

Status of module glueing and mechanical design

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4th International Workshop on DEPFET Detectors and Applications
2010-05-04



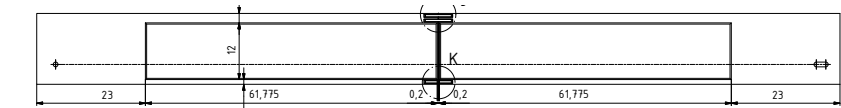
Max-Planck-Institut für Physik
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DEPFET

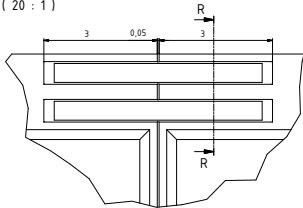


Module Glueing
Mechanical Tests
Mechanical Design

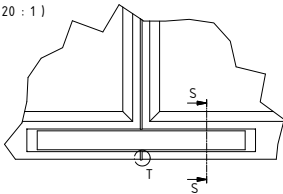
Glueing Scheme



J (20 : 1)

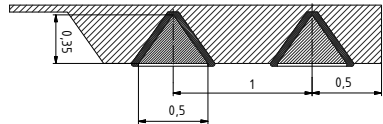


K (20 : 1)



Scheme from Laci:

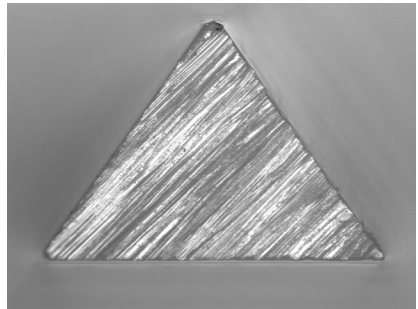
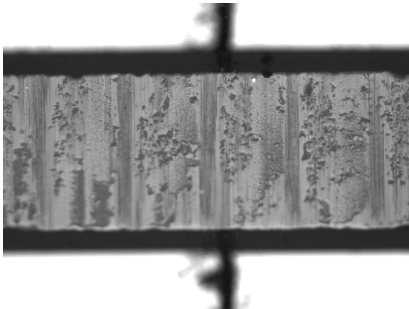
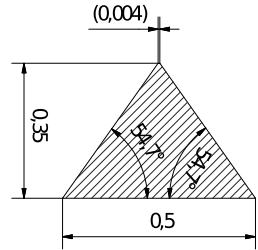
- ▶ front face glueing with minimal additional material
- ▶ dead area: $500 \mu\text{m} + \text{glue}$
- ▶ reinforce glueing with ceramic reinforcement



Ceramic Reinforcements

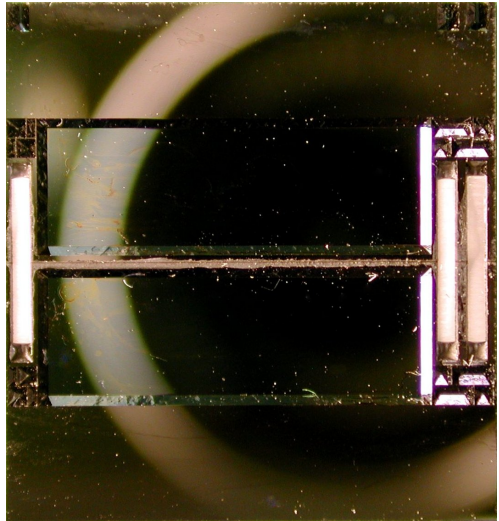
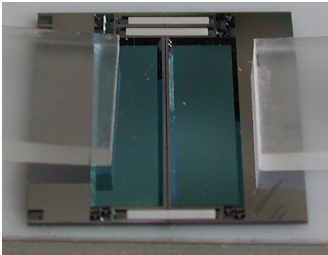
Initial batch of ceramic reinforcements received

- ▶ fitting very well into grooves

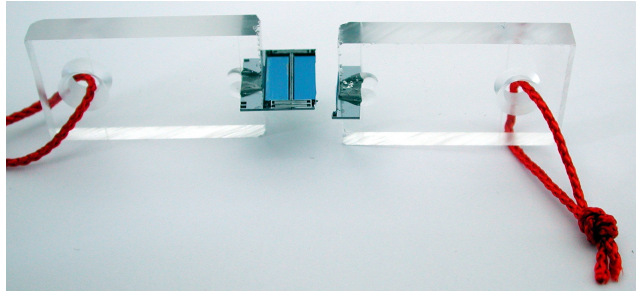
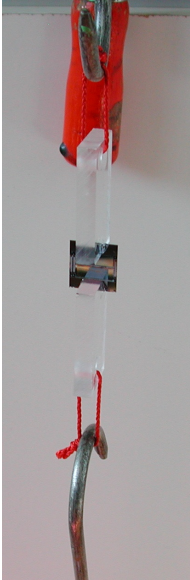


First Glueing

- ▶ first glueing of thinned down dummies (50 μm) done



Tensile Strength Test



First tensile strength test carried out:

- ▶ ends of the module fixated
- ▶ increasing force applied to pull the pieces apart
- ▶ solid 450 μm silicon tested to 7 kg
- ▶ unthinned front face glueing achieved ~ 6 kg

Long time test (unthinned, 3 kg) still ongoing: 2 weeks already achieved



Strength Test Results

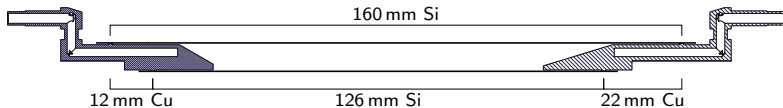
- ▶ module broke just above 5 kg
- ▶ glue more or less still intact
- ➡ silicon seems to be weaker then glue (for 50 μm)
- ▶ additional tests scheduled



Mechanical Module Tests

Goal: Verify Mechanical Design

Baseline: Screwing of Modules

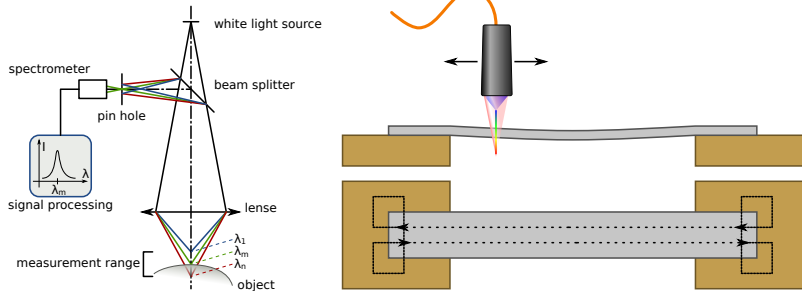


➡ Difference between expansion of inner and outer layer $\sim 20 \mu\text{m}$ for $\Delta T = 40^\circ\text{C}$

➡ we need to make sure that modules and glue remain stable over the whole temperature range

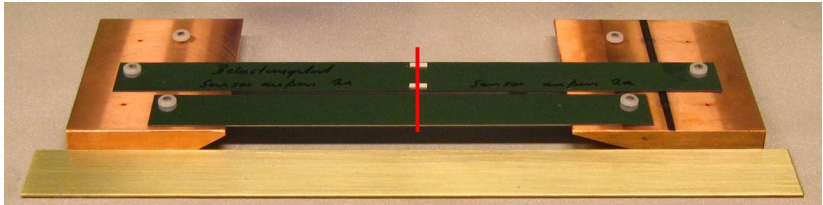
Precise position/distance measurement over “large” temperature range needed.

Confocal Chromatic Distance Sensor



- ▶ high resolution ($\sim 1 \mu\text{m}$ axial, $\sim 10 \mu\text{m}$ lateral)
- ▶ contact free measurement
- ▶ almost independent of material (max. slope depends on reflectivity)
- ▶ passive sensor: large temperature range possible
- ▶ high measurement rate up to 2 kHz

First tests



Obtained test system to check performance.

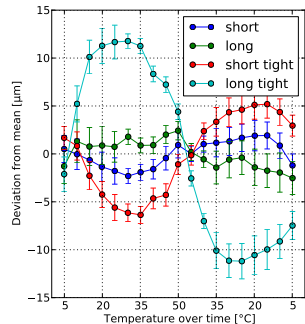
But: only measurement in one direction

- ▶ measured height of module surface
- ▶ covered $\Delta T = 45^\circ\text{C}$
- ▶ first results: most changes are from movement of the stage
- ▶ no significant movement after preliminary calibration

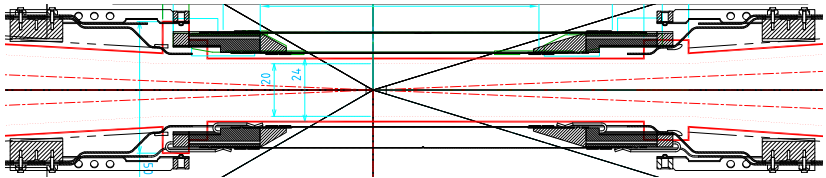


additional run with tightened screws

- ▶ movement visible, but not yet understood
- ▶ silicon damaged due to high torque



Mechanical Design



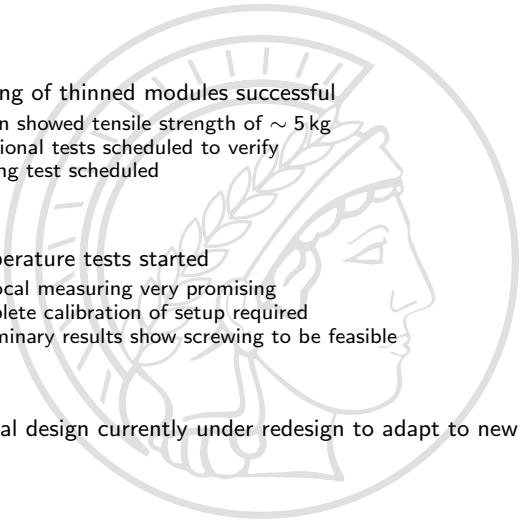
Definition of length changed

We assumed the straight part to be 200 mm **excluding** cooling manifold

➡ now including cooling

- ▶ “old” design not feasible
- ▶ currently estimating how to adapt existing design
- ▶ precise beam pipe layout needed

Conclusions

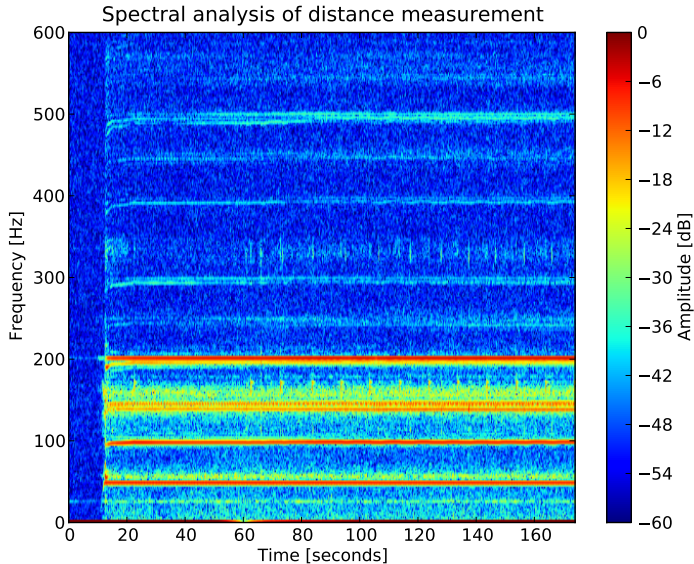
- 
- ➔ first glueing of thinned modules successful
 - ▶ silicon showed tensile strength of ~ 5 kg
 - ▶ additional tests scheduled to verify
 - ▶ bowing test scheduled

 - ➔ first temperature tests started
 - ▶ confocal measuring very promising
 - ▶ complete calibration of setup required
 - ▶ preliminary results show screwing to be feasible

 - ➔ Mechanical design currently under redesign to adapt to new beampipe



Spectrogram of climate chamber



Movement of stage

