

# ATLAS Calorimeter Compensation using the Numeric Method – a method description

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# The numeric method

**Non-iterative** procedure using tabulated correction factors  $w$

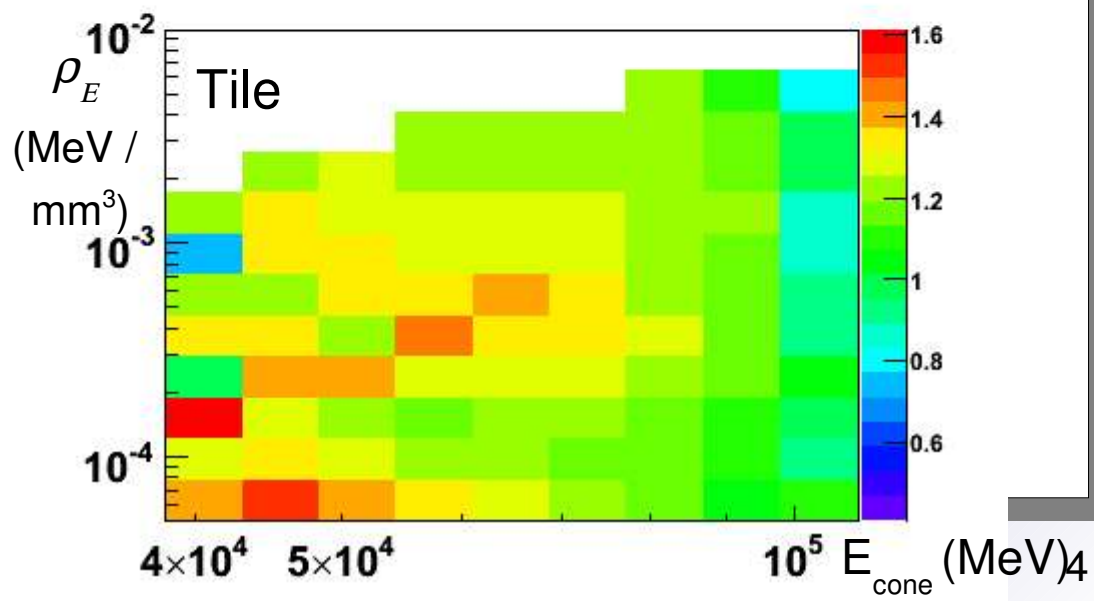
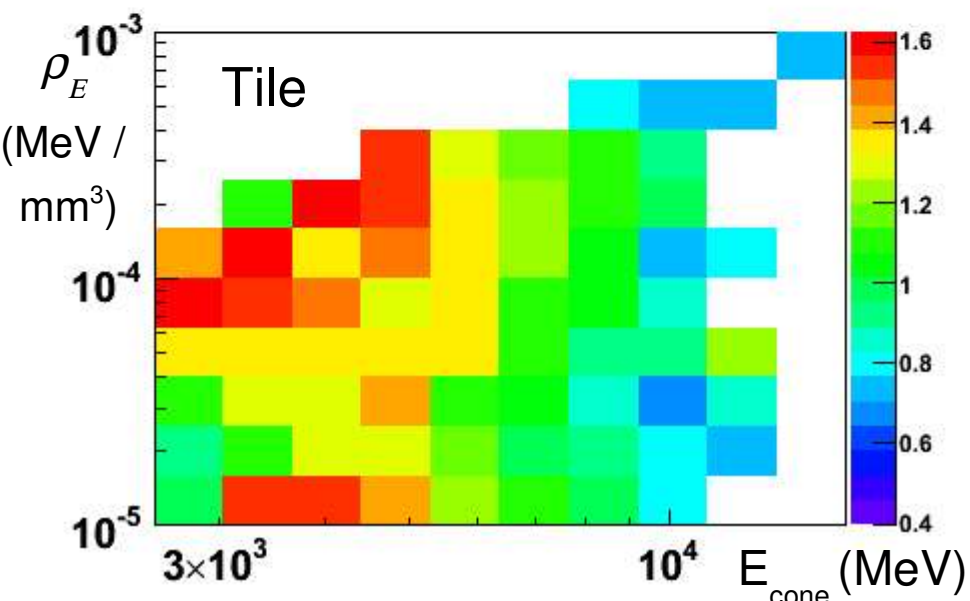
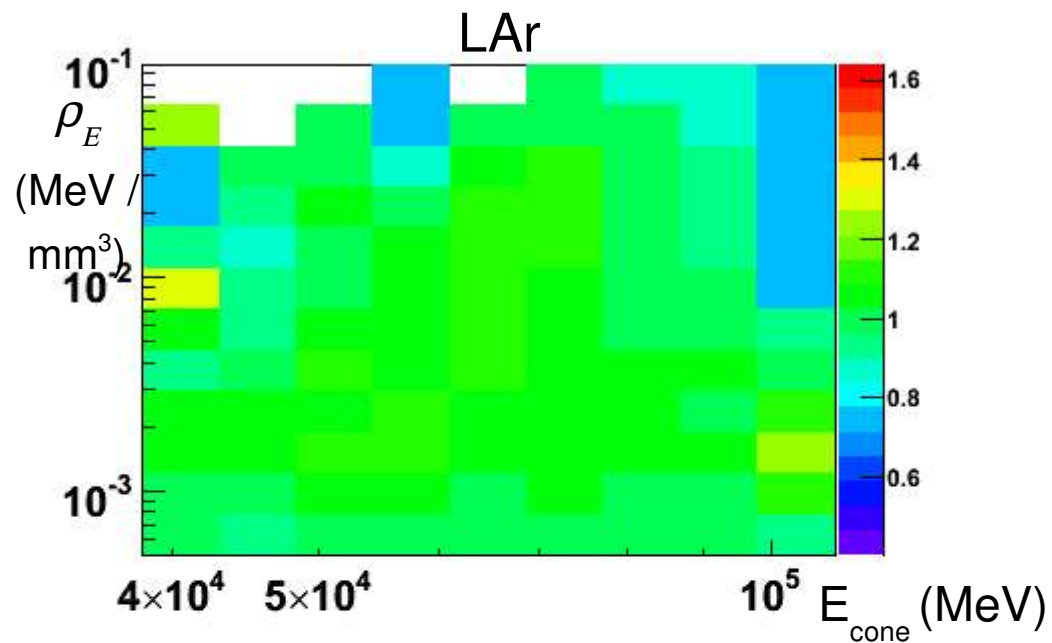
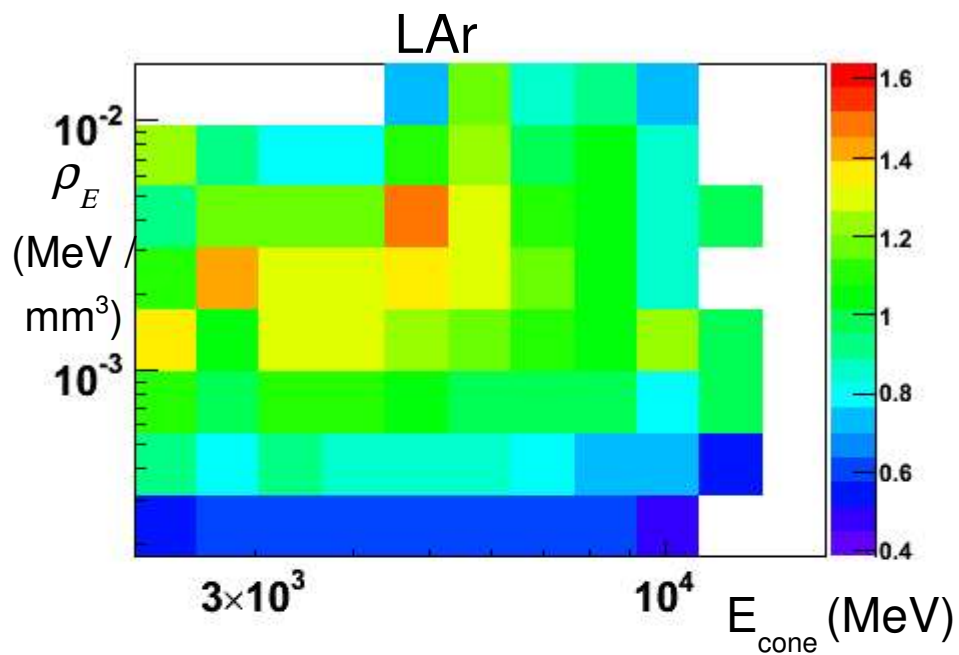
on the cell level:  $E_{\text{corr}}^{\text{cell}} = w(E_{\text{rec}}^{\text{cell}} / \text{Vol}^{\text{cell}}, E_{\text{global}}) \cdot E_{\text{rec}}^{\text{cell}}$

- Evaluate for each cell the **energy density**  $E_{\text{rec}}^{\text{cell}} / \text{Vol}^{\text{cell}}$ .
- Determine the **energy scale**  $E_{\text{global}}$  for the weighting procedure by searching for groups of neighbouring clusters within a cone.  
( $E_{\text{global}}$  is the energy of the cone)
- Apply a correction factor  $w$  to each cell of the group  $E_{\text{global}}$  depending on the energy density of the cell.

## Determination of the weighting factor tables

- Use fully simulated pion events for each calorimeter module. Intended energy range [0.5, 300] GeV.
- Determine the **most energetic topo cluster** in a pion event.
- Set the energy scale  $E_{\text{global}} = E_{\text{cone}}$  by drawing a cone axis through the hottest cluster, and compute  $E_{\text{cone}} = \sum_{\text{cluster} \in \text{cone}} E_{\text{cluster}}$
- Determine for the cells of the **most energetic cone**
  - $E_{\text{dep}}^{\text{cell}}$  (energy truly deposited in the cell)
  - the reconstructed  $E_{\text{rec}}^{\text{cell}}$  (energy on EM scale in the cell)
- Enter the weights,  $w = E_{\text{dep}}^{\text{cell}} / E_{\text{rec}}^{\text{cell}}$  into 3D histograms as a function of  $E_{\text{rec}}^{\text{cell}} / \text{Vol}^{\text{cell}}$  and  $E_{\text{cone}}$ .

# Weight tables

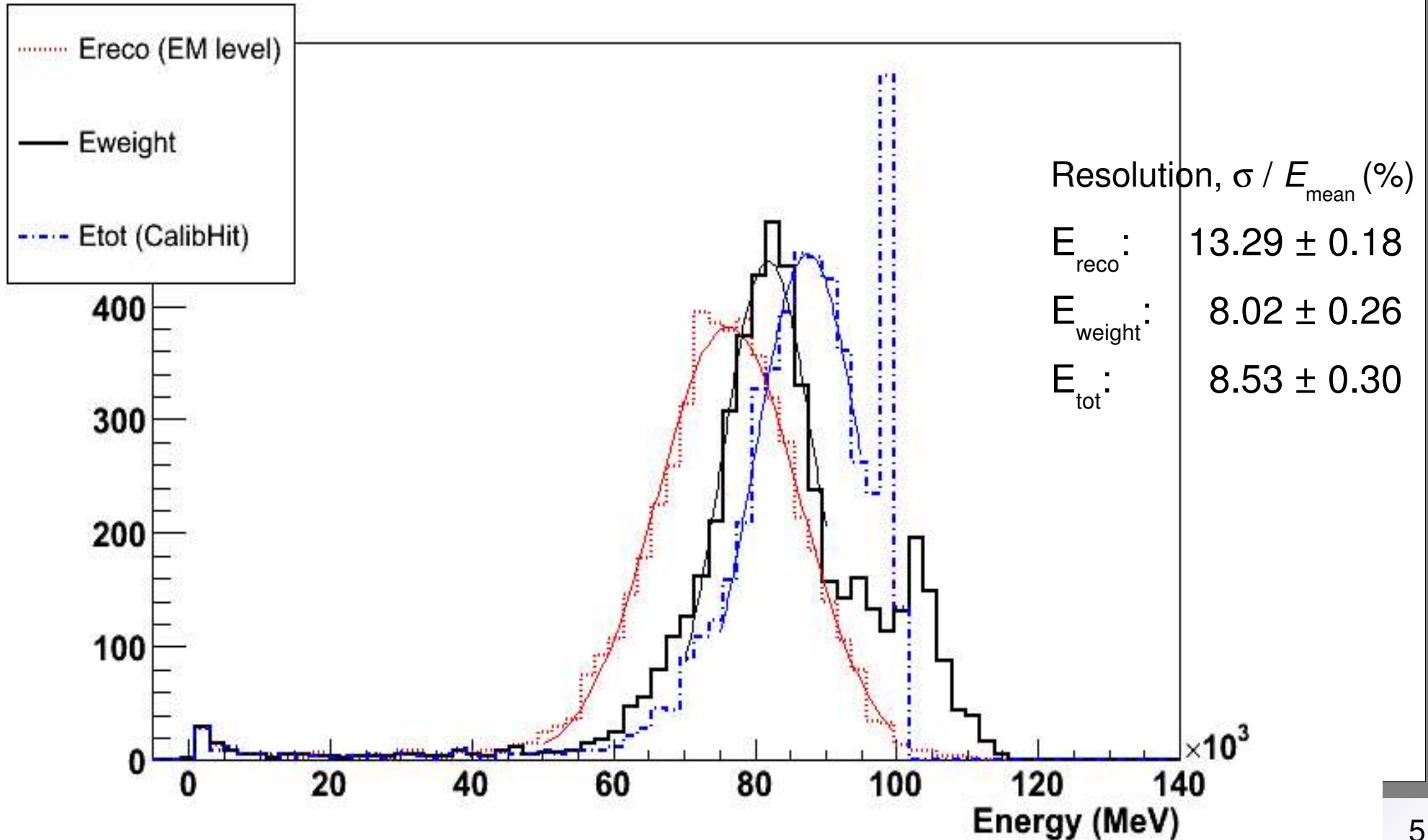


# Weights applied on independent MC sample

Applied weights and CalibHit

$E_{\text{beam}} = 100 \text{ GeV}$

Etot_100	
Entries	4992

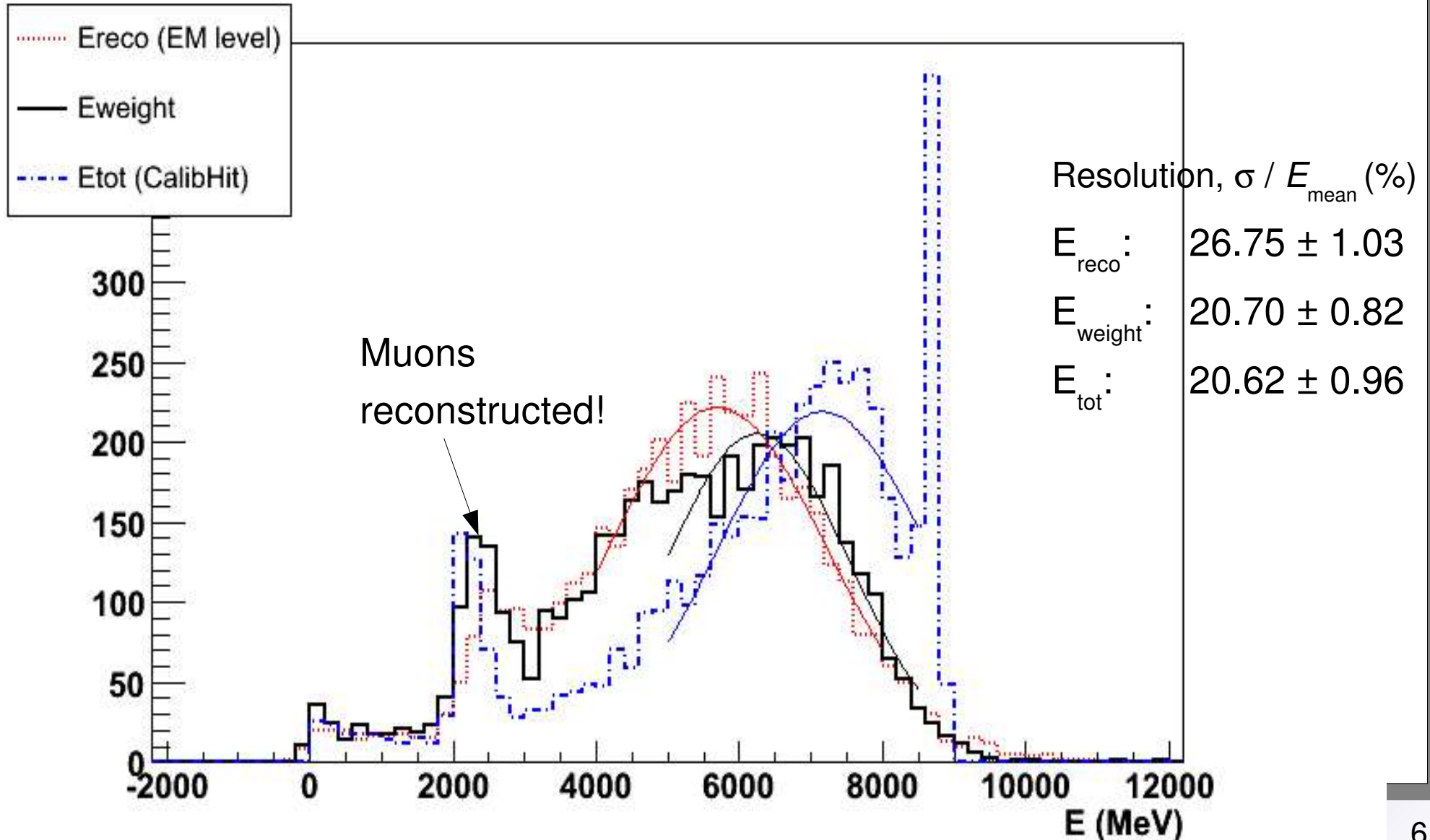


# Weights applied on independent MC sample

Applied weights and CalibHit

$E_{\text{beam}} = 9 \text{ GeV}$

Etot_9	
Entries	4781



# Outlook

- Our current aim: test beam
  - Long-term aim: ATLAS
    - Implement the algorithm on reconstruction level
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The numeric method has been successfully used on the calorimeters of H1 at HERA:

- C. Issever et.al., NIM A 545 (2005) 803-812
- C. Schwanenberger, Calorimetry in Particle Physics, Pasadena, 2002, pp. 761-766 (application on jets)