

Status of Mechanical Design

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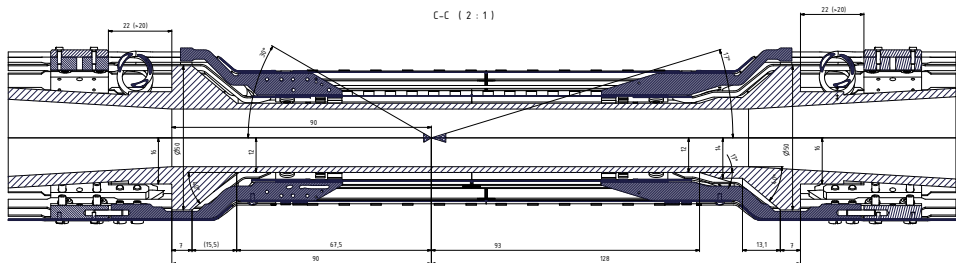
Max-Planck-Institut für Physik
(Werner-Heisenberg-Institut)

DEPFET



Mechanical Design
First Vibration Tests
Thermal stability

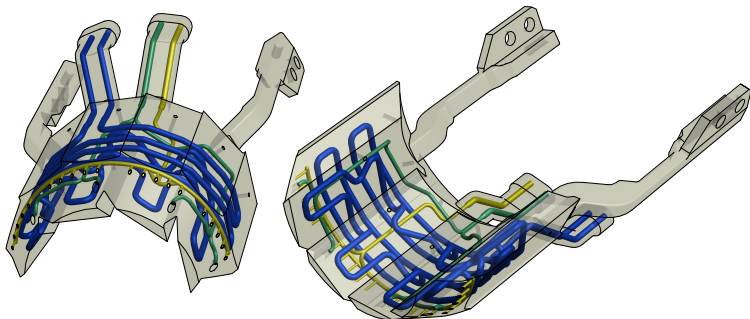
Mechanical Design



- ➡ No significant changes have been made to the design since last B2GM
- ▶ defined inner envelope for Beampipe cooling
 - ▶ optimized cooling channel layout

Endflanges

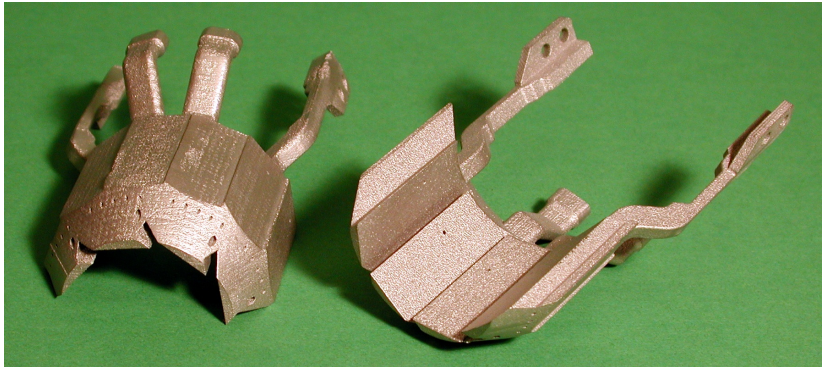
First prototypes of the endflange design have been ordered



- ▶ 6 pieces of the complete “final” geometry for the backward endflange
- ▶ stainless steel DMLS production
- ▶ integrated cooling channels:
 - ▶ CO2 channel (blue)
 - ▶ Switcher channel: air channel for carbon tubes to blow directly on switchers and sensitive area (green)
 - ▶ DCD channel: air channel to induce airflow in the PXD (yellow)

Endflanges

First prototypes of the endflange design have been ordered and received.

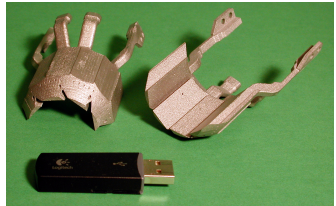
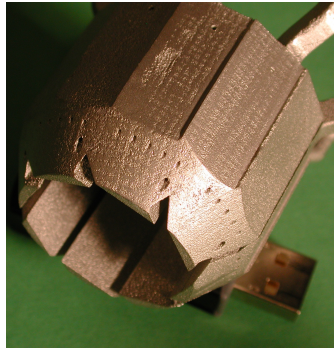


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Endflanges

Characterisation currently performed by our workshop, first results:

- ▶ rough surface due to production process
- ▶ all 6 pieces almost identical, but relatively large deviations from design geometry (up to 0.4 mm)
- ▶ we ordered stainless steel, but material is magnetic like normal steel.
- ▶ threading and soldering works without problems
- ▶ all channels are useable



Airflow test

DCD channel



Switcher channel



Airflow tests were carried out for all prototypes

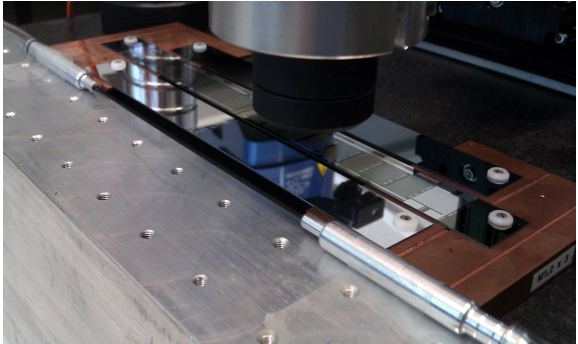
- ▶ pictures show 1 bar air pressure
- ▶ some of the small outlet don't work until ~ 1.5 bar
- ▶ very similar results for all parts

Next Steps

- ▶ finish threading, solder pressure pipe to CO2 channel
- ▶ make leakage test of CO2 channel
- ▶ pressure test with 120 bar
- ▶ repeat leakage test
- ➔ send one set to Karlsruhe for cooling tests

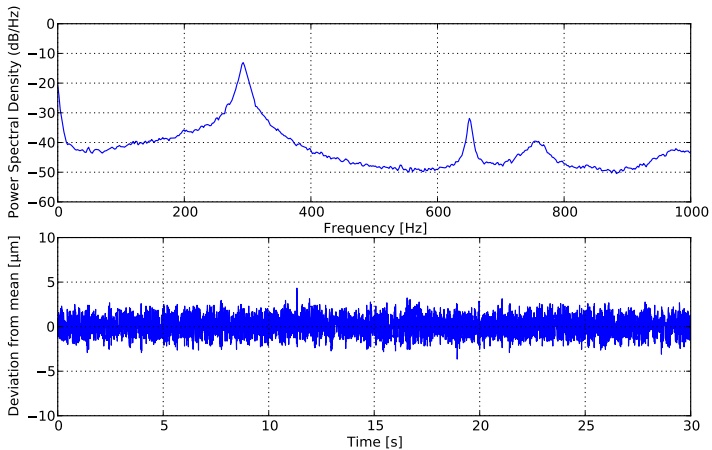
First Vibration Tests

First simple test to check for vibrations of the module due to airflow



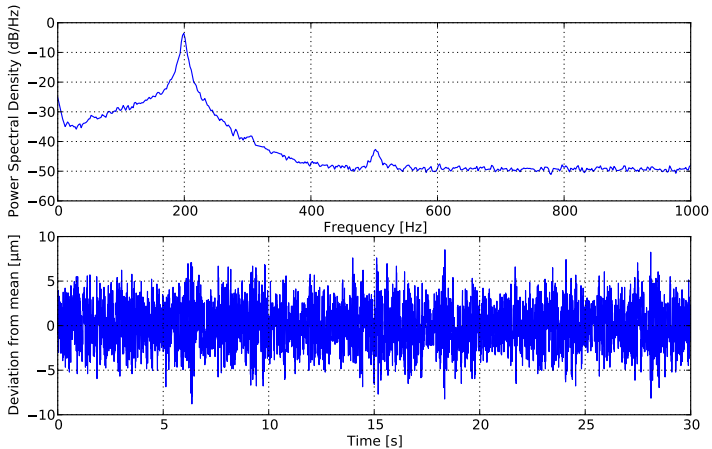
- ▶ 3 modules fixed to planar surface, using torque of 15 mNm
 - ▶ sensitive area thinned to 50 μm for all modules
 - ▶ carbon tube attached parallel to modules
 - ▶ applied 1 bar of air pressure to both sides of tube
- ➡ measured frequency and magnitude of vibrations

Inner Layer Module



➔ resonance frequency of ~ 300 Hz, amplitude of $\sim 3 \mu\text{m}$

Outer Layer Module

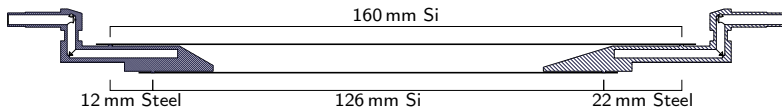


resonance frequency of ~ 200 Hz, amplitude of $\sim 5 \mu\text{m}$

Thermal Stability Tests

Goal: Verify Mechanical Design

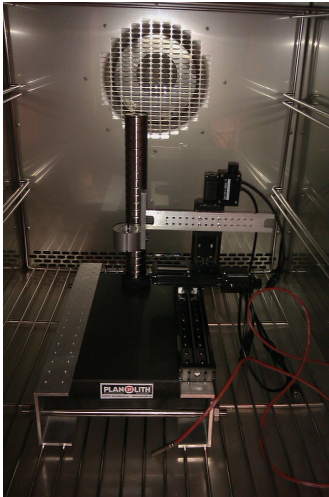
Baseline: Modules screwed to endflange to ensure good thermal contact and positional stability



- ➔ Difference between thermal expansion of inner and outer layer $\sim 20 \mu\text{m}$ for $\Delta T = 40^\circ\text{C}$
- ➔ we need to make sure that modules and glue remain stable over the whole temperature range

Precise position/distance measurement over “large” temperature range needed.

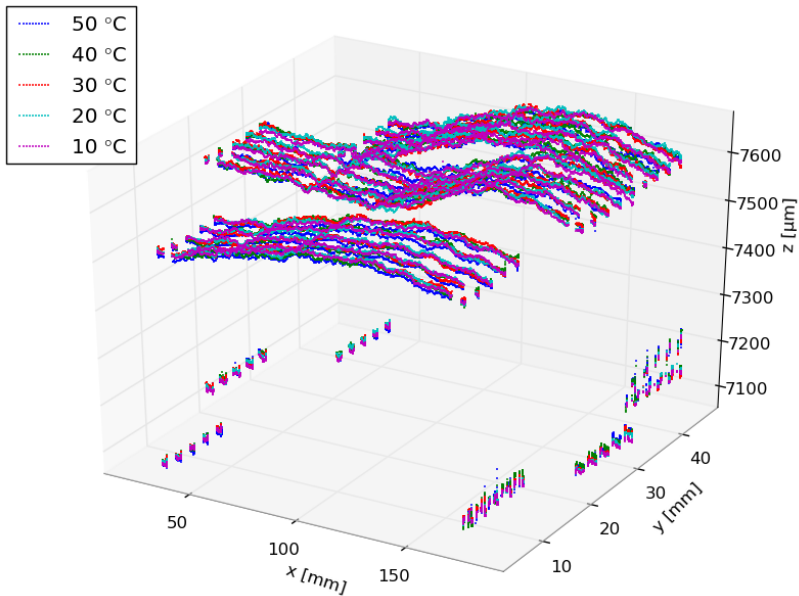
The Setup



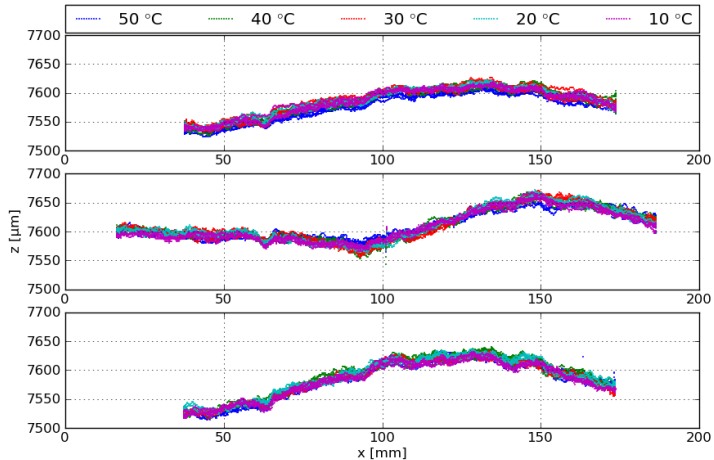
We have prepared a setup to profile modules during temperature cycling

- ▶ granite reference plane with $\pm 2 \mu\text{m}$ planarity
- ▶ range of $200 \text{ mm} \times 50 \text{ mm}$ in XY-Plane, $< 2 \mu\text{m}$ repeatability
- ▶ Z-range of 3 mm , resolution of $< 1 \mu\text{m}$
- ▶ possibility to adjust Z-position by 50 mm
- ▶ temperature Range from 0°C to 50°C

Results

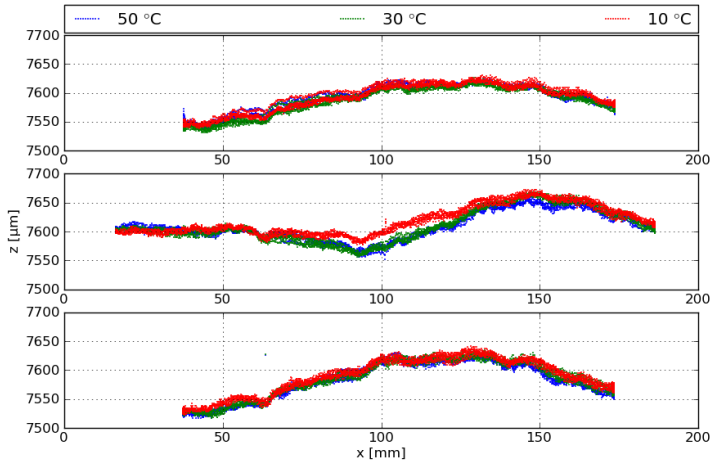


Results



Modules stable of large temperature range due to low torque

Results



Deviation at 10 °C, but not visible in next scan

Conclusions

First metal prototypes for the endflange received

- ▶ some issues with precision and material
- ▶ cooling channels look promising
- ▶ pressure tests scheduled
- ▶ hopefully ready for cooling tests soon

Simple vibration test carried out

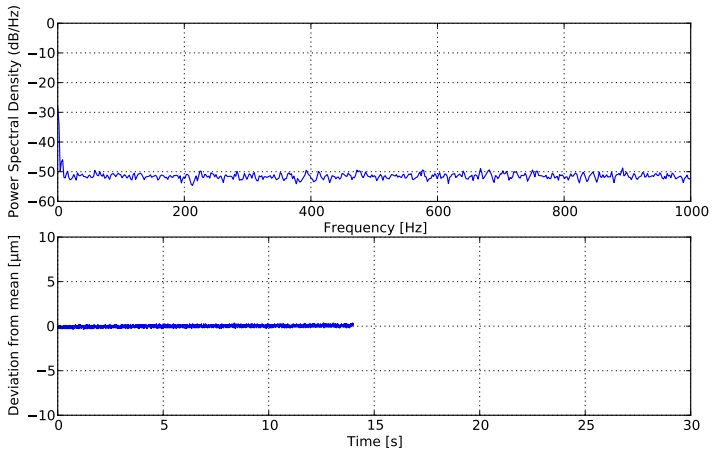
- ▶ airflow cooling seems to be feasible
- ▶ more detailed study needed (realistic geometry)

Thermal stability checked

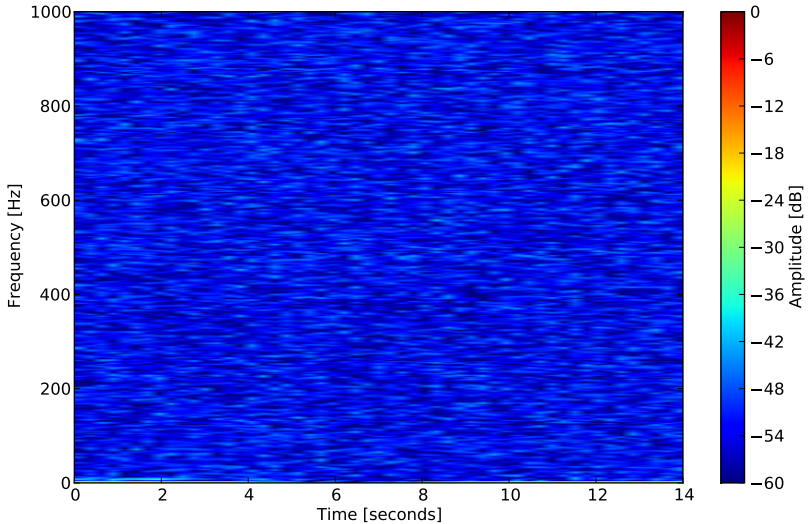
- ▶ screwed modules very stable
- ▶ further studies including heat-conductive paste



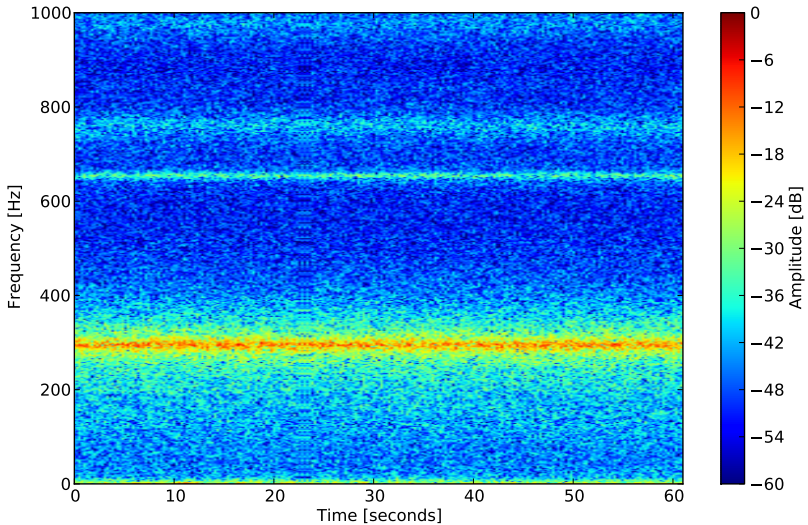
Vibrations, no Airflow



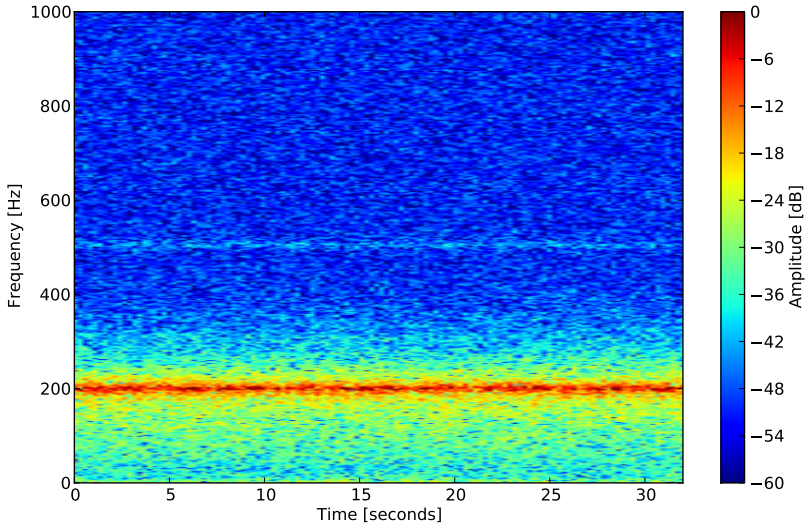
Spectrogram, no Airflow



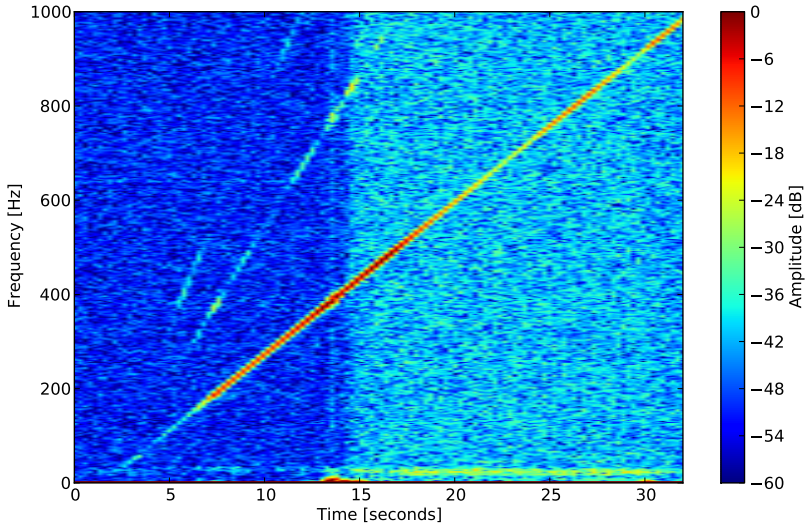
Spectrogram, Inner Module



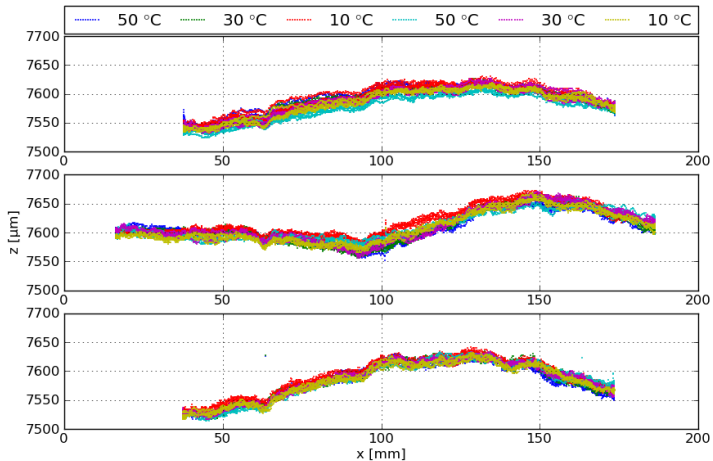
Spectrogram, Outer Module



Test Spectrogram using Sound sweep 20 - 1000 Hz

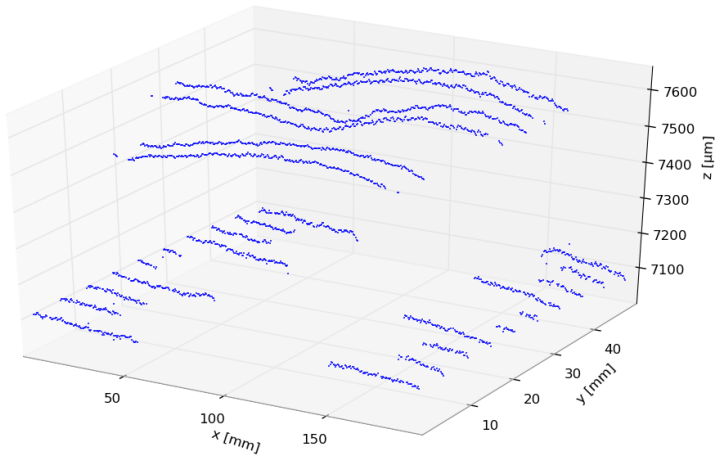


Repeatability of thermal tests



Results of two subsequent scans match nicely

Simple profiling of whole setup



Simple profiling of whole setup (XZ Projection)

