



Gamma Ray Bursts [overview and recent facts]

Giancarlo Ghirlanda

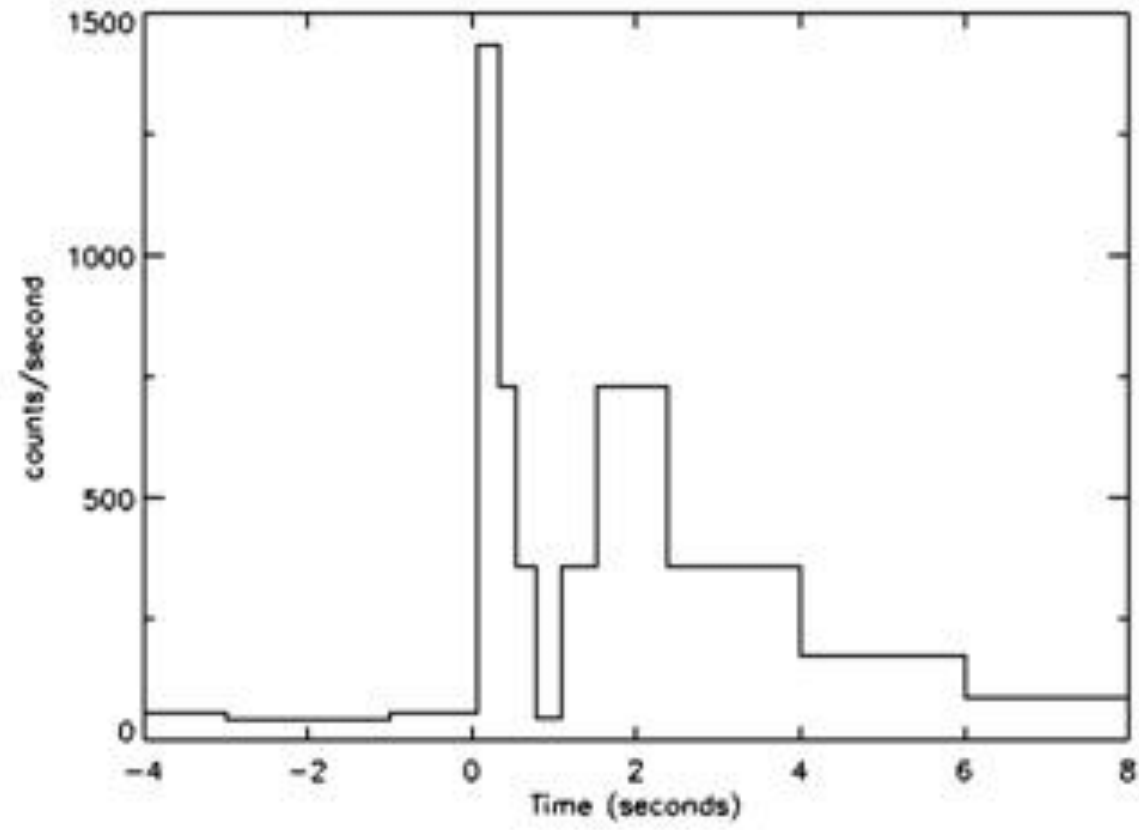
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Osservatorio Astronomico di Brera

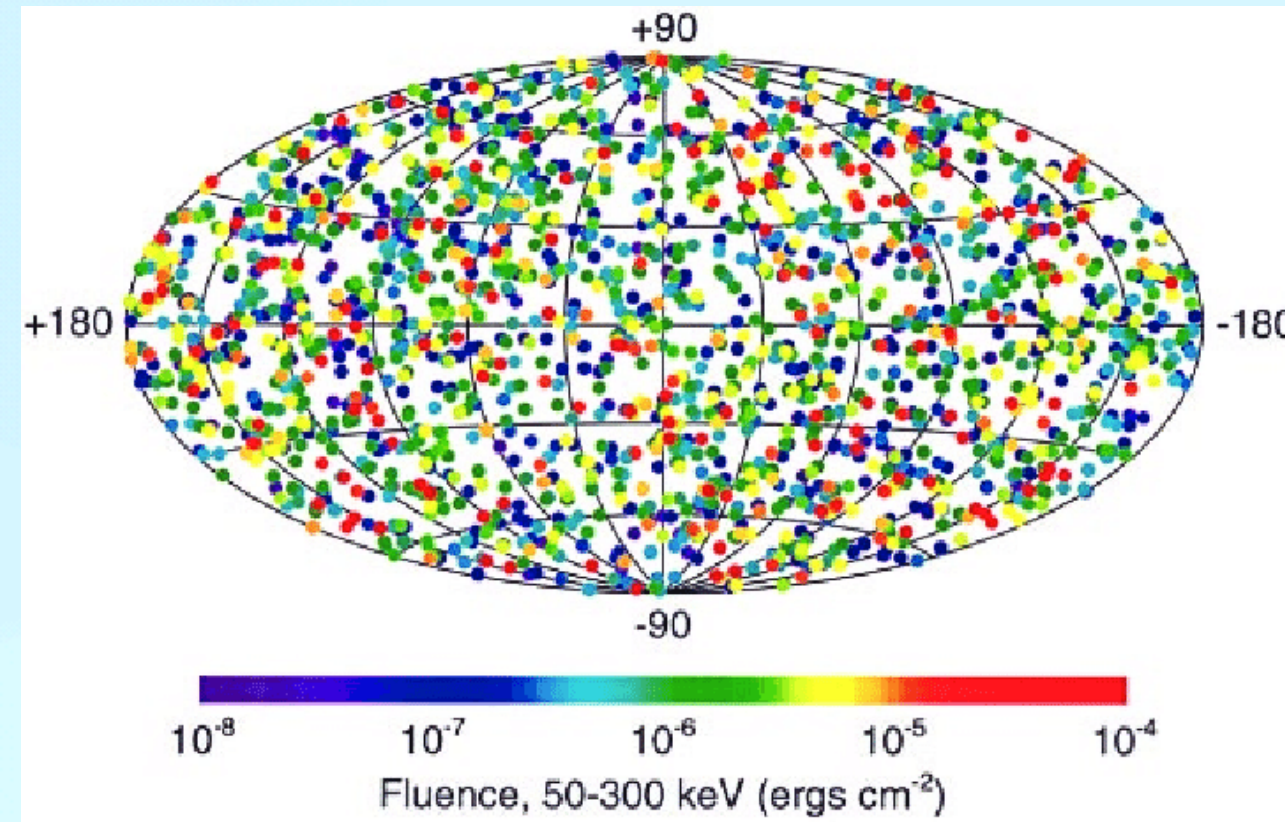
Gamma Ray Bursts: an amazing half century

Vela Satellites



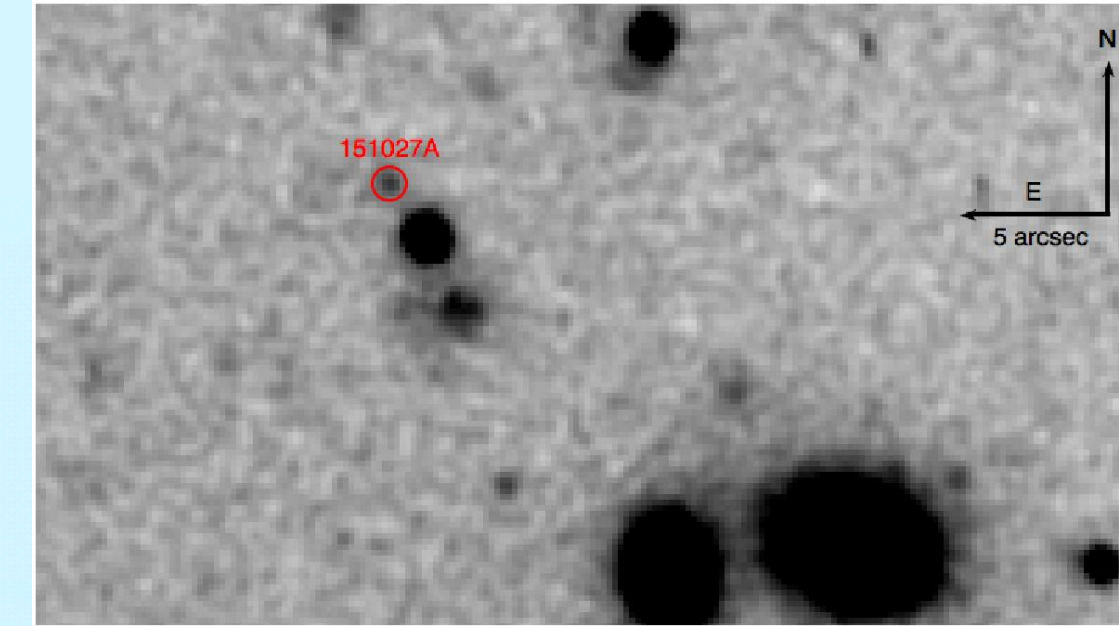
1973

CGRO



1992

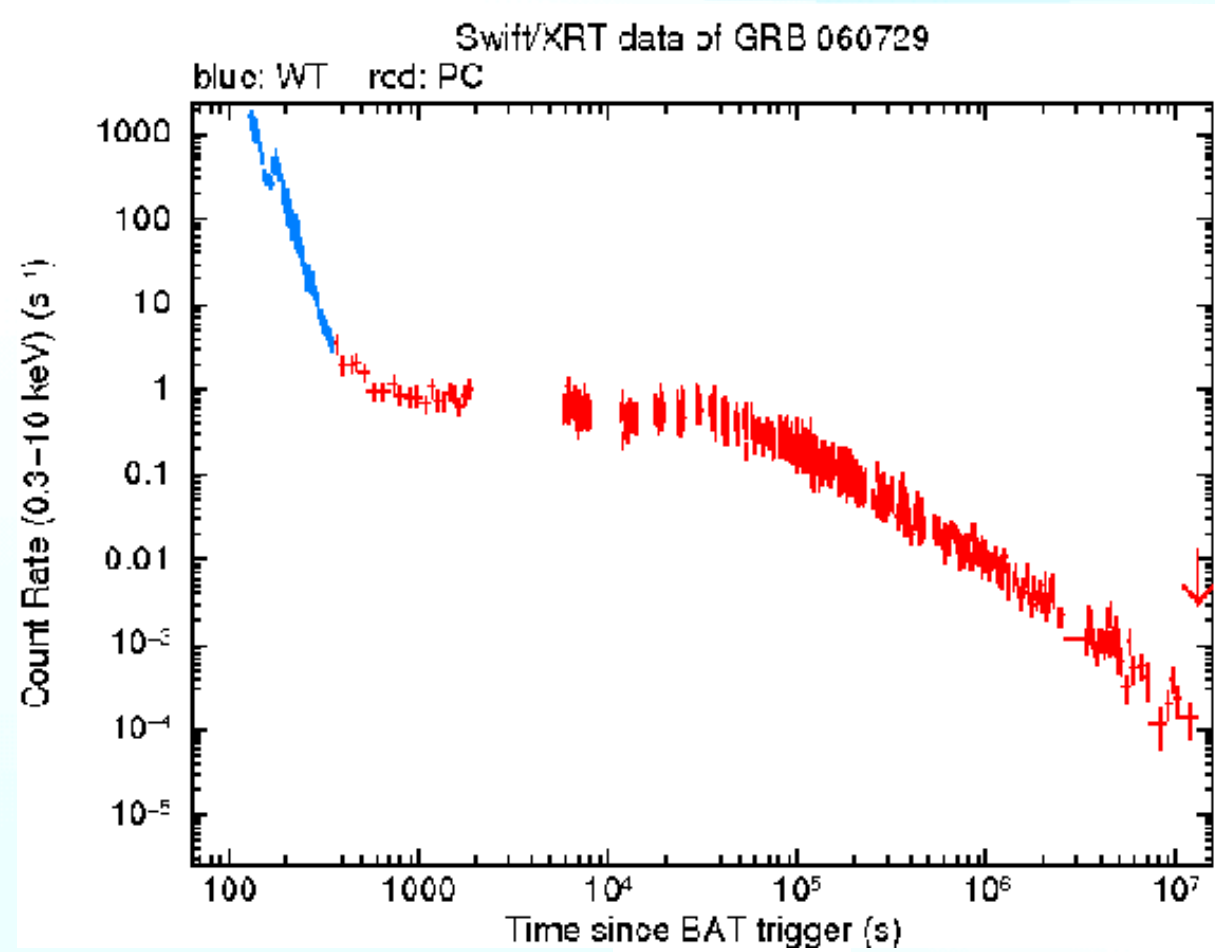
BeppoSAX+Ground



1997

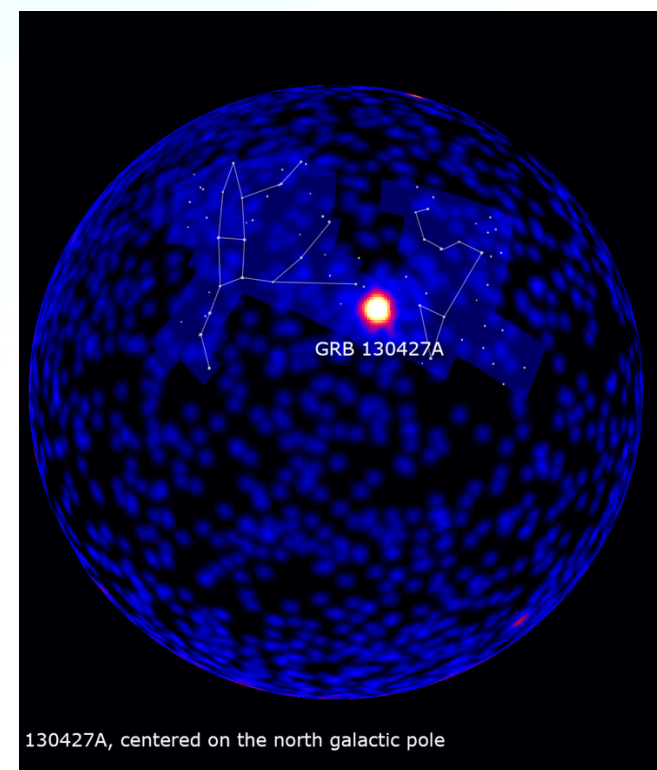
1998

Swift



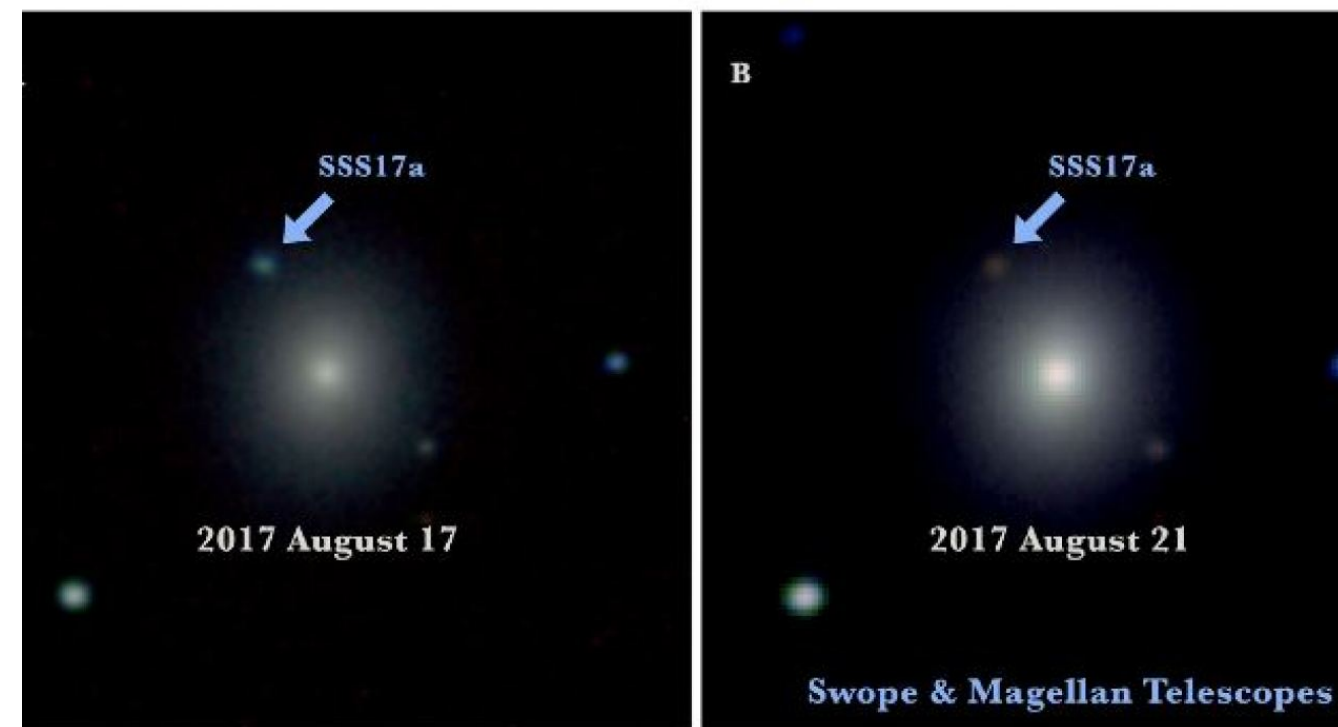
2005

Fermi



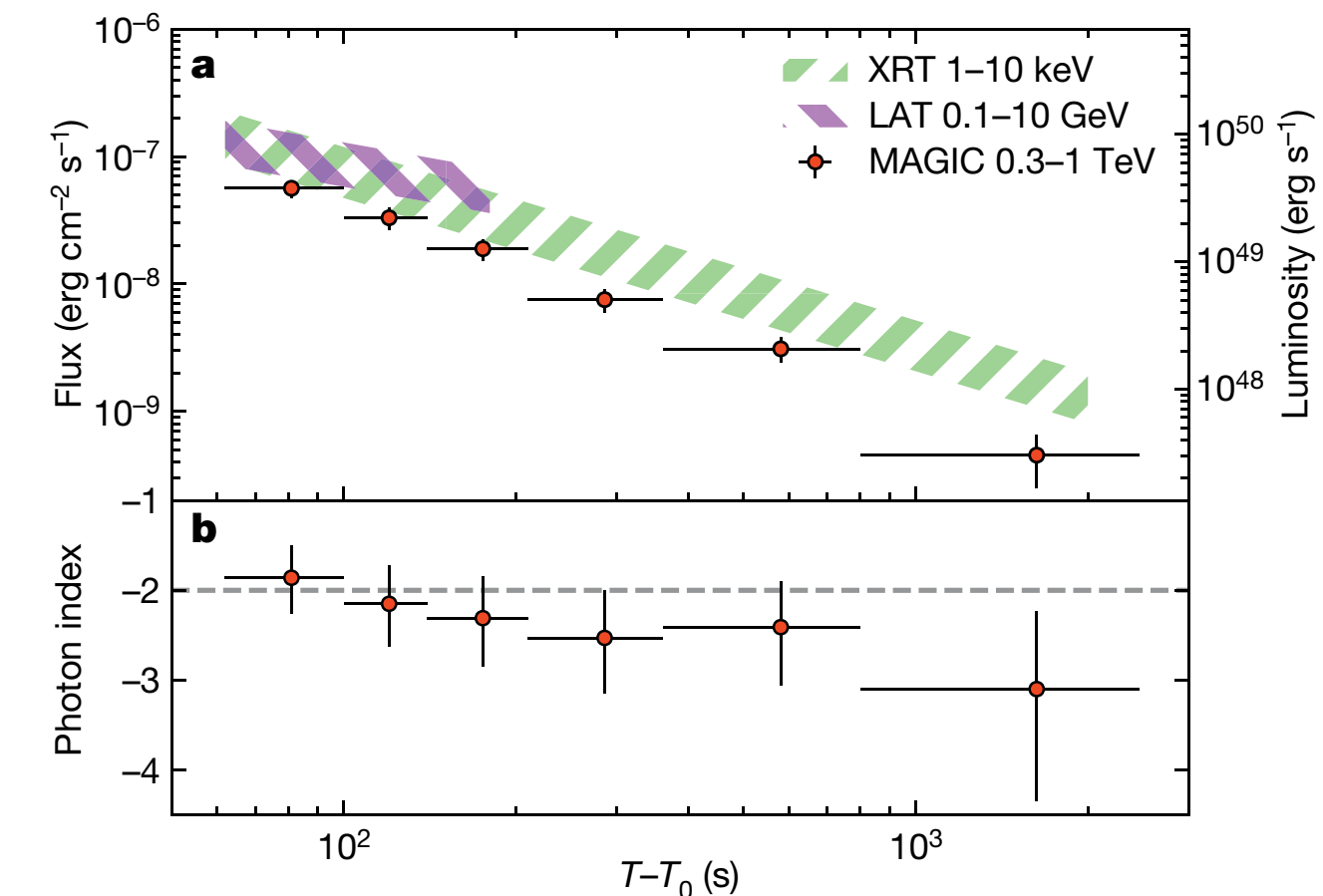
2008

LVC+Space+Ground



2017


Magic/H.E.S.S.



2019

ToC: the last half decade

① Multi Messenger

② Multi Wavelength (up to HE, VHE).  A. Berti, G. D'Amico, O. Salafia, M. Giroletti, D. Horan, C. Pittori, M. Zha, M. De Nouris, M. Errando ... +CTA

③ Dying or merging?

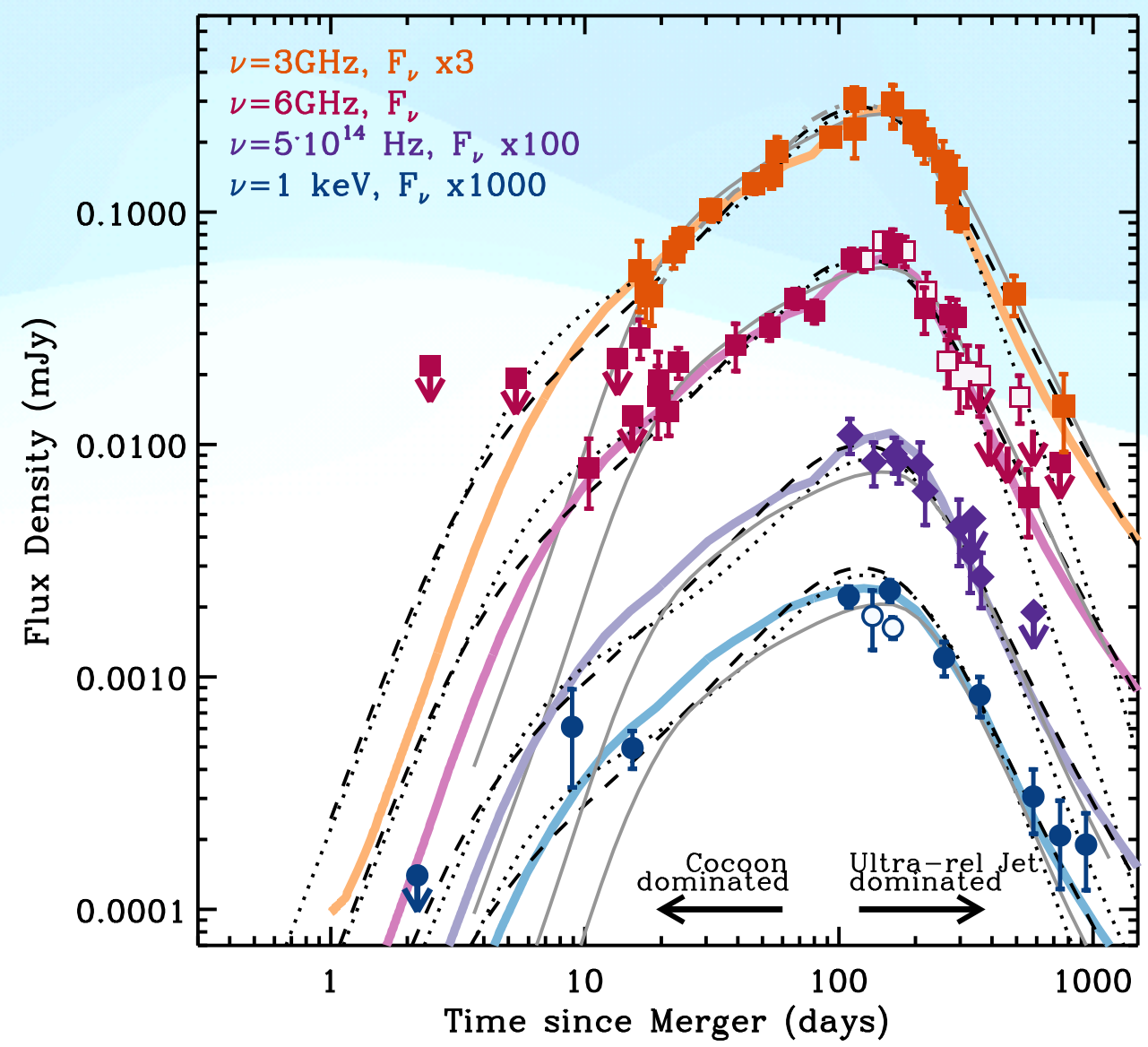
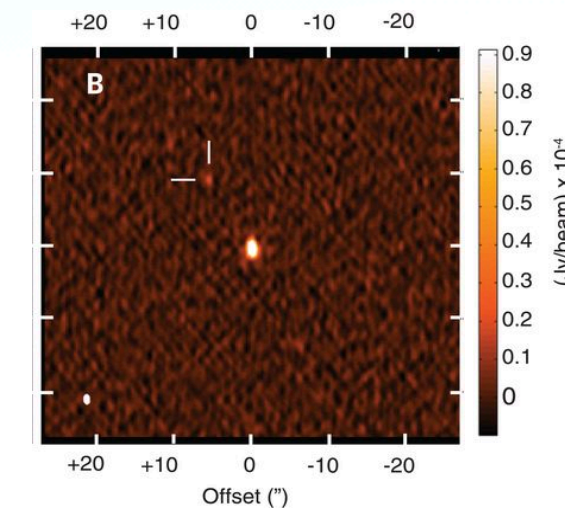
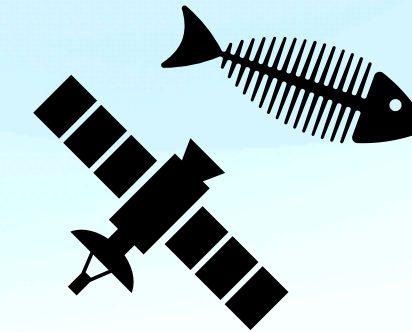
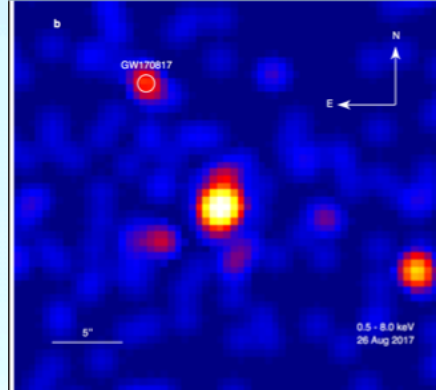
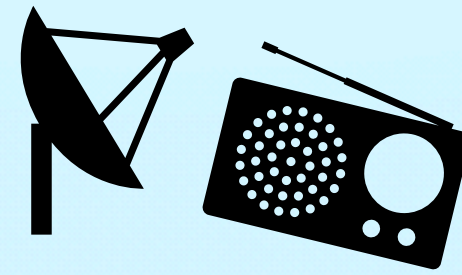
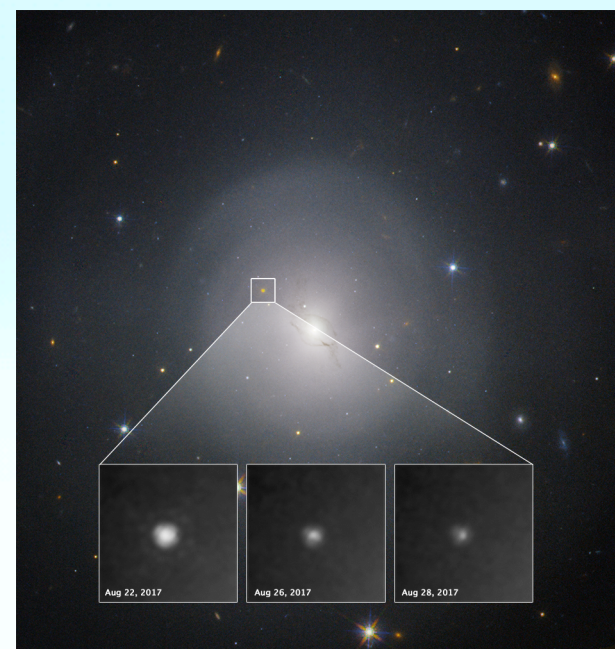
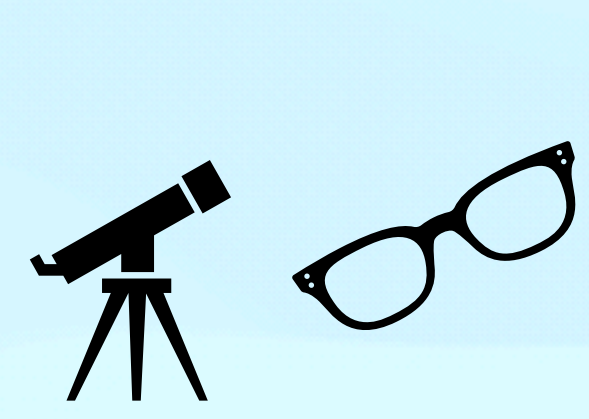
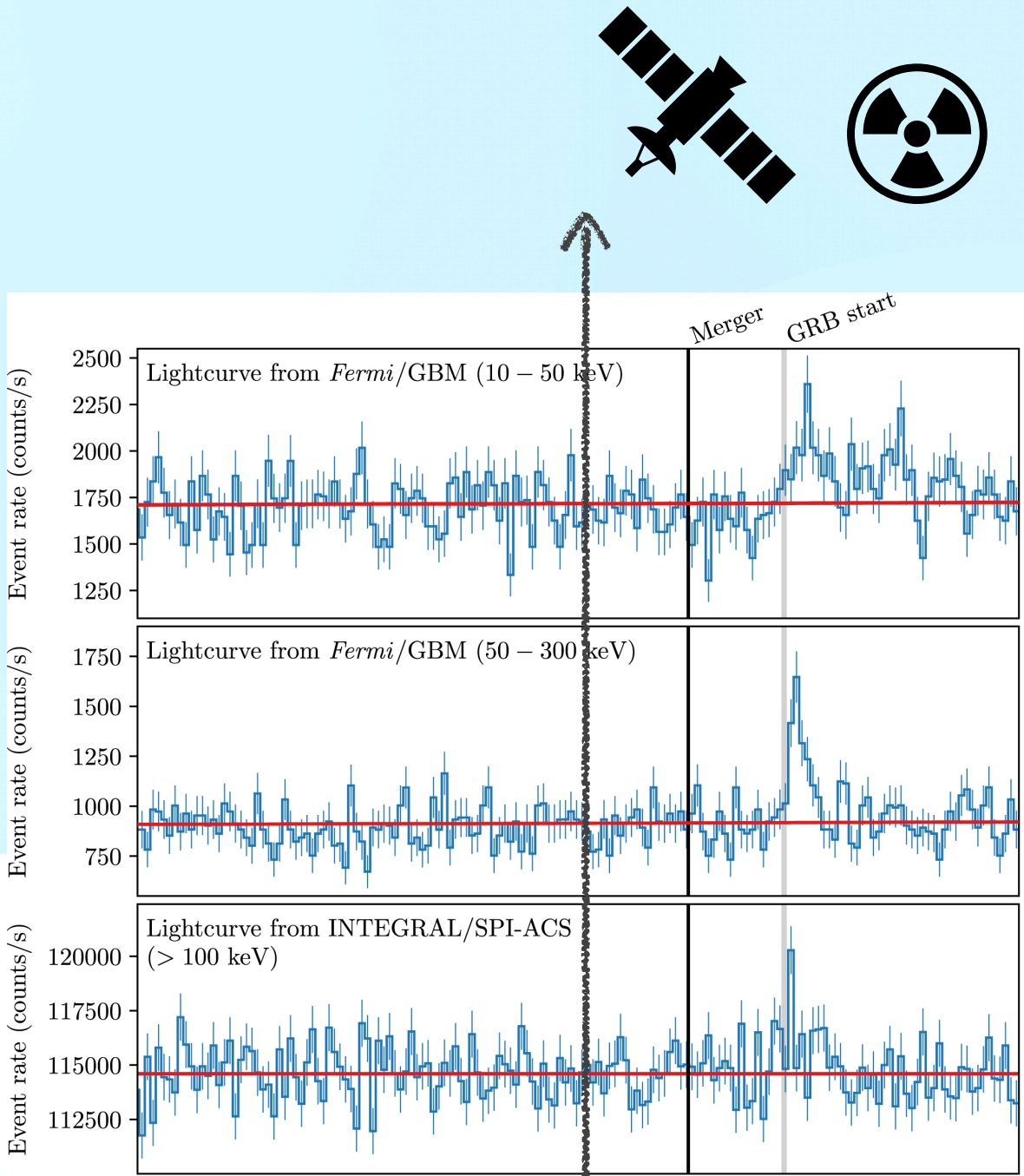
④ Radiation process

⑤ Exceptional events

2017

2023

MultiMessenger: GW/GRB/KN 170817, a Rosetta Stone



1.7 sec

10.5 hours

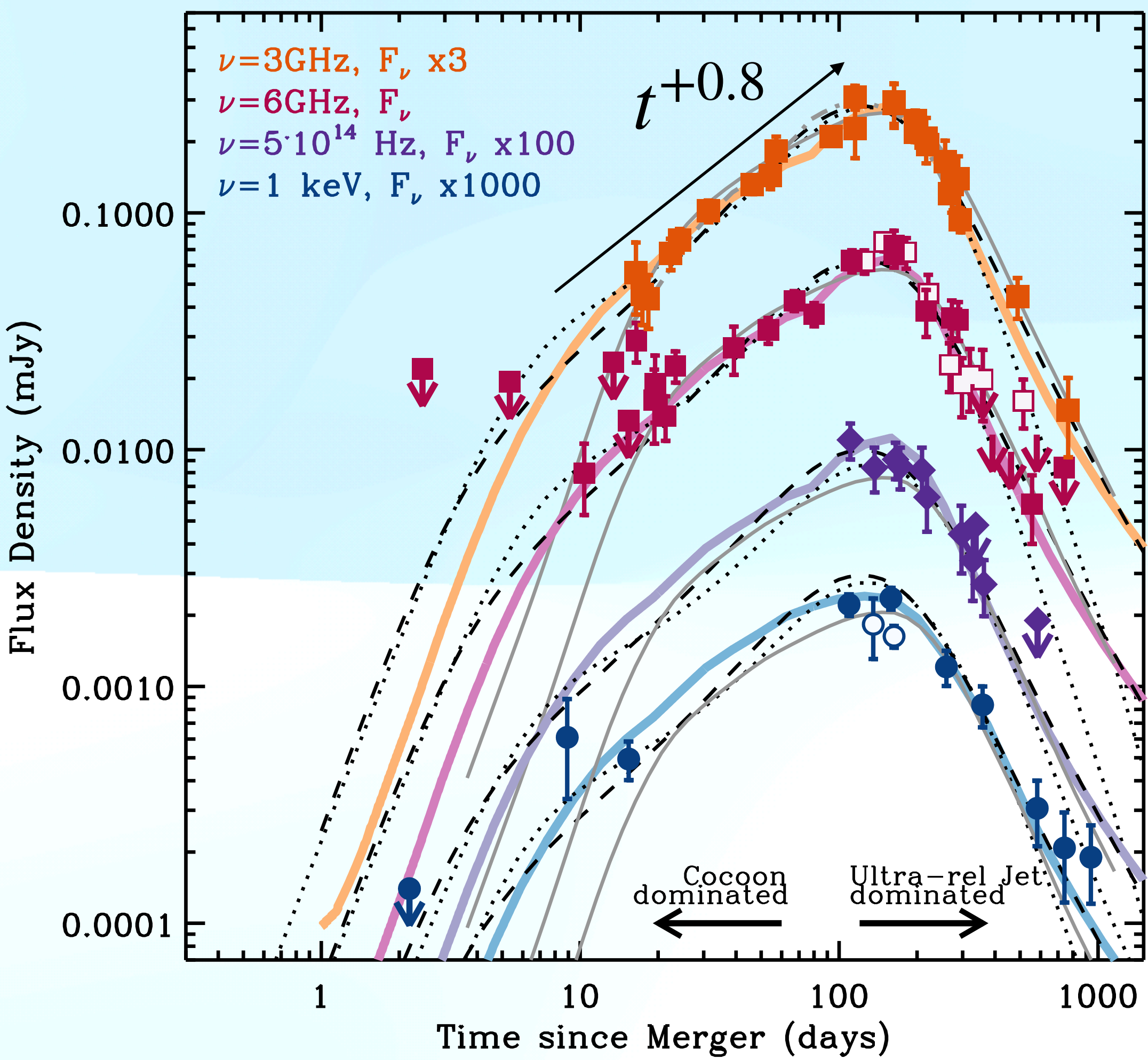
9 days

16 days

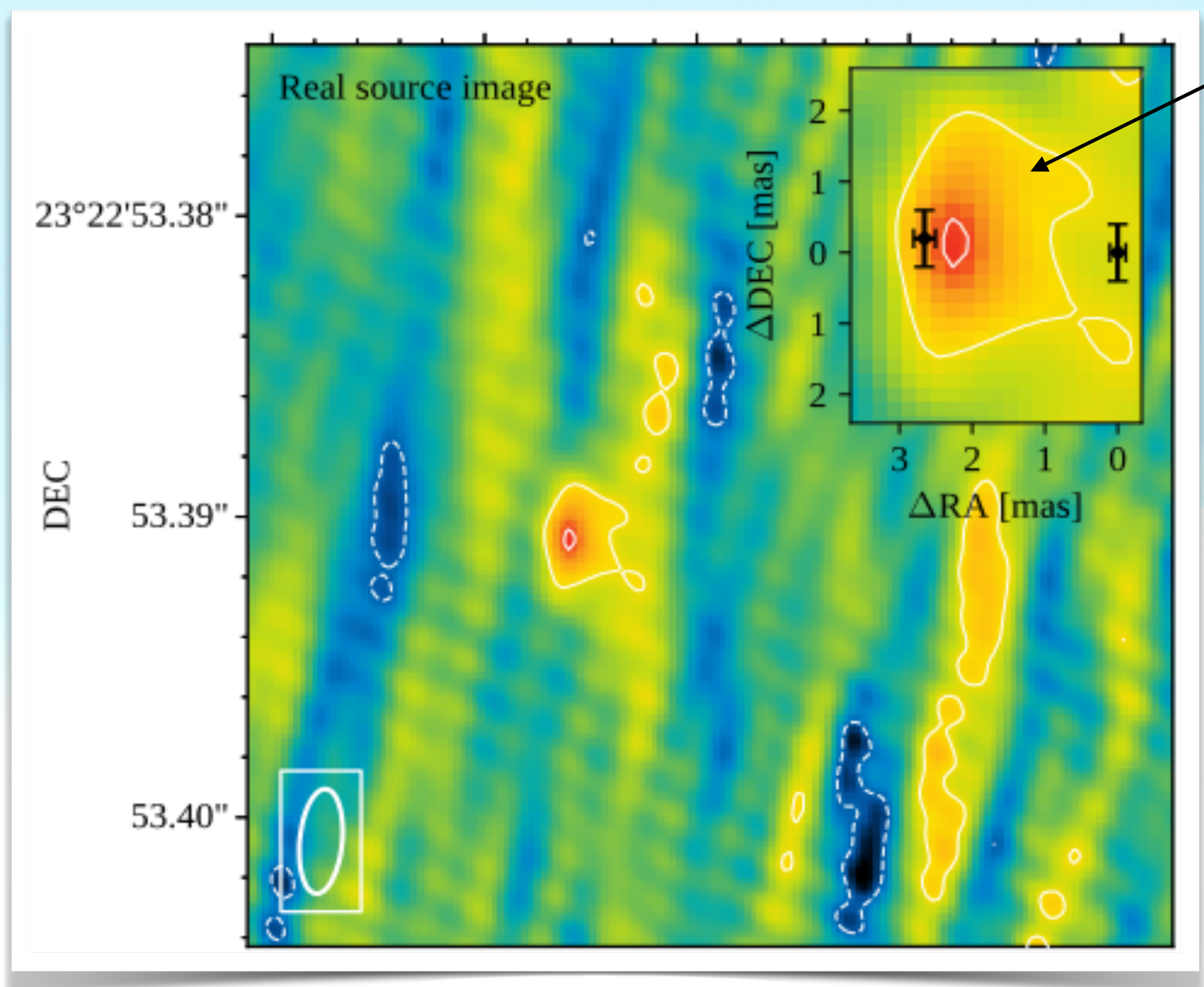
2.7 years

Jet properties

Margutti & Chornock 2021



Ghirlanda, Salafia et al. 2019

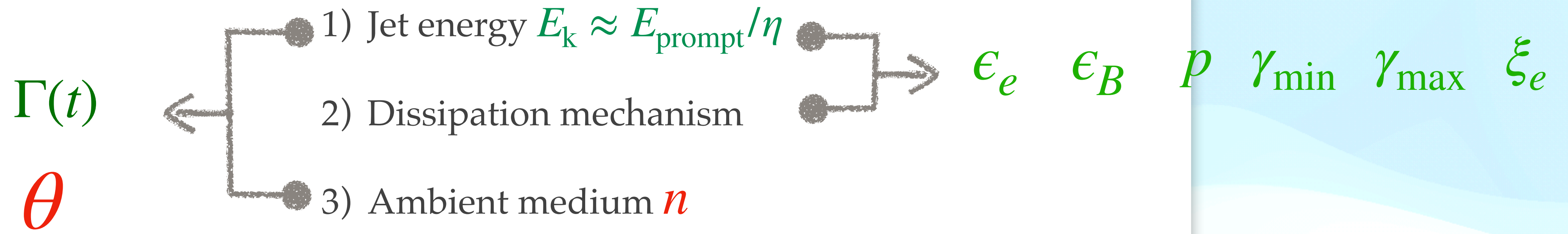


Mooley et al. 2018

- A jet emerged
- Obs from ~20 deg
- Angular structure
- Can be quasi-universal (📌 O.Salafia talk)

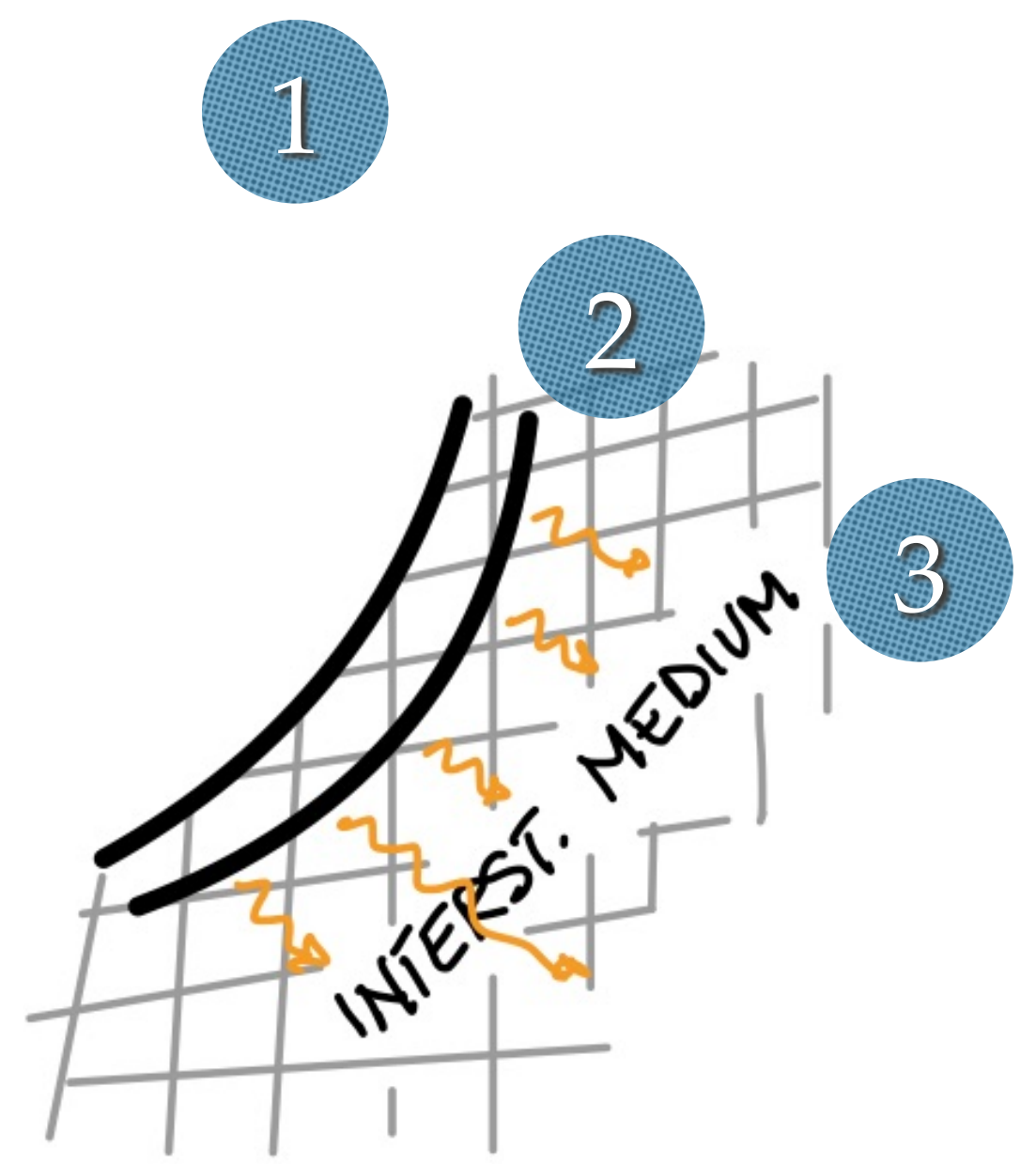
[see Salafia & Ghirlanda 2022 for a review]

Afterglow physics



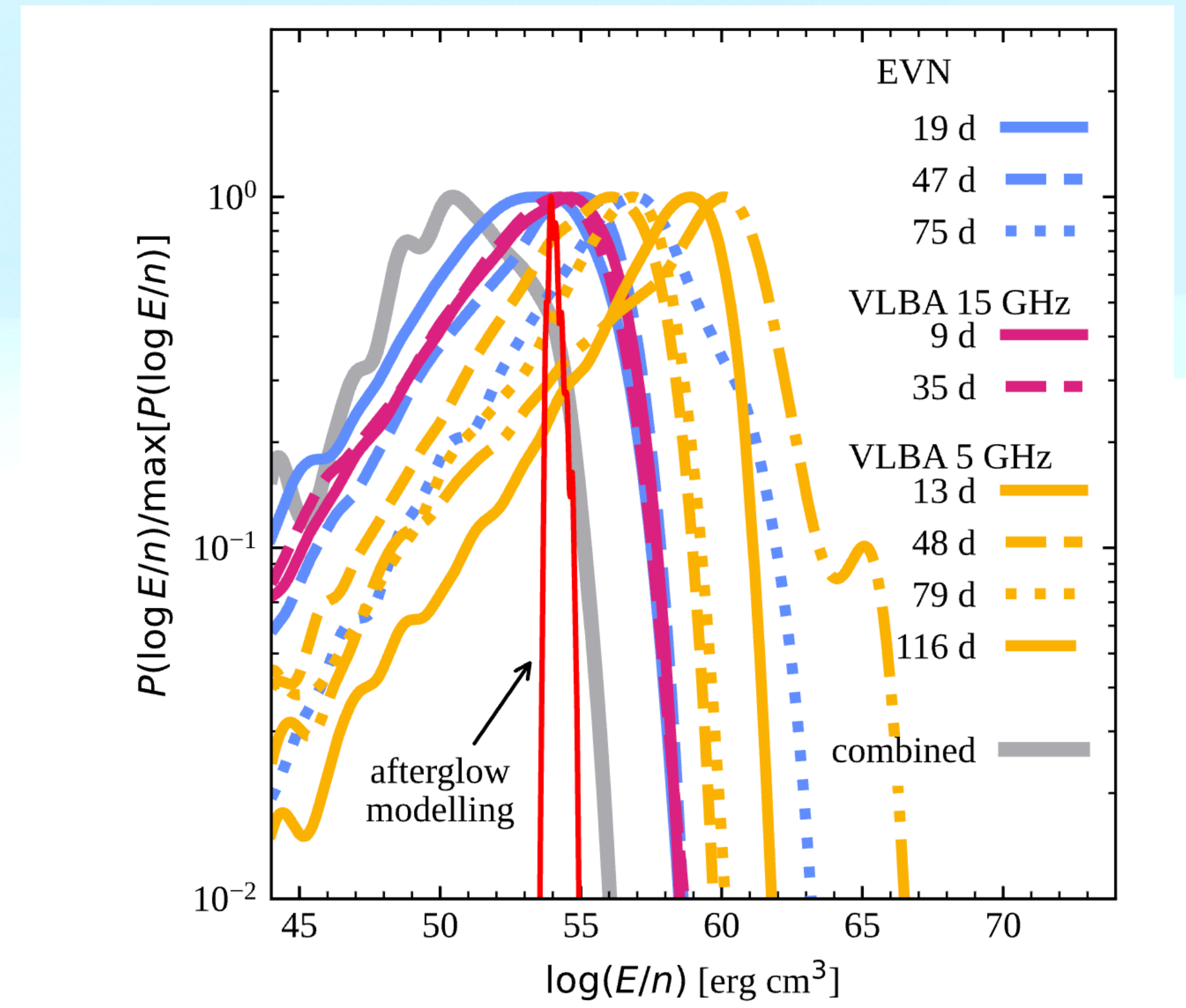
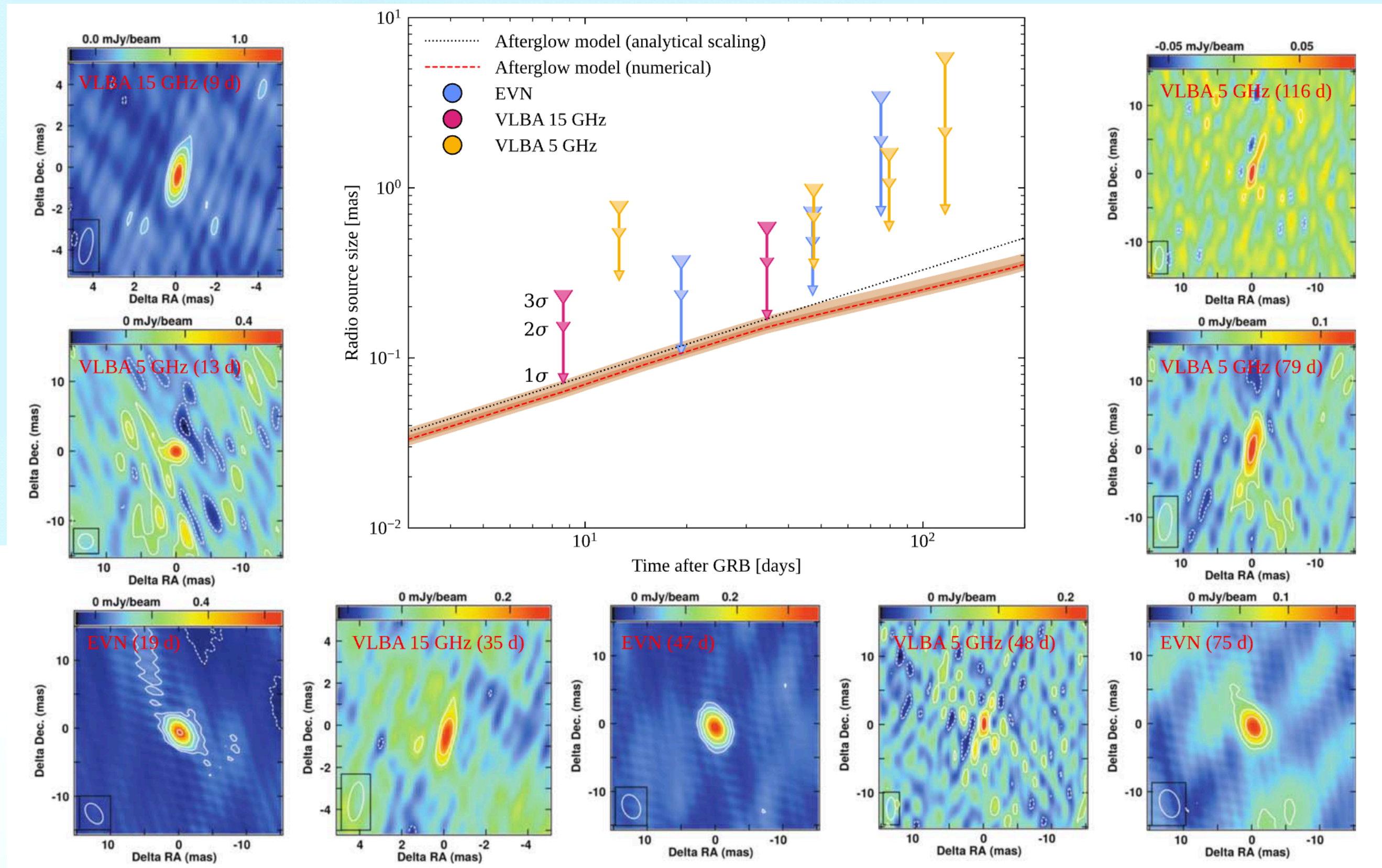
Intrinsic + extrinsic

Parameter degeneracies

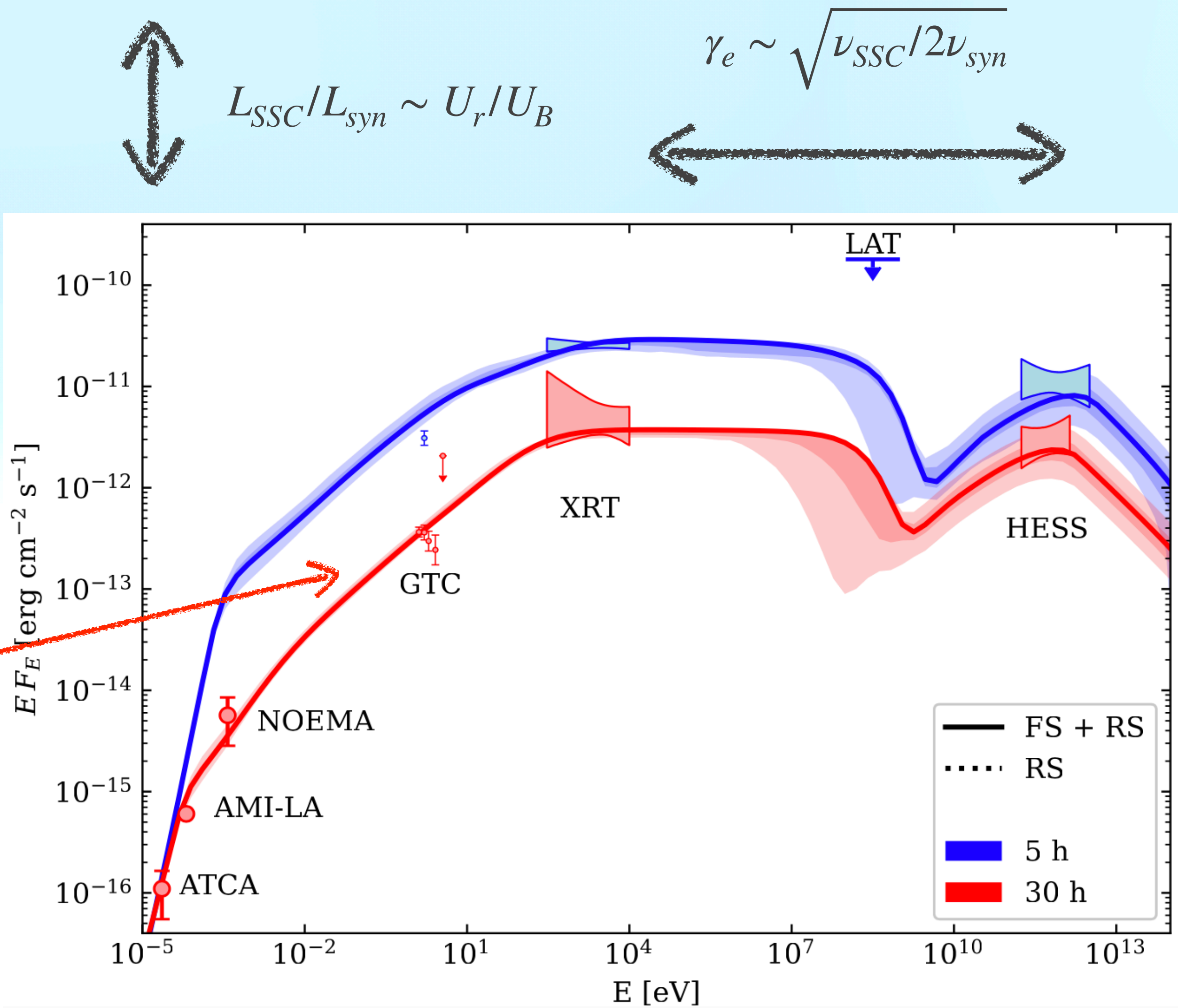
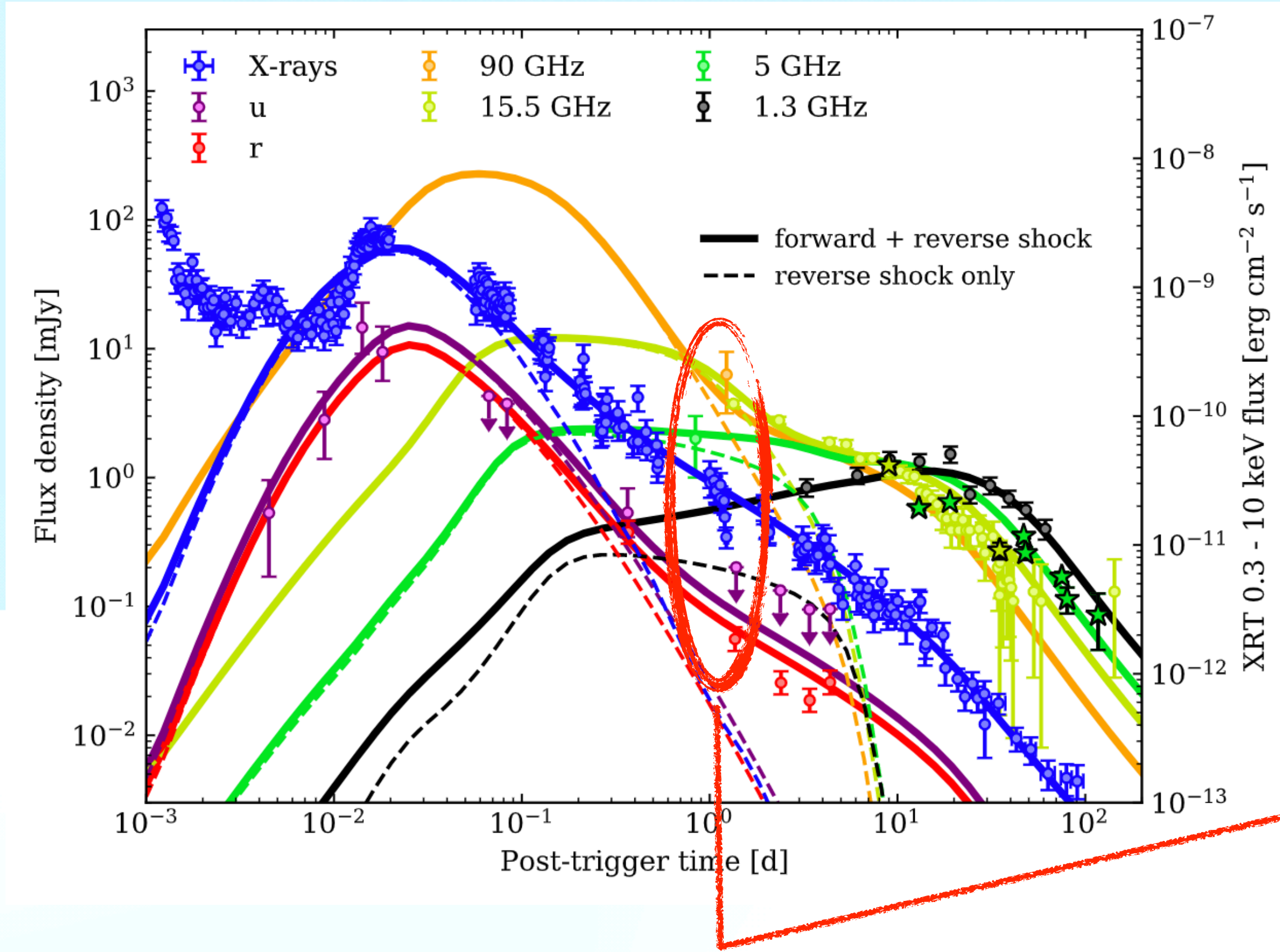


Multiwavelength: e.g. 190829A

O. S. Salafia, et al, 2022

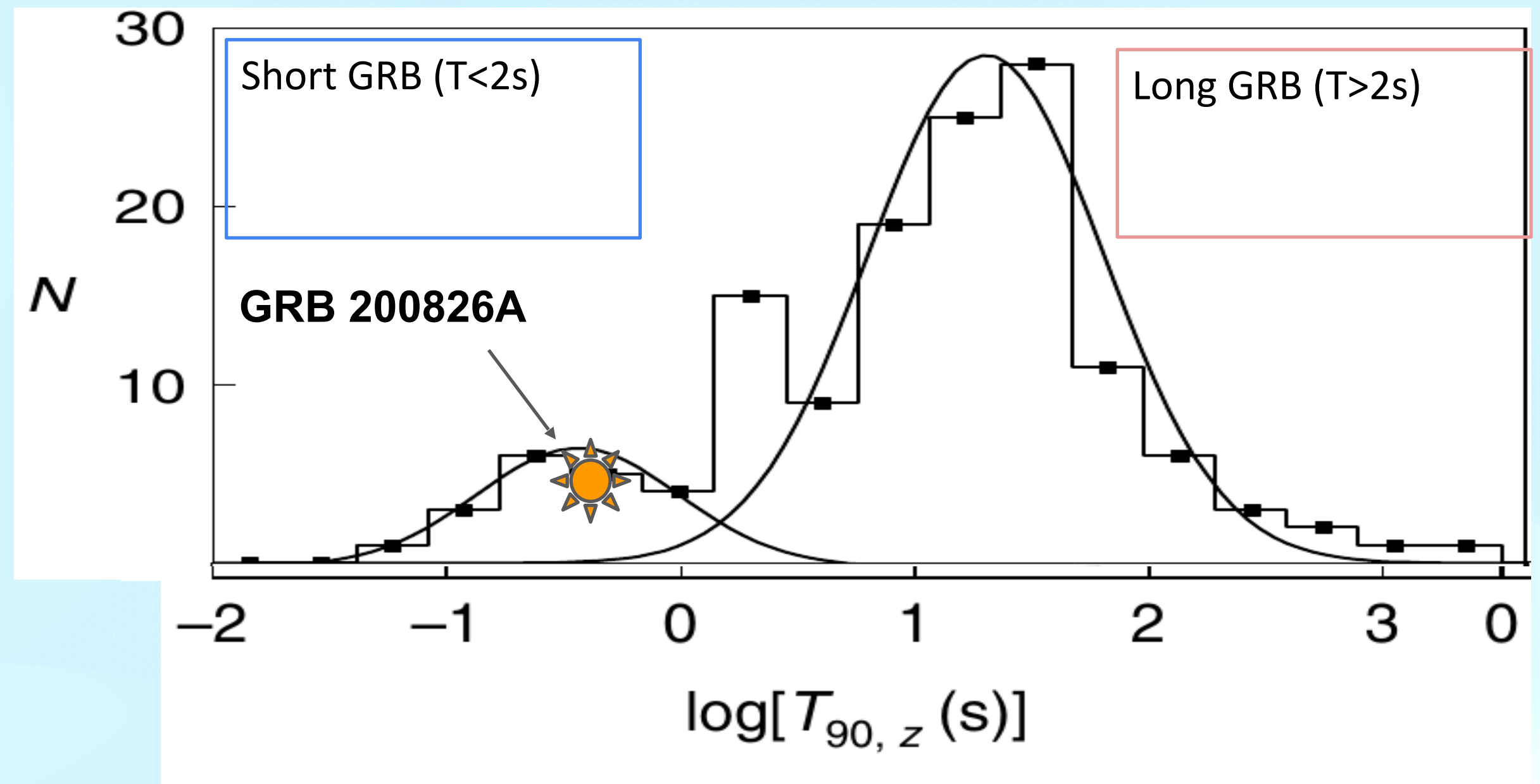


$$n \sim 0.21 \text{ cm}^{-3}$$



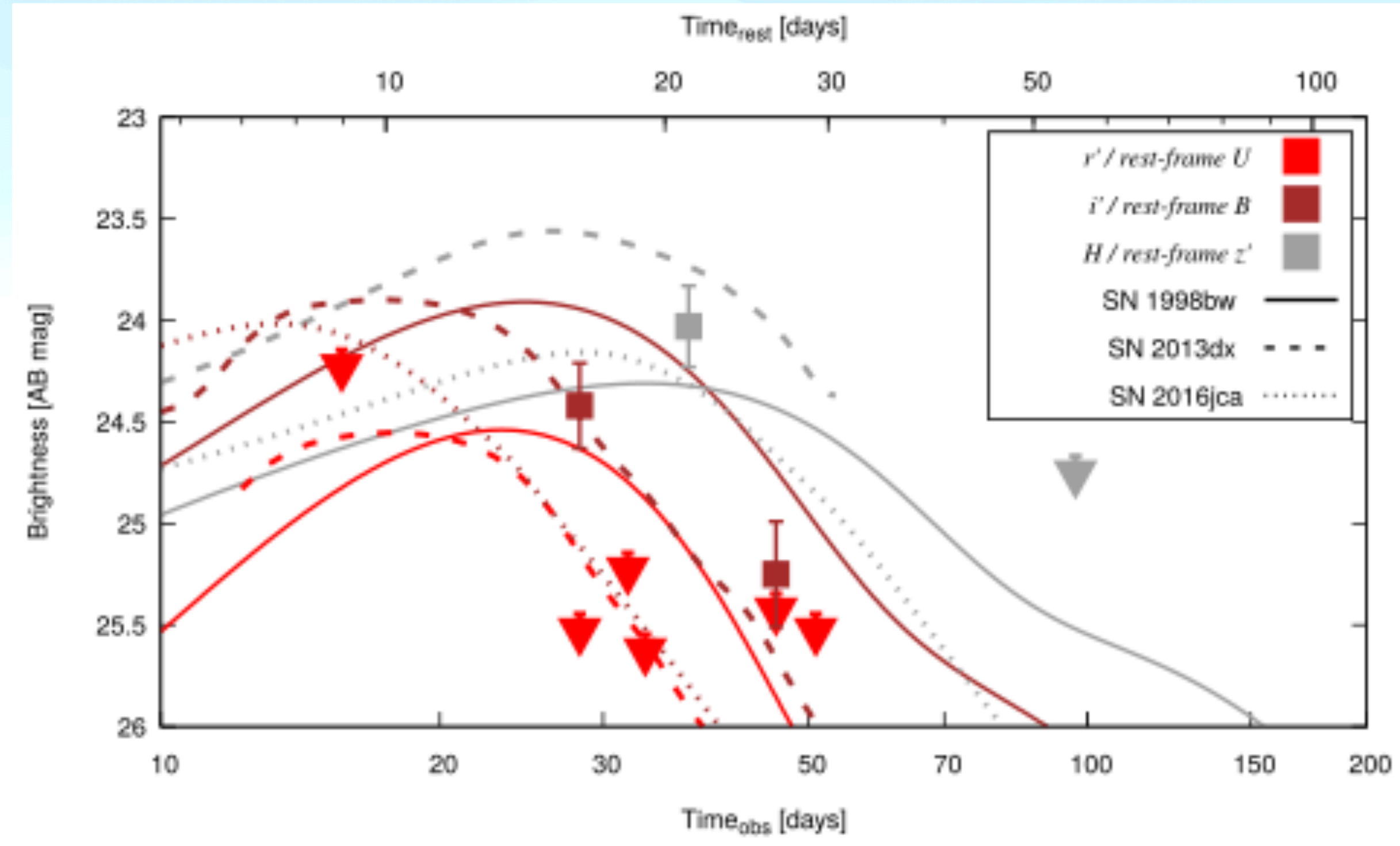
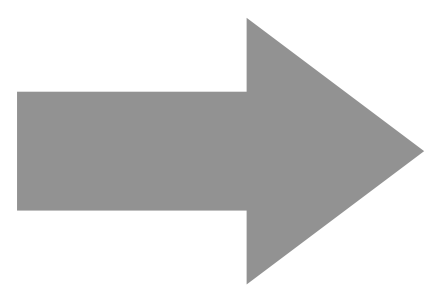
- Notable:
- Low prompt efficiency
 - 7% acc. Electrons
 - Jet orientation <2 deg off
 - $\epsilon_B \sim 10^{-5}$

Merging rather than dying: GRB200806A

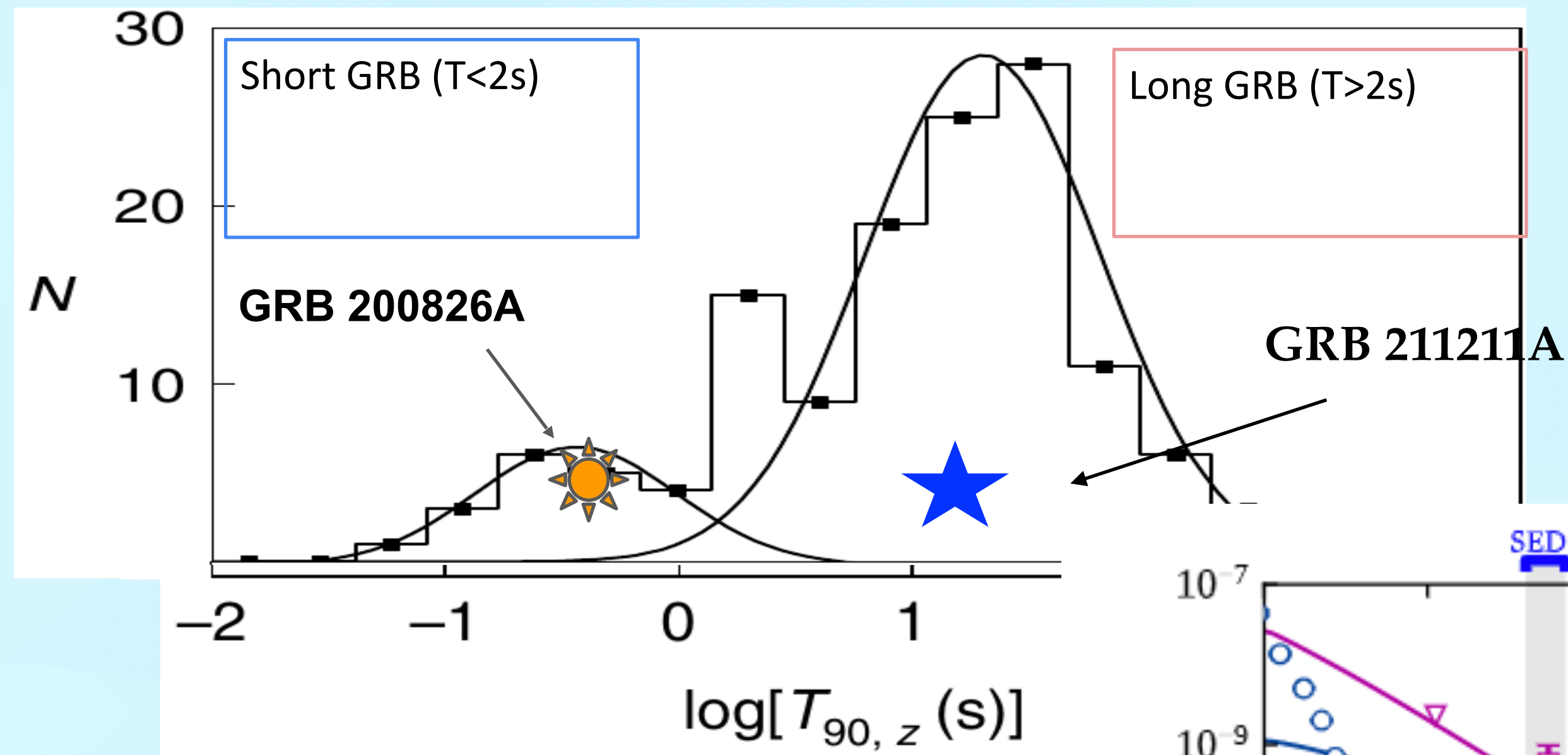


Rossi et al. 2022

- Rest frame duration ~ 0.5 sec
- Soft spectrum (L)
- SN signature (L)
- Ep-Eiso correlation (L)
- Host (L)

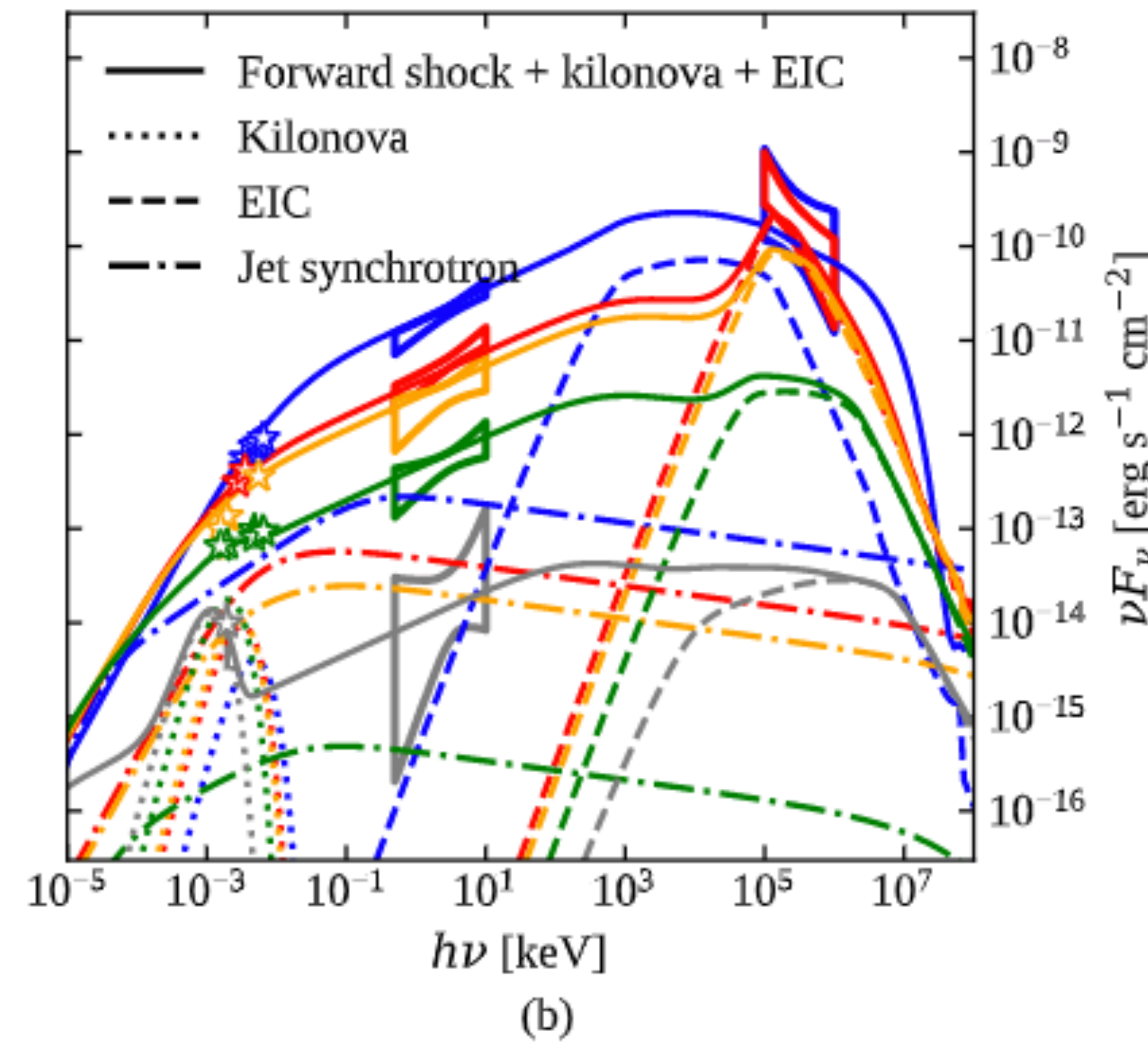
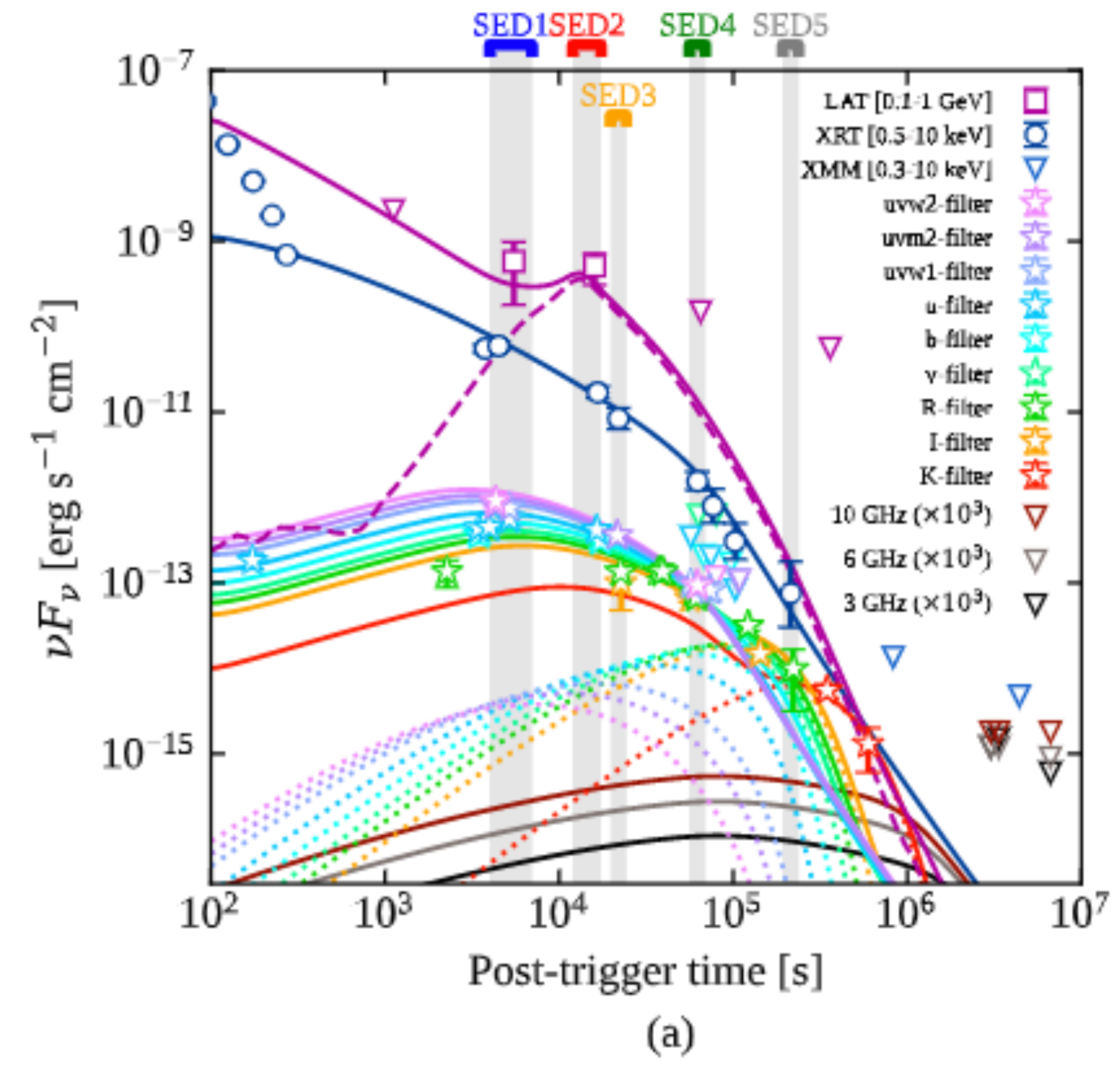


Dying rather than merging: GRB211211A



Mei et al. 2022

- Rest frame duration ~ 60 sec
- KN signature [Rastinejad+2022] (S)
- Host offset (S)
- Hour-timescale GeV emission

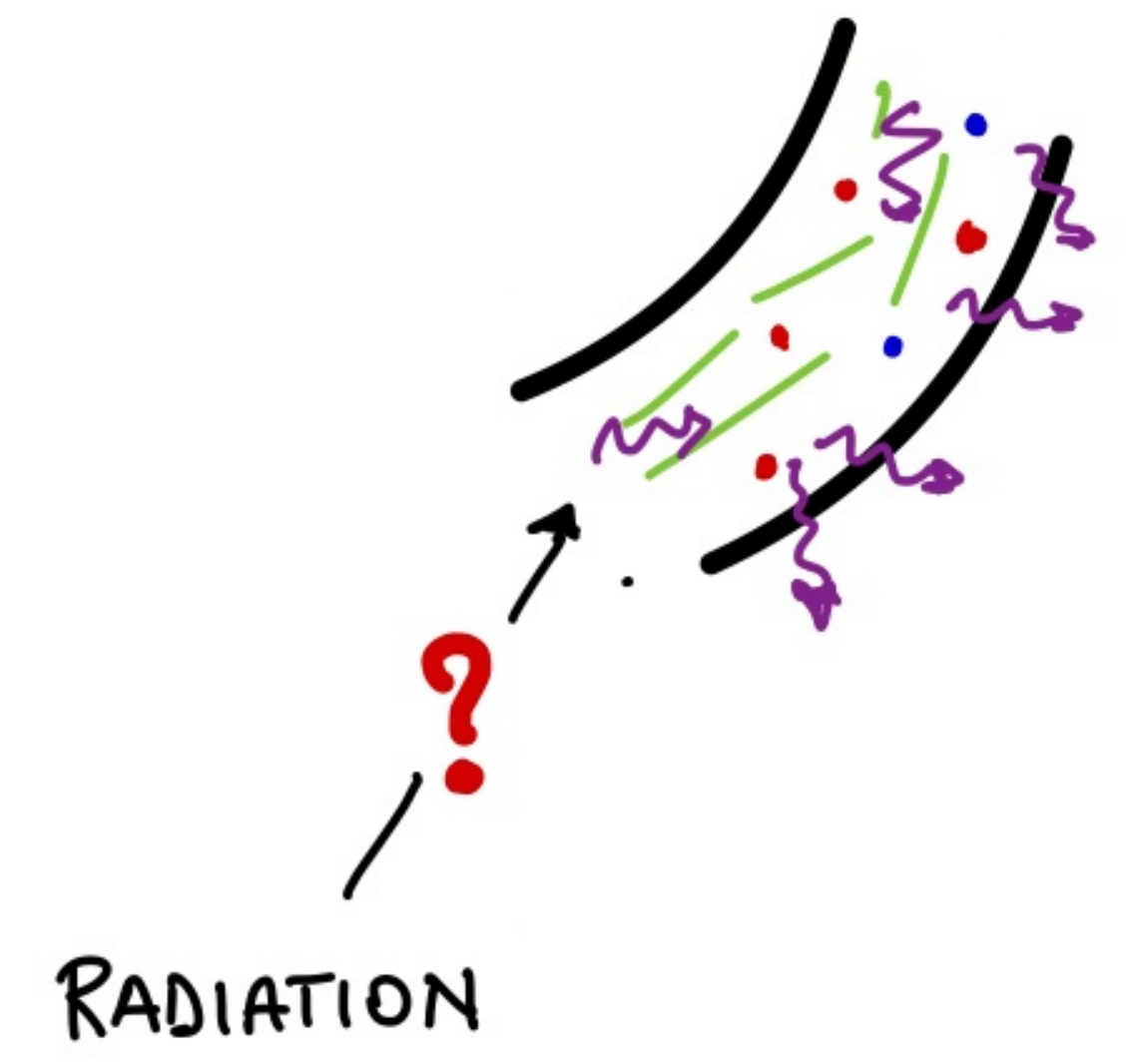


Radiation process

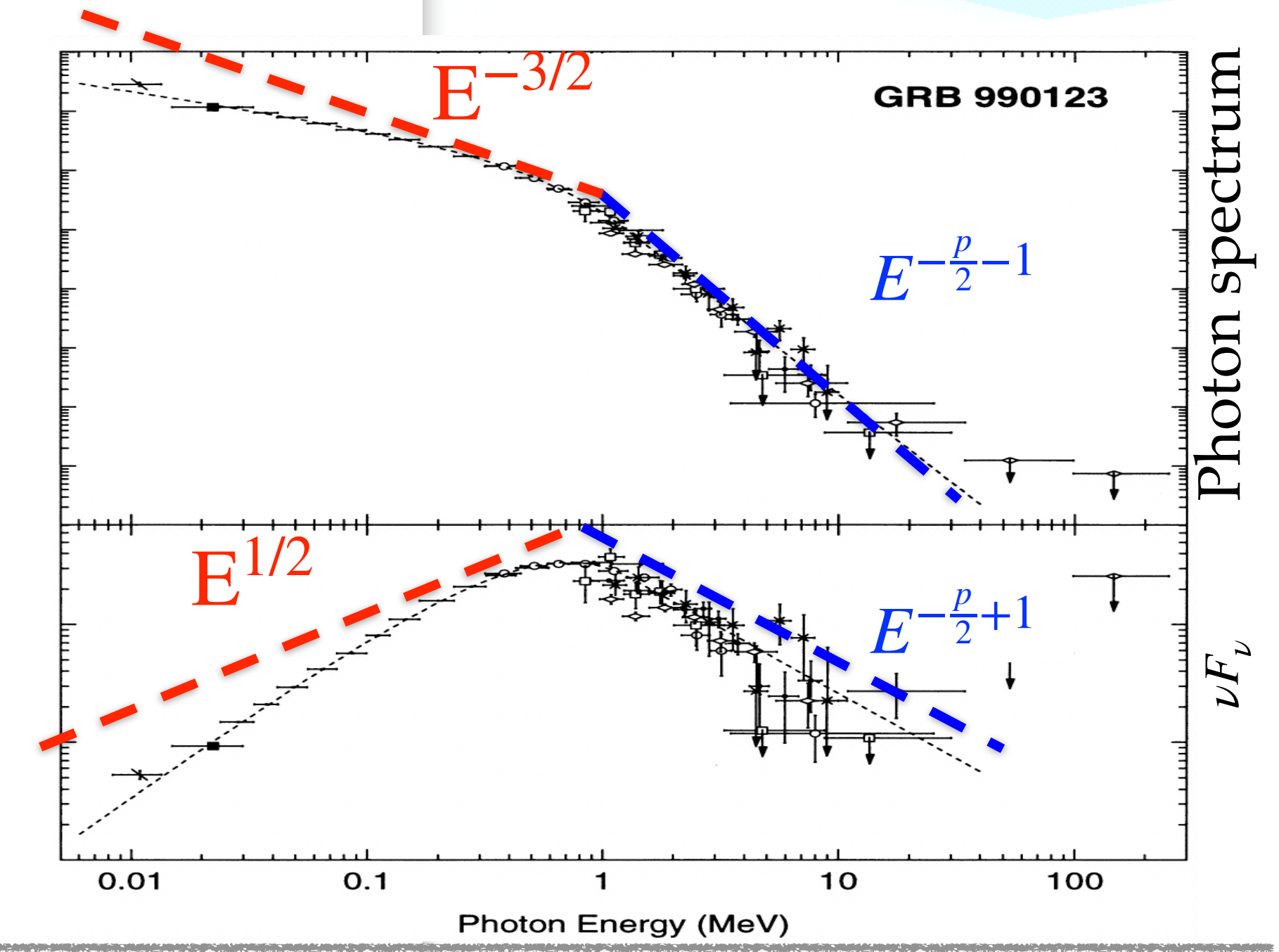
- 1) $t_{\text{var}} \sim 10 - 100 \text{ ms}$ $\longrightarrow R_{\text{diss}} \sim 10^{13} \text{ cm}$
- 2) $L \sim 10^{52} \text{ erg/s}$ (BZ) $\longrightarrow B \sim 10^{4-6} \text{ G}$
- 3) Non-thermal spectrum



BUT
Ghisellini & Celotti 2000



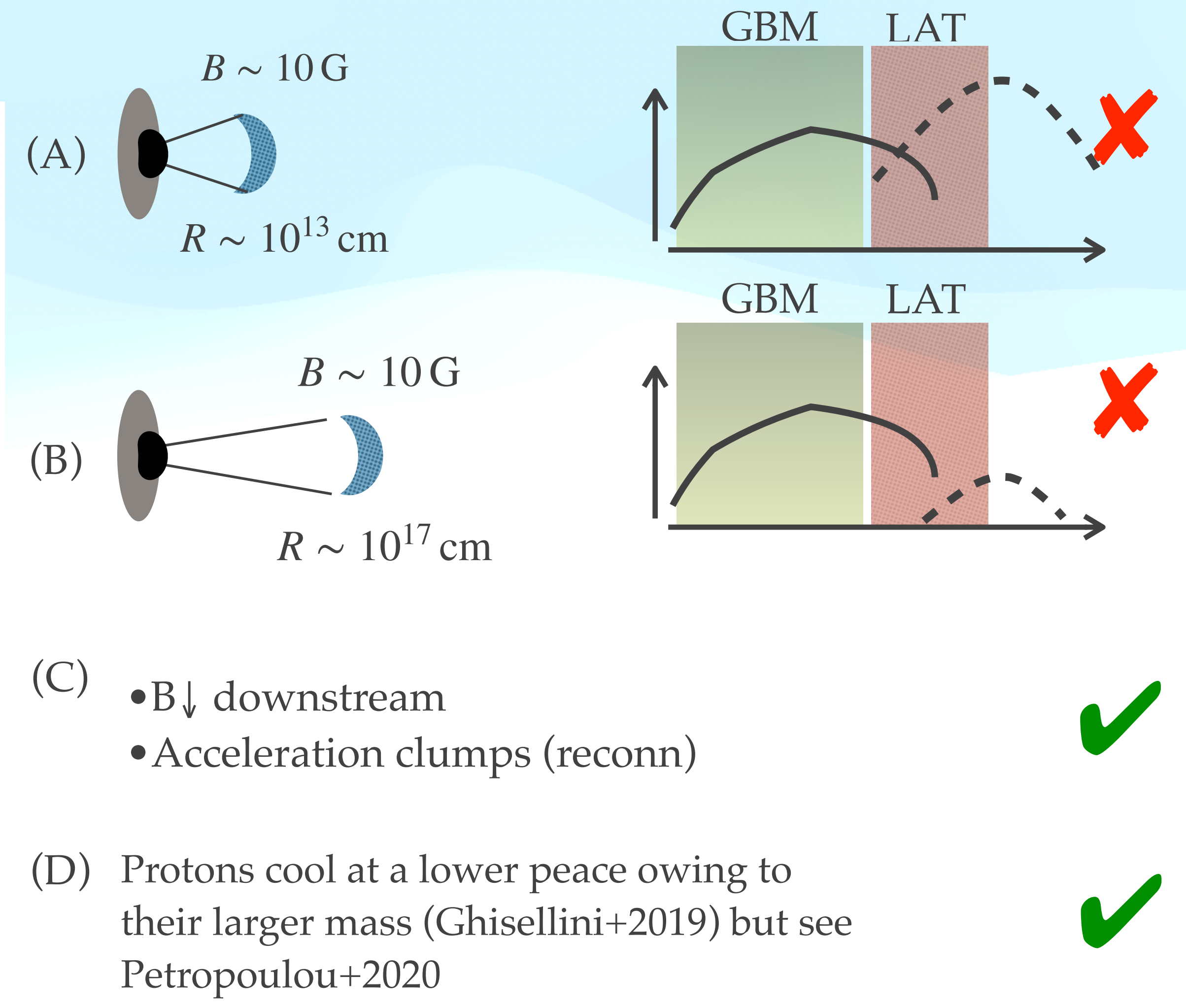
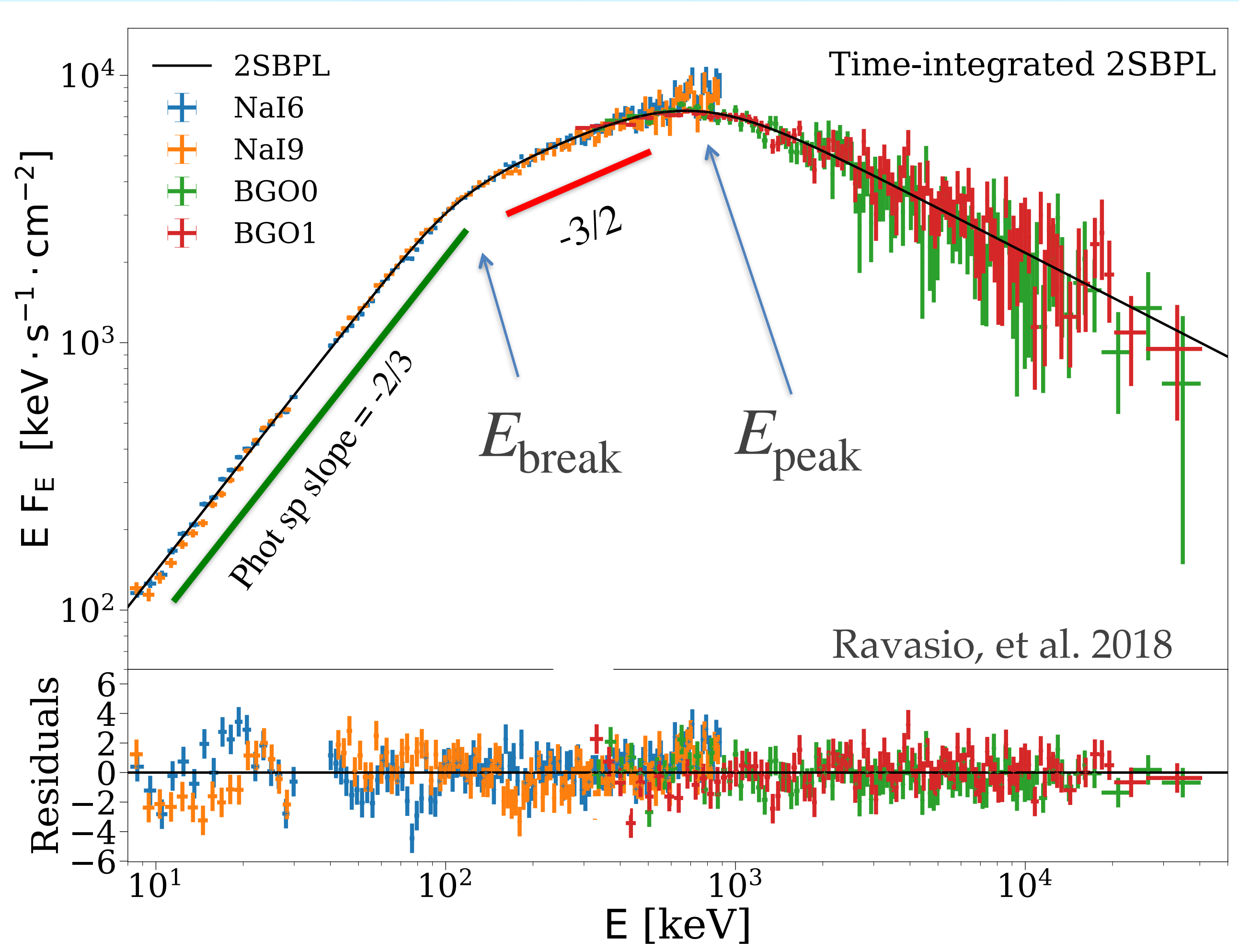
“prompt emission should be synchrotron but it doesn't look like”



Inefficient cooling

“Back to the data” (Oganesyan+2017,2018; Ravasio, et al. 2018, 2019; Ronchi, et al. 2020, Toffano, et al. 2021)

Eureka! The prompt looks very much like synchrotron



Exceptional Events

GRB 221009A

[55 Refereed articles + 180 non ref @ 21/09/2023]

Fluence = 0.2 erg/cm² z=0.151 → Eiso~1e55 erg ; Liso~1e54 erg/s

Saturated several instruments

(talk by Horan & Pittori)

~ 18 TeV photons LHAASO

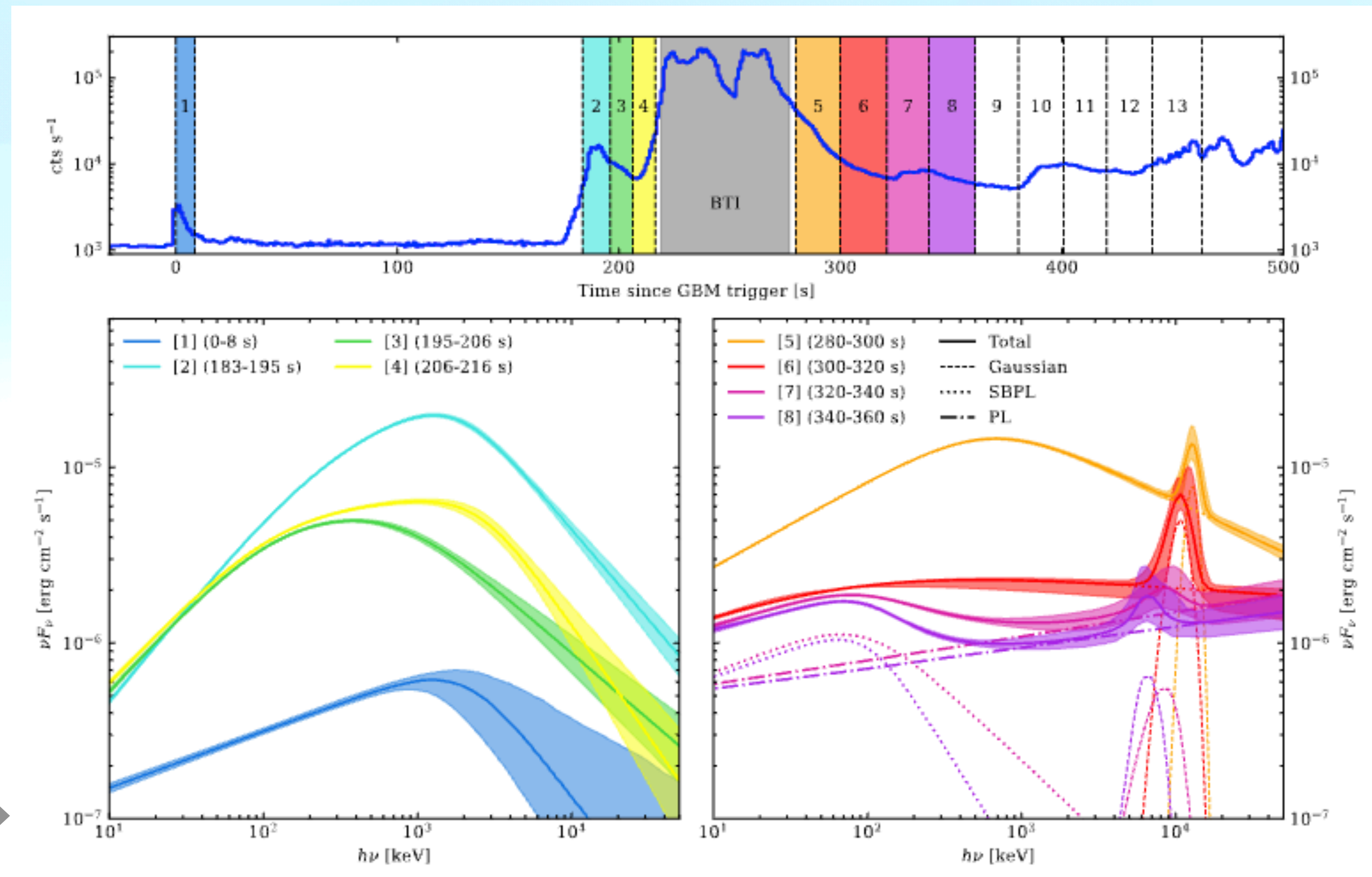
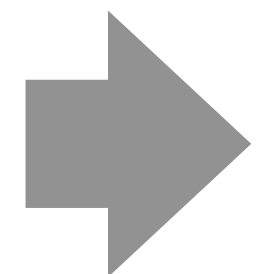
(talks by M. Zha, M. Errando)

~Once per -thousand years (Malesani et al. 2022; Burns 2023)

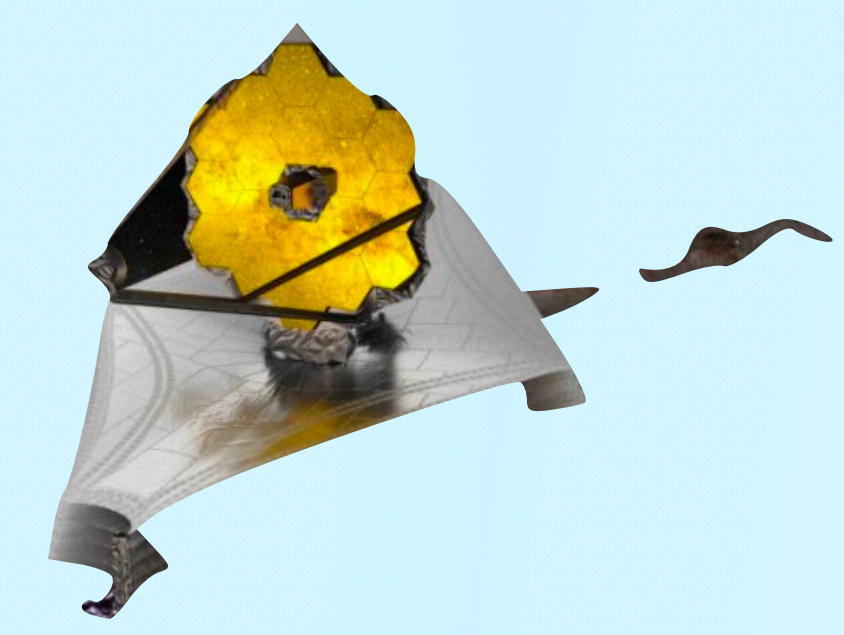
~first JWST spec (Levan 2023)

Afterglow model challenges

First ever significant emission line in a GRB at MeV energies (Ravasio, Salafia et al. 2023)



Exceptional Events

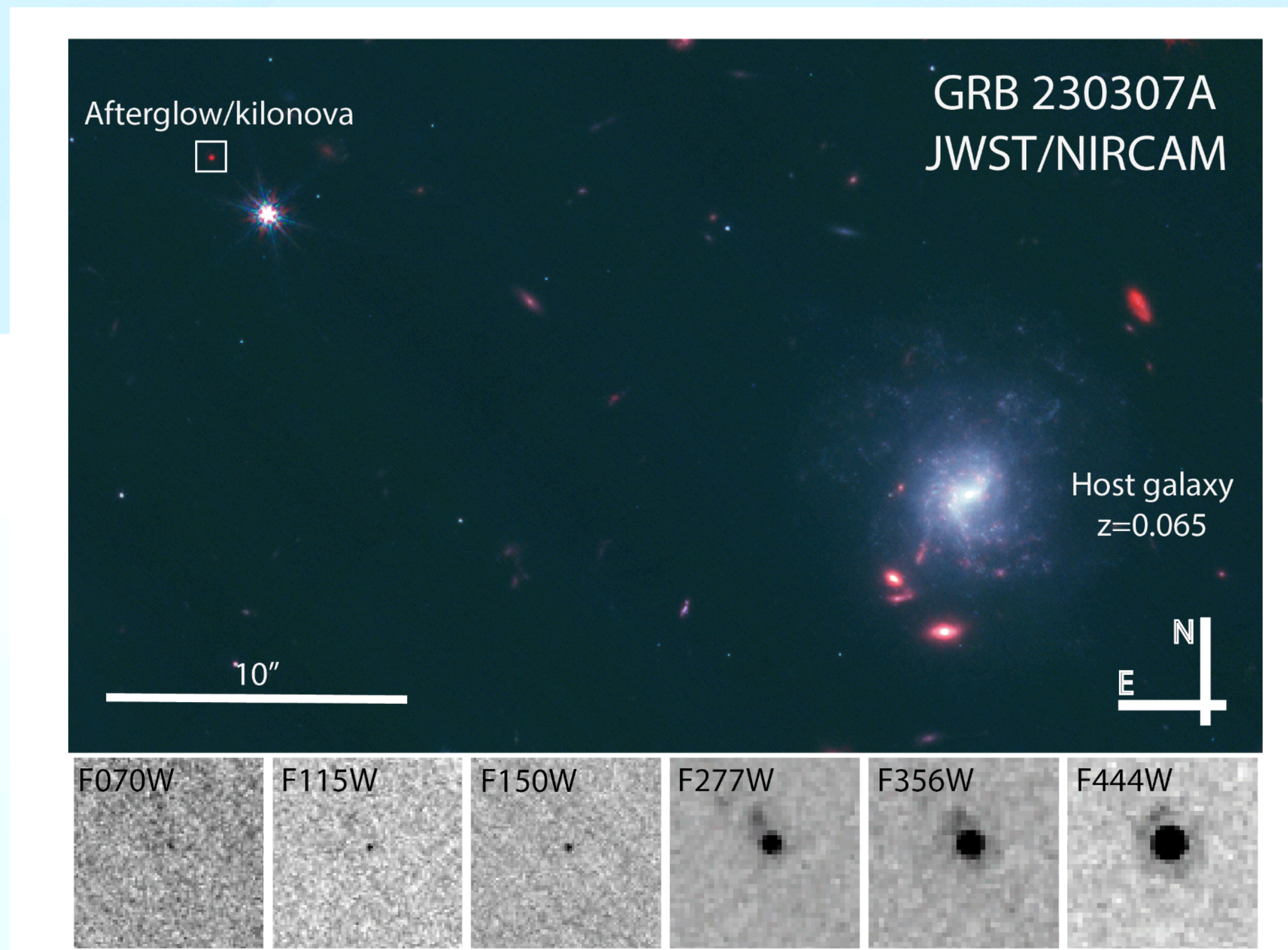


GRB 230307A

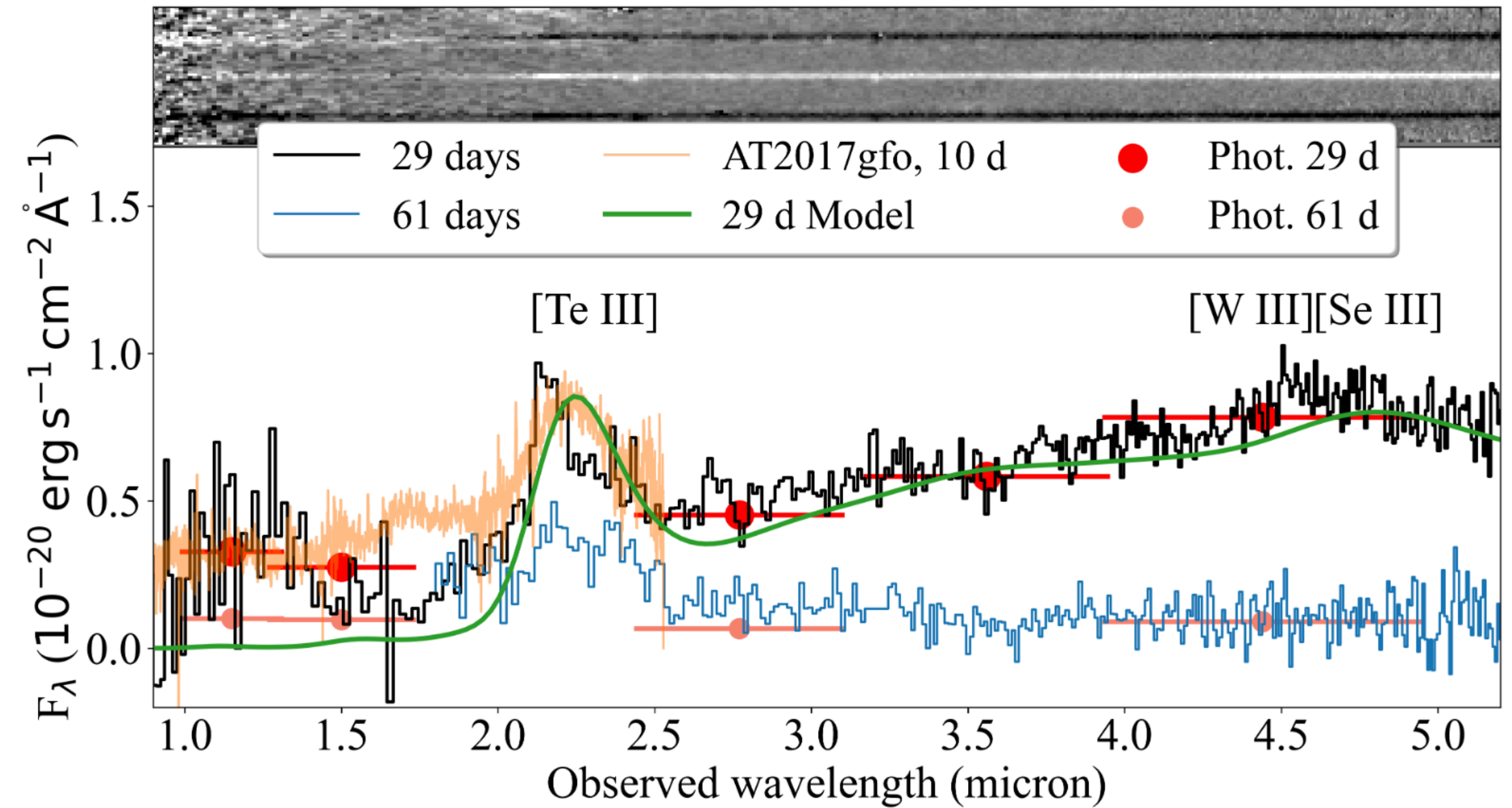
Fluence = $3e-3$ erg/cm²

35 sec

Levan, Gompertz et al. 2023



28 days



Conclusions

- Start of MM era: 170817 direct proof of the origin of short GRBs from binary mergers.
- 170817 a structure jet can emerge from the dense ejecta produced by the merger
- Afterglow modeling needs MW (+imaging when possible)
- Impostors show the possible variety of physical scenarios
- Prompt emission nature still a puzzle to be solved
- Exceptional events: test cases for model but often complicated by instrumental effects