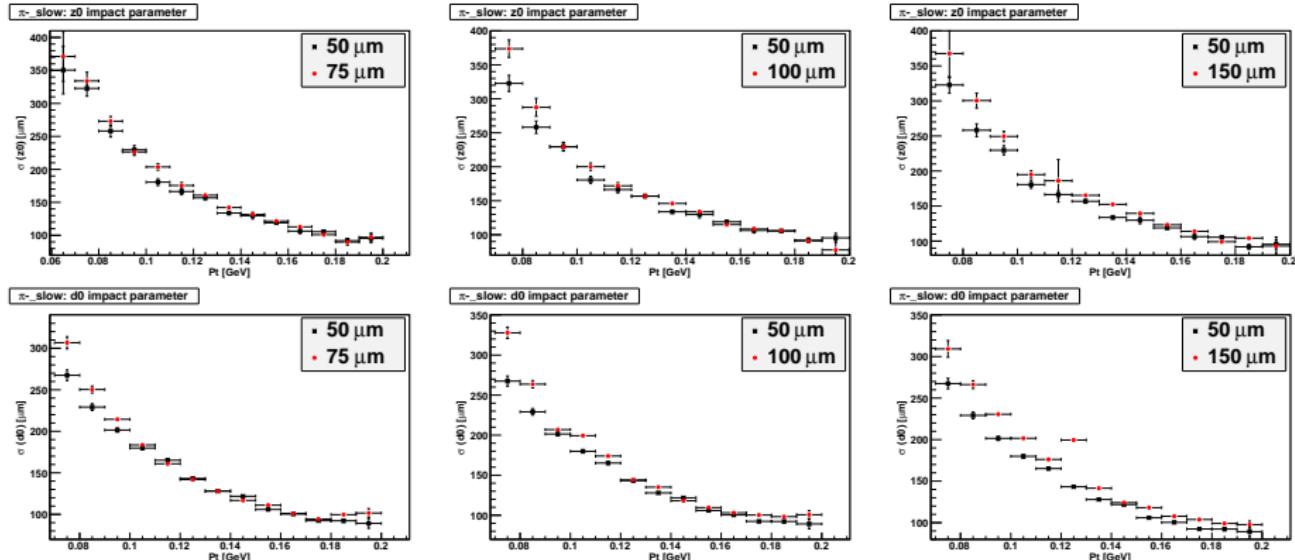
# Kaon resolution over Pt



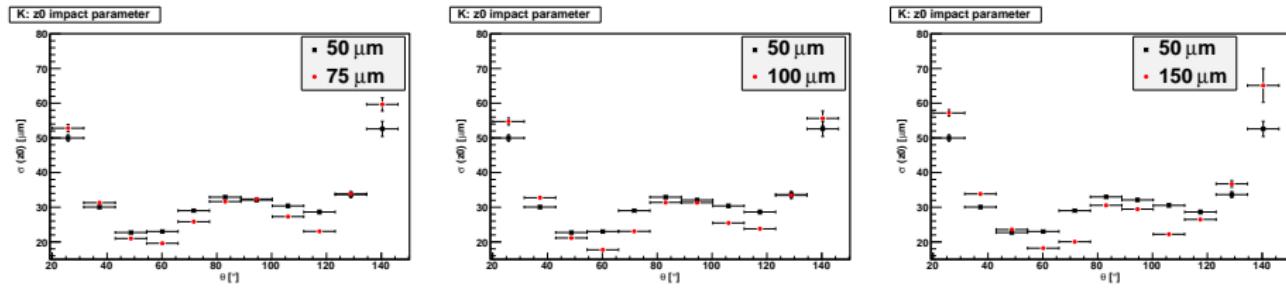
# Pion resolution over Pt



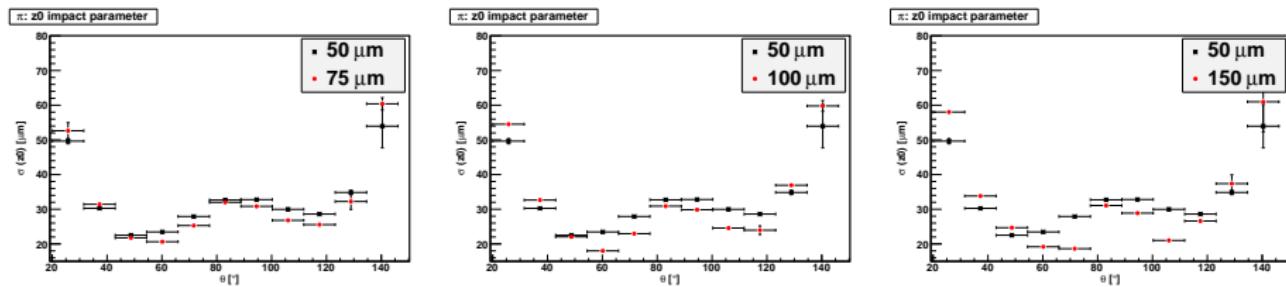
# Soft pion resolution over Pt



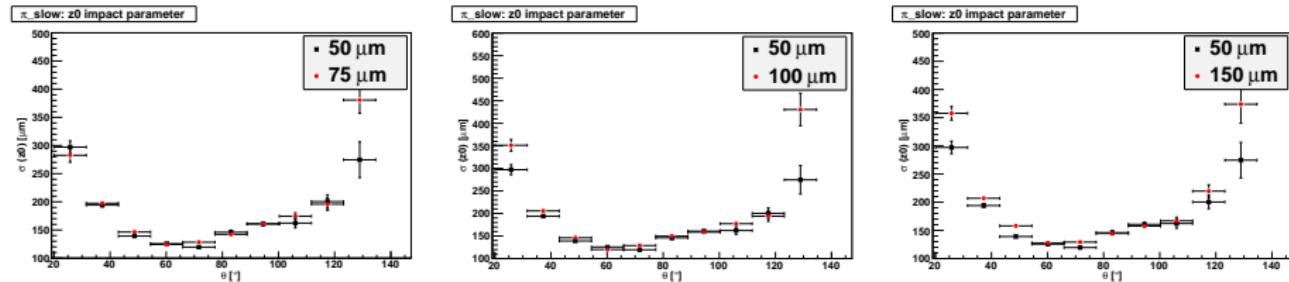
# Kaon resolution over $\theta$



# Pion resolution over $\theta$

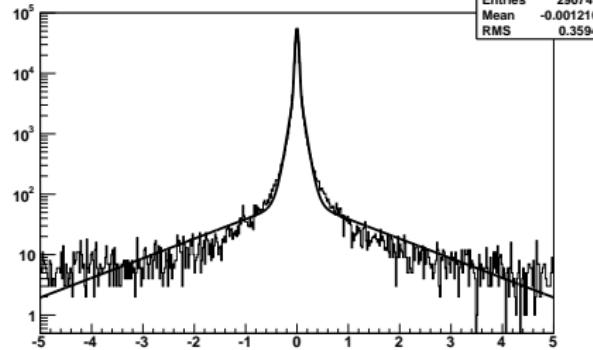


# Soft pion resolution over $\theta$

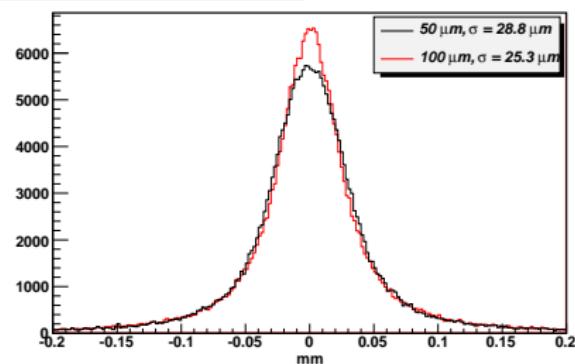


# Kaon overall z0 resolution

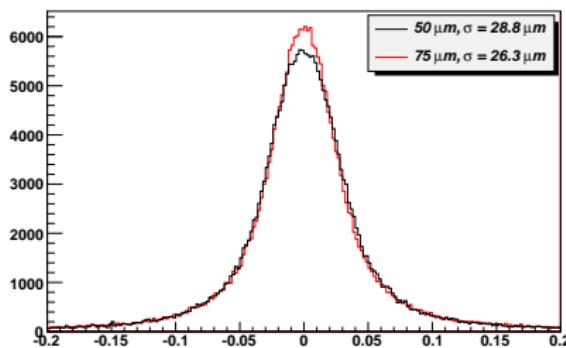
K: z0 impact parameter resolution



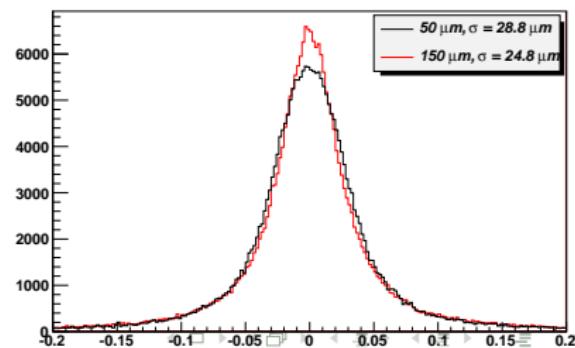
K: z0 impact parameter resolution



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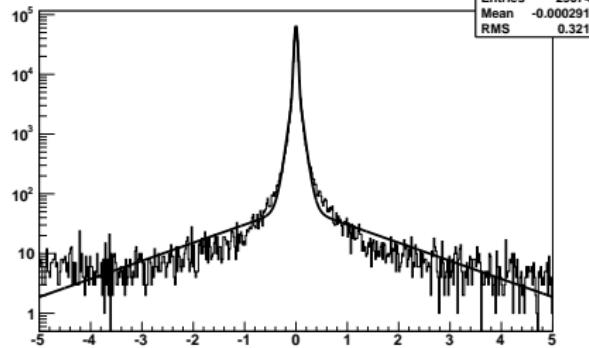


K: z0 impact parameter resolution

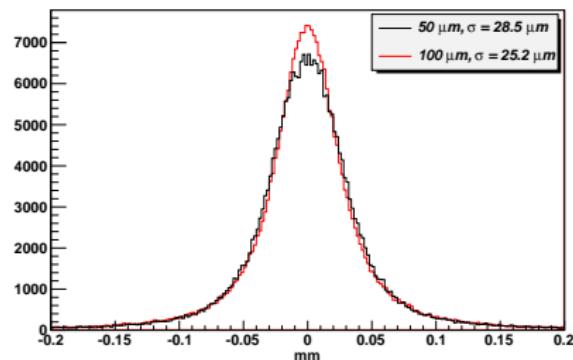


# Pion overall z0 resolution

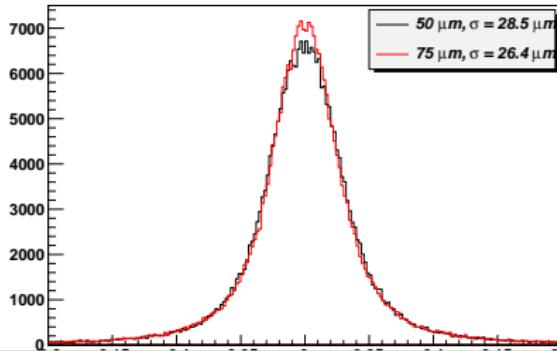
$\pi$ : z0 impact parameter resolution



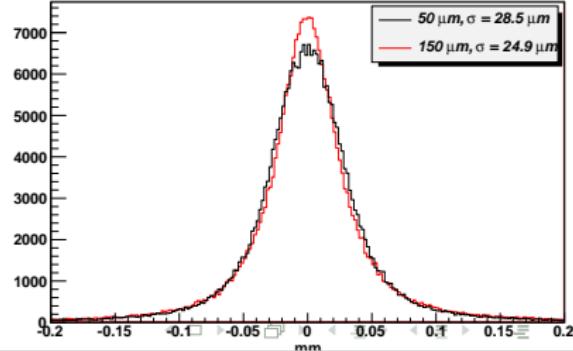
$\pi$ : z0 impact parameter resolution



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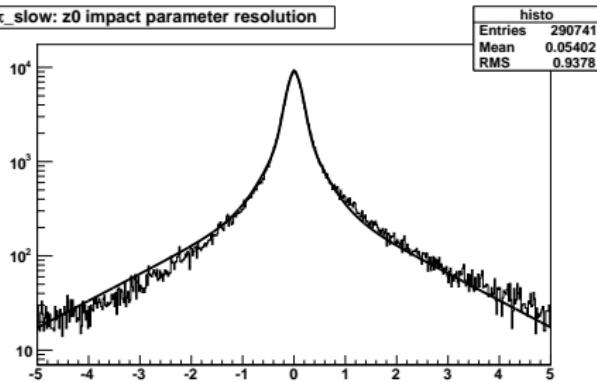


$\pi$ : z0 impact parameter resolution

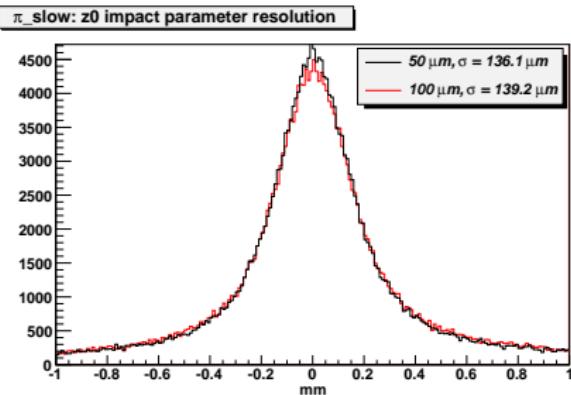


# Soft pion overall z0 resolution

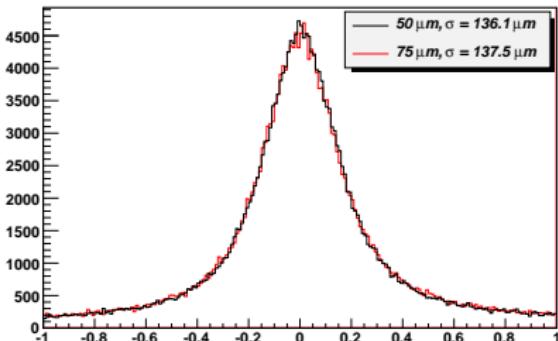
$\pi_{\text{slow}}$ : z0 impact parameter resolution



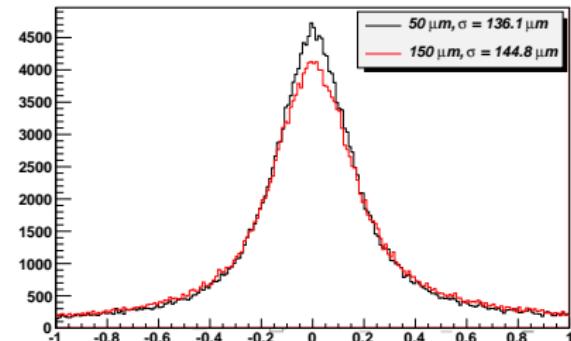
$\pi_{\text{slow}}$ : z0 impact parameter resolution



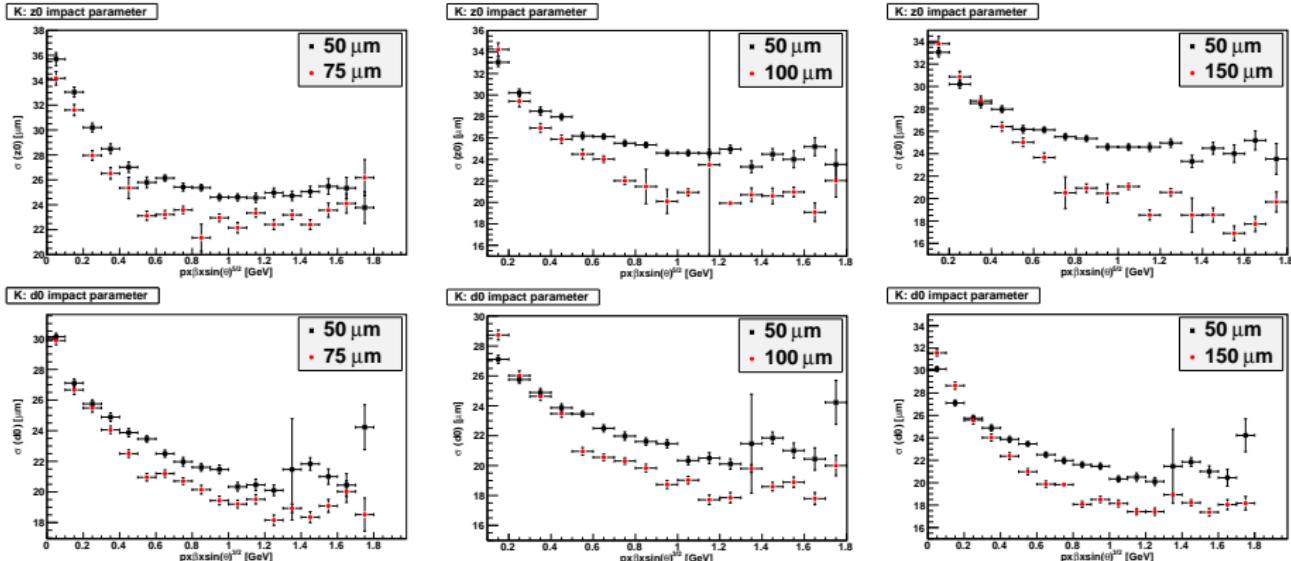
$\pi_{\text{slow}}$ : z0 impact parameter resolution



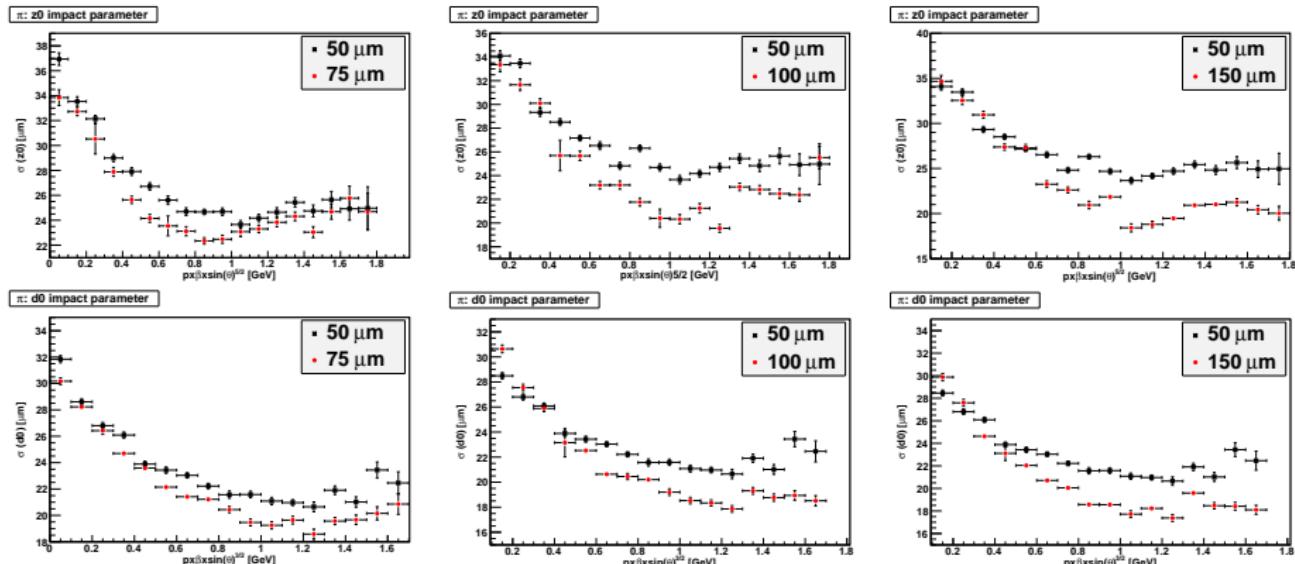
$\pi_{\text{slow}}$ : z0 impact parameter resolution



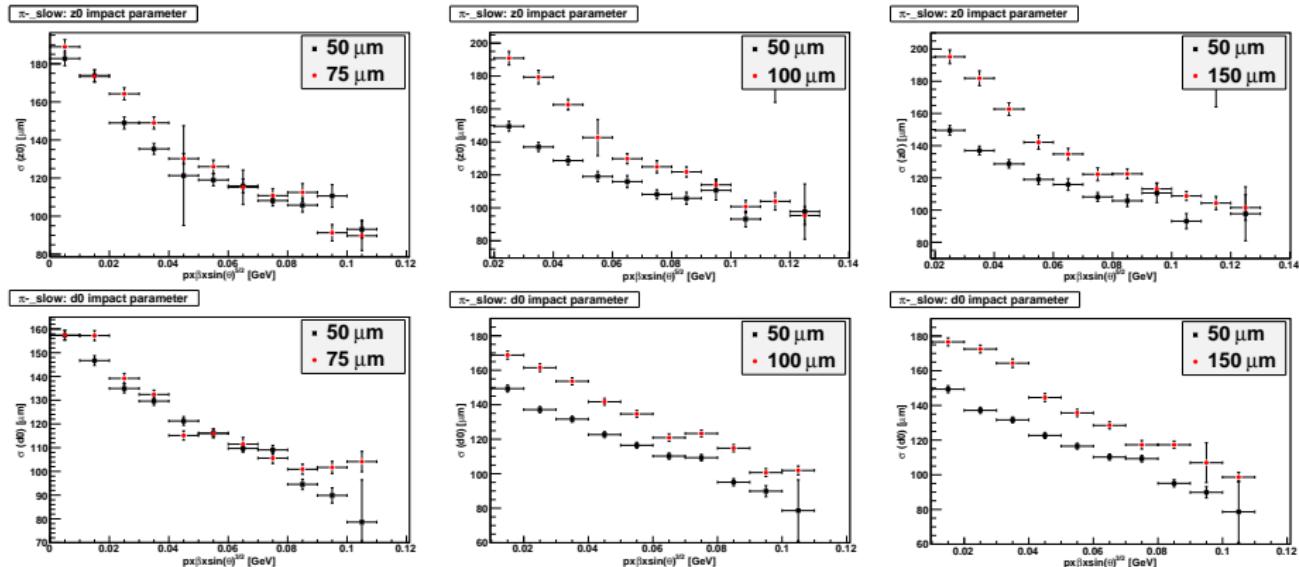
# Kaon resolution over pseudomomentum



# Pion resolution over pseudomomentum



# Soft pion resolution over pseudomomentum



# Reconstructed B mass

