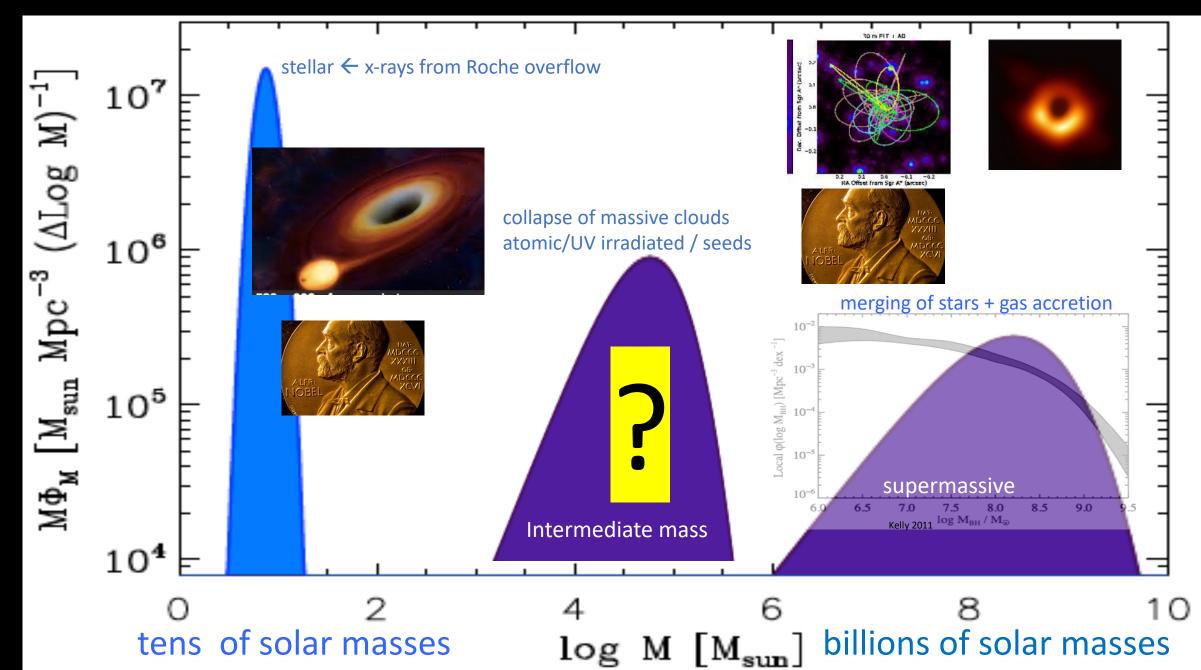
new frontiers in cosmology

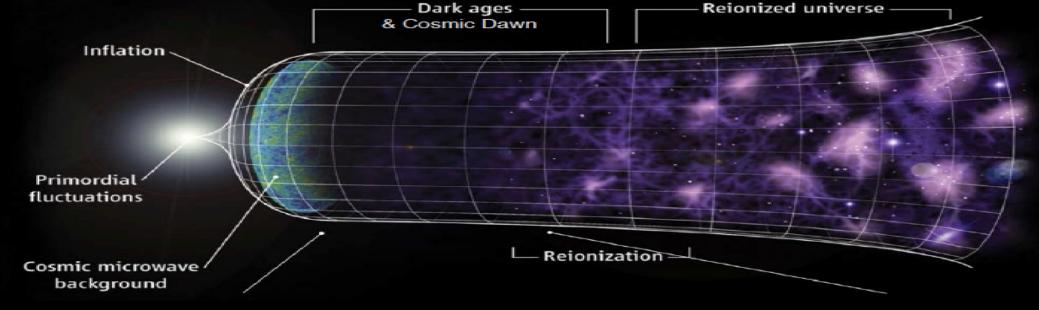
Joe Silk (IAP, JHU, BIPAC)

November 2022

In honour of Georg Raffelt

three types of astrophysical black holes





- Dark matter
- Dark energy
- Dark ages
- Inflation
- Cosmic pevatrons

•fossils

Ultra-faint dwarf galaxies

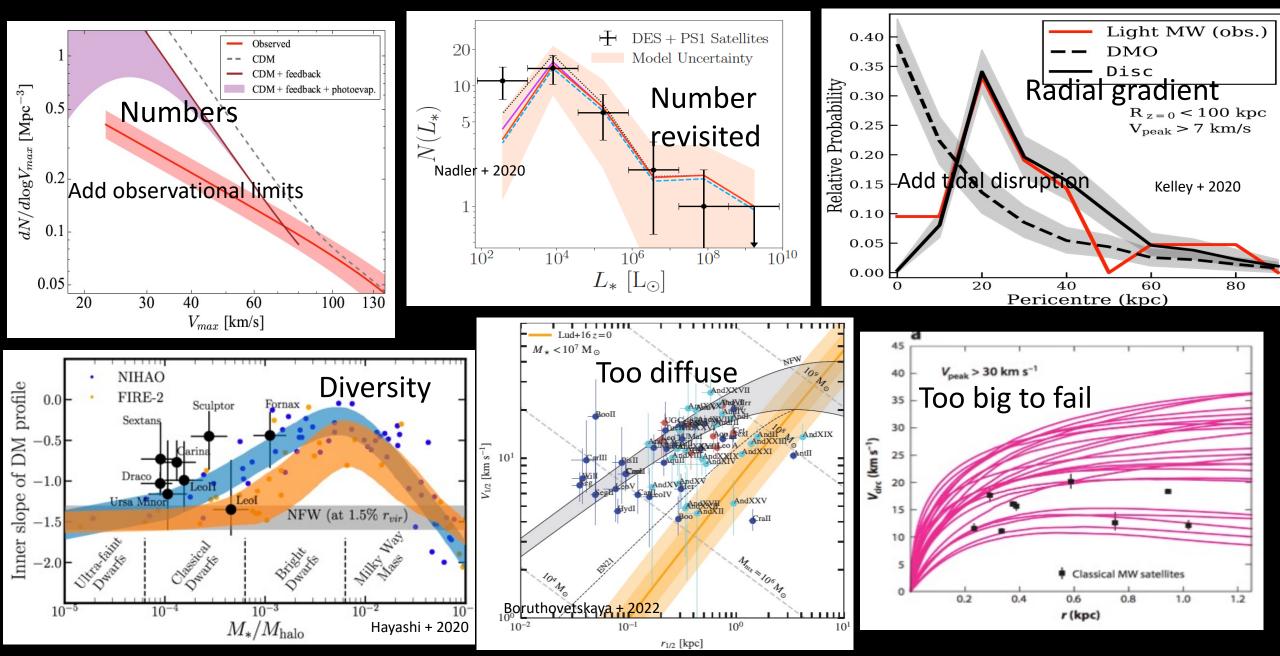




Most common galaxies in the Universe Dark matter –dominated, usually Are dark matter particles "exotic"? Or does feedback suffice?

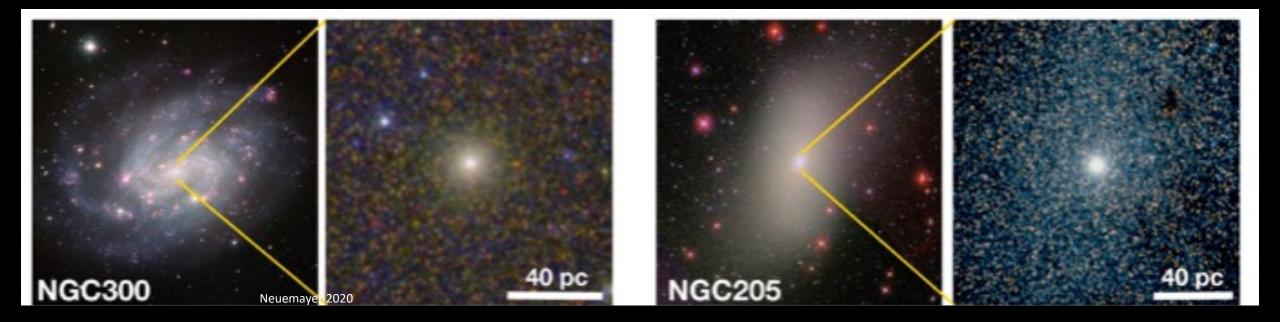
Dwarf galaxy "anomalies".

But don't believe they justifies new physics!



Nuclear star clusters

- The densest clusters in the Universe
- Ubiquitous in centres of galaxies
- Coexist with intermediate mass black holes.....10³-10⁵ M_{sun}



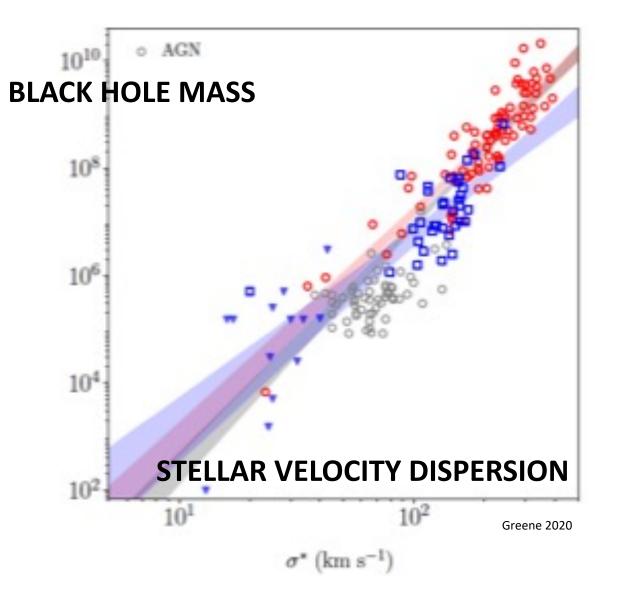
Feedback from outflows powered by accretion onto massive black holes

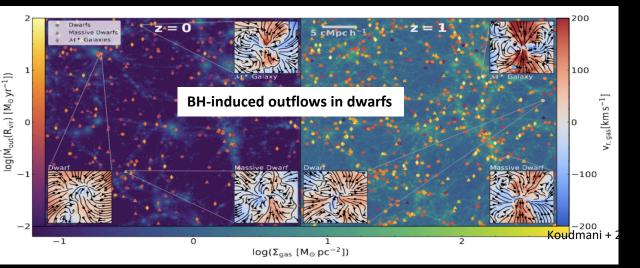
- Black hole feedback gives variety of dwarfs
- IMBH ubiquitous in dwarfs
- nuclear star clusters are common
- ideal environments for forming IMBH
- Merging at low z, in situ star formation at high z
- IMBHs are numerous and can seed SMBH
- Expect many wandering IMBH
- Momentum boosting accounts for feedback

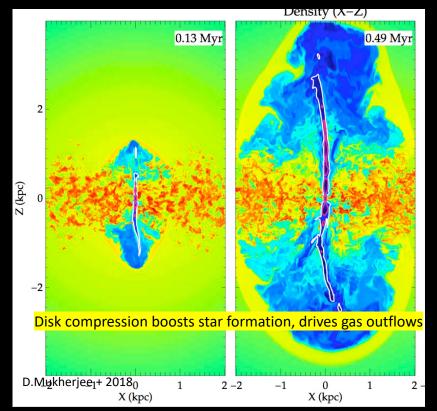
Feedback by SMBH: basics

$$\begin{split} M_{BH} &= f_{gas} \; \sigma^4 (\sigma_T/m_p) / (\pi \; G^2) \\ &+ \; inverse \; Compton \; \; cooling, \; fails \; by \; {\sim}10 \; to \; eject \\ Need \; \delta p \; {\sim}10 L_{Edd} / \; c \; momentum \; feedback \end{split}$$

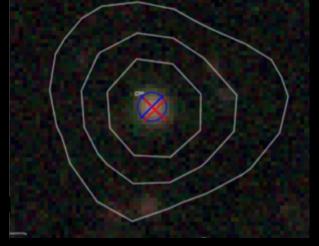
$$\begin{split} M_{BH} &= 11f_{_gas} \ \sigma^5 \ (\sigma_T/m_p) / (\pi \ c \ G^2) \\ energy \ balance, \ shocked \ gas \ is \ too \ hot \ to \ cool. \\ Gives \ momentum \ boost \ since \ \delta p \ \sim \ \delta E/v \ . \\ PREFERRED! \end{split}$$







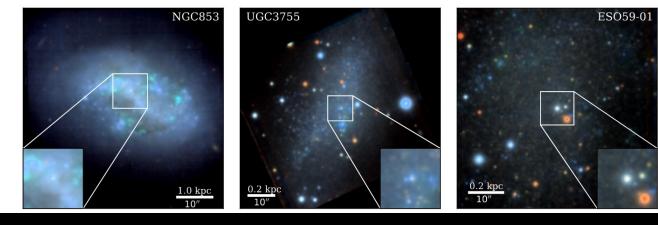
Feedback by supermassive black holes

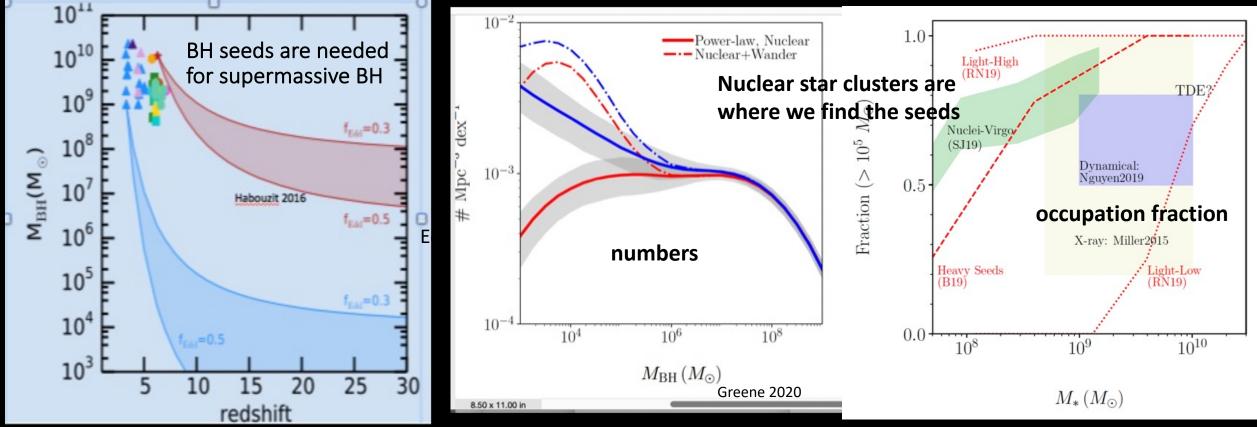


Radio AGN in dwarfs

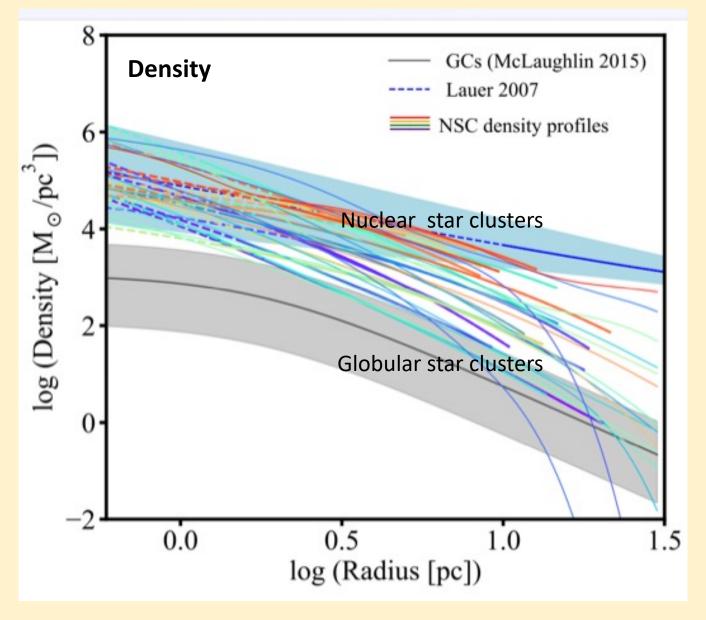


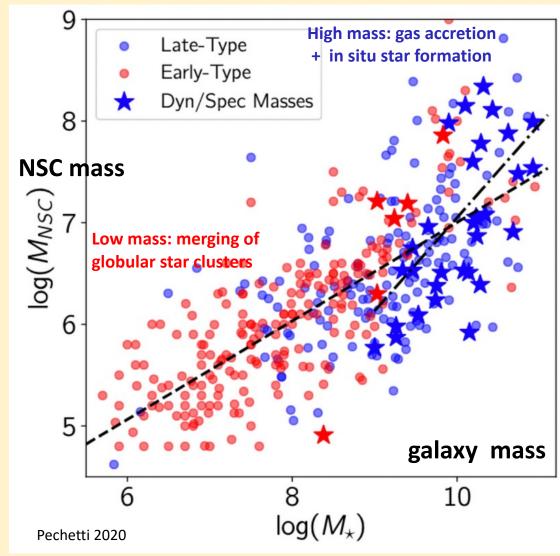
The seeding problem





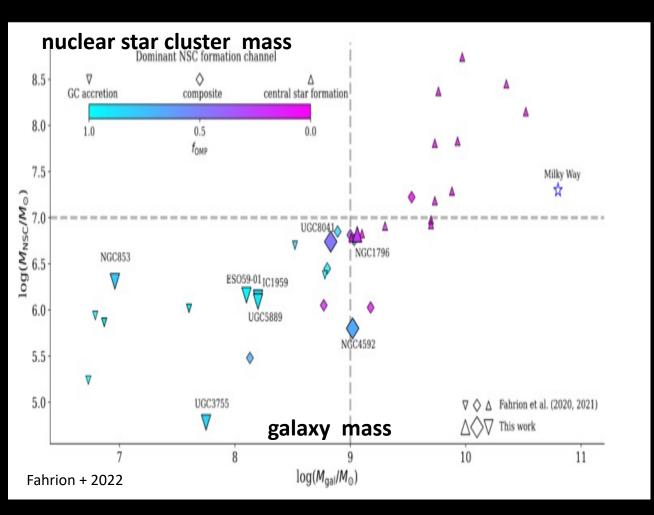
Nuclear star clusters are the densest star clusters in the Universe

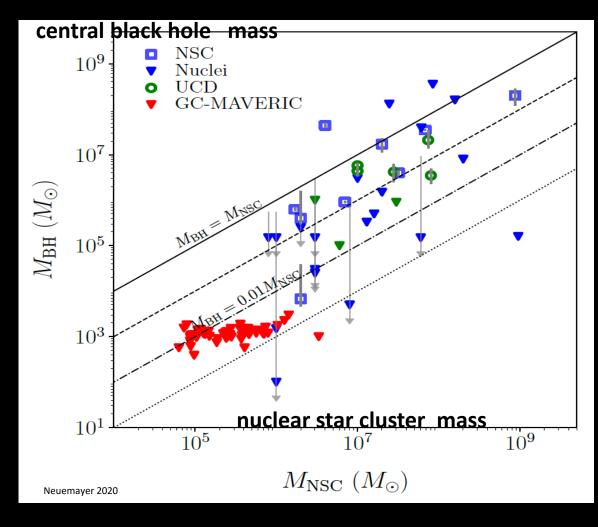




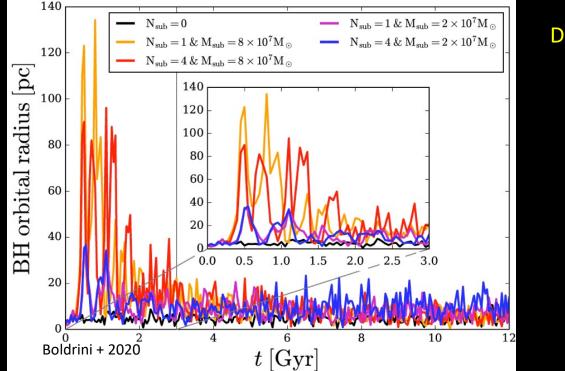
And it gets better....

...and better

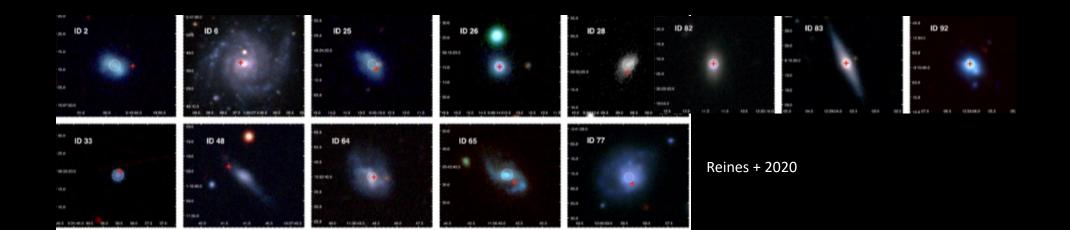


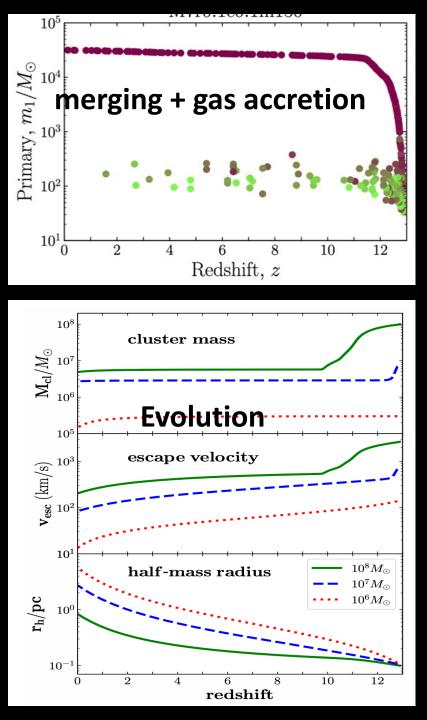


one more CDM prediction: wandering IMBHs in dwarfs

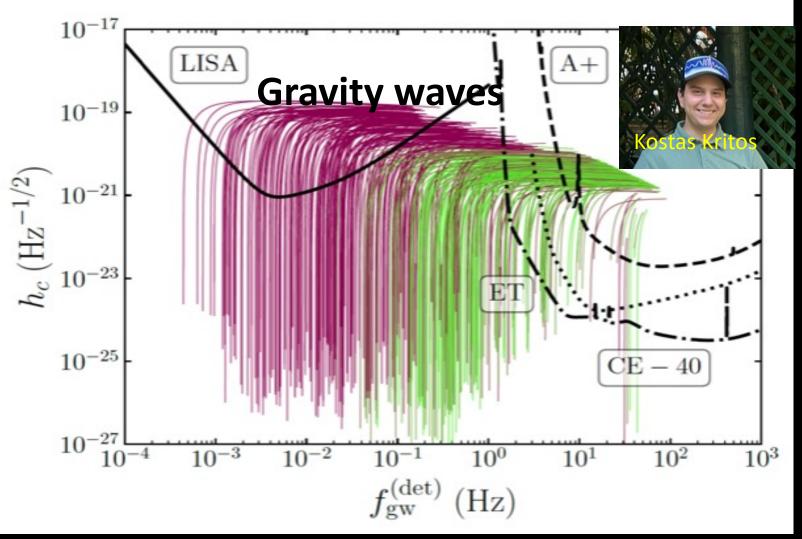


Dark subhalo kicks or merger aftermath





Form IMBH in massive NSC



Rapster: a fast code for dynamical formation of black-hole binaries in dense star clusters

Konstantinos Kritos,^{1,*} Vladimir Strokov,^{1,†} Vishal Baibhav,^{2,‡} and Emanuele Berti^{1,§}

Dwarf galaxy "anomalies" don't require particle "exotica"

Its all astrophysical feedback from IMBH with a little help from SNe

Intermediate mass black holes form early in nuclear star clusters via black hole merging and gas accretion

These are the likely seeds of supermassive black holes

LISA and 3G will probe their existence to z~20 via gravitational waves

Thank you georg for great collaborations!

CAN A MASS INVERSION SAVE SOLAR NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS FROM THE LOS ALAMOS NEUTRINO?

Georg Raffelt (Max Planck Inst) Joseph Silk (UC, Berkeley)

PARTICLE DARK MATTER AND THE AGE OF GLOBULAR CLUSTERS

David Dearborn (LLNL) Georg Raffelt (UCBerkeley) Pierre Salati (LBNL) Joseph Silk (UC Berkeley) Alain Bouquet (LAPP.) Nature 343 (1990) 347

DARK MATTER AND THERMAL PULSES IN HORIZONTAL BRANCH STARS

David Dearborn. (LLNL) Georg Raffelt (UCBerkeley) Pierre Salati (UC Berkeley) Joseph Silk (UC, Berkeley) Alain Bouquet (LAPP) Astrophys. J. 354 (1990) 568

HORIZONTAL BRANCH STARS AS A PROBE OF NONBARYONIC DARK MATTER

Pierre Salati(UC,Berkeley) Alain Bouquet (LAPP) Georg Raffelt(UC,Berkeley) Joseph Silk (UC Berkeley) Astrophysics Workshop: Forefront Experimental Issues, 0026

A STELLAR EVOLUTION BOUND ON RADIATIVE PARTICLE DECAYS AND THE COSMIC MICROWAVE BACKGROUND DISTORTION Georg Raffelt (UC, Berkeley) Joseph Silk (UC, Berkeley). Astrophys.J. 336 (1989) 61

DARK MATTER AND STELLAR EVOLUTION

Georg Raffelt (UC, Berkeley) and LLNL, Joseph Silk (UC, Berkeley)

20th Yamada Conference: Big Bang, Active Galactic Nuclei and Supernovae

MAGNETICALLY INDUCED NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS AND NEUTRINO REFRACTIVE EFFECTS IN THE EARLY UNIVERSE

Masataka Fukugita (Kyoto U.) Dirk Notzold (MPI) Georg Raffelt (UC Berkeley and LLNL) Joseph Silk (UC, Berkeley)

LIGHT NEUTRINOS AS COLD DARK MATTER Georg Raffelt (UC Berkeley and LLNL) Joseph Silk (UC Berkeley,)

Phys.Rev.Lett. 60 (1988) 879

Phys.Lett.B 192 (1987) 65-70

Phys.Lett.B 366 (1996) 429