



## SM Compatibility of $B \to K^{(*)}\pi$ Measurements and Analysis on $B^+ \to K^*(892)^+[K_S^0\pi^+]\pi^0$ in Belle II

Oskar Tittel IMPRS recruiting workshop 15.11.2021



### The Belle II experiment

Experiment on the intensity frontier of the search for new physics (NP)

 $e^+ - e^-$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = m(\Upsilon(4S)) = 10.58 \text{ GeV}$ 

 $\Upsilon(4S)$  decays into B-meson pair  $\rightarrow$  B factory



#### Goal:

Perform most precise measurements of Standard Model (SM) parameters

- 30 x Belle peak luminosity ( $\mathcal{L} = 6 \times 10^{35} cm^{-2} s^{-1}$ )
- 50 x Belle integrated luminosity ( $\mathcal{L}_{int} = 50ab^{-1}$ )

### Hadronic Charmless B-Decays



→Potentially find new physics(NP) in loop contributions

My work on the  $B \rightarrow K^{(*)}\pi$  system:

• Investigate amplitudes of  $B \to K^{(*)}\pi$  decays  $(B^+ \to K^0\pi^+, B^+ \to K^+\pi^0, B^0 \to K^+\pi^-, B^0 \to K^0\pi^0)$ 

 $\rightarrow$ Extract parameter values, visualize the results and identify important measurements

• Perform analysis on  $B^+ \rightarrow K^*(892)^+[K_S^0\pi^+]\pi^0$ 

MAX-PLANCE





Neglect annihilation, exchange and penguin-annihilation diagrams

1. Order: 
$$|P'_{tc}|$$
 2. Order:  $|T'|$ ,  $|P'_{EW}|$  3. Order:  $|C'|$ ,  $|P'_{uc}|$ ,  $|P'_{EW}|$ 



### Amplitudes of $B \rightarrow K\pi$ Decays

$$A^{0+} = -P'_{tc} + P'_{uc}e^{i\gamma} - \frac{1}{3}P'^{C}_{EW}$$

$$\sqrt{2}A^{+0} = -T'e^{i\gamma} - C'e^{i\gamma} + P'_{tc} - P'_{uc}e^{i\gamma} - P'_{EW} - \frac{2}{3}P'^{C}_{EW}$$

$$A^{+-} = -T'e^{i\gamma} + P'_{tc} - P'_{uc}e^{i\gamma} - \frac{2}{3}P_{EW}^{'C}$$

$$\sqrt{2}A^{00} = -C'e^{i\gamma} - P'_{tc} + P'_{uc}e^{i\gamma} - P'_{EW} - \frac{1}{3}P_{EW}^{'C}$$

Isospin sum rule: 
$$\sqrt{2}A^{00} + A^{-+} = \sqrt{2}A^{0+} + A^{+0}$$

[1]: Nicolas Boisvert Beaudry et al. The B  $\rightarrow \pi K$  Puzzle Revisited. 2018. arXiv: 1709.07142 [hep-ph]



### Fitting to the Measured Values

#### Fit the theory parameters to the existing data using a least squares method:

$$BR = \frac{\tau p}{8\pi m_B^2} |A|^2 \qquad A_{CP} = \frac{BR(B^- \to \bar{f}) - BR(B^+ \to f)}{BR(B^- \to \bar{f}) + BR(B^+ \to f)} \qquad S_{CP} = \sin(2\beta) \sqrt{1 - A_{CP}^2}$$

#### Used Data for $B \rightarrow K\pi$ [1], [2]:

	BR	A <sub>CP</sub>	S <sub>CP</sub>
$B^+ \to K^0 \pi^+$	23,8±0,4	-0,020±0,034	
$B^+ \to K^+ \pi^0$	12,9±0,2	0,037±0,021	
$B^0 \to K^+ \pi^-$	19,6±0.5	-0,083±0,004	
$B^0 \to K^0 \pi^0$	9,93±0,49	-0,08±0,14	0,58±0,17

[2]: Particle Data Group et al. "Review of Particle Physics".
In: Progress of Theoretical and Experimental Physics
2020.8 (Aug. 2020). 083C01. issn: 2050-3911. doi: 10.
1093/ptep/ptaa104. eprint:
https://academic.oup.com/ptep/article-pdf/
2020/8/083C01/34673722/ptaa104.pdf. url:
https://doi.org/10.1093/ptep/ ptaa104.

[3]: Will Parker. "Direct CP violation in the decay B+ to K+ pi0 at LHCb. Direct CP violation in the decay B+ to K+ pi0 at LHCb". In: (Dec. 2020). url: https: //cds.cern.ch/record/2746303.



Define strong phase  $\delta_{T'}$  as 0, so  $T' = T'_0$ , while  $C' = C'_0 e^{i\delta} c'$  etc.

Use relation  $P'_{EW} = \frac{3c_9}{2c_1}RT'[1]$ ,

where  $c_i$  are Wilson coefficients

and  $R \equiv |(V_{th}^* V_{ts})/(V_{uh}^* V_{us})|$ 

$$A^{0+} = -P'_{tc}$$

$$\sqrt{2}A^{+0} = -T'e^{i\gamma} + P'_{tc} - \frac{3}{2}\frac{c_9}{c_1}RT'$$

$$A^{+-} = -T'e^{i\gamma} + P'_{tc}$$

 $\sqrt{2}A^{00} = -P'_{tc} - \frac{3}{2}\frac{c_9}{c_1}RT'$ 

[1]: Nicolas Boisvert Beaudry et al. The B  $\rightarrow \pi K$  Puzzle Revisited. 2018. arXiv: 1709.07142 [hep-ph]





### Fit up to second Order for $B \rightarrow K\pi$

P'  [eV]	$\delta_{P'}[^{\circ}]$	T'  [eV]	$\gamma[^{\circ}]$	R	$\frac{\chi^2}{d.o.f.}$	p-value
$53.1\pm0.5$	$-12.5 \pm 0.7$	$9.1\pm0.5$	$61 \pm 3$	$49 \pm 1$	66.9/6	< 0.0001

Goodness of fit indicates large discrepancies between model and data →several regions of partial agreement

The weak phase is considerably below the measured value of  $\gamma = (71.1 \pm 5.3)^{\circ}$ 

Measurement of  $A_{CP}(K^+\pi^-)$  dominates the result, while  $A_{CP}(K^+\pi^0)$  can not be explained ( $K\pi$ -puzzle)



Introduce 
$$|C'| = \frac{|T'|}{3}$$
 for  $B \to K\pi$ 

P'  [eV]	$\delta_{P'}[^{\circ}]$	T'  [eV]	$\delta_{C'}[^{\circ}]$	$\gamma[^{\circ}]$	4
$53.5 \pm 0.5$	$-9.3\pm0.5$	$13.0\pm0.6$	$-47\pm6$	$64 \pm 3$	3
$\beta[^{\circ}]$	R	$\frac{\chi^2}{d.o.f.}$	p-value		
$22.2 \pm 0.7$	$49 \pm 1$	5.9/5	0.3161		3

The fit quality improved reasonably, including the estimate for  $\gamma$ 

 $BR(K^0\pi^0)$  shows the largest discrepancy to the fit result, while imposing possibly the strongest constraint on |T'| $\rightarrow$  Key measurement



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# Analysis on $B^+ \rightarrow K^* (892)^+ [K_S^0 \pi^+] \pi^0$

#### 1. Reconstruction

combine candidates in kinematic fits to fill list of B-meson candidates

#### 2. Selection

loose baseline selection followed by optimized continuum suppression and particle identification cuts

#### 3. Modelling

use simulated data (MC) to model relevant features and determine selection efficiencies for BR calculations

- 4. Fit to data & calculate physics quantities
- 5. Assess systematic uncertainties

 $\checkmark M_{bc} = \sqrt{E_{beam}^2 - p_B^2}$ 

 $\Delta E = E_{reco} - E_{beam}$ 



**Current Status** 

Current fits reproduce signal but have problems to distinguish between continuum and BB background

Attempts to fit designated  $B\overline{B}$  individually failed to improve the result so far

In addition, the calculated direct CP Asymmetry is  $-0.049 \pm 0.109$  with a MC truth value of  $-0.021 \rightarrow$  no meaningful result yet

→The modelling and resulting fits need improvements



Oskar Tittel



More precise measurements can improve the parameter estimation and resolve or strengthen tensions

The analysis on  $B^+ \rightarrow K^*(892)^+[K_S^0\pi^+]\pi^0$  must still be improved and extended

 $\rightarrow$ 4 possible  $K^*\pi$  channels

Data:  $0.063ab^{-1}$  analyzed,  $0.213ab^{-1}$  on tape  $\rightarrow 0.8 - 1ab^{-1}$  expected until end of 2022